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CHAIR OF PRIEST OF DIDNYSUS FROM THEATRE AT ATHENS

WITH THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF

BENJAMIN BICKLEY ROGERS

M A , D LITI', BARRISTER-AT-LAW SOMETIM: FLLLOW OF WADEAM COLLER, ONFORD

IN THREE VOLUMES

П

THE PEACE THE BIRI



LONDON: WILLIAM HEINEMANN NEW YORK G P PUTNAM'S SONS MOMERIA

Printed in Great Britain

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THE PEACE

INTRODUCTION

THE Peace was exhibited at the great city Dionysia in March 4218 c, at a time when Athens and Sparta were "alke weary of the long continuance of the Peloponnesian wai, and alike disposed to put an end to the conflict upon any fair and honourable terms," a the Spartans being especially disheartened by their neverse at Pylos (cf Thuc iv 55), and the Athenians by the military successes of Brasidas in Thiace and their defeat by the Boeotians at Delium in 424 b The two chief obstacles to peace (cf. Thuc. v 14-16) had been "Cleon the Athenian demagogue and Biasidas the Spartan general Biasidas, because of the success and the glory which he was gaining in the war, Cleon, because in quiet times his malpractices would be more apparent and his calumny less easily beheved," o but both these obstacles had been removed by the death of Cleon and Brasidas in the battle of Amphipolis, and " hardly had this play been produced upon the stage when the Peace of which it sang dawned upon the Hellenic world," the Peace of Nicias-a peace for fifty years-being concluded in March or April 421

See Rogers, Introduction, p. 1x
* Ibid. pp. xiv, xv.
* Ibid. p xvi

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΟΙΚΕΤΑΙ ΔΥΟ Τρυγαίου

TPTTATOE

ΚΟΡΑΙ, θυγατέρες Τρυγαίου

EPMH2

ΠΟΛΈΜΟΣ

ΚΥΔΟΙΜΟΣ

ΧΌΡΟΣ ΓΕΩΡΓΩΝ

ΙΕΡΟΚΑΗΣ, χρησμολόγος

ΔΡΕΙΙΑΝΟΥΡΓΟΣ

ΛΟΦΟΠΟΙΟΣ

ΘΩΡΑΚΟΙΙΩΛΉΣ

ΣΑΛΠΙΓΚΤΗΣ

ΚΡΑΝΟΠΩΛΗΣ

ΔΟΡΥΞΟΣ

ΠΑΙΣ ΛΑΜΑΧΟΥ

ΠΑΙΣ ΚΛΕΩΝΥΜΟΥ

EIPHNH

OT 17	-	The Ata Tan water the management to the second to the seco	
		🗷 Α. Αΐρ' αΐρε μᾶζαν ώς τάχιστα κανθάρφ	
OI.	в.	ίδού	
OI,		δός αὐτῷ, τῷ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένῳ	
		καὶ μήποτ' αὐτῆς μᾶζαν ἡδίω φάγοι	
		δός μάζαν έτέραν, έξ ονίδων πεπλασμένην	
oı.	B.	ίδου μάλ' αὖθις	
OI.	A.	ποῦ γὰρ ἢν νῦν δὴ "φερες,	5
		οὺ κατέφαγεν.	
OI.	В.	μὰ τὸν Δί', ἀλλ' ἐξαρπάσας	
		όλην ἐνέκαψε περικυλίσας τοῦν ποδοῦν	
01.	A	άλλ' ώς τάχιστα τρίβε πολλάς καὶ πυκνάς	
OI.	B.	ανδρες κοπρολόγοι, προσλάβεσθε προς θεών,	
		εί μή με βούλεσθ' ἀποπνιγέντα περιιδεῖν	10
OI.	A.	έτέραν έτέραν δός, παιδός ήταιρηκότος	_
		τετριμμένης γάρ φησιν έπιθυμεῖν.	
OI.	в.	ίδού	
		ένδς μέν, ὧνδρες, ἀπολελύσθαι μοι δοκῶ·	
		ουδείς γαρ αν φαίη με μάττοντ' εσθίειν	
OI.	Α.	αὶβοῖ, φέρ' ἄλλην, χἀτέραν μοι χἀτέραν,	15
		και τοιβ' έθ' έτέρας	

The scene represents the exterior of the house of Trygaeus, two of whose servants are visible in the foreground, ministering to the wants of an enormous dung-bestle, which is confined in one of the

THE PEACE

Now bring another, shaped from asses' dung.

quick there, quick | quick,

Give it him, the abominable brute

Where's that you brought just now?

No: he trundled it

5

FIRST SERVANT Bing, bing the beetle cake;

s II O may he never taste a daintier moisel!

With his two feet, and bolted it entire

SECOND SERVANT Here!

Here, here again

He can't have eaten it

S T

8 II

S T

S II

SI	Quick, quick, and beat up several, firm and tight.	
9. II	O help me, scavengers, by all the Gods!	
	Or I shall choke and die before your eyes	
S I	Another cake, a boy-companion's bring him	
	He wants one finelier moulded	
S. II	Here it is.	
	There's one advantage in this work, my masters.	
	No man will say I pick my dishes now c	
S I	Pah! more, bring more, another and another,	
	Keep kneading more	
outer courts, the walls of the court being sufficiently high to conceal its inmate from the audience.		
	He appeals to any scavenger (a recognized class at Athens) who	
mav	he present to come and help him, before he is overpowered	
ě	Lit. "cat (some of it) while preparing the cake (µû(a)"; a	
charg	e often brought against slaves	

μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὕ οὐ γὰρ ἔθ᾽ οἶός τ᾽ εἴμ᾽ ὑπερέχειν τῆς ἀντλίας αὐτὴν ἄρ᾽ οἴσω συλλαβὼν τὴν ἀντλίαν νὴ τὸν Δί᾽ ἐς κόρακός γε, καὶ σαυτόν γε πρός OI. B. οι. Β. ὑμῶν δέ γ' εἴ τις οἶδ' ἐμοὶ κατειπάτω 20 πόθεν αν πριαίμην ρίνα μη τετρημένην οὐδέν γὰρ ἔργον ἦν ἄρ' ἀθλιώτερον η κανθάρω μάττοντα παρέχειν ἐσθίειν. δε μὲν γάρ, ὤσπερ ἃν χέση τις, ἢ κύων φαύλως ἐρείδει τοῦτο δ' ὑπὸ φρονήματος 25 βρενθύεται τε καὶ φαγεῖν οὐκ άξιοῖ, ην μη παραθώ τρίψας δι' ήμέρας όλης ώσπερ γυναικί γογγύλην μεμαγμένην άλλ' εί πέπαυται της έδωδης σκέψομαι τηδί παροίζας της θύρας, ΐνα μή μ' ίδη. 30 έρειδε, μη παύσαιο μηδέποτ' έσθίων τέως έως σαυτον λάθης διαρραγείς οίον δε κύψας δ κατάρατος εσθίει, ώσπερ παλαιστής, παραβαλών τούς γομφίους, καὶ ταῦτα τὴν κεφαλήν τε καὶ τὼ χεῖρέ πως 35 ώδὶ περιάγων, ώσπερ οἱ τὰ σχοινία τὰ παχέα συμβάλλοντες εἰς τὰς δλκάδας μιαρόν τὸ χρημα καὶ κάκοσμον καὶ βορόν, χώτου ποτ' έστὶ δαιμόνων ή προσβολή ούκ οίδ' 'Αφροδίτης μεν γάρ οὔ μοι φαίνεται, 40 ού μην Χαρίτων γε

ΟΙ. Α. τοῦ γάρ ἐστ';

ΟΙ. Β. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως τοῦτ' ἔστι τὸ τέρας οὐ Διὸς Σκαταιβάτου.

^a ὑπερέχειν τής ἀντλίας=ἀντέχειν καὶ περιγίνεσθαι τής όσμής. Schol. As the bilge-water in a sinking ship gets the better of a sailor, so here the filth is too much for him. But αντλία can mean ε

THE PEACE, 16-42

s. II By Apollo, no, not I !

I can't endure this muck a moment longer; a

I'll take and pitch the muck-tub in and all

s. 1 Aye to the crows, and follow it yourself

Can any one of you, I wonder, tell me 6. II Where I can buy a nose not perforated? There's no more loathly miserable task Than to be mashing dung to feed a beetle. A pig or dog will take its bit of muck Just as it falls but this conceited brute Gives himself airs, and, bless you, he won't touch it, Unless I mash it all day long, and serve it As for a lady, in a nich round cake Now I'll peep in and see if he has done, Holding the door, thus, that he mayn't observe me Aye, tuck away, go gobbling on, don't stop, I hope you'll buist yourself before you know it. Wretch how he throws himself upon his food, Squared like a wiestler, grappling with his jaws, Twisting his head and hands, now here, now there, For all the world like men who plat and weave Those great thick ropes to tow the barges with. Tis a most stinking, foul, voiacious brute Not can I tell whose apparage b he is I really think he can't be Aphrodite's, Not yet the Graces'

s r. No? then whose?

s II I take it
This is the sign of sulphur-bolting Zeus of

not only "bilge-water," but also the "hold of a ship," and so in 18 it is put for the tub which holds the dung

προσβολή, "a sign specifically attached to a deity "R
 Σκαταιβάτου, "because the beetle feeds on filth" (σκάτος)
 Ravenna Scholiast. There is a play on Ζεὐς Καταιβάτης, "Zeus who descends in thunder"

OI	A	οὐκοῦν ἂν ήδη τῶν θεατῶν τις λέγοι νεανίας δοκησίσοφος, '' τὸ δὲ πρᾶγμα τί, ὁ κάνθαρος δὲ πρὸς τί,'' κἦτ' αὐτῷ γ' ἀνὴρ 'Ιωνικός τίς φησι παρακαθήμενος '΄ δοκέω μέν, ἐς Κλέωνα τοῦτ' αἰνίττεται, ὡς κεῖνος ἀναιδέως τὴν σπατίλην ἐσθίει '' ἀλλ' εἰσιὼν τῷ κανθάρῳ δώσω πιεῖν ἐγὼ δὲ τὸν λόγον γε τοῖσι παιδίοις	4 5
		καὶ τοῖσιν ἀνδρίοισι καὶ τοῖς ἀνδράσι	
		καὶ τοῖς ὑπερτάτοισιν ἀνδράσιν φράσω	
		καὶ τοῖς ὑπερηνορέουσιν ἔτι τούτοις μάλα	
		ο δεσπότης μου μαίνεται καινον τρόπον,	
		ούχ ονπερ ύμεις, αλλ' έτερον καινον πάνυ	55
		δι' ήμέρας γάρ είς τον ουρανον βλέπων	
		ώδὶ κεχηνώς λοιδορεῖται τῷ Διί,	
		καί φησιν, " ὧ Ζεῦ, τί ποτε βουλεύει ποιεῖν,	
		κατάθου τὸ κόρημα μὴ 'κκόρει τὴν Έλλάδα ''	
		DI. Ea Ea	60
oı.	A	σιγήσαθ', ώς φωνής ἀκούειν μοι δοκῶ	
	TP	ῶ Ζεῦ, τί δρασείεις ποθ' ἡμῶν τὸν λεών,	
		λήσεις σεαυτὸν τὰς πόλεις ἐκκοκκίσας.	
OI	A	τοῦτ' ἔστι τουτὶ τὸ κακὸν αὕθ' ούγὼ "λεγον	
		το γάρ παράδειγμα των μανιών ἀκούετε	65
		α δ' είπε πρώτον ήνίκ' ήρχεθ' ή χολή,	
		πεύσεσθ'. ἔφασκε γὰρ πρὸς αὐτὸν ἐνθαδί	
		"πως αν ποτ' αφικοίμην αν εὐθυ τοῦ Διός,"	
		έπειτα λεπτά κλιμάκια ποιούμενος,	
			70

At the great City Dionysia allies and strangers were admitted.
διαβάλλει τὸν Κλέωνα ὡς σκατοφάγον · Schol In 48 κεῖνος may be either Cleon or the beetle.

THE PEACE, 43-70

Now I suspect some pert young withing there Is asking, "Well, but what's it all about? What can the beetle mean?" And then I think That some Ionian, sitting by, will answer, "Now, I've nae doubt but this is aimed at Cleon, I eats the muck sae unco shamelessly" But I will in, and give the beetle drink

s I And I will tell the story to the boys,
And to the lads, and also to the men,
And to the great and mighty men among you,
And to the greatest mightiest men of all
My master's mad; a novel kind of madness,
Not your old style, but quite a new invention
For all day long he gazes at the sky,
His mouth wide open, thus, and rails at Zeus
O Zeus, says he, what seekest thou to do?

Lay down thy besom, sweep not Hellas bare 'd'
TRYGAEUS (behind the scenes) Ah me 'Ah me '

se Hush! for methinks I hear him speaking now

TR (behind the scenes) O Zeus,

What wouldest thou with our people? Thou wilt diain The lifeblood from our cities ore thou knowest!

Ye hear yourselves a sample of his lavings
But what he did when first the frenzy seized him
I'll tell you he kept muttering to himself,
Oh if I could but somehow get to Zeus '
With that he got thin scaling ladders made,
And tried by them to scramble up to heaven,

" Make it empty of inhabitants because of the wars ": Schol.

[•] R., with the Scholiast, takes this not of the wai-mania but of the μανία δικανική which A. had dealt with the year before in the Wasps. But this seems inconsistent with the prayer in 59, which clearly refers to war

έως ξυνετρίβη τῆς κεφαλῆς καταρρυείς. ἐχθὲς δὲ μετὰ ταῦτ' ἐκφθαρεὶς οὐκ οἶδ' ὅποι εἰσήγας' Αἰτναῖον μέγιστον κάνθαρον, κάπειτα τοῦτον ἐπολυμεῖν μ' ἡνάγκασεν,	75
καὐτὸς καταψῶν αὐτὸν ὤσπερ πωλίον, '' ὧ Πηγάσιόν μοι,'' φησί, '' γενναῖον πτερόν,	
όπως πετήσει μ' εὐθὺ τοῦ Διος λαβών''	
άλλ' ὄ τι ποιεῖ τηδὶ διακύψας ὄψομαι	
οΐμοι τάλας, ἵτε δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ γείτονες	
ό δεσπότης γάρ μου μετέωρος αιρεται	80
ίππηδον είς τον ἀέρ' ἐπὶ τοῦ κανθάρου	
ησυχος ησυχος, ηρέμα, κάνθων·	
μή μοι σοβαρώς χώρει λίαν	
εύθυς ἀπ' ἀρχης ρώμη πίσυνος,	
πρίν αν ίδισης και διαλύσης	85
ἄρθρων ἴνας πτερύγων ρύμη καὶ μὴ πνεῖ μοι κακόν, ἀντιβολῶ σ³·	
εί δε ποιήσεις τουτο, κατ' οίκους	
αὐτοῦ μεῖνον τοὺς ἡμετέρους	
ῶ δέσποτ' ἄναξ, ώς παραπαίεις	90
σίγα σίγα	
ποῖ δῆτ' ἄλλως μετεωροκοπεῖς,	
ύπερ Έλλήνων πάντων πέτομαι,	
τόλμημα νέον παλαμησάμενος	
τί πέτει, τί μάτην ούχ ύγιαίνεις,	95
εὐφημεῖν χρη καὶ μη φλαῦρον μηδὲν γρύζειν, ἀλλὶ ὀλολύζειν	
μηδέν γρύζειν, άλλ όλολύζειν	
τοῖς τ' ἀνθρώποισι φράσον σιγᾶν,	

ТP

OI A TP OI A TP

OI. A

TP

^a A fragment of Plato Comicus (see R) speaks of the beetles of Etna being as big as men.

^b "The flight of Trygaeus heavenward on his winged beetle is

THE PEACE, 71-98

Till he came tumbling down, and cracked his skull. Then yesterday he stole I know not whither, And brought a huge Actnaean a beetle home, And made me groom it, while he coaxed it down Lake a young favourite colt, and kept on saying, Wee Pegasus, my flying thoroughbred, Your wings must waft me straight away to Zeus 'b Now I'll peep in and see what he's about Oh, mercy on us 'neighbours' neighbours' help' My master's got astride upon the beetle, And up they go ascending in the an

Far and softly, my beastlet, at first
Start not at once with a violent burst,
In the proud delight of your eager might,
Ere your joints with sweat are relaxed and wet
From the powerful swing of your stalwart wing
And breathe not strong as we some along,
If you can't refrain, you had best remain
Down here in the stalls of your master's halls.

O master of me! why how mad you must be!

TR Keep silence | keep silence |

SE. Why, where do you try so manely to fly?

TR. My flight for the sake of all Hellas I take, A novel and daring adventure preparing

se Why can't you remain at home, and be sane?

TR O let not a word of ill omen be heard,
But greet me with blessings and cheers as I go,
And order mankind to be silent below;

"In addressing the beetle, Trygaeus substitutes for κάνθαρος

a word of not dissimilar sound, κάνθων, a jackass " · R.

	τούς τε κοπρώνας καὶ τὰς λαύρας	
	καιναῖς πλίνθοισιν ἀνοικοδομεῖν,	100
	καὶ τοὺς πρωκτοὺς ἐπικλείειν	
A IO	οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως σιγήσομ', ἢν μή μοι φράσης	
	οποι πέτεσθαι διανοεί	
TP	τί δ' ἄλλο γ' η	
	ώς τὸν Δί' εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν,	
	τίνα νοῦν ἔχων;	
OI A		
TP.	έρησόμενος έκεῖνον Έλλήνων πέρι	105
	άπαξαπάντων ο τι ποιείν βουλεύεται	
OI A	έὰν δὲ μή σοι καταγορεύση,	
TP	γράψομαι	
	Μήδοισιν αὐτὸν προδιδόναι τὴν Ἑλλάδα.	
OI. A.	μὰ τὸν Διόνυσον οὐδέποτε ζῶντός γ' ἐμοῦ.	
TP.	οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλ'	
OI. A.	ίου ιου ιου	110
	ὦ παιδί', ὁ πατὴρ ἀπολιπὼν ἀπέρχεται	
	ύμᾶς ἐρήμους εἰς τὸν οὐρανὸν λάθρα	
	άλλ' άντιβολείτε τον πατέρ', ω κακοδαίμονα	
корн	ῶ πάτερ, ὧ πάτερ, ἆρ' ἔτυμός γε	
	δώμασιν ήμετέροις φάτις ήκει	115
	ώς σύ μετ' ὀρνίθων προλιπών ἐμὲ	110.
	ές κόρακας βαδιεί μεταμώνιος,	
	έστι τι τωνδ' ετύμως, είπ', ω πάτερ, εί τι	
	φιλεῖς με	
TP.	δοξάσαι έστι, κόραι τὸ δ' ἐτήτυμον, ἄχθομαι	
	ύμιν,	
	ήνίκ' αν αιτίζητ' άρτον, πάππαν με καλουσαι,	120
	ένδον δ' άργυρίου μηδέ ψακάς ή πάνυ πάμπαν.	

a se that the smell may not attract the beetle earthwards

THE PEACE, 99-121

And please to be sure with bricks to secure All places receptive of dung and manue a

SE No, no, I won't keep still, unless you tell me Whither you're flying off

TR Whither, except

To visit Zous in heaven?

SE Whatever for ?

TR I'm going to ask him what he is going to do About the Hellenic peoples, one and all

se And if he won't inform you?

TR I'll indict him

As giving Hellas over to the Medes

SE (struggling with Trygaeus)
Not while I live, so help me Dionysus!

TR There is no way but this

Quick | quick | your father's stealing off to heaven, Leaving you here deserted and forlorn Speak to him, plead with him, you ill-started maidens.

O father, O father, and can it be time
The tale that is come to our ears about you,
That along with the birds you are going to go,
And to leave us alone and be off to the crow b?

Is it a fact, O my father?
O tell me the truth if you love me.

TR. Yes, it appears so, my children:

in truth, I am sorry to see you

Calling me dearest papa,

and asking me bread for your dinner,

When I have got in the house

not an atom of silver to buy it;

⁵ To be "with the bilds" is assumed to be the same thing as "having gone to the crows," a common phrase for "coming to grief", of. B. 26.

	ἢν δ' ἐγὼ εὖ πράξας ἔλθω πάλιν, ἔξετ' ἐν ὥρα κολλύραν μεγάλην καὶ κόνδυλον ὄψον ἐπ' αὐτή	
KO.	και τις πόρος σοι της όδου γενήσεται,	
	ναθε μέν γάρ οὐκ ἄξει σε ταύτην την όδόν.	
mn		125
TP	πτηνὸς πορεύσει πῶλος οὐ ναυσθλώσομαι	
KO.	τίς δ' ἡπίνοιά σουστιν ὤστε κάνθαρον	
	ζεύξαντ' έλαύνειν είς θεούς, ὧ παππία,	
TP.	έν τοισιν Αισώπου λόγοις έξευρέθη	
	μόνος πετεινών είς θεούς άφιγμένος	130
KO	απιστον είπας μύθον, ὧ πάτερ πάτερ,	100
	οπως κάκοσμον ζώον ήλθεν είς θεούς	
TР	ήλθεν κατ' έχθραν αιετοῦ πάλαι ποτέ,	
	φι εκκυλίνδων καντιτιμωρούμενος	
WO.	οὔκουν έχρην σε Πηγάσου ζεῦξαι πτερόν,	
MU.	σοκουν εχρην σε πηγασού ζευζαι πτερού,	130
	όπως εφοίνου τοις θεοις τραγικώτερος,	
TP.	ἀλλ' ὧ μέλ' ἄν μοι σιτίων διπλῶν ἔδει	
	νῦν δ' ἄττ' ἄν αὐτὸς καταφάγω τὰ σιτία,	
	τούτοισι τοῖς αὐτοῖσι τοῦτον χορτάσω	
ĸΩ.	τί δ', ἢν ἐς ὑγρὸν πόντιον πέση βάθος;	14/
	πως έξολισθεῖν πτηνός ων δυνήσεται,	14(
	Thus esomoted arrives an obviocial,	
TP	επίτηδες είχον πηδάλιον, ώ χρήσομαι	
	το δε πλοίον έσται Ναξιουργής κάνθαρος	
ĸo.	λιμήν δε τίς σε δέξεται φορούμενον;	
TP.	εν Πειραεί δήπου 'στι Κανθάρου λιμήν.	14(

a "The λόλλύρα was a circular cake dressed in a rich thick broth or sauce (δψον ἐπ' αὐτῆ). and there was a specially rich sauce called κάνδυλος Trygaeus, for κάνδυλος, proposes to substitute κόνδυλος, knuckle-broth": R

b"The Scholast explains the fable thus The eagle had carried off the young beetles, thereupon the old beetle got into the eagle's eyry, and pushed out her eggs The eagle flew to complain to Zeus, who bade her build her nest in his own bosom. But, when the eagle had laid her eggs there, the beetle flew buzzing

THE PEACE, 122-145

But if I ever return
with success, ye shall soon be enjoying
Buns of enormous size,

with strong fist-sauce a to improve them

GIRL And what's to be the method of your passage?

Ships will not do they cannot go this journey.

TR I ride a steed with wings no ships for me

GIRL But what's the wit of harnessing a beetle To lide on it to heaven, papa, papa?

TR It is the only living thing with wings, So Aesop says, that ever reached the Gods b

GIRL O father, father, that's too good a story
That such a sturking brute should enter heaven

TR It went to take revenge upon the eagle, And break her eggs, a many years ago.

GIRL. But should you not have harnessed Pegasus,
And so, in tragic style, approach the Gods?

TR Nay, then I must have had supplies for two;

But now the very food I eat myself,
All this will presently be food for him

GIRL. What if he fall in wintry watery waves, How will his wings help extricate him then?

TR. Oh, I've a rudder all prepared for that My ship's a beetle-sloop, of Naxian make o

GIRL What bay will land you dufting drifting on?

Why, in Peiraeus, there's the Beetle Bay a

about the ears of Zeus, and he, springing up to scare it away, dropped and broke the eggs "R

* hάνθαρος, says Athenaeus (x1. 47), is the name of a particular kind of ship. It was probably so called "from something in its shape and appearance which made it, with the oars reaching out on

each side, bear a certain resemblance to a monstrous beetle." R. ^a Penaeus had "three natural bays" (Thuc 193), and one of these seems to have been called Cantharus from a traditional hero of that name.

15

κο. ἐκεῖνο τήρει, μὴ σφαλεὶς καταρρυῆς έντεῦθεν, είτα χωλὸς ῶν Εὐριπίδη λόγον παράσχης καὶ τραγωδία γένη. έμοι μελήσει ταθτά γ' άλλα χαίρετε ύμεις δέ γ', ύπερ ών τους πόνους έγω πονω, 150 μή βδείτε μηδέ χέζεθ' ήμερων τριών ώς εί μετέωρος ούτος ων οσφρήσεται, κατωκάρα ρίψας με βουκολήσεται άλλ' άγε, Πήγασε, χώρει χαίρων, χρυσοχάλινον πάταγον ψαλίων 155 διακινήσας φαιδροῖς ὢσίν. τί ποιείς, τί ποιείς, ποί παρακλίνεις τούς μυκτήρας πρός τὰς λαύρας, ίει σαυτόν θαρρών ἀπὸ γῆς, κἇτα δρομαίαν πτέρυγ' ἐκτείνων 160 όρθως χώρει Διὸς είς αὐλάς, ἀπὸ μὲν κάκκης τὴν ῥῖν' ἀπέχων, ἀπό θ' ἡμερινῶν σίτων πάντων ανθρωπε, τί δρας, οδτος ο χέζων έν Πειραεί παρά ταίς πόρναις, 165 απολεις μ', απολεις, ού κατορύξεις, καπιφορήσεις της γης πολλήν, καπιφυτεύσεις έρπυλλον άνω, καὶ μύρον ἐπιχεῖς, ὡς ἤν τι πεσὼν ενθένδε πάθω, τούμοῦ θανάτου 170 πέντε τάλανθ' ή πόλις ή Χίων

διά του σου πρωκτου οφλήσει

As E. made Bellerophon in the play, cf. A 427.
 Most explain "with ears pricked up," but the Scholiast says

THE PEACE, 146-172

GIRL Yet, O be careful lest you tumble off,
And (lame for life) a afford Euripides
A subject, and become a tragic hero
TR. I'll see to that: goodbye, goodbye, my dears!
But you, for whom I toil and labour so,
Do for three days resist the calls of nature;
Since, if my beetle in the air should smell it,

He'll toss me headlong off, and turn to graze

Up, up, my Pegasus, menuly, cheerily, With ears complacent, while blithe and bold Your curbs shake out their clatter of gold (I wonder what in the world he means By pointing his nose at those foul latrines) Rise, gallantly rise, from the earth to the skies, And on with the beat of your pinion fleet Till you come to Zeus in his heavenly seat. From all your earthly supplies of dut, From ordine and muck your nostril avert Man' man in Peiraeus you'll kill me I swear, Committing a nuisance good fellow, foi bear, Dig it down in the ground, scatter perfumes around, Heap, heap up the earth on the top, Plant sweet-smelling thyme to encircle the mound, Bring myrih on its summit to drop; For if I through your folly shall tumble to-day,

On account of your breach—of good-breeding πραέσι, μη δρθοῖs, with which R agrees, taking φαιδροῖs as indicating "beaming, sleek good nature" T wants not spirits but good temper in his steed.

And my enterprise fail to succeed in, Five talents the city of Chios shall pay

There seems, owing to some misconduct of the Chians at Sparta, to have been a popular saying, Xios ην ὁ ἀποπατῶν, " it was a Chian who made the mess." T therefore assumes that a Chian was guilty in this case

οιμ' ώς δέδοικα κουκέτι σκώπτων λέγω. ῶ μηχανοποιέ, πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν ὡς ἐμέ٠ ήδη στροφεί τι πνεύμα περί τον όμφαλόν, 175 κεί μη φυλάξει, χορτάσω τὸν κάνθαρον άτὰρ ἐγγὺς είναι τῶν θεῶν ἐμοὶ δοκῶ, καί δή καθορώ την οίκίαν την τοῦ Διός τίς ἐν Διὸς θύραισιν, οὐκ ἀνοίξετε, ΕΡΜΗΣ. πόθεν βροτοῦ με προσέβαλ', ὧναξ 'Ηράκλεις, 180' τουτὶ τί ἐστι τὸ κακόν, ίπποκάνθαρος ῶ μιαρὲ καὶ τολμηρὲ κἀναίσχυντε σὺ EP καὶ μιαρέ καὶ παμμίαρε καὶ μιαρώτατε, πως δευρ' ανηλθες, ω μιαρών μιαρώτατε, τί σοί ποτ' έστ' όνομ', οὐκ έρεις, μιαρώτατος 185 ποδαπός τὸ γένος δ' εί; φράζε μοι μιαρώτατος. ΕΡ. πατήρ δέ σοι τίς ἐστιν; έμοί, μιαρώτατος ου τοι μά την Γην έσθ' όπως οὐκ ἀποθανεί, εὶ μὴ κατερεῖς μοι τοῦνομ' ὅ τι ποτ' ἔστι σοι. Τρυγαίος 'Αθμονεύς, άμπελουργός δεξιός, 190 ού συκοφάντης, ούδ' έραστής πραγμάτων. ήκεις δέ κατά τί. τὰ κρέα ταυτί σοι φέρων

TP.

TP.

TР

TP.

EP

TР

 \mathbf{EP}

TP.

[&]quot; T has been in the air supported by some sort of crane (yépavos), but now some sort of platform is pushed forward, with the Palace of Zeus for its background, and on this T dismounts. See the full discussion in R. Introduction, pp xxxii, xxxiii

THE PEACE, 173-192

(The scene suddenly changes) a

Zounds! how you scared me I'm not joking now I say, scene-shifter, have a care of me You gave me quite a turn, and if you don't Take care, I'm certain I shall feed my beetle But now, methinks, we must be near the Gods; And sure enough there stand the halls of Zeus Oh, open! open! who's in waiting here?

HERMES A bleath of man steals o'er me whence, whence comes it?

O Heracles, what's this?

TR A beetle-hoise

HE O shameless miscieant, vagabond, and rogue,^c

O miscreant, utter miscreant, worst of miscreants,

How came you here, you worst of all the miscreants? Your name? what is it? speak!

TR The

The worst of miscreants.

HE Your race? your country? answer!

Worst of miscreants

HE. And who's your father?

TR

TR

Mine? the worst of miscreants.

HE O by the Earth but you shall die the death Unless you tell me who and what you are

Trygaeus, an Athmonian, skilled in vines ^d; No sycophant, no lover of disputes

HE Why are you come?

To offer you this meat

b Probably $\phi\omega\nu\eta$ should be supplied in the Greek, or else $\delta\sigma\mu\eta$. "Hermes is probably intended as a sample of the footmen in the houses of the great at Athens, abusive at first, but soon subsiding into friendliness on the appearance of a bribe. Trygaeus is quite unmoved by his violent language, and even proceeds to chaff him " \cdot R

4 "Vineyards still surround the little village of Marous: (to the N E. of Athens) which represents the ancient deme of 'Αθμονή" · R.

EP	ῶ δειλακρίων, πῶς ἦλθες, ὧ γλίσχρων, ὁρῷς	
TP	ώς οὐκέτ' είναί σοι δοκῶ μιαρώτατος,	
	ἴθι νυν, κάλεσόν μοι τὸν Δί'	705
EP.	$i\dot{\eta}$ $i\dot{\eta}$ $i\dot{\eta}$,	195
	ότ' οὐδὲ μέλλεις ἐγγὺς εἶναι τῶν θεῶν·	
	φροῦδοι γὰρ ἐχθές εἰσιν ἐξωκισμένοι	
TP.		
EP	ίδου γης	
TP.	άλλὰ ποῖ,	
ΕP	πόρρω πάνυ,	
	ύπ' αὐτὸν ἀτεχνῶς τοὐρανοῦ τὸν κύτταρον	
TP	πως οὖν σὺ δῆτ' ἐνταῦθα κατελείφθης μόνος,	200
ΕP	τὰ λοιπὰ τηρῶ σκευάρια τὰ τῶν θεῶν,	
	χυτρίδια καὶ σανίδια κάμφορείδια	
TP.	έξωκίσαντο δ' οἱ θεοὶ τίνος οὕνεκα,	
EP	M=1\\	
	ιν' ήσαν αὐτοί, τὸν Πόλεμον κατώκισαν,	205
	ύμας παραδόντες δραν απεχνώς ο τι βούλεται	
	αὐτοὶ δ' ἀνωκίσανθ' ὅπως ἀνωτάτω,	
	ίνα μὴ βλέποιεν μαχομένους ύμας ἔτι	
	μηδ' αντιβολούντων μηδέν αἰσθανοίατο	
T P	τοῦ δ' εἴνεχ' ήμας ταῦτ' ἔδρασαν, εἰπέ μοι.	210
EP	ότιη πολεμείν ήρεισθ', εκείνων πολλάκις	210
	σπονδάς ποιούντων κεί μέν οί Λακωνικοί	
	ύπερβάλοιντο μικρόν, έλεγον ἂν ταδί	
	"ναὶ τὰ σιώ, νῦν ᾿Αττικίων δώσει δίκην "	
	εί δ' αὖ τι πράξαιτ' ἀγαθὸν 'Αττικωνικοὶ	
	κάλθοιεν οι Λάκονες είρώνης πέρι	215
	κάλθοιεν οι Λάκωνες είρηνης πέρι, ελέγετ αν ύμεις εύθύς ΄΄ έξαπατώμεθα,	
	την 'Αθηναν, νη Δί', οὐχὶ πειστέον	
	ηξουσι καθθις, ην έχωμεν την Πύλον''	
	APOOR KOOKS, IN EXOMEN THE TIMON	

THE PEACE, 193-219

How did you get here. Wheedling a? HE TR Oho, Greedling Then I'm not quite the worst of miscreants now. So just step in and summon Zeus. 0101 HE When you're not likely to come NEAR the Gods! They're gone · they left these quarters vesterday. Where on Earth are they? TREarth, indeed ! HE But where? TR HE Far, far away, close to Heaven's highest dome How came they then to leave you here alone? TR I have to watch the little things they left, 14 E Pipkins and pannikins and trencherlets And what's the reason that they went away? They were so vexed with Hellas therefore here Where they were dwelling, they've established War, And given you up entirely to his will But they themselves have settled up aloft, As high as they can go, that they no more May see your fightings or receive your prayers TR Why have they treated us like that? do tell me HE. Because, though They were oftentimes for Peace, You always would have War If the Laconians Achieved some slight advantage, they would say, " Noo by the Twa b sall master Attic catch it," Or if the Attics had their turn of luck. And the Laconians came to treat for peace. At once ye cried, " We're being taken in, Athene ! Zeus ! we can't consent to this;

They're sure to come again if we keep Pylus."

[&]quot; Lit. " poor little fellow "

b The Dioscuri.

TP. EP	ό γοῦν χαρακτήρ ήμεδαπὸς τῶν ἡημάτων ὧν οὖνεκ' οὐκ οἶδ' εἴ ποτ' Εἰρήνην ἔτι τὸ λοιπὸν ὄψεσθ'	220
TP	άλλὰ ποῖ γὰρ οἴχεται,	
EP	(77 ()))) (0))) / (0) (
TP	είς ποιον.	
EP.	εἰς τουτὶ τὸ κάτω κἄπειθ' ὁρῷς	
EF.	όσους ἄνωθεν ἐπεφόρησε τῶν λίθων,	225
	ίνα μη λάβητε μηδέποτ' αὐτήν.	
TP	είπέ μοι,	
-1	ήμας δε δη τί δραν παρασκευάζεται;	
EP.		
ZI.	ύπερφυα το μέγεθος είσηνέγκατο.	
TP		230
EP.		200
	άλλ' είμι καὶ γὰρ εξιέναι, γνώμην εμήν,	
	μέλλει θορυβεί γοῦν ἔνδον	
ТP	οίμοι δείλαιος	
-1	φέρ' αὐτὸν ἀποδρῶ· καὶ γὰρ ὧσπερ ἢσθόμην	
	καθτός θυείας φθέγμα πολεμιστηρίας	235
	Rabios obeias queyaa noneatornptas	
TTOA	ΕΜΟΣ. ἰὼ βροτοὶ βροτοὶ βροτοὶ πολυτλήμονες,	
1102	ώς αὐτίκα μάλα τὰς γνάθους ἀλγήσετε	
TО	ωναξ "Απολλον, της θυείας τοῦ πλάτους	
	δσον κακόν καὶ τοῦ Πολέμου τοῦ βλέμματος.	
	δρ' οδτός έστ' έκεινος δυ και φεύγομεν,	0.10
	ο δεινός, ο ταλαύρινος, ο κατά τοῦν σκελοῦν,	240
	ο σεινος, ο παλασμίνος, ο κατά του σκελού,	

The ingredients of the salad (μυττωτός, cf. 247, 273) are here

22

Enter War, bearing a gigantic mortar, in which he is about to make a salad.

THE PEACE, 220-241

TR Yes, that's exactly how we talked exactly.

HE So that I know not if ye c'er again
Will see the face of Peace

Why, where's she gone to?

HE War has immuned her in a deep deep pit

TR Where?

TR

HE Here, beneath our feet And you may see
The heavy stones he piled about its mouth,
That none should take her out

TR I wish you'd tell me How he proposes now to deal with us.

I only know that yester eve he brought Into this house a most gigantic mortar

TR What is he going to do with that, I wonder !

HE He means to put the cities in and pound them
But I shall go. He's making such a din
I think he's coming out

Out of his way . methought that I myself Heard a great mortar's war-inspiring blast

wan ^a O mortals | mortals | wondrous-woeful mortals | How ye will suffer in your jaws duectly |

TR. O King Apollo, what a great big moitar!

Oh the mere look of War how bad it is!

Is this the actual War from whom we flee,

The dread tough War, the War upon the legs?

cheese, garlic, leek, and honey "Instead of leek $(\pi\rho\alpha\sigma\sigma)$, War throws in the homonymous Laconian town of Prasiae, for garlic he takes Megara, the great garlic-producing country, Sicily, the Stilton of antiquity, is the natural substitute for cheese; whilst Attica is represented by her own celebrated honey "R.

The first part of the line recalls the description of Lamachus A 964 ὁ δεινός, ὁ ταλαύρινος, ὁς τὴν Γοργόνα | πάλλει. The meaning

of the last part is obscuie.

23

по	(πράσα εμβάλλων) ὶὼ Πρασιαὶ τρισάθλιαι καὶ πεντάκις	
	καὶ πολλοδεκάκις, ώς ἀπολεῖσθε τήμερον	
TP	τουτὶ μέν, ἄνδρες, οὐδὲν ἡμῖν πρᾶγμά πω	
	τὸ γὰρ κακὸν τοῦτ' ἐστὶ τῆς Λακωνικῆς	245
по	(σκόροδα εμβάλλων) ὧ Μέγαρα Μέγαρ', ώς ἐπιτετρί- ψεσθ' αὐτίκα	
	άπαξάπαντα καταμεμυττωτευμένα.	
TP	βαβαὶ βαβαιάξ, ώς μεγάλα καὶ δριμέα	
	τοισιν Μεγαρεύσιν ἐνέβαλεν τὰ κλαύματα.	
по.	(τυρόν εμβάλλον) ιω Σικελία, και συ δ' ως απόλλυσαι.	250
TP.	οί' ή πόλις τάλαινα διακναισθήσεται	
по	φέρ' ἐπιχέω καὶ τὸ μέλι τουτί τάττικόν	
TP	ούτος, παραινώ σοι μέλιτι χρησθάτέρω	
	τετρώβολον τοῦτ' ἐστί φείδου τἀττικοῦ	
no.	παῖ παῖ Κυδοιμέ	
	οιΜοΣ τί με καλεῖς;	
по	κλαύσει μακρά	255
	εστηκας άργός; ούτοσί σοι κόνδυλος	
KΥ	ώς δριμύς οίμοι μοι τάλας ὧ δέσποτα,	
	μων των σκορόδων ενέβαλες είς τον κόνδυλον,	
no.	οίσεις άλετρίβανον τρέχων,	
KT.	$d\lambda\lambda'$, $\tilde{\omega}$ $\mu\epsilon\lambda\epsilon$,	
	οὐκ ἔστιν ήμιν· ἐχθès εἰσωκίσμεθα	260
пο	ούκουν παρ' 'Αθηναίων μεταθρέξει ταχύ;	200
KT	έγωγε νη Δί' εἰ δὲ μή γε, κλαύσομαι	
TP.	άγε δή, τί δρώμεν, ω πόνηρ' ανθρώπια,	
	δράτε τον κίνδυνον ήμιν ώς μέγας	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

^a The stage duections here and 246, 250 are from the Scholiast ^b For ten years Megara had been excluded from the Athenian

THE PEACE, 242-264

WAR (throwing in leeks) a
O Prastac! O thrice wretched, five times wretched,
And tens of times, how you'll be crushed to-day!

THE Friends, thus as yet is no concern of ours,
This is a blow for the Laconian side

WAR (throwing in garlic)

O Megaia! Megaia! b in another moment, How you'll be worn, and torn, and ground to salad!

TR. Good gracious! O what heavy, bitter tears
He has thrown in to mix for Megara

WAR (throwing in cheese)

O Sicily and you'll be ruined too

TR Ah, how that hapless state will soon be grated!

WAR And now I'll pour some Attic honey o in

TR Hey, there, I wain you, use some other honey Be spaing of the Attic, that costs sixpence

WAR. Ho, boy | boy | Riot !

RIOT What's your will?

You rascal, standing idle there ! take that !

NOT Ugh, how it stings O me! O me! why, master, Sure you've not primed your knuckles with the garlie?

war. Run in and get a pestle

We've not got one;

We only moved in yesterday, you know

WAR Then run at once and boilow one from Athens d

RIOT. I'll run by Zeus; or else I'm sure to catch it

TR What's to be done, my poor dear mortals, now?

Just see how terrible our danger is

markets, and her territory ravaged, so that she now has to import the garlic she formerly exported; of 502, A. 813

The famous honey of Hymettus

⁴ The pestle is Cleon and the one from Lacedaemon in 275 is Brasidas.

	εἴπερ γὰρ ήξει τὸν ἀλετρίβανον φέρων,	265
	τούτω ταράξει τὰς πόλεις καθήμενος	
	άλλ', ὧ Διόνυσ', ἀπόλοιτο καὶ μὴ "λθοι φέρων.	
KY.	ούτος	
по.	τί έστιν, οὐ φέρεις,	
KY	το οεινα γαρ,	
	απόλωλ' 'Αθηναίοισιν άλετρίβανος,	
	ο βυρσοπώλης, ος εκύκα την Ἑλλάδα	270
TP	εδ γ', ῶ πότνια δέσποιν' ᾿Αθηναία, ποιῶν	
	ἀπόλωλ' ἐκεῖνος κἀν δέοντι τῆ πόλει,	
	ή πρίν γε τὸν μυττωτὸν ἡμῖν ἐγχέαι	
ПО	οὔκουν ἔτερον δητ' ἐκ Λακεδαίμονος μέτει	
	ανύσας τι,	
KY.	ταῦτ', ὧ δέσποθ'	
ПО	ηκέ νυν ταχύ	275
TP.	ῶνδρες, τί πεισόμεσθα, νῦν άγὼν μέγας	
	άλλ' εί τις ύμων εν Σαμοθράκη τυγχάνει	
	μεμυημένος, νῦν ἐστιν εὔξασθαι καλον	
	ἀποστραφήναι τοῦ μετιόντος τὼ πόδε	
KY.	οΐμοι τάλας, οΐμοι γε, κᾶτ' οΐμοι μάλα	280
по.	τί ἔστι, μῶν οὐκ αὖ φέρεις,	
KY.	ἀπόλωλ∈ γὰρ	
	καὶ τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοισιν άλετρίβανος	
по.	πῶς, ὦ πανοῦργ',	
KT	ές τάπι Θράκης χωρία	
	χρήσαντες έτέροις αὐτὸν εἶτ' ἀπώλεσαν	
TP	εὖ γ', εὖ γε ποιήσαντες, ὧ Διοσκόρω	285
	ίσως αν εΰ γένοιτο θαρρεῖτ', ὧ βροτοί	
по	απόφερε τὰ ακεύη λαβών ταυτὶ πάλιν	
	έγω δε δοίδυκ' εἰσιων ποιήσομαι.	

a $\tau \delta$ $\delta \epsilon \hat{\nu}^{a} \gamma d\rho$ "a mere ejaculation not connected with the rest of the sentence . used here and 879, B. 648, L 921, 926, 26

THE PEACE, 265-288

For if that variet bring a pestle back, War will sit down and pulverize our cities Heavens! may be perish, and not bring one back

RIOT You there !

WAR What! Don't you bring it?

RIOT Just look here, sir

The pestle the Athenians had is lost.

The pestie the Athenians had is lost, The tanner fellow that disturbed all Hellas, O well done he, Athene, mighty mistiess,

THE O well done he, Athone, mighty mistiess, Well is he lost, and for the state's advantage, Before they've mixed us up this bitter salad.

wan. Then run away and fetch from Lacedaemon Another pestle

RIOT Yes, SIr.

WAR
TR
Now is the crisis of our fate, my friends
And if there's here a man initiate
In Samothrace, b 'tis now the hour to pray
For the averting of—the variet's feet

RIOT Alas! alas! and yet again, alas!
WAR What ails you? don't you bring one now?

war what alls your don't you bring one now raior. O Su,

The Spartans too have lost their pestle now.

war How so, you rascal?

To friends up Thraceward, and they lost it there
And well done they well done! Twin sons of Zeus!

Take courage, mortals all may yet be well war. Pick up the things, and carry them away;
I'll go within and make myself a pestle

as a sort of apologetic introduction to a disagreeable narrative (like our "What do you think?" "Would you believe it?")": R

b The headquarters of the secret rites and mysterious worship of the Cabiri.

27

ΤΡ νῦν τοῦτ' ἐκεῖν' ἥκει, τὸ Δάτιδος μέλος,

δ δεφόμενός ποτ' ἦδε τῆς μεσημβρίας,

'' ὡς ἦδομαι καὶ χαίρομαι κεὐφραίνομαι ''

νῦν ἐστιν ἡμῖν, ὧνδρες Ἔλληνες, καλὸν

ἀπαλλαγεῖσι πραγμάτων τε καὶ μαχῶν

ἐξελκύσαι τὴν πᾶσιν Εἰρήνην φίλην,

πρὶν ἔτερον αὖ δοίδυκα κωλῦσαί τινα

ἀλλ', ὧ γεωργοὶ κἄμποροι καὶ τέκτονες

καὶ δημιουργοὶ καὶ μέτοικοι καὶ ξένοι

καὶ νησιῶται, δεῦρ' ἴτ', ὧ πάντες λεώ,

ὧς τάχιστ' ἄμας λαβόντες καὶ μοχλοὺς καὶ

σχοινία

νῦν γὰρ ἡμῖν ἀρπάσαι πάρεστιν ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος 30

χορος δεθρο πᾶς χώρει προθύμως εὐθύ τῆς σωτηρίας ῶ Πανέλληνες, βοηθήσωμεν, εἴπερ πώποτε, τάξεων ἀπαλλαγέντες καὶ κακῶν φοινικικῶν ἡμέρα γὰρ ἐξέλαμψεν ἥδε μισολάμαχος πρὸς τάδ' ἡμῖν, εἴ τι χρὴ δρᾶν, φράζε κάρχιτεκτόνει,

οὐ γὰρ ἔσθ' ὅπως ἀπειπεῖν ἂν δοκῶ μοι τήμερον, πρὶν μοχλοῖς καὶ μηχαναῖσιν εἰς τὸ φῶς ἀνελκύσαι τὴν θεῶν πασῶν μεγίστην καὶ φιλαμπελωτάτην.
ΤΡ. οὐ σιωπήσεσθ', ὅπως μὴ περιχαρεῖς τῷ πράγματι

rp. ου σιωπήσεσθ', δπως μή περιχαρεῖς τῷ πράγματι τὸν Πόλεμον ἐκζωπυρήσετ' ἔνδοθεν κεκραγότες, 31

Composed of twenty-four Attic farmers

a "According to the Scholasts the Data here spoken of was the Persian commander immortalized by his defeat at Marathon, who prided himself on his accurate knowledge of Greek, but with so little reason, that, from his ludicrous blunders, a barbanism acquired the name of a $\delta a \pi a \mu b_s$. In the present instance he seems to have thought it safe to make all the verbs end in a like termination, and therefore said $\chi a l \rho o \mu a \nu$. R.

THE PEACE, 289-310

Now may I sing the ode that Datis a made, TR The ode he sang in cestasy at noon, "Eh, sirs, I'm pleased, and joyed, and comforted" Now, men of Hellas, now the hour has come To throw away our troubles and our wars, And, ere another pestle use to stop us, To pull out Peace, the joy of all mankind O all ye farmers, merchants, artisans, O all ye craftsmen, aliens, sojourners, O all ve islanders, O all ye peoples, Come with 10pes, and spades, and crowbars. come in eager hunying haste, Now the cup of happy fortune, brothers, it is ours to taste CHORUS b Come then, heart and soul, my comiades, haste to win this great salvation, Now or never, now if ever, come, the whole Hellenic nation! Throw away your ranks and squadrons, throw your scarlet plagues away, Lo, at length the day is dawning, Lamachus-detesting day O be thou our guide and leader, managing, piesiding o'er us, For I think I shan't give over in this noble task before us. Till with levers, cranes, and pulleys once again to light we haul Peace, the Goddess best and greatest, vineyaid-lovingest of all O be quiet! O be quiet! by your noisy loud delight

You will waken War, the demon,

 \mathbf{TR}

who is crouching out of sight.

- xo. ἀλλ' ἀκούσαντες τοιούτου χαίρομεν κηρύγματος. ου γάρ ήν " έχοντας ήκειν σιτί ήμερων τριών" τη εὐλαβεῖσθε νῦν ἐκεῖνον τὸν κάτωθεν Κέρβερον, μὴ παφλάζων καὶ κεκραγώς, ὧσπερ ἡνίκ' ἐνθάδ' ἦν, έμποδών ήμιν γένηται την θεόν μη εκλκύσαι. 315 ΧΟ. οὖτι καὶ νῦν ἔστιν αὐτὴν ὄστις ἐξαιρήσεται, ην απαξ ες χειρας έλθη τὰς εμάς ιου ιου ΤΡ έξολειτέ μ', ώνδρες, εί μη της βοης ανήσετε ἐκδραμών γὰρ πάντα ταυτί συνταράξει τοῖν ποδοῖν. χο ώς κυκάτω καὶ πατείτω πάντα καὶ ταραττέτω. ού γὰρ ἂν χαίροντες ἡμεῖς τήμερον παυσαίμεθ' ἄν ΤΡ. τί τὸ κακόν, τί πάσχετ', ὧνδρες, μηδαμώς, πρὸς των θεών. πράγμα κάλλιστον διαφθείρητε διά τὰ σχήματα.
- πραγμα καλλιστον οιαφθειρητε οια τα οχηματία.

 Χο ἀλλ' ἔγωγ' οὐ σχηματίζειν βούλομ', ἀλλ' ὑφ' ἡδονῆς
 οὐκ ἐμοῦ κινοῦντος αὐτὼ τὼ σκέλη χορεύετον.
- ΤΡ. μή τι καὶ νυνί γ' ἔτ', ἀλλὰ παῦε παῦ' ὀρχούμενος ΧΟ ἢν ἰδού, καὶ δὴ πέπαυμαι.
- τη φής γε, παύει δ' οὐδέπω.
- χο εν μεν οῦν τουτί μ' ἔασον ελκύσαι, καὶ μηκέτι.

ε s. Cleon , ef K 1030
 παφλάζων In the Knights Cleon's regular name is Παφλαγών.

The regular amount for an immediate expedition without baggage, of A 197, W. 248

THE PEACE, 311-328

CH. O we joy, we joy, we joy, to hear your glorious proclamations. So unlike that odious Wanted at the camp with three days' rations a Yet beware, beware, remember! Cerberus b is down below He may come with fuss and fin v a (as when he was here d you know), Every obstacle and hindrance in the way of Peace to throw. Who shall bear her, who shall tear her, from these loving arms away, If I once can clasp and grasp her? O hunah | humah | hurrah | Zounds vou'll surely be our run. stop your clamour, I entreat: War will by and bye come trampling everything beneath his feet. CH. Let him stamp, and tramp, and trample. let him do whate'er he will. I am so immensely happy that I really can't be still TR What the mischief | what's the matter? do not, by the Gods, I pray, With your dancings and your prancings spoil our noble work to-day. Really now I didn't mean to no I didn't, I declare: Quite without my will my ankles will perform this joyous air. TR. Well, but don't go on at present, cease your dancing or you'll rue it. CH. Look, observe, I've really ceased it. So you say, but still you do it. TR. сн. Only once, I do beseech you, only just a single hop. a s.s. in the upper world.

TP	τοῦτό νυν, καὶ μηκέτ' ἄλλο μηδὲν ὀρχήσεσθ' ἔτι	•
хo	ούκ αν ορχησαίμεθ, είπερ ωφελήσαιμέν τί σε.	3 3 0j
TP	άλλ' δρατ', οὖπω πέπαυσθε	·
хo	τουτογί νη τον Δία	
	τὸ σκέλος ρίψαντες ήδη λήγομεν τὸ δεξιόν	
TP	ἐπιδίδωμι τοῦτό γ' ὑμῖν, ὤστε μὴ λυπεῖν ἔτι	
хo	άλλά και τάριστερόν τοί μουστ' άναγκαίως έχον	
	ήδομαι γάρ καὶ γέγηθα καὶ πέπορδα καὶ γελώ	335
	μαλλον ή το γήρας εκδύς εκφυγών την ασπίδα.	
TP	μή τι καὶ νυνί γε χαίρετ' οὐ γὰρ ἴστε πω σαφῶς	
	άλλ' όταν λάβωμεν αὐτήν, τηνικαῦτα χαίρετε	
	καὶ βοᾶτε καὶ γελᾶτ' ή-	
	δη γὰρ ἐξέσται τόθ' ὑμῖν	340
	πλεῖν, μένειν, κινεῖν, καθεύδειν,	·
	ές πανηγύρεις θεωρείν,	
	έστιᾶσθαι, κοτταβίζειν,	
	συβαρίζειν,	
	lοῦ lοῦ κεκραγέναι	345
хо	εί γὰρ ἐκγένοιτ' ίδεῖν ταύτην με τὴν ἡμέραν. πολλὰ γὰρ ἀνεσγόμην	

πράγματά τε καὶ στιβάδας,

[&]quot; ή μεταφορά άπο των δφεων Schol

THE PEACE, 329-348

THE Well then, one make haste about it,
only one, and then you stop.

CII. Stop? of course we stop with pleasure

if 'twill your designs assist

TR Well, but look . you're still proceeding

Just, by Zeus, one other twist

Let me fling my light leg upwards,

and I'll really then refrain.

TR This indulgence too I'll giant you,

so you don't offend again.

сн Hah! but here's my left leg also

it must have its tuin, 'tis plain.

(Dancing vigorously with both legs)
I'm so happy, glad, delighted,

getting 11d of aims at last,

More than if, my youth renewing,

I the slough a of Age had cast

TR Well, but don't exult at present,

oresent, for we're all uncertain still.

But, when once we come to hold her,

then be merry if you will;

Then will be the time for laughing, Shouting out in jovial glee, Sailing, sleeping, feasting, quaffing, All the public sights to see Then the Cottabus be playing, Then be hip-hip-hip-huriahing, Pass the day and pass the night Like a regular Sybarite

CH O that it were yet my fortune

those delightful days to see!

Woes enough I've had to bear, Sorry pallets, trouble, care,

CH

άς έλαχε Φορμίων κουκέτ' ἄν μ' ευροις δικαστήν δριμύν οὐδε δύσκολου. οὐδὲ τοὺς τρόπους γε δήπου σκληρόν, ὧσπερ καὶ πρό τοῦ 350 άλλ' άπαλὸν ἄν μ' ίδοις καὶ πολύ νεώτερον. απαλλαγέντα πραγμάτων καὶ γὰρ ἱκανὸν χρόνον άπολλύμεθα καὶ κατατε-355 τρίμμεθα πλανώμενοι ές Λύκειον κάκ Λυκείου σύν δόρει σύν άσπίδι άλλ' ὅ τι μάλιστα χαριούμεθα ποιοθντες, άγε φράζε σε γάρ αὐτοκράτορ' είλετ' αγαθή τις ημιν τύχη. 360 φέρε δή κατίδω, ποι τούς λίθους ἀφέλξομεν ω μιαρέ καὶ τολμηρέ, τί ποιεῖν διανοεῖ, οὐδὲν πονηρόν, ἀλλ' ὅπερ καὶ Κιλλικῶν ΕP TP ἀπόλωλας, ὧ κακόδαιμον EΡ οὐκοῦν, ἢν λάχω. TP. Έρμης γάρ ῶν κλήρω ποιήσεις οἶδ' ὅτι. 365 ἀπόλωλας, ἐξόλωλας. EP. ές τίν' ήμέραν: TP. ές αὐτίκα μάλ' EP. άλλ' οὐδὲν ημπόληκά πω, TP. ουτ' άλφιτ' ουτε τυρόν, ώς απολούμενος.

^a The naval officer so distinguished in the early years of the Peloponnesian war

Outside the city walls, used as a parade-ground
Said by the Scholiasts to be a traitor who, when his actions aroused suspicion and he was asked questions about them, used always to answer πάντα άγαθά "all light"

THE PEACE, 348-368

Such as fell to Phormo's a share, I would never more thereafter so morose and bitter be, Nor a judge so stubboin-hearted,

unielenting, and severe;

You shall find me yielding then, Quite a tender youth again, When these weary times depart Long enough we've undergone Toils and sorrows many a one, Worn and spent and sick at heart,

From Lyceum, to Lyceum,

trudging on with shield and spear.

Now then tell us what you would Have us do, and we'll obey, Since by fortune fan and good You're our sovereign Loid to-day

TR Come let me see which way to move the stones.

Rogue! miscreant! what are you up to now?

TR No haim;

Everything's right, as Cillicon observed

HE Wretch | you shall die

TR When it's my lot, of course, For being Heimes d you'll use lots, I know.

HE O you are doomed! doomed! doomed!

TR Yes? for what day?

HE. This very instant.

TR But I'm not prepared
I've bought no bread and cheese, as if to die

• Explained to mean that "bringing rations" (cf 312) was the

same thing as preparing for certain death.

⁴ As being the God of Chance It was the custom at Athens to execute only one criminal a day, and the order in which they were taken was determined by lot Schol

EP.	καὶ μὴν ἐπιτέτριψαί γε	
TP	κάτα τῷ τρόπῳ	
IF	ούκ ήσθόμην άγαθὸν τοσουτονὶ λαβών,	370
	άρ' οίσθα θάνατον ότι προείφ' ο Ζεύς ος αν	
EP.	ap olded dayator of appelip o zees os as	
	ταύτην ἀνορύττων εύρεθη,	
TP	νυν αρα με	
	ἄπασ' ἀνάγκη "στ' ἀποθανεῖν,	
EP.	εΰ ἴσθ' ὅτι	
Er.	ές χοιρίδιόν μοί νυν δάνεισον τρεῖς δραχμάς	
TP.	Es Xulpidios por vos daseros spessos spentas	
	δεί γάρ μυηθηναί με πρίν τεθνηκέναι.	375
EP.	Δ Ζεῦ κεραυνοβρόντα	
TP	μη πρός τῶν θεῶν	
	ήμῶν κατείπης, ἀντιβολῶ σε, δέσποτα	
RP.	ούκ ἃν σιωπήσαιμι	
TP.	ναί, πρὸς τῶν κρεῶν	
11.	άγω προθύμως σοι φέρων άφικόμην	
	άλλ', & μέλ', ὑπὸ τοῦ Διὸς ἀμαλδυνθήσομαι,	380
EP.	αλλ, ω μελ, υπο του Διος αμαλουνιησομαί,	DOU
	εὶ μὴ τετορήσω ταῦτα καὶ λακήσομαι	
TP.	μή νυν λακήσης, λίσσομαί σ', ὧρμίδιον	
	είπε μοι, τί πάσχετ', ώνδρες; εστατ' εκπεπληγ-	
	μένοι	
	ῶ πόνηροι, μὴ σιωπᾶτ' εἰ δὲ μή, λακήσεται.	
***	μηδαμως, ω δέσποθ' Έρμη, μηδαμως, μηδαμως,	205
ΧŲ	priorpos, a recino Espari, priorpos, priorpos,	000
	ει τι κεχαρισμένον	
	χοιρίδιον οἶσθα παρ' ἐ-	
	μοῦ γε κατεδηδοκώς,	
	τοῦτο μὴ φαῦλον νόμιζ' ἐν τῷδε τῷ νῦν πράγματι.	
TP	ούκ ακούεις οία θωπεύουσί σ', ώναξ δέσποτα,	

^a His "luck" is to be rid of all the troubles of life, cf A 757.

T. is chaffing Hermes throughout

Because only the "initiate" could be happy in Hades (cf F.

THE PEACE, 309-389

HE	Alı, well, you're absolutely gone!
TR	That's odd,
	To get such famous luck a and yet not know it
HE	Then don't you know that death's denounced by Zeus
	On all found digging here?
TR.	And is it so?
	And must I die indeed?
HE.	You must indeed
TR.	O then, I puthee, lend me half a crown
	I'll buy a pig, and get initiate first b
IIE	Ho! Zeus! Zeus! thunder-crasher!
TR.	O pray don't
11.	O by the heavenly powers don't peach upon us
HE	No, no, I won't keep silence
TR	O pray do
111	O by the heavenly meat I brought you, master.
HE	Why, bless you, Zeus will quite demolish me
1112	If I don't shout and tell him all about it
TR.	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
III.	Don't stand gaping there, my comiades;
	are ye quite deprived of speech?
	What's the matter? speak, ye rascals!
	if you don't, he's safe to peach
CITY	Do not, do not, mighty Hermes,
CH	do not, do not shout, I pray,
	If you e'er have tasted swine,
	Tasted sucking-pigs of mine,
	Which have soothed your throat divine,
	Think upon it, think upon it,
	noi despise the deed to-day
-	King and master, won't you listen
TR.	
	to the coaxing words they say?
456.	and throughout), and a pig was sacrificed at the ceremony of
	ation

μηδ' έχε παλιγκότως 390 XO. άντιβολίαις έμαῖσιν, ωστε τήνδε μή λαβείν άλλά γάρισ', ὧ φιλανθρωπότατε καὶ μεγαλοδωρότατε δαιμόνων, εί τι Πεισάνδρου βδελύττει τους λόφους και τάς όφρῦς, καί σε θυσίαισιν ίεραΐσι προσόδοις τε μεγάλαισι διά παντός, ὧ δέσποτ', ἀγαλοῦμεν ἡμεῖς ἀεί ΤΡ ἴθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', ἐλέησον αὐτῶν τὴν ὅπα, 400 ἐπεί σε καὶ τιμῶσι μᾶλλον ἢ πρὸ τοῦ. ΕΡ. κλέπται τε γάρ νῦν εἰσι μᾶλλον ἢ πρό τοῦ ΤΡ. καί σοι φράσω τι πρᾶγμα δεινὸν καὶ μέγα, δ τοις θεοις απασιν επιβουλεύεται ΕΡ. ἴθι δή, κάτειπ' ἴσως γὰρ ἂν πείσαις ἐμέ. 405 ή γάρ Σελήνη χώ πανοθργος "Ηλιος, ύμιν επιβουλεύοντε πολύν ήδη χρόνον, τοις βαρβάροισι προδίδοτον την Ελλάδα. ΕΡ. ἴνα δὴ τί τοῦτο δρᾶτον; ότιη νη Δία TP. ήμεις μεν ύμιν θύομεν, τούτοισι δέ 410 οί βάρβαροι θύουσι. διὰ τοῦτ' εἰκότως βούλοιντ' αν ήμας πάντας έξολωλέναι, ίνα τὰς τελετὰς λάβοιεν αὐτοὶ τῶν θεῶν.

[&]quot;The Comic poets attack him as a man who, beneath a fierce

THE PEACE, 390-413

cir View us not with wiathful eye,
Noi our humble prayers deny,
From this dungeon let us hand her
O if you indeed detest,
And abhor the sweeping crest
And the eyebrows of Peisander,

Let us now, O God most gracious !

let us carry Peace away.

Then we'll glad processions bring, Then with sacrifices due, We will always, lord and king, We will always honour you

TR O sir, be pitiful, and heed then cry
They never showed you such respect as now

HE Why, no, they never were such thieves as now b

TR And then I'll tell you a tremendous secret, A horrid dreadful plot against the Gods

HE Well, tell away . I'm open to conviction

TR. 'Tis that the Moon and vile immoral Sun Have long been plotting to your hurt and now They're giving Hellas up to the Barbarians

HE. Why are they doing that?

We sacrifice to you, but those Barbarians

Only to them.^c So naturally they

Are very anxious that we all should perish,

And they get all the rites of all the Gods

and martial exterior, concealed a coward's heart; B 1556-61".

R Later he took a large part in the Revolution of the Four Hundred.

They worshipped Hermes as the God of Thieves, φηλητών

dvat (Eur Rhesus, 217)

⁶ So Herodotus 1 181 says of the Persians θύουσι δὲ ἡλίφ τε καὶ σελήνη

39

EP	ταθτ' ἄρα πάλαι των ήμερων παρεκλεπτέτην,	
	καὶ τοῦ κύκλου παρέτρωγον ὑφ' άρματωλίας	410
TP.	ναὶ μὰ Δία πρὸς ταῦτ', ὧ φίλ' Ἑρμῆ, ξύλλαβε	-
	ήμιν προθύμως, τήνδε και ξυνέλκυσον	
	και σοί τὰ μεγάλ' ἡμεις Παναθήναι ἄξομεν,	
	πάσας τε τὰς ἄλλας τελετὰς τὰς τῶν θεῶν,	
	Μυστήρι' Έρμῆ, Διπολίει', 'Αδώνια	420
	άλλαι τε σοί πόλεις πεπαυμέναι κακών	
	'Αλεξικάκω θύσουσιν Έρμἢ πανταχοῦ	
	χάτερ' έτι πόλλ' έξεις άγαθά. πρώτον δέ σοι	
	(φιάλην χρυσην δίδωσιν αὐτῷ)	
	δώρον δίδωμι τήνδ', ΐνα σπένδειν έχης	
EP	οϊμ' ώς έλεήμων εϊμ' ἀεὶ τῶν χρυσίδων.	420
	ύμέτερον έντεῦθεν ἔργον, ὧνδρες ἀλλὰ ταῖς ἄμαις	
	είσιόντες ώς τάχιστα τους λίθους ἀφέλκετε.	
xo.		
	άττα χρή ποιείν έφεστως φράζε δημιουργικώς	
	τάλλα δ' εύρήσεις ύπουργεῖν ὄντας ήμᾶς οὐ κακούς.	430
TP	άγε δή, σὺ ταχέως ὕπεχε τὴν φιάλην, ὅπως	
	ἔργω ˙φιαλοῦμεν, εὐξάμενοι τοῖσιν θεοῖς	
EP	σπονδή σπονδή.	
	εὐφημέῖτε εὐφημεῖτε	
TP.	σπένδοντες εὐχώμεσθα τὴν νῦν ἡμέραν	435
	Ελλησιν ἄρξαι πασι πολλών κάγαθών,	
	χώστις προθύμως ξυλλάβοι τῶν σχοινίων,	
	τοῦτον τὸν ἄνδρα μὴ λαβεῖν ποτ' ἀσπίδα	
ХO	μα Δί', αλλ' ἐν εἰρήνη γε διάγειν τὸν βίον,	
	Y	440

^a The reference is to the eclipses which signalized the Peloponnesian War (Thuc. 1 23) $b\phi^{i}$ $\dot{a}\rho\mu a\tau\omega\lambda las$ seems =" by their driving," the word also suggesting that there was a good deal of stroi ($\dot{a}\mu a\rho\tau\omega\lambda la$ which many read) in their driving

THE PEACE, 414-440

Then that's the reason why they chipped the days,
And nibbled off then rounds, masguiding sinners a

ra It is, it is come, Heines, lend a hand,
Help us to pull her out. And then for you
We'll celebrate the great Panathenaca,
And all the other rites of all the Gods,
Demeter, Zeus, Adoms, all for you,
And everywhere the cities saved from woe
Will sacrifice to you, the Saviour b Hermes
Much, much besides you'll gain and first of all
I give you this (producing a gold cip),

a vessel for libations

There, my men, the work's before you!

There, my men, the work's before you!

I've got nothing more to say

Quick, take up your spades, and enter,

shovelling all the stones away.

cn. Gladly, gladly will we do it,

wiscst of the Gods, and you,

Like a skilled superior craftsman,

teach us what we ought to do.

I warrant, when the way we know,

you'll find us anything but slow.

THE Hold out the vessel, and we'll launch the work With free libations and with holy prayers

HE. Pour libations

Silence! silence! pour libations.

TR And as we pour we'll pray. O happy morn,
Be thou the source of every joy to Hellas!
And O may he who labours well to-day
Be never forced to bear a shield again!

on No; may he spend his happy days in peace, Stirring the fire, his mistress at his side

^b 'Αλεξίκακος is usually the epithet of Apollo.

TP.	όστις δὲ πόλεμον μᾶλλον εἶναι βούλεται, μηδέποτε παύσασθ' αὐτόν, ὧ Διόνυσ' ἄναξ,
	έκ των ολεκράνων ἀκίδας έξαιρούμενου
XO	κεί τις ἐπιθυμῶν ταξιαρχεῖν σοὶ φθονεῖ
	είς φως ἀνελθεῖν, ὧ πότνι', ἐν ταῖσιν μάχαις 4
	πάσχοι γε τοιαθθ' οξάπερ Κλεώνυμος.
TP.	εί τις δορυξός η κάπηλος ἀσπίδων,
	ΐν' ἐμπολᾳ βέλτιον, ἐπιθυμεῖ μαχῶν,
	ληφθείς ύπο ληστών έσθίοι κριθάς μόνας
xo.	κεί τις στρατηγείν βουλόμενος μη ξυλλάβη 4
	η δούλος αὐτομολείν παρεσκευασμένος,
	έπι του τροχού γ' ελκοιτο μαστιγούμενος
	ήμεν δ' άγαθά γένοιτ'. ιη παιών, ιή.
TP.	άφελε τὸ παίειν, άλλ' ἰὴ μόνον λέγε
xo.	
TP.	*** * ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Xo.	"Αρει δὲ μή,
TP	$\mu\dot{\eta}$
xo	μηδ' Ένυαλίω γε,
TP	μή
xo.	ύπότεινε δη πας, και κάταγε τοισιν κάλως
EP.	$\tilde{\omega} \in \tilde{l}a$ $[\sigma \tau \rho]$
xo.	εία μάλα.
EP.	A A
xo.	
EP.	
TP.	άλλ' οὐχ ἔλκουσ' ἄνδρες ὁμοίως
	-3 E-1) -1/0° -1° 2···-(1)0°
	ου ξυλληψέου , οι ογκυλλέου 4 οιμώξεου οι Βοιωτοί
	adversion or Dorming

[•] The notorious $\dot{\rho}l\psi a\sigma\pi is$, cf 678, 1295 seq

THE PEACE, 441-466

If there be any that delights in war, King Dionysus, may he never cease Picking out spearheads from his funny-bones If any, seeking to be made a Captain, Hates to see Peace return, O may he ever Fare in his battles like Cleonymus a TR. If any merchant, selling spears or shields, Would fain have battles, to improve his trade, May he be seized by thieves and eat raw barley. CH. If any would-be General won't assist us. Or any slave preparing to desert, May he be flogged, and broken on the wheel. But on ourselves all joy hip, hip, hurrah! TR. Don't talk of being hipped b Hurah's the word, CH. Hurah! hurah! hurah's the word to-day. (pouring libations) TR To Heimes, Love, Desne, the Hours, and Graces CH. Not Aics? TR. (with disgust) No No Enyahus? CH Nο TR. Now all set to, and labour at the ropes CH Yo ho! pull away HE.

CH Pull away a little stronger
Yo ho! pull away
CH. Keep it up a little longer
HE Pull, pull, pull
TH. Ah they don't pull all alike
Cease your craning 'tis but feigning
Pull, Boeotians o! or I'll strike

b The pun is on παίαν "Healer " and παίαν " to strike."
c They had gained a great victory over the Athenians at Delium in 424, and were ill disposed for peace

EP	ϵ la $ u$ \hat{v} \hat{v} \cdot	
TP	ϵ la $ec{\omega}$.	
ХO	άλλ' ἄγετον ξυνανέλκετε καὶ σφώ	
TP.	οὔκουν ἔλκω κάξαρτῶμαι	470
	κάπεμπίπτω καὶ σπουδάζω,	
xo.	πως οὖν οὐ χωρεῖ τοὔργον,	
TP	ῶ Λάμαχ, ἀδικεῖς ἐμποδὼν καθήμενος	
	οὐδὲν δεόμεθ, ὧνθρωπε, της σης μορμόνος.	
EP.	ουδ' οίδε γ' είλκον ουδεν Αργείοι πάλαι.	475
	άλλ' ή κατεγέλων των ταλαιπωρουμένων,	
	καὶ ταῦτα διχόθεν μισθοφοροῦντες ἄλφιτα	
TP	άλλ' οἱ Λάκωνες, ὧγάθ', ἔλκουσ' ἀνδρικῶς.	
EP	άρ' οίσθ' όσοι γ' αὐτῶν ἔχονται τοῦ ξύλου,	
	μόνοι προθυμοῦντ' ἀλλ' ὁ χαλκεὺς οὐκ ἐᾳ.	480
TP	ούδ' οι Μεγαρείς δρώσ' ούδεν ελκουσιν δ' όμως	
	γλισχρότατα σαρκάζοντες ώσπερ κυνίδια,	
	ύπο του γε λιμου νη Δι' έξολωλότες	
ХO	οὐδὲν ποιοῦμεν, ὧνδρες, ἀλλ' όμοθυμαδὸν	
	ἄπασιν ήμιὰν αὖθις ἀντιληπτέον	485
EP	ῶ εla [ἀντ	
TP	εία μάλα	
EP	ὧ εta	
TP	εία νὴ Δία.	
xo.	μικρόν γε κινοῦμεν.	490
TP.	ούκουν δεινόν τους μεν τείνειν,	
	τους δ' άντισπάν .	
	πληγάς λήψεσθ', ὧργεῖοι	
	my wither a makern	

The reference is to the Gorgon shield of Lamachus, of. A.
 573 where it is Γοργόνα and in 583 μορμόνα
 They had hitherto taken no part in the war—a neutrality from which they had reaped much profit (Thuc v. 28).

THE PEACE, 467-493

Yo ho! pull away HE. Pull away, away, away TR. CH. (to Trygaeus and Hermes) Verily you should be helping us too TR. (indignantly) Don't I strain, might and main, Ching and swing tug and haul? Yet we don't advance at all

Now don't sit there and thwait us, Lamachus TR We don't require your Bugaboo, my man

HE These Argives, too, they give no help at all They only laugh at us, our toils and troubles. And all the while take pay from either side

TR. But the Laconians, comrade, pull like men

Ah, mark, 'tis only such as work in wood ' TIE That fain would help us but the smith impedes

And the Meganans do no good they pull, though, Scrabbling away like ravenous puppy dogs Good lack! they're regularly starved and rumed

CH We make no way, my comiades we must try A strong pull, and a long pull, all together

Yo ho! pull away TIE

CH

TR

Keep it up a little longer

HE

Yo ho ' pull away Yes, by Zeus ' a little stronger TR.

Very slow, now we go CII

What a shameful duty tack ! TR Some are working, others shirking, Argives, ye shall feel the stick.

 Lit "keep fast to the ξύλον," which is "the term constantly used by Aristophanes to denote the instrument employed for confining pusoners" (R), and the reference is to the Spartan captives from Pylos who were still in prison. o xalker's seems to point to their fetters.

EP	ϵ la $ u$ ı $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ $ u$.	
	εία νον. εία ὧ.	40=
TP		495
хо	ώς κακόνοι τινές είσιν εν ύμιν.	
TP	ύμεις μέν γ' οὖν οἱ κιττῶντες	
	τῆς εἰρήνης σπᾶτ' ἀνδρείως	
xo.	άλλ' έἴσ' οι κωλύουσιν	
EP.	ἄνδρες Μεγαρεῖς, οὐκ ἐς κόρακας ἐρρήσετε; μισεῖ γὰρ ὑμᾶς ἡ θεὸς μεμνημένη πρῶτοι γὰρ αὐτὴν τοῖς σκορόδοις ἡλείψατε καὶ τοῖς ᾿Αθηναίοισι παύσασθαι λέγω ἐντεῦθεν ἐχομένοις ὅθεν νῦν ἔλκετε	500
	οὐδὲν γὰρ ἄλλο δρᾶτε πλην δικάζετε ἀλλ' εἴπερ ἐπιθυμεῖτε τήνδ' ἐξελκύσαι, πρὸς την θάλατταν ὀλίγον ὑποχωρήσατε.	505
xo.		
EP	χωρεί γέ τοι τὸ πράγμα πολλῷ μαλλον, ὧνδρες, ὑμῖν	
ХO	χωρέιν τὸ πραγμά φησιν· ἀλλὰ πᾶς ἀνὴρ προθυ- μοῦ	E1 0
TP.	οι τοι γεωργοί τουργον εξέλκουσι, κάλλος οὐδείς.	510
xo.	ἄγε νυν, ἄγε πᾶς καὶ μὴν όμοῦ 'στιν ἥδη μὴ νῦν ἀνῶμεν, ἀλλ' ἐπεν-	
		515
	ήδη 'στι τοῦτ' ἐκεῖνο	OTO
	ώ εία νῦν, ω εία πᾶς.	
	à ela, ela, ela, ela, ela, ela	
	ὧ εἶα, εἶα, εἶα, εἶα, εἶα, πᾶς	

^a As the first cause of the war, of 609 n For the garlic of Megara of. 246; and for its use to "prime" gamecocks A. 166, 46

THE PEACE, 494-519

Yo ho! pull away. HE.

Pull away, away, away. TR.

Some of you still are designing us ill. CH.

Ye who fain Peace would gain, TR. Pull and strain, might and main.

Some one's hindering us again. CH.

HE. Plague take you, men of Megara; get out! The Goddess hates you: she remembers well Twas you that primed her up at first a with garlic. Stop, stop, Athenians: shift your hold a little; It's no use pulling as you're now disposed. You don't do anything but go to law. No, if you really want to pull her out, Stand back a trifle further towards the sea.

CH. Come, let us farmers pull alone,

and set our shoulders to it.

HE. Upon my word you're gaining ground:

I think you're going to do it.

сн. He says we're really gaining ground:

cheer up, cheer up, my hearty.

TR. The farmers have it all themselves,

and not another party.

Pull again, pull, my men, CH. Now we're gaining fast. Never slacken, put your back in, Here she comes at last.

Pull, pull, pull, every man, all he can;

Pull, pull, pull, pull, pull, Pull, pull, pull, all together.

(Peace is lifted out with her two attendants, Harvesthome and Mayfair.)

K. 494. But η λείψατε seems here to describe "rubbing down with garlic "-a process which "the Goddess" might well "detest."

TP	πόθεν ἂν λάβοιμι δήμα μυριάμφορον	520
	ότω προσείπω σ', οὐ γὰρ είχον οἰκοθεν.	
	ῶ χαῖρ'] Οπώρα, καὶ σὸ δ', ὧ Θεωρία	
	οίον δ' έχεις το πρόσωπον, ώ Θεωρία	
		525
	γλυκύτατον, ώσπερ ἀστρατείας καὶ μύρου	
EP.		
TP	ἀπέπτυσ' έχθροῦ φωτὸς ἔχθιστον πλέκος.	
	τοῦ μὲν γὰρ ὄζει κρομμυοξυρεγμίας,	
		530
	αὐλῶν, τραγωδῶν, Σοφοκλέους μελῶν, κιχλῶν,	
	επυλλίων Εὐριπίδου,	
EP.	κλαύσἄρα σὺ	
	ταύτης καταψευδόμενος οὐ γάρ ήδεται	
	αὔτη ποιητῆ ρηματίων δικανικῶν	
TP	0 / 0\	536
	κόλπου γυναικών διατρεχουσών είς άγρόν,	
	δούλης μεθυούσης, ἀνατετραμμένου χοῶς,	
	άλλων τε πολλών κάγαθών	
EP	ἴθι νυν ἄθρει	
	οίον πρός άλλήλας λαλούσιν αι πόλεις	
	διαλλαγείσαι καὶ γελώσιν ἄσμεναι,	540
	καὶ ταῦτα δαιμονίως ὑπωπιασμέναι	
	άπαξάπασαι καὶ κυάθοις προσκείμεναι	
TP	και τωνδε τοίνυν των θεωμένων σκόπει	
11	τὰ πρόσωφ', ΐνα γνῶς τὰς τέχνας.	
EP.		
EP.	αἰβοῖ τάλας,	548
	έκεινονὶ γοῦν τὸν λοφοποιὸν οὐχ δρậς	040

a $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho la$ literally describes being a spectator at games or festivals, usually as a member of a public embassy.

THE PEACE, 520-545

TR Giver of grapes, O how shall I address you?

O for a word ten thousand buckets big

Wherewith to accost you. for I've none at hand
Good morning, Harvesthome good morn, Mayfair of O what a lovely charming face, Mayfair!

(Kusses her)

O what a breath! how fragrant to my heart, How sweet, how soft, with perfume and maction

HE Not quite the odour of a knapsack, eh?

TR Faugh! that odious pouch of odious men, I hate it.^b
It has a smell of iancid-onion-whiffs;
But she of harvests, banquets, festivals,
Flutes, thiushes, plays, the odes of Sophocles,
Emipidean wordlets,

O how date you
Slander her so I'm sure she does not like
That logic-monger's wordy disputations

TR. (continuing) The bleating lambs, the ivy-leaf, the vat, Full-bosomed mations hun ying to the farm, The tipsy maid, the diamed and emptied flask, And many another blessing

And look there,
See how the reconciled cities greet and blend
In peaceful intercourse, and laugh for joy,
And that, too, though their eyes are swoln and
blackened,

And all cling fast to cupping instruments for Yes, and survey the audience by their looks You can discein their trades

Don't you observe the man that makes the crests

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b A parody of a line of Euripides, preserved by the Scholiast, ἀπέπτυσ' ἐχθροῦ φωτὸς ἐχθωτον τέκος
a, to reduce the swelling

	τίλλονθ' έαυτόν, ὁ δέ γε τὰς σμινύας ποιῶν κατέπαρδεν ἄρτι τοῦ ξιφουργοῦ 'κεινουί	
TP	ό δὲ δρεπανουργὸς οὐχ ὁρᾶς ὡς ήδεται	
	καὶ τὸν δορυξὸν οἷον ἐσκιμάλισεν,	
EP	ΐθι νυν, ἄνειπε τοὺς γεωργοὺς ἀπιέναι.	5 50
TP	ἀκούετε λεώ· τοὺς γεωργοὺς ἀπιέναι	
	τὰ γεωργικὰ σκεύη λαβόντας εἰς ἀγρὸν	
	ώς τάχιστ' ἄνευ δορατίου καὶ ξίφους κάκοντίου	
	ώς απαντ' ήδη 'στι μεστά τάνθάδ' εἰρήνης σαπρας	
	άλλα πας χώρει προς έργον είς αγρον παιωνίσας.	555
xo.	ῶ ποθεινή τοῖς δικαίοις καὶ γεωργοῖς ήμέρα,	
	ἄσμενός σ' ίδων προσειπεῖν βούλομαι τὰς ἀμπέλους·	
	τάς τε συκας, ας έγω 'φύτευον ων νεώτερος,	
	ἀσπάσασθαι θυμὸς ἡμῖν ἐστι πολλοστῷ χρόνῳ	
TP	νῦν μὲν οὖν, ὧνδρες, προσευξώμεσθα πρῶτον τῆ	
	$ heta \epsilon \hat{arphi}$,	560
	ηπερ ήμων τους λόφους άφειλε και τας Γοργόνας·	
	είθ' όπως λιταργιούμεν οίκαδ' είς τὰ χωρία,	
	έμπολήσαντές τι χρηστόν είς άγρον ταρίχιον	
EP.	& Πόσειδον, ώς καλόν τό στίφος αὐτῶν φαίνεται	

καὶ πυκνὸν καὶ γοργὸν ὤσπερ μᾶζα καὶ πανδαισία. $_{565}$

Good salt fish which they had to buy in the city.
 * πανδαισία=a banquet providing every luxuiy.

THE PEACE, 546-565

TR HE	Tearing his hair? and yon's a pitchfork-seller, Fie! how he fillips the sword-cutler there. And see how pleased that sickle-maker looks, Joking and poking the spear-burnisher. Now then give notice! let the farmers go
TR	O yes! O yes! the farmers all may go Back to then homes, farm-implements and all You can leave your darts behind you yea, for sword and spear shall cease
	All things all around are teeming with the mellow gifts of Peace
	Shout your Paeans, march away
СН	to labour in your fields to-day Day most welcome to the farmers and to all the just and true
	Now I see you I am eager
	once again my vines to view
	And the fig-trees which I planted
	in my boyhood's early prime
	I would fain salute and visit
-	after such a weary time
TR	First, then, comrades, to the Goddess be our grateful prayers addressed
	Who has freed us from the Gorgons
	and the fear-inspiring crest
	Next a little salt provision a
	fit for country uses buy
	Then with merry expedition
	homeward to the fields we'll hie
HE	O Poseidon fair then order,
	sweet their seried ranks to see
	Right and tight, like rounded biscuits, or a thronged festivity.
	or a mionged lessivity.

ΤΡ νη Δί' ή γαρ σφυρα λαμπρον ήν ἄρ' έξωπλισμένη, αί τε θρίνακες διαστίλβουσι πρός του ήλιον ή καλώς αὐτών ἀπαλλάξειεν ἃν μετόρχιον. ωστ' έγωγ' ήδη 'πιθυμῶ καὐτὸς έλθεῖν εἰς ἀγρὸν καὶ τριαινοῦν τῆ δικέλλη διὰ χρόνου τὸ γήδιον. άλλ' ἀναμνησθέντες, ὧνδρες, της διαίτης της παλαιάς, ην παρείν αυτη ποθ' ήμιν, τών τε παλασίων έκείνων. τῶν τε σύκων, τῶν τε μύρτων, 575 της τρυγός τε της γλυκείας, της ίωνιας τε της πρός τῷ φρέατι, τῶν τ' ἐλαῶν. ών ποθούμεν, άντι τούτων τήνδε νυνί 580 την θεών προσείπατε.

Χο. χαῖρϵ, χαῖρ', ὡς ἢλθες ἡμῖν ἀσμένοις φιλτάτη σῷ γὰρ ἐδάμην πόθῳ,
 δαιμόνια βουλόμενος
 ϵἰς ἀγρὸν ἀνερπύσαι

585

ήσθα γὰρ μέγιστον ήμῖν κέρδος, ὧ ποθουμένη, πᾶσιν ὁπόσοι γεωργῶν βίον ἐτρίβομεν.

590

^{*} τριαινοῦν=to break up as with a trident "The word, a rare one, is here employed for the sake of the play upon its first syllable and that of δικέλλη" • R.

THE PEACE, 566-590

TR Yes, by Zeus! the well-aimed mattock seems to spaikle as we gaze,
And the buimshed pitchfolks glitter

in the sun's delighted rays

Very famously with those

will they clear the vineyaid lows

So that I myself am eager

homeward to my farm to go,

Breaking a up the little furiows

(long-neglected) with the hoe.

Think of all the thousand pleasures,
Comnades, which to Peace we owe,
All the life of ease and comfort
Which she gave us long ago
Figs and olives, wine and myitles,
Luscious fruits preserved and dired,
Banks of fragrant violets, blowing
By the crystal fountain's side;
Scenes for which our hearts are yearning,
Joys that we have missed so long,——
—Comrades, here is Peace returning,
Greet her back with dance and song!

CH Welcome, welcome, best and dearest, welcome, welcome, welcome home.

We have looked and longed for thee, Looking, longing, wondrously, Once again our farms to see

O the joy, the bliss, the raptine, really to behold thee come.

Thou wast aye our chief enjoyment,

thou wast ave our greatest gain.

We who ply the farmer's trade Used, through thy benignant aid,

μόνη γὰρ ἡμᾶς ὠφέλεις. πολλὰ γὰρ ἐπάσχομεν πρίν ποτ' ἐπὶ σοῦ γλυκέα κἀδάπανα καὶ φίλα ἀγροίκοισιν γὰρ ἦσθα χῖδρα καὶ

τοῖς ἀγροίκοισιν γὰρ ἦσθα χῖδρα καὶ σωτηρία ὥστε σὲ τά τ' ἀμπέλια καὶ τὰ νέα συκίδια τἄλλα θ' ὁπόσ' ἔστι φυτὰ προσγελάσεται λαβόντ' ἄσμενα

600

595

αλλά ποῦ ποτ' ἡν ἀφ' ἡμῶν τὸν πολὺν τοῦτον χρόνον ήδε; τοῦθ' ἡμᾶς δίδαξον, ὧ θεῶν εὐνούστατε

ΕΡ. ὧ σοφώτατοι γεωργοί, τὰμὰ δὴ ξυνίετε ρ΄ήματ', εἰ βούλεσθ' ἀκοῦσαι τήνδ' ὅπως ἀπώλετο. πρῶτα μὲν γὰρ ἦρξεν αὐτῆς Φειδίας πράξας κακῶς 605 εἶτα Περικλέης φοβηθεὶς μὴ μετάσχοι τῆς τύχης, τὰς φύσεις ὑμῶν δεδοικὼς καὶ τὸν αὐτοδὰξ τρόπον, πρὶν παθεῖν τι δεινὸν αὐτὸς ἐξέφλεξε τὴν πόλιν, ἐμβαλὼν σπινθῆρα μικρὸν Μεγαρικοῦ ψηφίσματος: ἐξεφύσησεν τοσοῦτον πόλεμον ὧστε τῶ καπνῶ 610

^a Pheidias had been bitterly attacked as the friend of Pericles, and in the end, on the ground that in the battle-scene on the shield of his statue of Athene he had introduced likenesses of himself and Pericles, was thrown into prison and died. In consequence of this and similar attacks on Aspasia and his teacher Anaxagoras, Pericles according to Plutarch (Psr. c 30-31, 32) "fearing the dicasteries," stirred up the Peloponnesian War. See R.

THE PEACE, 591-610

All the joys of life to hold

Ah! the unbought pleasures free

Which we erst received of thee

In the merry days of old,

When thou wast our one salvation

and our roasted barley grain

Now will all the tiny shoots, Sunny vine and fig-tiee sweet, All the happy flowers and fruits, Laugh for joy thy steps to greet

Ah, but where has Peace been hiding all these long and weary hours? Hermes, teach us all the story.

kindest of the heavenly Powers.

HE O most sapient worthy farmers,

E O most sapient worthy laimers,

listen now and understand,

If you fain would learn the reason,

why it was she left the land.

Pheidias began the mischief,

having come to grief and shame,a

Pencles was next in order,

fearing he might share the blame,

Dreading much your hasty temper,

and your savage bulldog ways,

So before misfortune reached him,

he contrived a flame to raise,

By his Megara-enactment b

setting all the world ablaze.

Such a bitter smoke ascended

while the flames of war he blew,

⁵ "This was the famous interdict prohibiting the Megarians from all intercourse with any part of the Athenian empire (Thuc. 1. 67; A 532-4)" • R.

πάντας "Ελληνας δακρύσαι τούς τ' ἐκεῖ τούς τ'

EVANSE ώς δ' ἄπαξ τὸ πρώτον ήκουσ', ἐψόφησεν ἄμπελος καὶ πίθος πληγεὶς ὑπ' ὀργης ἀντελάκτισεν πίθω οὐκέτ' ἢν οὐδεὶς ὁ παύσων, ἢδε δ' ἠφανίζετο ταθτα τοίνυν μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ πεπύσμην TР οὐδενός. οὐδ' ὅπως αὐτῆ προσήκοι Φειδίας ἡκηκόειν ΧΟ. οὐδ' ἔγωγε, πλήν γε νυνί. ταθτ' ἄρ' εὐπρόσωπος ñν, οδσα συγγενής ἐκείνου. πολλά γ' ήμας λανθάνει κατ' έπειδη "γνωσαν ύμας αι πόλεις ών ήρχετε EP ήγριωμένους έπ' άλλήλοισι καὶ σεσηρότας, 620 πάντ' έμηχανῶντ' έφ' ύμιν, τοὺς φόρους φοβούμεναι. κανέπειθον των Λακώνων τους μεγίστους χρήμα- $\alpha \nu$ οί δ' ἄτ' ὄντες αἰσχροκερδεῖς καὶ διειρωνόξενοι τήνδ' ἀπορρίψαντες αἰσχρώς τὸν πόλεμον ἀνήρπασαν κάτα τάκείνων γε κέρδη τοις γεωργοις ήν κακά αί γαρ ενθενδ' αδ τριήρεις αντιτιμωρούμεναι οὐδὲν αἰτίων ἄν ἀνδρῶν τὰς κράδας κατήσθιον.

" The Greek adds "as being his kinswoman."

i e to ravage the coasts of Peloponnesus

^{*} φόρους, the famous "tribute of Delos" imposed on her allies by Athens, with the result that they became dντι συμμάχων ὑποτελεῖς καὶ δοῦλοι (Plut Cimon. c 11.)

The Spartans were always reproached for greed for money, and διειρωνδξενοι seems to allude to then constant "exclusion of foreigneis" (ξενηλασία)

THE PEACE, 611-627

That from every eye in Hellas everywhere the tears it drew Wailed the vine, and rent its branches, when the evil news it heard. Butt on butt was dashed and shivered, by revenge and anger stined, There was none to stay the tumult. Peace in silence disappeared By Apollo I had never heard these simple facts narrated. No. nor knew she was so closely to our Pheidias related m. No, not I, till just this moment: that is why she looks so fair a Goodness me ! how many things escape our notice I declare Then when once the subject cities, over whom ye bare the sway, Saw you at each other snarling, growling anguer day by day, To escape the contributions, every willing nerve they strained. And the chief Laconian leaders by enormous bribes they gained. These at once for filthy lucre, guest-deluders as they are.c Hustling out this gracious lady, greedily embraced the War. But from this then own advantage un to their faimers came . For from hence the eager galleys sailing forth with vengeful aim,d Swallowed up the figs of people who were not, perchance, to blame

τη εν δίκη μεν ούν, επεί τοι την κορώνεών γε μου εξεκοψαν, ην εγώ 'φύτευσα κάξεθρεψάμην

νη Δί', ὧ μέλ', ἐνδίκως γε δητ', ἐπεὶ κάμοῦ λίθον 🤃 XO έμβαλόντες έξμέδιμνον κυψέλην ἀπώλεσαν κάτα δ' ώς έκ των άγρων ξυνηλθεν ουργάτης λεώς, EP τον τρόπον πωλούμενος τον αὐτον οὐκ ἐμάνθανεν, άλλ' ἄτ' ὢν ἄνευ γιγάρτων καὶ φιλών τὰς ἰσχάδας ἔβλεπεν πρός τοὺς λέγοντας· οἱ δὲ γιγνώσκοντες εὖ ω τούς πένητας ἀσθενούντας κάπορούντας ἀλφίτων, τήνδε μεν δικροις εώθουν την θεον κεκράγμασιν, πολλάκις φανείσαν αὐτὴν τῆσδε τῆς χώρας πόθω, των δε συμμάχων έσειον τούς παχείς καὶ πλουσίους, αίτίας ἃν προστιθέντες, ώς φρονοῖ τὰ Βρασίδου είτ' αν ύμεις τουτον ωσπερ κυνίδι' έσπαράττετε.

ἄττα διαβάλοι τις αὐτῆ, ταῦτ' ἄν ἤδιστ' ἤσθιεν. οἱ δὲ τὰς πληγὰς ὁρῶντες ἃς ἐτύπτονθ', οἱ ξένοι

ή πόλις γάρ ώχριῶσα κάν φόβφ καθημένη

a Who was conducting successful operations against the Athenian tributaries to the N W. of the Aegean; of W 474 $\xi \nu \nu \dot{\nu} \nu$ $B \rho a \sigma l \delta q =$ " a traitor "

THE PEACE, 628-644

TR. Very justly, very justly ! nichly had they earned the blow, Lopping down the dusky fig-tiee I had loved and nurtured so CH. Very justly, very justly ! since my great capacious bin, Ugh! the rascals came across it. took a stone, and stove it in HE. Then your labouring population, flocking in from vale and plain, Never dreamed that, like the others, they themselves were sold for gain, But as having lost their grape-stones, and desning figs to get, Every one his lapt attention on the public speakers set: These beheld you poor and famished, lacking all your home supplies, Straight they pitchforked out the Goddess, scouting her with yells and cries, Whensoe'er (for much she loved you) back she turned with wistful eyes Then with suits they vexed and haiassed your substantial rich allies, Whispering in your ear, "The fellow leans to Brasidas, a" and you Like a pack of hounds in chorus on the quivering victim flew. Yea, the City, sick and pallid, shivering with disease and fright, Any calumny they cast her, ate with ravenous appetite Till at last your friends perceiving whence their heavy wounds arose,

	χρυσίω των ταθτα ποιούντων έβύνουν τό στόμα, ωστ' έκείνους μεν ποιήσαι πλουσίους, ή δ' Έλλας αν	645'
	ἐξερημωθεῖσ' ἂν ὑμᾶς ἔλαθε ταῦτα δ' ἦν ὁ δρῶν βυρσοπώλης	
TP	παθε παθ', & δέσποθ' Έρμη, μη λέγε,	
	άλλ' ἔα τὸν ἄνδρ' ἐκεῖνον, οὖπερ ἔστ', εἶναι κάτω.	
	- / - / - / · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	650
	άττ' αν ούν λέγης έκεινον,	
	κεί πανοῦργος ἡν, ὅτ' ἔζη,	
	καὶ λάλος καὶ συκοφάντης καὶ κύκηθρον καὶ τάρακτρον,	
	-03 ()/	655
	τούς σεαυτοῦ λοιδορείς.	000
	άλλ' ο τι σιωπάς, ὧ πότνια, κάτειπέ μοι	
EP.	άλλ' οὐκ ἂν εἴποι πρός γε τοὺς θεωμένους	
	οργήν γάρ αὐτοῖς ὧν ἔπαθε πολλήν ἔχει.	
TP.		660
EP.	είφ' ο τι νοείς αὐτοίσι πρὸς ἔμ', ὧ φιλτάτη	
	ίθ' ὧ γυναικῶν μισοπορπακιστάτη	
	είεν, ἀκούω. ταθτ' ἐπικαλείς, μανθάνω	
	άκούσαθ' ύμεῖς ὧν ἔνεκα μομφήν ἔχει «λθοθαά φασιν σύσομάσα μεσό σάν Πάλει	A O F
	έλθουσά φησιν αὐτομάτη μετὰ τὰν Πύλω σπονδῶν φέρουσα τῆ πόλει κίστην πλέαν	065
	ἀποχειροτονηθήναι τρὶς ἐν τηκκλησία	
TP.	ήμάρτομεν ταθτ' άλλα συγγνώμην έχε	
	δ νους γαρ ήμων ήν τότ έν τοις σκύτεσιν.	

a 16 Cleon.
b 16. as conductor of the dead to the world below.
b '' This word involves a twofold allusion first, to the tanning trade of Cleon, and secondly, to the shields, scuta, which were made of hides '' R.

THE PEACE, 645-669

Stopped with gold the mouths of speakers who were such disastrous foes.

Thus the scoundiels throve and prospered.

whilst distracted Hellas came

Unobserved to wrack and ruin

but the fellow most to blame

Was a tanner a

TR. Softly, softly, Hermes master, say not so,

Let the man remain in silence.

wheresoe'er he is, below;

For the man is ours no longer

he is all your own, byou know;
Therefore whatsoe'er you call him,
Knave and slave while yet amongst us,
Wrangler, jangler, false accuser,
Troubler, muddler, all-confuser,
You will all these names be calling
One who now is yours alone

(To Peace)

But tell me, lady, why you stand so mute

No, no, they've wronged her far too much for that

TR. Then won't she whisper, all alone, to you?

HE. Will you, my dealest, speak your thoughts to me? Come, of all ladies most shield-handle-hating

(Affects to listen.)

Yes, good, that's then offence. I understand. Listen, spectators, why she blames you so. She says that after that affair in Pylus She came, unbidden, with a chest of treaties, And thrice you blackballed her in full assembly.

TR. We erred in that, but, lady, paidon us, For then our wits were swaddled up in skins.

EP.	ίθι νυν, ἄκουσον οໂον ἄρτι μ' ἤρετο ὄστις κακόνους αὐτῇ μάλιστ' ἦν ἐνθάδε, χὤστις φίλος κἄσπευδεν εἶναι μὴ μάχας.	670
TP	εύνούστατος μέν ήν μακρώ Κλεώνυμος	
EP	ποιός τις οὖν είναι δοκεί τὰ πολεμικὰ ὁ Κλεώνυμος.	
TP	ψυχήν γ' ἄριστος, πλήν γ' ὅτι	675
	οὐκ ἡν ἄρ', οὖπέρ φησιν είναι, τοῦ πατρός	
	εί γάρ ποτ' εξέλθοι στρατιώτης, εὐθέως	
	αποβολιμαίος των οπλων εγίγνετο.	
EP	έτι νῦν ἄκουσον οἷον ἄρτι μ' ἤρετο	
	όστις κρατεί νθν τοθ λίθου τοθ 'ν τη πυκνί.	680
TP	Υπέρβολος νῦν τοῦτ' έχει τὸ χωρίον	
	αύτη, τί ποιεις, την κεφαλην ποι περιάγεις,	
EP	ἀποστρέφεται τὸν δημον ἀχθεσθεῖσ' ὅτι	
	αύτῷ πονηρὸν προστάτην ἐπεγράψατο	
TP.	άλλ' οὐκέτ' αὐτῷ χρησόμεθ' οὐδέν, άλλὰ νῦν	685
IF.	άπορων δ δήμος ἐπιτρόπου καὶ γυμνὸς ων	000
	τοῦτον τέως τὸν ἄνδρα περιεζώσατο	
EP	πως ουν ξυνοίσει ταυτ', έρωτα, τη πόλει;	
TP	πως σου ζουσισεί παυτ, ερωτά, τη ποπεί; ευβουλότεροι γενησόμεθα	
EP		
	τρόπω τίνι,	200
TP	ότι τυγχάνει λυχνοποιός ἄν πρό τοῦ μεν οὖν	690
	έψηλαφωμεν έν σκότω τὰ πράγματα,	
	νυνὶ δ' ἄπαντα πρός λύχνον βουλεύσομεν.	
EP.	Φ Ø,	
	οξά μ' ἐκέλευσεν ἀναπυθέσθαι σου.	
TP	τὰ τί,	
EP	πάμπολλα, και τάρχαι α κατέλιπεν τότε	
	πρώτον δ' ο τι πράττει Σοφοκλέης ανήρετο	695

a ἀποβολιμαῖος "a caster-away" is used with a pun on ὑποβολιμαῖος "a supposititious child"

THE PEACE, 670-695

HE	Well then, attend to what she asks me now
	Who in your city loves her least? and who
	Loves her the best and shrinks from fighting most
ιR	Cleonymus, I think, by far the most
Æ	What soit of man is this Cleonymus
	In military matters?
rr.	Excellent
	Only he's not his so-called father's son;
	For if he goes to battle, in a tirce
	He proves himself a castaway—of shields a
	Still further listen what she asks me now
IE	
	Who is it now that sways the Assembly-stone b?
'R	Hyperbolus at present holds the place
	But how now, Mistress? Why avert your eyes?
IE	She turns away in anger from the people,
	For taking to itself so vile a leader
'n	He's a mere makeshift we'll not use him now
	'Twas that the people, bare and stripped of leaders,
	Just caught him up to gud itself withal.
Œ	She asks how this can benefit the state
'R	Twill make our counsels brighter
Œ	Will it? how?
'R	Because he deals in lamps before he came
	We all were groping in the dark, but now
	His lamps may give our council-board some light
Œ	Oh! oh!
	What things she wants to know!
'n.	What sort of things?
Œ	All the old things existing when she left
LIL	And first, she asks if Sophocles be well
	And mat, and asks it publicates be well

<sup>The famous Bema, a rock in the centre of the Pnyx, from thich the orators spoke.
The lamp-maker, who succeeded Cleon in popular favour.</sup>

ТP	εύδαιμονεῖ πάσχει δὲ θαυμαστόν	
EP	τὸ τί,	
TP	έκ τοῦ Σοφοκλέους γίγνεται Σιμωνίδης	
ΕP	$\Sigma \iota \mu \omega \nu i \delta \eta s$, $\pi \hat{\omega} s$,	
TP	ότι γέρων ὢν καὶ σαπρὸς	
	κέρδους έκατι καν ἐπὶ ῥιπὸς πλέοι	
EP.	τί δαί, Κρατινος ό σοφός έστιν,	
TР	απέθανεν,	700
	ὄθ' οἱ Λάκωνες ἐνέβαλον	,
EР	τί παθών;	
TP.	ὄ τι,	
	ώρακιάσας ου γαρ εξηνέσχετο	
	ίδων πίθον καταγνύμενον οΐνου πλέων	
	χάτερα πόσ' άττ' οἴει γεγενησθ' έν τη πόλει,	
	ώστ' οὐδέποτ', ω δέσποιν', ἀφησόμεθά σου.	70ξ
EP	NA 11 / 10 / 1 / 1	. 4
	γυναϊκα σαυτῷ τήνδε κἦτ' ἐν τοῖς ἀγροῖς	
	ταύτη ξυνοικών έκποιοῦ σαυτώ βότρυς	
TP.		
	ἆρ' ἄν βλαβηναι διὰ χρόνου τί σοι δοκῶ,	710
	ῶ δέσποθ' Έρμη, της 'Οπώρας κατελάσας,	1
EP.	W W	,*
	άλλ' ώς τάχιστα τήνδε τὴν Θεωρίαν	1,
	ἀπάγαγε τῆ βουλῆ λαβών, ἦσπέρ ποτ' ἦν	
TP.	ῶ μακαρία βουλή σὺ τῆς Θεωρίας,	718
	οσον ροφήσεις ζωμον ήμερων τριών,	
	όσας δε κατέδει χόλικας εφθάς και κρέα	1
	άλλ', ὧ φίλ' 'Ερμη, χαῖρε πολλά	1

^a Simonides was, says the Scholast, the first poet who wrote for hire, and he had a bad reputation as "a lover of money" 64

THE PEACE, 696-718

He's well, but strangely metamorphosed

****	TIOM:
TR	He's now Simonides, not Sophocles
HE.	What do you mean?
TR	He's grown so old and sordid,a
	He'd put to sea upon a sieve for money b
HE	Lives the old wit Cratinus 6 ?
TR	No , he perished
	When the Laconians made then raid
HE	How so ?
TR	Swooned dead away he could not bear to see
	A jolly butt of wine all smashed and wasted
	Much, much beside we've suffered; wherefore, lady,
	We'll never never let you go again
HE	Then on these terms I'll give you Harvesthome
	To be your bilde and partner in your fields
	Take her to wife, and propagate young vines
TR	O Harvesthome come here and let me kiss you
	But, Hermes, won't it huit me if I make
	Too free with fruits of Harvesthome at first?
HE	Not if you add a dose of pennyloyal d
1111	But, since you're going, please to take Mayfair
	Back to the Council, whose of old she was
TR.	O happy Council to possess Mayfan
- 141	O what a three-days' carnival you'll have
	Whatsoup what tripe what delicate tender meat!
	But faic thee well, dear Hermes
	Day late life well, acar from the
(φιλογ	σήματος) There is no similar charge against Sophocles
elcewh	

d Used to form a medicinal draught that counteracted the effects of eating too much fruit Schol.

" The proverb is θεοῦ θέλοντος κᾶν επὶ μιπὸς πλέοις Schol
The comic poet who in 423, when A produced the Clouds, carried off the prize with his Flagon (Πυτίνη), and is said to

have died the year after at the age of ninety-seven

HOW ?

TR

EP.	καὶ σύ γε,	
	ῶνθρωπε, χαίρων ἄπιθι καὶ μέμνησό μου	
ТP	ῶ κάνθαρ', οἴκαδ' οἴκαδ' ἀποπετώμεθα	720
EP.	οὐκ ἐνθάδ', ὧ τᾶν, ἔστι	
TP	ποῦ γὰρ οἴχεται,	
EP	ύφ' ἄρματ' ἐλθὼν Ζηνὸς ἀστραπηφορεῖ	
TP.	πόθεν οῦν ὁ τλήμων ἐνθάδ' ἔξει σιτία,	
EP	την του Γανυμήδους αμβροσίαν σιτήσεται	
TP	πῶς δῆτ' ἐγὼ καταβήσομαι,	
EP.	θάρρει, καλώς	728
	τηδί παρ' αὐτὴν τὴν θεόν	
TP	δεῦρ', ὧ κόραι,	
	έπεσθον αμ' έμοὶ θαττον, ώς πολλοὶ πάνυ ποθοῦντες ὑμας ἀναμένουσ' ἐστυκότες	
xo.	άλλ' ΐθι χαίρων ήμεῖς δὲ τέως τάδε τὰ σκεύη παραδόντες	
	τοῖς ἀκολούθοις δῶμεν σώζειν, ὡς εἰώθασι μάλιστα	730
	περί τὰς σκηνὰς πλεῖστοι κλέπται κυπτάζειν καὶ κακοποιεῖν.	
	άλλὰ φυλάττετε ταῦτ' ἀνδρείως ἡμεῖς δ' αὖ τοῖσι θεαταῖς,	
	ην έχομεν όδον λόγων είπωμεν, όσα τε νοῦς ἔχει.	
	Χρῆν μὲν τύπτειν τοὺς ραβδούχους, εἴ τις κωμφδοποιητής	

THE PEACE, 718-734

And do you

HE	And do you
	Farewell, dear mortal, and remember me
TR	Home, home, my beetle ! let us now fly home
HE	Your beetle's gone, my friend
TR	Why, where's he gone to?
HE	Yoked to the car of Zeus, he bears the thunder.
TR	What will he get to eat, poor creature, there?
HE	Why, Ganymede's ambrosia, to be sure
TR	And how shall I get down?
HE	O well enough
	There, by the side of Peace.
TR	Now girls, now guls,
	Keep close to me our youngsters I well know
	Are sore all over for the love of you
CII	Yes, go, and good fortune escort you, my friend,
	meanwhile the machines and the wraps,
We'l	l give to our faithful attendants to guaid,
	for a number of dissolute chaps
Are	sure to be lunking about on the stage,
	to pilfer and plunder and steal,
Here	e, take them and watch them and keep them with care,
	while we to the audience reveal

"Twere proper and right for the Ushers b to smite, if ever a bard, we confess.

The mind of our Play, and whatever we may By our native acumen be prompted to say,

Difficers who kept order in the theatre.

[&]quot;Whilst the scenes are being shifted back, so as again to represent the house of Trygaeus, the Chorus, handing over to the theatrical attendants the implements employed in the necovery of Peace, turn towards the audience, and deliver the Parabasis "R

αύτον ἐπήνει προς το θέατρον παραβάς ἐν τοῖς ἀνα- παίστοις εἰ δ' οὖν εἰκός τινα τιμῆσαι, θύγατερ Διός, ὅστις ἄριστος κωμωδοδιδάσκαλος ἀνθρώπων καὶ κλεινότατος γεγένη- ται.	735
ἄξιος είναι φησ' εὐλογίας μεγάλης ὁ διδάσκαλος ήμῶν πρῶτον μὲν γὰρ τοὺς ἀντιπάλους μόνος ἀνθρώπων κατ- έπαυσεν	
εἰς τὰ ῥάκια σκώπτοντας ἀεὶ καὶ τοῖς φθειρσὶν πολε- μοῦντας τούς θ' Ἡρακλέας τοὺς μάττοντας, καὶ τοὺς πεινῶντας	740
έκείνους, τοὺς φεύγοντας κάξαπατῶντας καὶ τυπτομένους ἐπίτηδες, ἐξήλασ᾽ ἀτιμώσας πρῶτος, καὶ τοὺς δούλους παρέλυσεν, οὖς ἐξῆγον κλάοντας ἀεί, καὶ τούτους οὔνεκα τουδί, ἵν᾽ ὁ σύνδουλος σκώψας αὐτοῦ τὰς πληγάς, εἶτ᾽ ἀνέροιτο, ¨ ἀ κακόδαιμον, τί τὸ δέρμ᾽ ἔπαθες, μῶν ὑστριχὶς	
εἰσέβαλέν σοι εἰς τὰς πλευρὰς πολλῆ στρατιᾶ κάδενδροτόμησε τὸ νῶτον, '' τοιαῦτ' ἀφελὼν κακὰ καὶ φόρτον καὶ βωμολοχεύματ' ἀγεννῆ,	
ἐποίησε τέχνην μεγάλην ήμῖν κἀπύργωσ' οἰκοδομήσας ἔπεσιν μεγάλοις καὶ διανοίαις καὶ σκώμμασιν οὐκ ἀγοραίοις	75Ó

Dopted from Simonides, el δ άρα τιμήσαι, θύγατερ Διός, δστις

68

The "anapaests" are the Parabasis proper, 731-64, where the poet addresses his audience directly in his own person. Throughout and especially in his attack on Cleon A "actually borrows, with but slight alterations, from the Parabasis of the Wasps acted in the preceding year." R

THE PEACE, 735-750

our own anapaestic a address.

The "daughter of

60

with honour and praise to adoin b

Were to fill with the praise of himself and his plays

But if ever, O daughter of Zeus, it were fit

A Cholus-Instructor, the ablest of men, the noblest that ever was boin. Our Poet is free to acknowledge that he is deserving of high commendation: It was he that advancing, unaided, alone, compelled the immediate cessation Of the jokes which his livals were cutting at lags, and the battles they waged with the lice. It was he that indignantly swept from the stage the paltry ignoble device Of a Heracles needy and seedy and greedy, a vagabond sturdy and stout, Now baking his bread, now swindling instead, now beaten and battered about And freedom he gave to the lachrymose slave who was wont with a howl to rush in. And all for the sake of a joke which they make on the wounds that disfigure his skin . "Why, how now, my poor knave?" so they bawl to the slave, " has the whipcord invaded your back, Spreading havoc around, hacking trees to the ground, with a savage resistless attack ? " Such vulgar contemptible lumber at once he bade from the drama depart, And then, like an edifice stately and grand, he raised and ennobled the Art. High thoughts and high language he brought on the stage, a humour exalted and raie.

άριστος, | δήμος 'Αθηναίων έξετέλεσσα μώνος Zeus'' 15 the Muse; of Hom Od 1 10

οὐκ ἰδιώτας ἀνθρωπίσκους κωμφδών οὐδὲ γυναῖκας,	
άλλ' 'Ηρακλέους ὀργήν τιν' έχων τοῖσι μεγίστοις ἐπεχείρει,	
διαβάς βυρσών όσιμας δεινάς κάπειλας βορβοροθύμους	
να) πρώτον μέν μάνομαι πάντων αύτώ τω καρχαροσοντί,	
οδ δεινόταται μεν ἀπ' ὀφθαλμῶν Κύννης ἀκτίνες ελαμπον,	755
έκατον δε κύκλω κεφαλαί κολάκων οἰμωξομένων έλιχ-	
μωντο	
περί την κεφαλήν, φωνην δ' είχεν χαράδρας ὅλεθρον τετοκυίας,	
φώκης δ' οσμήν, Λαμίας ὅρχεις ἀπλύτους, πρωκτον δέ	
Kallivan.	
τοιοῦτον ίδων τέρας οὐ κατέδεισ', ἀλλ' ὑπὲρ ὑμων πολεμίζων	
ἀντεῖχον ἀεὶ καὶ τῶν ἄλλων νήσων. ὧν εἴνεκα νυνὶ	760
ἀποδοῦναί μοι τὴν χάριν ὑμᾶς εἰκὸς καὶ μνήμονας εἶναι καὶ γὰρ πρότερον πράξας κατὰ νοῦν οὐχὶ παλαίστρας	
περινοστών	
παίδας επείρων, άλλ' αράμενος την σκευην εύθυς	•
έχώρουν, παῦρ' ἀνιάσας, πόλλ' εὐφράνας, πάντα παρασχών τὸ	
δέοντα	-

πρός ταῦτα χρεών εἶναι μετ' ἐμοῦ καὶ τοὺς ἄνδρας καὶ τοὺς παῖδας καὶ τοὺς φαλακροῖσι παραινοῦμεν ἔνσπουδάζειν περὶ τῆς νίκης πᾶς γάρ τις ἐρεῖ νικῶντος ἐμοῦ

765

In K 1097 he calls Cleon κύνα καρχαρόδοντα
 A prostitute, of K 765
 s g practically the Athenian Empire

THE PEACE, 751-769

Not stooped with a scurrilous jest to assail some small-man-and-woman affair. No, he at the mightiest quarry of all with the soul of a Heiacles flew. And he braved the vile scent of the tan-pit, and went through foul-mouthed revilings for you And I at the outset came down in the lists with the jaggèd-fanged a monster to fight, Whose eyeballs were lurid and glaring with flames of Cynna's b detestable hight; And around his forehead the thin forked tongues of a hundred sycophants quiver, And his smell was the smell of a seal, and his voice was a brawling tempestuous River, And his hinder parts like a furnace appeared. and a goblin's uncleansable liver But I recked not the least for the look of the beast; I never desponded or quarled, And I fought for the safety of you and the Isles c; I gallantly fought and prevailed You therefore should heed and remember the deed, and afford me my guerdon to-day, For I never went off to make love to the boys

in the schools of athletic display

Heretofore when I gained the theatrical prize .

but I packed up my traps and departed,

Having caused you great joy and but little annoy,

and mightily pleased the true-hearted.

It is night then for all, young and old, great and small, Henceforth of my side and my party to be, And each bald-headed man should do all that he can That the prize be awarded to me For be sure if this play be triumphant to-day,

κάπὶ τραπέζη καὶ ξυμποσίοις,	770
" φέρε τῷ φαλακρῷ, δὸς τῷ φαλακρῷ	
τῶν τρωγαλίων, καὶ μὴ ἀφαίρει	
γενναιοτάτου τῶν ποιητῶν	
ανδρός το μέτωπον έχοντος ''	
Μοῦσα, σὰ μὲν πολέμους ἀπωσαμένη μετ' ἐμοῦ [στρ τοῦ φίλου χόρευσον,	775
κλείουσα θεῶν τε γάμους ἀνδρῶν τε δαῖτας	
καὶ θαλίας μακάρων σοὶ γὰρ τάδ' ἐξ ἀρχῆς μέλει ἢν δέ σε Καρκίνος ἐλθὼν	780
άντιβολή μετά των παίδων χορεῦσαι,	
μήθ' ὑπάκουε μήτ' ἔλ-	785
θης συνέριθος αὐτοῖς,	760
όχιδο νόμιζε πάντας	
όρτυγας οἰκογενεῖς, γυλιαύχενας ὀρχηστάς,	
ναννοφυείς, σφυράδων ἀποκνίσματα, μηχανοδίφας.	790
καὶ γὰρ ἔφασχ' ὁ πατὴρ ὃ παρ' ἐλπίδας	
είχε τὸ δραμα γαλῆν τῆς	795
έσπέρας ἀπάγξαι	
τοιάδε χρη Χαρίτων δαμώματα καλλικόμων [ἀντ	
του σοφου ποιητήν	
ύμνεῖν, ὅταν ἠρινὰ μἐν φωνῇ χελιδὼν	800
	,

<sup>Plutarch notes that A "jests at his own baldness"
A comic poet who together with his sons (who were dancers)
attacked at length in W 1500 seq
Qualls were domesticated at Athens and trained for a sport</sup>

called δρτυγοκοπία (see R) and also for fighting

4 The shape of the γόλιος or soldier's wicker wallet is unknown,

THE PEACE, 770-800

That whene'er you recline at the feast or the wine, Your neighbour will say,

"Give this to the bald-head, give that to the bald-head,"

And take not away

That sweetmeat, that cake, but present and bestow it On the man with the brow of our wonderful Poet!"

Muse having driven afar this terrible business of war, Join with Me the chorus

Come singing of Nuptials divine and earthly banquets, Singing the joys of the blessed this of old to Thee belongs

But and if Carcinus b coming

Ask thee to join with his sons in choral dances, Hearken not, come not, stand not As an ally beside them,

Think of them all as merely

Little domestical quals, ballet-dancers with wallet necks, Nipped from the droppings of goats, small, stunted, machinery-hunters

Yea, for their father declared that the drama which Passed all his hopes, in the evening By the cat was strangled ^c

These are the songs of the fan

sweet Graces with beautiful hair, Which it well beseemeth

This poet of wisdom to chant, while softly resting

but probably the epithet describes their twisted distorted figures

when dancing

"The Scholast says that Carcinus had composed a Play called *The Mue*, which, though esteemed by its author one of his happiest efforts, yet proved a total failure. Its untimely fate is described, as if it had been in truth the animals whose name it bore." R.

	έζομένη κελαδή, χορὸν δὲ μὴ "χη Μόρσιμος μηδὲ Μελάνθιος, οδ δὴ	
	πίκροτάτην ὅπα γηρύσαντος ἤκουσ³, ἡνίκα τῶν τραγωδῶν τὸν χορὸν εἶχον άδελ- φός τε καὶ αὐτός, ἄμφω	805
	Γοργόνες οψοφάγοι, βατιδοσκόποι, ἄρπυιαι, γραοσόβαι, μιαροί, τραγομάσχαλοι, ἰχθυολῦμαι·	810
	ῶν καταχρεμψαμένη μέγα καὶ πλατὺ Μοῦσα θεὰ μετ' ἐμοῦ ξύμ- παιζε τὴν ἑορτήν	815
TP	ώς χαλεπόν έλθειν ήν ἄρ' εὐθὺ τῶν θεῶν. ἔγωγέ τοι πεπόνηκα κομιδη τὰ σκέλη μικροὶ δ' ὁρῶν ἄνωθεν ήστ' ἔμοιγέ τοι ἀπὸ τοὐρανοῦ 'φαίνεσθε κακοήθεις πάνυ, ἐντευθενὶ δὲ πολύ τι κακοηθέστεροι	820
OIKE	ΤΗΣ ὦ δέσποθ', ήκεις,	
TP	ώς έγω πυθόμην τινός	
OI	τίδ' ἔπαθες,	
TP.	ήλγουν τὼ σκέλη μακρὰν όδὸν διεληλυθώς	828
OI.	ίθι νυν, κάτειπέ μοι,	
TP.	τὸ τί,	
OI	άλλον τιν' είδες άνδρα κατά τον ἀέρα πλανώμενον πλήν σαυτόν,	
TP	οὔκ, εὶ μή γέ που	
-	ψυχάς δύ ή τρεῖς διθυραμβοδιδασκάλων.	

glutton, 1009, and as leprous, B 151

b "This is the Servant who at the commencement of the Play was superintending the feeding of the beetle, and was called 'the 71.4

THE PEACE, 801-829

Warbles the swallow of spring, and Morsimus a no chorus gains,

No, nor Melanthius either

Well I remember his shull discordant chatter,

When the tragedrans' chorus He and his brother tutored, Both of them being merely

Gorgons, devourers of sweets, skate-worshippers, and harpres.

Pests of old maids, rank fetid as goats, destroyers of fishes.

Thou having spit on them largely and heavily,
Join in the festival dances,
Heavenly Muse, beside me

TR O what a job it was to reach the Gods!
I know I'm right fatigued in both my legs
How small ye seemed down here! why from above
Methought ye looked as bad as bad could be,
But here ye look considerably worse

SERVANT b What, master, you returned !

TR So I'm informed

se What have you got?

TR Got? pains in both my legs.
Faith! it's a rare long way

SE. Nay, tell me,

TR What?

sn. Did you see any wandering in the air Besides yourself?

TR No; nothing much to speak of,
Two or three souls of dithyrambic poets

First Servant' He is the steward or confidential attendant of Trygaeus, and in that character he co-operates with his master during the remainder of the Comedy" R

75

OI	τί δ' ἔδρων,	
TP.	ξυνελέγοντ' ἀναβολὰς ποτώμεναι,	830
	τάς ένδιαεριαυερινηγέτους τινάς	
OI	τὰς ἐνδιαεριαυερινηχέτους τινάς οὐκ ῆν ἄρ' οὐδ' ἃ λέγουσι κατὰ τὸν ἀέρα,	
	ώς ἀστέρες γιγνόμεθ', ὅταν τις ἀποθάνη, ΄	
TP	μάλιστα	
01	καὶ τίς ἐστιν ἀστήρ νῦν ἐκεῖ,	
TP	'Ιων ο Χίος, οσπερ εποίησεν πάλαι	835
	ένθάδε τὸν ᾿Αοῖόν ποθ᾽ ὡς δ᾽ ήλθ᾽, εὐθέως	
	'Αοῖον αὐτὸν πάντες ἐκάλουν ἀστέρα	
OI	τίνες γάρ είσ' οἱ διατρέχοντες ἀστέρες,	
	οι καόμενοι θέουσιν,	
TP	άπὸ δείπνου τινές	
	των πλουσίων οδτοι βαδίζουσ' ἀστέρων,	840
	ίπνούς έχοντες, εν δέ τοις ίπνοισι πύρ	
	άλλ' είσαγ' ώς τάχιστα ταυτηνὶ λαβών,	
	καὶ τὴν πύελον κατάκλυζε, καὶ θέρμαιν' ὕδωρ·	
	στόρνυ τ' έμοὶ καὶ τῆδε κουρίδιον λέχος	
	καὶ ταῦτα δράσας ἡκε δεῦρ' αὖθις πάλιν	845
	έγω δ' ἀποδώσω τήνδε τῆ βουλῆ τέως	
OI.		
TP.	πόθεν, ἐκ τοὐρανοῦ.	
OI.	ούκ ὢν ἔτι δοίην τῶν θεῶν τριώβολον.	
	εί πορνοβοσκοῦσ' ὤσπερ ήμεῖς οἱ βροτοί.	
TP.	οὖκ, άλλὰ κάκεῖ ζῶσιν ἀπὸ τούτων τινές	850
OI.	άγε νυν ἴωμεν εἰπέ μοι, δῶ καταφαγεῖν	
	ταύτη τι;	
TP.	μηδέν ου γάρ έθελήσει φαγεΐν	
	ουτ' ἄρτον ουτε μαζαν, εἰωθυῖ ἀεὶ	
	παρά τοις θεοισιν αμβροσίαν λείχειν άνω	
01	λείχειν ἄρ' αὐτῆ κανθάδε σκευαστέον.	855
. a A	A tragic poet who seems to have died shortly before. The	

THE PEACE, 830-855

Flitting round for odes.

What were they after?

SE

TR

Those floating-on-high-in-the-auy-sky affairs Then 'tisn't true what people say about it. 817 That when we die, we straightway turn to stars? O yes it is TRAnd who's the star there now? SE Ion of Chios, who on earth composed TR "Star o' the Morn," and when he came there, all At once saluted him as "Star o' the Moin" And did you learn about those falling stars SE Which sparkle as they run? Yes, those are some TROf the 11ch stars returning home from supper, Lanterns in hand, and in the lanteins fire But take this gul at once, and lead her in , Deluge the bath, and make the water warm, Then spread the nuptial couch for her and me And when you've finished, hither come again Meanwhile I'll give this other to the Council. Whence have you brought these maidens? SE Whence? from heaven. TR I wouldn't give three halfpence for the Gods ar. If they keep brothels as we mortals do. No, no, yet even there some live by these TR Come on then, mistress tell me, must I give her SE. Nothing to cat? O no, she will not touch \mathbf{TR} Our wheat and bailey bread her wont has been To lap ambiosia with the Gods in heaven Lap! we'll prepare her lap b then here on earth.

Scholast quotes the lines referred to as 'Aolov depopolitar | dortepa

μείναμεν, | ἀελίου λευκοπτέρυγα πρόδρομον.
δ λείχειν is here given a coarse sense

xo.	εὐδαιμονικῶς γ' ὁ πρεσ- · βύτης, ὅσα γ' ὧδ' ἰδεῖν, τὰ νῦν τάδε πράττει	
TP. XO.	τί δητ', ἐπειδὰν νυμφίον μ' δρᾶτε λαμπρὸν ὄντα, ζηλωτὸς ἔσει, γέρων αῦθις νέος ὢν πάλιν,	860
TP	μύρω κατάλειπτος οίμαι τί δήθ', όταν ξυνών των τιτθίων έχωμαι,	
xo	εὐδαιμονέστερος φανεί τῶν Καρκίνου στροβίλων	
TP	ούκουν δικαίως, ὄστις εἰς ὄγημα κανθάρου ἐπιβὰς	805
	έσωσα τοὺς Έλληνας, ώστ'	
	έν τοις άγροις	
	ἄπαντας ὄντας ἀσφαλῶς	
	κινείν τε καὶ καθεύδειν	
OI	ή παῖς λέλουται καὶ τὰ τῆς πυγῆς καλά ὁ πλακοῦς πέπεπται, σησαμῆ ξυμπλάττεται, καὶ τἄλλ' ἀπαξάπαντα τοῦ πέους δὲ δεῖ.	0=0
mn	The same description of the sa	870
TP	ἴθι νυν ἀποδῶμεν τήνδε τὴν Θεωρίαν ἀνύσαντε τῆ βουλῆ τι	
OI.	ταυτηνί, τί φής,	
	αὖτη Θεωρία 'στίν, ἢν ἡμεῖς ποτε ἐπαιομεν Βραυρῶνάδ' ὑποπεπωκότες,	
TP.	σάφ' ἴσθι, κάλήφθη γε μόλις	
		075
01.	ὧ δέσποτα,	878
	οσην έχει την πρωκτοπεντετηρίδα	
TP.	είεν, τίς ἐσθ' ὑμῶν δίκαιος, τίς ποτε,	
_		

An Attic deme famous for the great quinquennial festival (of. 876) celebrated there in honour of Artemis. "Instead of saying ἐπέμπομεν (sc. τὴν πομπὴν) Βραυρῶνάδε, the speaker, adapt-78

THE PEACE, 856-877

O what a lucky old man!

Truly the whole of your plan
Prospers as well as it can

I really wonder what you'll say
when I'm a bridegroom spruce and gay

CH. All men will gaze with delight.
Old as you are you'll be quite
Youthful and perfumed and bright

TR. What, when you see her tender waist
by these encircling arms embraced?

CH Why then we'll think you happier far
than Carcinus's twistlings are.

And justly too, methinks, for I
On beetleback essayed to fly,
And rescued Hellas, worn with strife,
And stored your life
With pleasant joys of home and wife,
With country muth and leisure

TR

Well, sn, the gul has bathed and looks divinely
They mix the puddings, and they've made the cakes;
Everything's done we only want the husband
TR Come then and let us give Mayfair at once

Up to the Council

What do you say? Mayfair!

Is this May Fair? the Fair we kept at Brauron, a

When we were fresh and mellow, years ago?

The Aye, and 'twas work enough to catch her

How neat her pasterns, quite a five-year-old.

TH (looking round upon the audience)

Now, have you any there that I can trust?

ing his language to the Mayfau on the stage, and regardless of grammar, says επαίομεν (τουεν οδεσοπο, οf. 898) Βρανρωνάδε ". R.

79

τίς διαφυλάξει τήνδε τῆ βουλῆ λαβών, οδτος, τί περιγράφεις, τὸ δεῖν', εἰς "Ισθμια OI σκηνήν έμαυτοῦ τῷ πέει καταλαμβάνω 880 ΤΡ. οὖπω λέγεθ' ὑμεῖς τίς ὁ φυλάξων, δεῦρο σύ καταθήσομαι γάρ ές μέσους αὐτός σ' ἄγων έκεινοσὶ νεύει OI τίς, TP. δστις; 'Αριφράδης, OI. άγειν παρ' αύτον άντιβολών TP τον ζωμον αυτής προσπεσών εκλάψεται 888 άγε δή σύ κατάθου πρώτα τὰ σκεύη χαμαί. βουλή, πρυτάνεις, δρατε την Θεωρίαν. σκέψασθ' όσ' υμίν αγαθά παραδώσω φέρων, ωστ' εὐθέως ἄραντας ύμας τω σκέλη 890 ταύτης μετέωρα καταγαγεῖν ἀνάρουσιν τουτί δ' δρατε τουπτάνιον ήμιν καλόν διά ταῦτα καὶ κεκάπνικέ τάρ' ἐνταῦθα γὰρ πρό τοῦ πολέμου τὰ λάσανα τῆ βουλῆ ποτ' ἡν έπειτ' άγωνά γ' εὐθύς έξέσται ποιείν 89£ ταύτην έχουσιν αθριον καλόν πάνυ, έπὶ γῆς παλαίειν, τετραποδηδόν έστάναι, [πλαγίαν καταβάλλειν, ες γόνατα κύβδ' εστάναι,]

καὶ παγκράτιον γ' ὑπαλειψαμένοις νεανικῶς παίειν, ὀρύττειν, πὺξ ὁμοῦ καὶ τῶ πέει

^a While Trygaeus is speaking to the audience, the servant $\tau \tilde{\varphi}$ $\delta a_h \tau \dot{\nu} \lambda \varphi$ περιγράφει, diaws a line with his finger round $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ $l \alpha \chi l a_n$, so as to include $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ also $l \alpha \dot{\alpha} \dot{\alpha} \dot{\beta}$. Being asked what he is doing, he explains that it is there he wishes to pitch his tent at the approaching games, els " $l \sigma \theta u u a$ " R

^b A man of filthy habits, of K 1285, W 1283.

[&]quot;Trygaeus here advances with Mayfair to that part of the

THE PEACE, 878-898

One who will lead her safely to the Council?
(To the servant)

What are you scribbling?

se Marking out a place
To pitch my tent in, at the Isthmian games "

TR. Well, is there none can take her? come to me then; I'll go myself, and set you down amongst them

se Here's some one making signs

TR Who is it?

SE Who !

Ariphrades b he wants her blought his way rr No I can't bear his dirty, sloppy way, So come to me, and lay those parcels down

(Leads her forward towards the βουλευτικόν)

Councillois! Magistrates! behold Mayfair! of And O remember what a deal of fun. That word implies what pastimes and what feasts. See here's a famous kitchen-range she brings, 'Tis blacked a little for in times of Peace. The jovial Council kept its saucepans there. Take her and welcome her with joy, and then To-morrow morning let the sports begin. Then we'll enjoy the Fair in every fashion, With boxing-matches and with wrestling-bouts, And tricks and games, while striplings soused in oil. Try the pancratium, fist and leg combined.

stage which is nearest to the senatorial benches — In the address itself $\Theta \epsilon \omega \rho la$ is considered, as she has already been in more passages than one, in a double aspect, as a woman and as a public spectacle; but, neglecting allusions to the various $\sigma \omega \epsilon \omega colar \sigma \chi t \mu a \tau a$, I have purposely confined my translation (if the vague paraphrase I offer be worthy of the name) to the description, which the poet intends also to give, of the legitimate amusements afforded by a public spectacle "· R.

G 81

	τρίτη δε μετά ταθθ' ἱπποδρομίαν ἄξετε, ἴνα δη κέλης κέλητα παρακελητιεῖ, ἄρματα δ' ἐπ' ἀλλήλοισιν ἀνατετραμμένα φυσῶντα καὶ πνέοντα προσκινήσεται, ἔτεροι δε κείσονταί γ' ἀπεψωλημένοι περὶ ταθσι καμπαις ἡνίοχοι πεπτωκότες. ἀλλ', ὧ πρυτάνεις, δέχεσθε την Θεωρίαν θέασ' ὡς προθύμως ὁ πρύτανις παρεδέξατο ἀλλ' οὐκ ἄν, εἴ τι προῖκα προσαγαγεῖν σ' ἔδει. ἀλλ' εὖρον ἄν σ' ὑπέχοντα την ἐκεχειρίαν	900
xo.	ή χρηστός ἀνήρ πολί- [ἀντ. ταις ἐστὶν ἄπασιν ὅσ- τις ἐστὶ τοιοῦτος	910
TP.	όταν τρυγατ', εἴσεσθε πολλώ μαλλον οἴός εἰμι.	
xo.	καὶ νῦν σύ γε δηλος εί	
	σωτήρ γὰρ ἄπασιν ἀν-	
	θρώποις γεγένησαι	915
TP.	φήσεις γ', επειδάν εκπίης οίνου νέου λεπαστήν	
xo.	καὶ πλήν γε τῶν θεῶν ἀεί σ' ἡγησόμεσθα πρῶτον	
TP.	πολλών γάρ ύμιν ἄξιος	
	Τρυγαίος 'Αθμονεύς έγώ,	
	δεινών ἀπαλλάξας πόνων	920
	τὸν δημότην	
	καὶ τὸν γεωργικὸν λεών,	
	Υπέρβολόν τε παύσας	921
OI	άγε δή, τί νῶν ἐντευθενὶ ποιητέον;	

a 1 s unless Trygaeus bribed the Prytanis he would say, "'Tis a holiday (ἐκεχειρία), we can introduce nothing into the Senate to-82

THE PEACE, 899-922

Then the third day from this, we'll hold the races, The eager jockeys riding—the great cars
Puffing and blowing through the lists, till dashed
Full on some turning-post, they reel and fall
Over and over—everywhere you see
The hapless coachmen wallowing on the plain.
You lucky Magistrate, receive Mayfan !

Just look, how pleased he seems to introduce her,
You would not though, if you got nothing by it,
No, you'd be holding a Reception day—

CH Truly we envy your fate
All must allow you're a great
Blessing and boon to the state

TR Ah, when your grapes you gather in,

you'll know what sort of filend I've been.

CH. Nay, but ah eady 'tis known, Yea, for ah eady we own You have preserved us alone

TR. I think you'll think so when you drain a bowl of new made wine again.

сн We'll always hold you first and best,

except the Gods the ever blest.

TR. In truth you owe a deal to me,
Trygaeus, sprung from Athmone,
For I've released the burgher crew
And farmers too
From toils and troubles not a few,
Hyperbolus I've done for

se. Now what's the next thing that we have to do?

day." In the Greek there is a pun on ὑπέχειν which is regularly used with χείρα of holding the hand to receive a bribe, and εκεχειρία explained as "holding in the hand."

83

TP	τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἢ ταύτην χύτραις ίδρυτέον, χύτραισιν, ὤσπερ μεμφόμενον Ἑρμίδιον,	
OI.	τί δαὶ δοκεῖ, βούλεσθε λαρινῷ βοί,	925
TP		<i>32</i> 0
OI	βοί, μηδαμώς, ΐνα μη βοηθεῖν ποι δέη.	
TP	άλλ' ὑὶ παχεία καὶ μεγάλη,	
01	$\mu\dot{\eta}$ $\mu\dot{\eta}$.	
TP	$ au$ $ au$ η ,	
01.	ΐνα μὴ γένηται Θεαγένους ὑηνία	
TP	τῷ δὴ δοκεῖ σοι δῆτα τῶν λοιπῶν,	
OI	δί	
TP	δί,	
OI	ναὶ μὰ Δί.	
TP.	άλλὰ τοῦτό γ' ἔστ' Ἰωνικὸν	930
	τὸ βημά γ'	
OI	έπίτηδές γ', ἵν', εὶ 'ν τήκκλησία	
	ώς χρή πολεμεῖν λέγει τις, οἱ καθήμενοι	
	ύπο του δέους λέγωσ' Ἰωνικώς δί,	
TP.	εὖ τοι λέγεις	
OI.	καὶ τἄλλα γ' ὧσιν ἤπιοι	
	ωστ' ἐσόμεθ' ἀλλήλοισιν ἀμνοὶ τοὺς τρόπους	935
	καὶ τοῖσι συμμάχοισι πραότεροι πολύ	
TP.	ίθι νυν, ἄγ' ώς τάχιστα τὸ πρόβατον λαβών	
	έγω δὲ ποριῶ βωμὸν ἐφ' ὅτου θύσομεν	
	[στρ.	,
xo.	ώς πάνθ' ὄσ' ἂν θεὸς θέλη χὴ τύχη κατορθοῖ,	
	χωρεί κατά νοῦν, ἔτερον δ' ἔτέρφ	940
	τούτων κατά καιρόν άπαντα	

a "His business is now to managurate the worship of Peace Restored . and his first suggestion is an offering of χύτραι,
 84

THE PEACE, 923-941

What but to dedicate her shine with pipkins ? a TR SE. With pipkins! like a wretched little Hermes! b Well then, what think you of a stall-fed bull? TR. A bull? O no! no need of bull-works now. SE Well then, a great fat pig? TR No. no SE. Why not? TR. Lest, like Theagenes, we grow quite piggish. SE What other victim shall we have A baalamb. SE A baalamb ! TR. Yes, by Zeus ! SE But that's Ionic. TR That word is. All the better then, you see, SE If any speak for war, the whole assembly Will talk Ionic and civ out Bah | Bah | Good, very good. TR And they'll be milder so, SE And we shall live like lambs among ourselves. And be much gentler towards our dear alhes

There, get the sheep as quickly as you can,
I'll find an altar for the sacrifice

CH Sure each design, when God and fortune speed it, Succeeds to our mind, what is wanted we find Just at the moment we need it

earthen pots filled with vegetables, boiled pulse and the like (of. Pl 1198) " R

tables was made on the third day of the Anthesteria which was thence called ol χύτροι, Schol at Δ 1076, F. 218 ": R.

A disreputable fellow, cf. W 1183

* 18 apparently the pronunciation of & as disyllabic, in which case it can become an ejaculation of contempt as in 1 933.

TP. XO.	ώς ταῦτα δῆλά γ' ἔσθ' ὁ γὰρ βωμὸς θύρασι καὶ δή ἐπείγετέ νυν ἐν ὅσῳ σοβαρὰ θεόθεν κατέχει πολέμου μετάτροπος αὔρα νῦν γὰρ δαίμων φανερῶς ἐς ἀγαθὰ μεταβιβάζει τὸ κανοῦν πάρεστ' ὀλὰς ἔχον καὶ στέμμα καὶ	945
	μάχαιραν, καὶ πῦρ γε τουτί, κοὐδὲν ἴσχει πλὴν τὸ πρόβατον ἡμᾶς	
хо	οὖκουν ἀμιλλήσεσθον, ώς ἢν Χαῖρις ὑμᾶς ἴδῃ, πρόσεισιν ἄκλητος αὐ- λῶν, κἆτα τόδ' οἶδ' ὅτι φυσῶντι καὶ πονουμένω	950
	προσδώσετε δήπου	955
TP	άγε δή, τὸ κανοῦν λαβὼν σὺ καὶ τὴν χέρνιβα περίιθι τὸν βωμὸν ταχέως ἐπιδέξια	
OI	ίδού λέγοις αν άλλο περιελήλυθα	
TP	φέρε δή, τὸ δαλίον τόδ' ἐμβάψω λαβών σείου σὺ ταχέως σὺ δὲ πρότεινε τῶν ὀλῶν, καὐτός τε χερνίπτου, παραδοὺς ταύτην ἐμοί, καὶ τοῖσι θεαταῖς ῥῖπτε τῶν κριθῶν	960
Q1.	ίδού.	
TP.	έδωκας ήδη;	
OI.	νη τον Έρμην, ώστε γε	

 $^{^{}a}$ After 938 T. had gone into his house and now returns with a portable alter

b The basket contains the chaplets to deck the victim, the grain to sprinkle on its head, and beneath these the sacrificial knife.

THE PEACE, 942-963

TR The truths you mention none can doubt, for see I've brought the altar out a Then hasten the task to perform CII War, with its vehement storm. Seems for the instant to cease. Its soughings decrease, Shifting and veering to Peace TR Well, here's the basket ready stored with barley giain, and wreath, and sword b And here's the pan of sacred fire the sheep alone we now require Make haste, make haste if Chaeus e see, CH. He'll come here uninvited. And pipe and blow to that degree, His windy labours needs must be By some small gift requited

TR Here, take the basket and the lustial water,
And pace the altar round from left to right
SE See, I've been round now tell me something else.

TR Then next I'll take this torch and dip it in d

(To the victim, as he sprinkles it) Shake your head, sirrah,

(to the servant) bring the barley, you;

I'll hold the bason while you wash your hands a Now throw the corn amongst the audience

There.

TR What! thrown it out already?
SE. Yes

Yes, by Hermes !

• αὐλητὴς Θηβαῖος ἄμουσος Schol. on A 866 ^a Athenaeus (ix c 76) explains χέρνιψ as "the water in which they dipped the torch, taking it from the altar, and with it they spinkled those present to purify them"

· To purify them before offering sacrifice.

TP OI.	τούτων, ὄσοιπέρ εἰσι, τῶν θεωμένων οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐ κριθὴν ἔχει οὐχ αἱ γυναῖκές γ᾽ ἔλαβον ἀλλ᾽ εἰς ἐσπέραν	965
	δώσουσιν αὐταῖς ἄνδρες	
TP.	άλλ' εὐχώμεθα.	
	τίς τῆδε, ποῦ ποτ' εἰσὶ πολλοὶ κάγαθοί,	
01	τοισδί φέρε δῶ πολλοί γάρ εἰσι κάγαθοί.	
TP	τούτους άγαθοὺς ἐνόμισας;	
OI	οὐ γάρ, οἴτινες	970
	ήμῶν καταχεόντων ὕδωρ τοσουτονὶ	
	ές ταὐτὸ τοῦθ' έστᾶσ' ἰόντες χωρίον,	
TP	άλλ' ώς τάχιστ' εὐχώμεθ' εὐχώμεσθα δή	
OI	ῶ σεμνοτάτη βασίλεια θεά, πότνι' Εἰρήνη, δέσποινα χορῶν, δέσποινα γάμων, δέξαι θυσίαν τὴν ἡμετέραν δέξαι δῆτ', ὧ πολυτιμήτη, νὴ Δία, καὶ μὴ ποίει γ' ἄπερ αἱ μοιχευόμεναι δρῶσι γυναῖκες καὶ γὰρ ἐκεῖναι παρακλίνασαι τῆς αὐλείας παρακύπτουσιν κἄν τις προσέχη τὸν νοῦν αὐταῖς, ἀναχωροῦσιν	975 980
TP	κιτή ην απίη, παρακύπτουσιν τούτων σὰ ποίει μηδέν ἔθ' ήμας μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἀπόφηνον ὅλην σαυτὴν γενναιοπρεπώς τοῖσιν ἐρασταῖς ἡμῖν, οἴ σου τρυχόμεθ' ήδη	985
88	• •	

THE PEACE, 964-989

There's not a single man amongst them all But has at least one coin, I'll wantant you

TR. Aye, but the women?

SE

SE

se If they haven't got one,

They'll get it by and by

Now, then to prayers
Who's here? where are our honest simple folk?

Herc. these are simple folk, I'll give to them b

TR What, these good simple folk?

I'fath I think so;

Who, though we've poured such lots of water on them, Yet stand stock still, and never budge a step TR Come, let us pray, no dallying, let us pray.

O Peace most holy, august, serene,
O heavenborn queen
Of the dance and song and the bridal throng,
These offerings take which thy votaries make
O mistress dear, we beseech you hear,
And act not you as the wantons do
They love to spy at the passers by
Through the half-closed door,
And then if you heed, they are gone with speed;
If you turn away, in an instant they
Peep out once more as they did before
But deal not thus unkindly with us.
No, by Zeus but display in a true honest way

You perfect entue full form to our view,
Who with constant desire

* πρὸς τὴν κριθὴν παίζει, ότι τὸ τῶν ἀνδρῶν αιδοῖον κριθὴν ἔλεγον Schol

b te the Chorus. "The servant presses the Chorus into the ceremony, in the character of a congregation, and plentifully besprinkles them with water, which they, it seems from 972, huddle together to avoid ": R.

τρία καὶ δέκ' ἔτη	990
λῦσον δὲ μάχας καὶ κορκορυγάς,	
ίνα Λυσιμάχην σε καλώμεν	
παῦσον δ' ἡμῶν τὰς ὑπονοίας	
τὰς περικόμψους,	
als στωμυλλόμεθ' είς άλλήλους	995
μίξον δ' ήμας τους Έλληνας	
πάλιν έξ άρχης	
φιλίας χυλῷ, καὶ συγγνώμη	
τινὶ πραοτέρα κέρασον τὸν νοῦν	
καὶ τὴν ἀγορὰν ἡμῖν ἀγαθῶν	
έμπλησθήναι μεγάλων, σκορόδων,	1000
σικύων πρώων, μήλων, ροιῶν,	
δούλοισι χλανισκιδίων μικρών	
κάκ Βοιωτών γε φέροντας ίδειν	
χῆνας, νήττας, φάττας, τροχίλους	
καὶ Κωπάδων έλθεῖν σπυρίδας,	1005
καὶ περὶ ταύτας ήμᾶς ἀθρόους	
όψωνοῦντας τυρβάζεσθαι ·	
Μορύχω, Τελέα, Γλαυκέτη, ἄλλοις	
τένθαις πολλοίς κἇτα Μελάνθιον	
ήκειν υστερον είς την άγοράν,	1010
τας δε πεπρασθαι, τον δ' οτοτύζειν,	
εἶτα μονφδεῖν ἐκ Μηδείας,	
ολόμαν ολόμαν, ἀποχηρωθεὶς	
τας έν τεύτλοισι λοχευομένας.	
τούς δ' ἀνθρώπους ἐπιχαίρειν.	1015

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ " Reckoning from the first embroilment of Athens with the Peloponnesian confederacy in 434 B c , by means of the Corcyraean War " $\,$ R.

THE PEACE, 990-1015

These thinteen long years a have been pining for you. When our fightings are stayed, and our tumults allayed,

We will hail thee a Lady for ever And O put an end to the whispers of doubt,

These wonderful clever

Ingenious suspicions we bandy about, And solder and glue the Hellenes anew

With the old-fashioned time Ehxii of love, and attemper our mind With thoughts of each other more genial and kind Moreover we pray that our market-place may Be furnished each day with a goodly display, And for garlie, and cucumbers early and rare, Pomegranates, and apples in heaps to be there, And wee little coats for our servants to wear And Bocotia to send us her pigeons and widgeons, And her geese and her plovers and plentiful creels Once more from Copais to journey with eels, And for us to be hustling, and tussling, and bustling, With Morvehus, Teleas, Glaucetes, all The gluttons together besieging the stall, To purchase the fish and then I could wish For Melanthius to come too late for the fair, And for them to be sold, and for him to despair, And out of his own Medea a groan

Of anguish to boriow,
"I perish! I perish! bereaved of my sweet,
My treasure, my darling, embowered in her beet;"
And for all men to laugh at his soirow.

In the impassioned address to a Copaic cel A 885 it is spoken of as φίλη Μωρίχω who was an epicure (of, W 506)

[•] For garnishing cels with beet of 21 894, where an eel thus bedecked is similarly spoken of as a beautiful maiden. The lines here are said to be a parody of lines from the Meden of Melanthius

ταθτ', ὧ πολυτίμητ', εὐχομένοις ήμιν δίδου οι λαβέ τὴν μάχαιραν εἶθ' ὅπως μαγειρικῶς σφάξεις τὸν οίν άλλ' οὐ θέμις TP. OI ούχ ήδεται δήπουθεν Ειρήνη σφαγαίς, TP. οὐδ' αίματοῦται βωμός άλλ' εἴσω φέρων, 1020 θύσας, τὰ μηρί' ἐξελὼν δεῦρ' ἔκφερε, χούτω τὸ πρόβατον τῷ χορηγῷ σώζεται. ſἀντ. χο σέ τοι θύρασι χρή μένοντ' [ἐνθαδὶ μεθ' ἡμῶν] σχίζας δευρί τιθέναι ταχέως τά τε πρόσφορα πάντ' ἐπὶ τούτοις 1025 οὔκουν δοκῶ σοι μαντικῶς τὸ φρύγανον τίθεσθαι; TP πως δ' οὐχί, τί γάρ σε πέφευγ' XO όσα χρή σοφον ἄνδρα, τί δ' οὐ σύ φρονείς, όπόσα χρεών έστιν τόν γε σοφή δόκιμον 1030 φρενί πορίμω τε τόλμη: ΤΡ. ή σχίζα γοῦν ἐνημμένη τὸν Στιλβίδην πιέζει, καὶ τὴν τράπεζαν οἴσομαι, καὶ παιδὸς οὐ δεήσει. τίς οὖν ἂν οὐκ ἐπαινέσει-XO. €ν ἄνδρα τοιοῦτον, ὄστις πόλλ' ανατλάς έσω-1035 σε την ίεραν πόλιν, ωστ' ούχὶ μη παύσει ποτ' ων

ζηλωτός απασιν

a 18, before sacrificing to leain the will of heaven.

THE PEACE, 1016-1038

These things we play, O misticss, giant us these.

Here, take the cleaver now with clever skill SE Slaughter the sheep.

No, no, I must not

TR Whv ? SE

Peace loves not, friend, the sight of victims slain . TR Her's is a bloodless altai Take it in. And when you have slain it, bring the thighs out here There now the sheep 15-saved for the Choregus

But you the while, outside with us remaining. CH Lay, handy and quick, these fagots of stick. Whatever is needful ordaining

TR. Now don't you think I have laid the wood as well as most diviners could?

CH. (adminingly) Yes! just what I looked for from you All that is wise you can do All things that daring and skill Suffice to fulfil

You can perform if you will

TR. (coughing) Dear! how this lighted brand is smoking, your Stilbides b is nearly choking;

I'll bring the table out with speed;

a servant's help we shall not need

Sure all with admiration true CH Will plaise a man so clever, Who passed such toils and dangers through, And saved the holy city too, An envied name for ever

"A celebrated diviner, living at Athens when the Peace was acted He possessed great influence over Nicias, and seems to have exercised it with singular judgement and good sense, so that his death, some time before the fatal close of the Sicilian expedition, was no inconsiderable misfortune, cf. Plut. Nuc. c. 23" R.

OI	ταυτὶ δέδραται τίθεσο τὼ μηρὼ λαβών ἐγὼ δ' ἐπὶ σπλάγχν' εἶμι καὶ θυλήματα	1040
TP.	έμοι μελήσει ταθτά γ' άλλ' ήκειν έχρην	
OI.	ίδού, πάρειμι μῶν ἐπισχεῖν σοι δοκῶ,	
TP	όπτα καλώς νυν αὐτά καὶ γὰρ ούτοσὶ	
	προσέρχεται δάφνη τις ἐστεφανωμένος τίς ἄρα ποτ' ἐστίν,	
OI	ώς ἀλαζών φαίνεται	1045
	μάντις τίς ἐστιν	
TP.	οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' Ἱεροκλέης	
	οδτός γέ πού 'σθ', ο χρησμολόγος ούξ 'Ωρεοῦ	
OI	τί ποτ' ἄρα λέξει,	
TP.	δηλός ἐσθ' οὖτός γ' ὅτι	
	έναντιώσεταί τι ταῖς διαλλαγαῖς	
01	ούκ, αλλά κατά την κνίσαν είσεληλυθεν	1050
	μή νυν δραν δοκωμεν αὐτόν	
01.	εὖ λέγεις	
IEPO	ΚΛΗΣ τίς ή θυσία ποθ' αύτηλ καλ τῷ θεῶν,	
	όπτα σύ σιγη, κάπαγ' ἀπὸ της ὀσφύος.	
IE.	ότω δὲ θύετ' οὐ φράσεθ', ἡ κέρκος ποιεῖ καλώς.	
OI.	καλως δητ', ω πότνι' Εἰρήνη φίλη.	1000
	άγε νυν ἀπάρχου, κάτα δὸς τὰπάργματα.	1055
	όπταν άμεινον πρώτον.	
IE.	άλλά ταυταγί	
	ήδη στιν οπτά	
TP.	πολλά πράττεις, ὄστις εί.	
	κατάτεμνε ποῦ τράπεζα; τὴν οπονδὴν φέρε.	

a "The $\mu\dot{a}\nu\tau\iota s$ predicted future events, the $\chi\rho\eta\sigma\mu\circ\lambda\delta\gamma\sigma s$ preserved and expounded the predictions of others. Many of them 94

THE PEACE, 1039-1059

I've done the job, here take and cook the thighs SE While I go fetch the inwards and the cates I'll see to this you should have come before ΤR Well, here I am I'm sure I've not been long SE Take these, and roast them nicely here's a fellow TR

Coming this way, with lamel round his head Who can he be? He looks an arrant humbug.

Some seer, I think

SE

No, no, 'tis Hierocles, TR The oracle-mongering chap a from Oreus town What brings him here?

SE Tis evident he comes TR

To raise some opposition to our truces No. 'tis the savour of the roast attracts him STC

Don't let us seem to notice him TR

All right SE HIEROCLES What is this sacrifice, and made to whom?

Roast on don't speak hands off the haunch remember

Will ye not say to whom ye sacrifice? This tail looks 110 ht b

Sweet Peace | it does indeed SE.

Now then begin and hand the firstlings here HI

It must be roasted first TR

It's roasted now HI

TR. You're over-busy, man, whoe'er you are Cut on why, where's the table bring the wine.

possessed, or pretended to possess, old prophecies of Bakıs and other ancient seers, which they produced from time to time, as occasion required. R. Thucydides in 8 notes that oracles (λόγια) and χρησμολόγοι were much in vogue at the outbreak of the Peloponnesian War

1 1 6, looks like giving good omens when burnt. Schol. But

the servant means "looks like being good when cooked."

ΙE	ή γλώττα χωρίς τέμνεται	
TP.	μεμνήμεθα	1060
	άλλ' οἶσθ' δ δρᾶσον,	
IE	ην φράσης	
TP	μη διαλέγου	
	νῶν μηδέν Εἰρήνη γὰρ ἱερὰ θύομεν	
ΙE	ῶ μέλεοι θνητοὶ καὶ νήπιοι,	
TP.	ές κεφαλήν σοί	
IE	οΐτινες άφραδίησι θεών νόον οὐκ άίοντες	
	συνθήκας πεποίησθ' ἄνδρες χαροποῖσι πιθήκοις.	106
OI	αἰβοῖ βοῖ	
TP	τί γελφε,	
OI.	ήσθην χαροποῖσι πιθήκοις.	
IE	καὶ κέπφοι τρήρωνες ἀλωπεκιδεῦσι πέπεισθε,	
	ῶν δόλιαι ψυχαί, δόλιαι φρένες	
TP.	εἴθε σου εἶναι	
	ὤφελεν, ὧλαζών, ούτωσὶ θερμὸς ὁ πλεύμων	
ΙE	εί γὰρ μὴ Νύμφαι γε θεαὶ Βάκιν έξαπάτασκον,	107
	μηδέ Βάκις θνητούς, μηδ' αὖ Νύμφαι Βάκιν αὐτόν,	
TP.	έξώλης ἀπόλοι', εὶ μὴ παύσαιο βακίζων	
IE.	ούπω θέσφατον ήν Ειρήνης δέσμ' άναλῦσαι,	
	άλλὰ τόδε πρότερον,	
TP.	τοῖς άλσί γε παστέα ταυτί.	
Œ	οὐ γάρ πω τοῦτ' ἐστὶ φίλον μακάρεσσι θεοῖσιν,	\mathbf{TO}^{\dagger}

^b "I imagine that Tiygaeus, as he says this, is burning his hands with the roasting meat" · R
^c An ancient Boeotian prophet, whose prophecies were in high repute Persons in a state of rapture were spoken of as ννμφόληπτοι, lymphati

^a The tongue at a sacrifice was cut out and kept apart, of. B. 1705, Pl 1110.

THE PEACE, 1060-1075

FYT The tongue requires a separate cut a ГR We know. Now will you please? Yes, tell me. TIT TR Mind your business Don't talk to us we sacrifice to Peace O ve pitiful fools! HI. Pray speak for yourself, my good fellow. TR Ye who, blindly perverse, HI with the will of the Gods unacquainted, Dare to traffic for Peace. tiue men with truculent monkeys. 010101 SE What's the matter? TR. SE. I like his truculent monkeys Silly and timolous gulls, TTT ve have trusted the children of foxes Crafty of mind and crafty of soul You utter impostor, TR. O that your lungs were as hot as a piece of the meat I am roasting! b If the prophetic nymphs ні have not been imposing on Bakis.c No. nor Bakıs on men. nor the nymphs, I repeat, upon Bakis, TR. O perdition be yours if you don't have done with your Bakis! HI. Then is the hour not come for the fetters of Peace to be loosened. No; for before that hour-This piece is with salt to be sprinkled. TR. HI. Yea, it is far from the mind of the Ever-blessed Immortals

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φυλόπιδος λήξαι, πρίν κεν λύκος οἶν ὑμεναιοῖ καὶ πῶς, ὧ κατάρατε, λύκος ποτ' ἂν οἶν ὑμεναιοῖ; TР ώς ή σφονδύλη φεύνουσα πονηρότατον βδεί, T E γη κώδων ακαλανθίς έπεινομένη τυφλά τίκτει. τουτάκις ούπω χρην την ειρήνην πεποιησθαι άλλὰ τί χρην ήμας, οὐ παύσασθαι πολεμοῦντας, TР 1080 η διακαυνιάσαι πότεροι κλαυσούμεθα μεῖζον. έξον σπεισαμένοις κοινή τής Ελλάδος άρχειν; ούποτε ποιήσεις τὸν καρκίνον ὀρθά βαδίζειν. TE. οὖποτε δειπνήσεις ἔτι τοῦ λοιποῦ ἐν πρυτανείω. TP ούδ' ἐπὶ τῶ πραχθέντι ποιήσεις ὕστερον οὐδέν 1085 οὐδέποτ' ἂν θείης λεῖον τὸν τραχὺν ἐχῖνον ΙE άρα φενακίζων ποτ' 'Αθηναίους έτι παύσει, ποίον γάρ κατά χρησμόν ἐκαύσατε μήρα θεοίσιν. IE. ουπερ κάλλιστον δήπου πεποίηκεν "Ομηρος. TP " ως οί μεν νέφος εχθρόν απωσαμενοι πολέμοιο Ειρήνην είλοντο καὶ ίδρύσανθ' ίερείω.

"The common cocktail beetle defends itself in this manner."

o "These verses are extemporized by Trygaeus in imitation of the Homeric style and phraseology, of Iliad 1 464, xvi. 301, viii 243, Od. vi. 261, vii 137 for sundry of the expressions and sentences here strung together". R

The words of H are intentionally oracular and obscure But here there is a skit on the proverb η κύων σπεύδουσα τυφλά τίκτει, and κώδων "a bell" is put for κύων because its clapper makes a noise like the yapping of a dog drahavels is "a goldfinch," but is used here "as an epithet of a dog παρὰ τὸ αἰκάλλειν ('wheedle') τούς γνωρίμους " . R

THE PEACE, 1076-1091

	That we should cease from the strife, till the wolf and the lamb be united
TR	How, you scound el accurst, can the wolf and the lamb be united?
ш	Doth not the beetle, alarmed,
	emit a most horrible odour?
	Doth not the wagtail yapper
	produce blind young in its hurry?
	So is the hour not come
	for Peace to be sanctioned between us.
TR	What then, what is to come?
	Are we never to cease from the battle,
	Always to chance it out,
	which most can enfeeble the other,
	When we might both join hands,
	and share the dominion of Hellas?
ш	Canst thou tutor the clab
	to advance straight forward? thou canst not
TR	Wilt thou dine any more
	in the Hall of Assembly? thou wilt not,
	No, not ever again
	shall thy cheating knavery prosper
HI	Thou wilt never be able
	to smooth the spines of the hedgehog
TR.	Wilt thou never desist
	bamboozling the people of Athens?
HI	Say, what oracle taught you
	to buin the thighs of the victim?
TR	This, the wisest and best,
	delivered by Homer the poet.
	When they had driven afar
	the detestable cloud of the battle,
	Then they established Peace,
	and welcomed her back with oblations,

αὐτὰρ ἐπεὶ κατὰ μῆρ' ἐκάη καὶ σπλάγχν' ἐπάσαντο,

ξοπενδον δεπάεσοιν: εγώ δ' όδον ήγεμόνευον γρησμολόγφ δ' οὐδεὶς εδίδου κώθωνα φαεινόν ''

10%

1100

- ε. οὐ μετέχω τούτων οὐ γὰρ ταῦτ' εἶπε Σίβυλλα
- ΤΡ ἀλλ' ὁ σοφός τοι νὴ Δί' "Ομηρος δεξιὸν εἶπεν

 '' ἀφρήτωρ, ἀθέμιστος, ἀνέστιός ἐστιν ἐκεῖνος,

 δς πολέμου ἔραται ἐπιδημίου ὀκρυόεντος.''
- ΙΕ. φράζεο δή, μή πώς σε δόλφ φρένας έξαπατήσας ἰκτῖνος μάρψη
- τουτὶ μέντοι σὺ φυλάττου,

 ὧς οὖτος φοβερὸς τοῖς σπλάγχνοις ἐστὶν ὁ χρησμός
 ἔγχει δὴ σπονδὴν καὶ τῶν σπλάγχνων φέρε δευρί.
- ΙΕ. ἀλλ' εἰ ταῦτα δοκεῖ, κἀγὼ 'μαυτῷ βαλανεύσω.ΤΡ. σπονδὴ σπονδή.
- ΙΕ. ἔγχει δη κάμοὶ καὶ σπλάγχνων μοῖραν ὅρεξον. 116
- ΤΡ. ἀλλ' οὖπω τοῦτ' ἐστὶ φίλον μακάρεσσι θεοῖσιν ἀλλὰ τόδε πρότερον, σπένδειν ἡμᾶς, σὲ δ' ἀπελθεῖν ὧ πότνι' Εἰρήνη, παράμεινον τὸν βίον ἡμῖν.
- ΙΕ. πρόσφερε την γλώτταν.

100

THE PEACE, 1092-1109

н

	Duly the thighs they burned,
	and ate the tripe and the inwards
	Then poured out the libations,
	and I was the guide and the leader,
	None to the soothsayer gave
	the shining beautiful goblet
HI	Nothing I know of these
	these did not come from the Sibyl
TR.	Nay, but wisely and well
	spake Homer the excellent poet
	Tribeless, lawless, and hearthless
	is he that delighteth in bloodshed.
	Bloodshed of kith and kin,
	heart-sickening, horrible, hateful
III.	Take thou heed, or a kite,
	by a trick thy attention beguiling,
	Down with a swoop may pounce
TR.	(to the servant) Ah i take heed really and truly
	That's an alarming hint
	it bodes no good to the inwards
	Pour the libation in,
	and hand me a piece of the inwards.
ні	Nay, but if such is the plan,
	I too for myself will be caterer
TR	Pour libation! pour libation!
HI	Pour it in also for me,
	and reach me a share of the inwards.
TR.	That is far from the mind
	of the Ever-blessed Immortals
	Yea, for before that hour—
	—you go, we'll pour the libation
	Holy and reverend Peace,
	abide with thy servants for ever
н	Now, fetch bither the tongue.

TP	σὺ δὲ τὴν σαυτοῦ γ' ἀπένεγκον.	,
ΙE	σπονδή.	
TP	καὶ ταυτὶ μετὰ τῆς σπονδῆς λαβὲ θᾶττον	1110
ΙE	οὐδεὶς προσδώσει μοι σπλάγχνων,	'
TP	οὐ γὰρ οἶόν τ∈	
	ήμιν προσδιδόναι, πρίν κεν λύκος οίν ύμεναιοι	
IE.	ναὶ πρὸς τῶν γονάτων	
TP	ἄλλως, ὧ τᾶν, ἰκετεύεις	•
	ου γάρ ποιήσεις λείον τον τραχύν έχίνον.	
	άγε δή, θεαταί, δεθρο συσπλαγχνεύετε	1115
	μετὰ νῷν.	
IE.	τί δη 'γώ,	
TP.	την Σίβυλλαν ἔσθιε	
IE.	ού τοι μὰ τὴν Γῆν ταθτα κατέδεσθον μόνω,	
	άλλ' άρπάσομαι σφῷν αὐτά κεῖται δ'ἐν μέσῳ.	
ΤP	ῶ παῖε παῖε τὸν Βάκιν	
ΙΈ	μαρτύρομαι.	
TP	κάγωγ', ότι τένθης εί σὺ κάλαζων ἀνήρ	1120
	παι αὐτὸν ἐπέχων τῷ ξύλῳ τὸν ἀλαζόνα	
OI	σύ μεν οθν έγω δε τουτονί των κωδίων,	
	άλάμβαν' αὐτὸς ἐξαπατῶν, ἐκβολβιῶ	
	οὐ καταβαλεῖς τὰ κώδι', ὧ θυηπόλε;	
	ήκουσας, ὁ κόραξ οΐος ήλθ' ἐξ 'Ωρεοῦ	1125
	ούκ αποπετήσει θαττον είς Ἐλύμνιον,	

Spoken to Hierocles, T. at the same time flinging him some

ήδομαί γ', ήδομαι

xo.

of the refuse

"The skin of the victim was the perquisite of the priest,
of T. 758. Hierocles appears to have been clad in an abundance of these perquisites" R.

THE PEACE, 1109-1127

TR	You, take yours off I'd advise you.
HI	Pour the libation in
TR	Take that to assist the libation a
HI	What! will none of you give me some meat?
TR	Tis strictly forbidden
	You no inwards can have
	till the wolf and the lamb be united.
ш	Do, by your knees I beseech
TR.	But fruitless are all your beseechings
	Thou wilt never be able
	to smooth the spines of the hedgehog
	Come now, spectators, won't you share the mess
	Along with us?
HI	And I ?
TR	You? eat your Sibyl
HI.	No, by the Earth, you two shan't feast alone!
	I'll snatch a piece away : 'tis all in common
TR	Strike Bakis, strike
ні	I call them all to witness—
TR	And so do I, that you're a rogue and glutton.
	Lay on him with the stick strike, strike the lascal!
SE	You manage that, while I peel off the skins b
	Which he has gathered by his cozening tricks
	Now, sacuficer, off with all your skins.
	What, won't you? here's a crow from Oreus town ! o
	Back to Elymnium ! flutter off . shoo ! shoo !

CII d What a pleasure, what a treasure,

" te "There's the crow as he came from Oreus town," that is, naked on nearly so Or else he is called a crow with reference to his rapacity Elymnium is some small place near Oreus of We have here, together with a new strophe and antistrophe, the epirrhema and antepirrhema which were omitted in the regular Parabasis of the Play "R.

103

κράνους ἀπηλλαγμένος τυροῦ τε καὶ κρομμύων οὐ γὰρ φιληδῶ μάχαις, ἀλλὰ πρὸς πῦρ διέλ-κων μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἐταί-ρων φίλων, ἐκκέας τῶν ξύλων ἄττ' ἄν ἢ δανότατα τοῦ θέρους ἐκπεπρεμνισμένων, κὰνθρακίζων τοὐρεβίνθου, τήν τε φηγὸν ἐμπυρεύων, χἄμα τὴν Θρῷτταν κυνῶν, τῆς γυναικὸς λουμένης.

1130

1135

οὐ γὰρ ἔσθ' ἦδιον ἢ τυχεῖν μὲν ἤδη 'σπαρμένα, 1140
τὸν θεὸν δ' ἐπιψακάζειν, καί τιν' εἰπεῖν γείτονα,
" εἰπέ μοι, τί τηνικαῦτα δρῶμεν, ὧ Κωμαρχίδη,"
" ἐμπιεῖν ἔμοιγ' ἀρέσκει, τοῦ θεοῦ δρῶντος καλῶς.
ἀλλ' ἄφευε τῶν φασήλων, ὧ γύναι, τρεῖς χοίνικας,
τῶν τε πυρῶν μῖξον αὐτοῖς, τῶν τε σύκων ἔξελε, 1145
τόν τε Μανῆν ἡ Σύρα βωστρησάτω 'κ τοῦ χωρίου
οὐ γὰρ οἶόν τ' ἐστὶ πάντως οἰναρίζειν τήμερον
οὐδὲ τυντλάζειν, ἐπειδὴ παρδακὸν τὸ χωρίον·
κάξ ἐμοῦ δ' ἐνεγκάτω τις τὴν κίχλην καὶ τὼ σπίνω·

a "Comarchides is a fit name for the Coryphaeus here, whether it means a leader of the revels (from $\kappa \hat{\omega} \mu \sigma$) or a village magnate (from $\kappa \hat{\omega} \mu \eta$)". R

THE PEACE, 1128-1149

What a great delight to me,
From the cheese and from the onions
And the helmet to be free
For I can't enjoy a battle,
But I love to pass my days
With my wine and boon companions
Round the merry, merry blaze,
When the logs are dry and seasoned,
And the fire is burning bright,
And I roast the pease and chestnuts
In the embers all alight,
—Flirting too with Thriatta
When my wife is out of sight

Ah, there's nothing half so sweet as
when the seed is in the ground,
God a gracious rain is sending,
and a neighbour saunters round
"O Comarchides "!" he hails me
"how shall we enjoy the hours?"

"Drinking seems to suit my fancy,
what with these benignant showers
Therefore let three quarts, my mist ess,
of your kidney-beans be fried,
Mix them nicely up with barley,
and your choicest figs provide,
Syra run and shout to Manes,
call him in without delay,
"Tis no time to stand and dawdle

Nor to break the clods about them,

Bring me out from home the fieldfare,

pruning out the vines to-day,

bring me out the siskins two,

now the ground is soaking through

ήν δέ και πυός τις ένδον και λαγώα τέτταρα, 1150 εί τι μη 'ξήνεγκεν αὐτῶν ή γαλη της έσπέρας' έψόφει γοῦν ἔνδον οὐκ οἶδ' ἄττα κάκυδοιδόπα. ων ένεγκ', ω παι, τρί' ήμιν, εν δε δοθναι τώ πατρί μυρρίνας τ' αἴτησον έξ Αἰσχινάδου τῶν καρπίμων χάμα της αὐτης όδοῦ Χαρινάδην τις βωσάτω, 1155 ώς αν έμπίη μεθ' ήμων, εθ ποιοθντος κώφελοθντος τοῦ θεοῦ τάρώματα " 'Ηνίκ' αν δ' άγέτας 1160 άδη τὸν ἡδύν νόμον, διασκοπών ήδομαι τας Λημνίας αμπέλους, εί πεπαίνουσιν ήδη τὸ γὰρ φῖτυ πρῷον φύσει τόν τε φή-1165 ληχ' δρών οἰδάνοντ' είθ' οπόταν ή πέπων, ἐσθίω κἀπέχω, χάμα φήμ', " *Ωραι φίλαι '' καὶ τοῦ θύμου τρίβων κυκώμαι. κάτα γίγνομαι παχύς 1170

μᾶλλον ἢ θεοῖσιν ἐχθρὸν ταξίαρχον προσβλέπων, τρεῖς λόφους ἔχοντα καὶ φοινικίδ' ὀξεῖαν πάνυ,

τηνικαθτα τοθ θέρους

<sup>The Donc name for the τέττιξ " the cicala "
Lemnian wine was famous, cf. Hom Π. vii 467</sup>

THE PEACE, 1150-1173

Then there ought to be some beestings,

four good plates of hare beside

(Hah ' unless the cat purloined them

yesterday at eventide,

Something scuffled in the pantry,

something made a noise and fuss);

If you find them, one's for father,

bring the other three to us

Ask Aeschinades to send us

myrtle branches green and strong;

Bid Charinades attend us,

shouting as you pass along

Then we'll sit and drink together, God the while refreshing, blessing All the labour of our hands"

O to watch the grape of Lemnos Swelling out its purple skin, When the merry little warblings Of the Chiruper a begin; For the Lemman b ripens early And I watch the juicy fig Till at last I pick and eat it When it hangeth soft and big, And I bless the friendly seasons Which have made a fruit so prime, And I mix a pleasant mixture, Grating in a lot of thyme, —Growing fat and hearty In the genial summer clime

This is better than a Captain

hated of the Gods to see.

Triple-crested, scarlet-vested,

scarlet bright as bright can be

ην ἐκεῖνός φησιν εἶναι βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν
ην δέ που δέη μάχεσθ' ἔχοντα την φοινικίδα, 1175
τηνικαῦτ' αὐτὸς βέβαπται βάμμα Κυζικηνικόν
κἦτα φεύγει πρῶτος, ὥσπερ ξουθὸς ἱππαλεκτρυὼν
τοὺς λόφους σείων ἐγὼ δ' ἔστηκα λινοπτώμενος
ήνίκ' ἄν δ' οἴκοι γένωνται, δρῶσιν οὐκ ἀνασχετά,
τοὺς μὲν ἐγγράφοντες ἡμῶν, τοὺς δ' ἄνω τε καὶ
κάτω

έξαλείφοντες δὶς ἢ τρίς αὔριον δ' ἔσθ' ἡ "ξοδος τῷ δὲ σιτί' οὐκ ἐώνητ' οὐ γὰρ ἤδειν ἐξιών εἶτα προστὰς πρὸς τὸν ἀνδριάντα τὸν Πανδίονος, εἶδεν αὐτόν, κἀπορῶν θεῖ τῷ κακῷ βλέπων ὀπόν. ταῦτα δ' ἡμῶς τοὺς ἀγροίκους δρῶσι, τοὺς δ' ἐξ ἄστεως

άστεως τον, οί θεοίσιν οθτοι κάνδράσιν διμάσπιδες

ήττον, οί θεοῖσιν οὖτοι κἀνδράσιν ριψάσπιδες ὧν ἔτ' εὐθύνας ἐμοὶ δώσουσιν, ἢν θεὸς θέλη πολλὰ γὰρ δή μ' ἠδίκησαν, ὄντες οἴκοι μὲν λέοντες, ἐν μάχη δ' ἀλώπεκες

1190

ΤΡ ἰοὺ ἰού ὄσον τὸ χρῆμ' ἐπὶ δεῖπνον ἦλθ' ἐς τοὺς γάμους

 $^{\rm c}$ The art of wool-dyeing was invented by the Lydians in Sardis, according to Pliny, N H $_{\rm VII}$ 57

b Nothing is known of any Cyzicene dye, but the Scholiast explains of the "cowardice and effeminacy" of the Cyzicenes

⁶ "This unlucky phrase, upon which the comic writers fastened with such zest (δν del κωμωδοῦσιν, Schol) was introduced by Aeschylus in his play of the Myrmidons as a description of a naval ensign" R.

a s. tampering with the muster-roll from which soldiers were

selected for expeditions; of K 1369

 One of the ten heroes, the Ἐπώνυμοι, whose statues stood in the Agora

THE PEACE, 1174-1192

'Tıs, he says, true Sardıan tıncture,a

which they waiiant not to iun;

But if e'ei it gets to fighting,

though his scarlet coat be on,

He himself becomes as pallid

as the palest Cyzicene,b

Running like a tawny cockhoise,c

he's the first to quit the scene,

Shake and quake his crests above him

I stood gaping while he flew

Ah, but when at home they're stationed,

things that can't be borne they do,

Making up the lists unfairly,

striking out and putting down

Names at random d 'Tis to-moirow

that the soldiers leave the town;

One poor wretch has bought no victuals,

for he knew not he must go

Till he on Pandion's statue

spied the list and found 'twas so,

Reading there his name inserted,

off he scuds with aspect wry

This is how they treat the farmers,

but the burghers certainly

Somewhat better godless wretches,

logues with neither shame nor-shield.

Who one day, if God be willing,

strict accounts to me shall yield

For they've wronged me much and sorely .

Very lions in the city,

Very foxes in the fight

TR Hillo! Hillo!

What lots are coming to the wedding supper!

	έχ', ἀποκάθαιρε τὰς τραπέζας ταυτηί	
	πάντως γὰρ οὐδὲν ὄφελός ἐστ' αὐτῆς ἔτι	
	έπειτ' ἐπιφόρει τοὺς ἀμύλους καὶ τὰς κίχλας	1195
	καὶ τῶν λαγώων πολλὰ καὶ τοὺς κολλάβους	
ΔPE	πανοτριος που που Τρυγαιός έστιν,	
TP	ἀναβράττω κίχλας	
ΔP.	ῶ φίλτατ', ὧ Τρυγαῖ', ὄσ' ἡμᾶς τἀγαθὰ	
	δέδρακας, εἰρήνην ποιήσας ώς πρὸ τοῦ	
	οὐδεὶς ἐπρίατ' αν δρέπανον οὐδὲ κολλύβου,	1200
	νυνὶ δὲ πεντήκοντα δραχμών ἐμπολώ·	
	όδὶ δὲ τριδράχμους τοὺς κάδους εἰς τοὺς ἀγρούς	
	άλλ', ὧ Τρυγαῖε, τῶν δρεπάνων τε λάμβανε	
	καὶ τῶνδ' ὅ τι βούλει προῖκα καὶ ταυτὶ δέχου	
	ἀφ' ὧν γὰρ ἀπεδόμεσθα κἀκερδάναμεν	1205
	τὰ δῶρα ταυτί σοι φέρομεν ἐς τοὺς γάμους	
TP.	ίθι νυν, καταθέμενοι παρ' έμοὶ ταῦτ' είσιτε	
	έπὶ δεῖπνον ώς τάχιστα καὶ γὰρ ούτοσὶ	
	οπλων κάπηλος αχθόμενος προσέρχεται	
ΛОФ	οποιοπ οιμ' ώς προθέλυμνόν μ', ὧ Τρυγαί', ἀπ-	
	ώλεσας	1210
TP.	τί δ' ἔστιν, ὧ κακόδαιμον, οὕ τί που λοφᾶς,	
۸O	ἀπώλεσάς μου τὴν τέχνην καὶ τὸν βίον,	
	καὶ τουτουὶ καὶ τοῦ δορυξοῦ ἐκεινουί	
TP	τί δητα τουτοινὶ καταθώ σοι τοῖν λόφοιν;	
۸o	αὐτὸς σὺ τί δίδως,	
TP	ο τι δίδωμ', αἰσχύνομαι	1215
	όμως δ' ότι το σφήκωμ' έχει πόνον πολύν,	1410
	δοίην αν αὐτοιν ισγάδων τρείς γοίνικας.	
	ιν' ἀποκαθαίρω την τράπεζαν τουτωί	
٠٥٠	ένεγκε τοίνυν είσιων τας Ισχάδας	
	,	

a λοφάω is coined on the analogy of ποδαγράν, σπληνιάν and other words expressing diseases

THE PEACE, 1193-1219

Here, take this crest and wipe the tables down, I've no more use for that, at all events
And now serve up the thrushes and the cates,
And the hot rolls, and quantities of hare

SICKLE-MAKER Where, where's Trygaeus?

TR. Stewing thrushes here.

s -M O, my best friend, Trygaeus! O what blessings
Your gift of Peace has brought us Till to-day
No man would give one farthing for a sickle,
And now! I'm selling them two pounds apiece
And my friend here sells casks for countly use
Half a crown each. Trygaeus, fieely take
As many casks and sickles as you please
And take this too (giving money), out of our sales
and gains

We bring you these, we two, as wedding presents
TR Well, lay your presents down, and hie you in
To join the mairiage feast—here comes a man
Who trades in aims—he seems put out at something
CREST-MAKER. O you've destroyed me root and branch,

Trygaeus

TR How now, poor wretch! what ails you? got a

c.-M You have destroyed my living and my trade, And this man's too, and you spear-burnisher's

TR. What shall I give you, then, for these two crests?

C-M What will you give?

TR

Faith, I'm ashamed to say Come, there's a deal of work about this juncture b, I'll give three quarts of raisins for the pair. 'Twill do to wipe my table down withal

с.-м. Go in, then, go, and fetch the raisins out

 $^{^{\}mathfrak d}$ "This appears to be the binding whereby the plumes were fastened at the bottom " $\,$ R.

	κρείττον γάρ, ὧ τῶν, ἐστιν ἢ μηδὲν λαβεῖν	1220
TP	ἀπόφερ' ἀπόφερ' ἐς κόρακας ἀπὸ τῆς οἰκίας	
	τριχορρυείτον, οὐδέν ἐστον τὼ λόφω	
	ούκ ἂν πριαίμην οὐδ' ἂν ἰσχάδος μιᾶς	
ΘΩΡΑ	ικοπαλης τί δαὶ δεκάμνω τῷδε θώρηκος κύτει	
	ένημμένω κάλλιστα χρήσομαι τάλας,	1225
TP.	ούτος μέν οὐ μή σοι ποιήσει ζημίαν	
	άλλ' αίρε μοι τοῦτόν γε της ισωνίας	
	έναποπατείν γάρ έστ' έπιτήδειος πάνυ,	
ΘΩ.	παθσαί μ' ύβρίζων τοις έμοισι χρήμασιν	
	ώδί, παραθέντι τρεῖς λίθους οὐ δεξιῶς,	7 0001
		1230
	ποία δ' αποψήσει ποτ', ωμαθέστατε	
TP	τηδί, διείς την χείρα διά της θαλαμιᾶς	
	καὶ τῆδ'	
ΘΩ.	ἄμ΄ άμφοῖν δῆτ΄,	
TP	καὶ τῆδ΄ ἄμ' ἀμφοῖν δῆτ', ἔγωγε νὴ Δία, ἴνα μή ν' ἀλῶ τούπημα κλέπτων τῆς νεώς	
	The property of the state of th	
ΘΩ.	έπειτ' επί δεκάμνω χεσεί καθήμενος,	1235
TP.		
	τον πρωκτον ἀποδόσθαι με χιλιῶν δραχμῶν,	
ΘΩ.	ίθι δή, 'ξένεγκε τάργύριον	
TP	άλλ', ὧγαθέ,	1
	θλίβει τον ὅρρον. ἀπόφερ', οὐκ ἀνήσομαι	
ZAATI	πκτηΣ τί δ' δρα τῆ σάλπιγγι τῆδε χρήσομαι,	1940
-territy	ην επριάμην δραχμών ποθ' έξήκοντ' ενώ,	1240
mn	ην επρωφην οραχμών που εξηκοντ εγώ,	
TP	μόλυβδον είς τουτί το κοίλον έγχέας,	
	έπειτ' ἄνωθεν ράβδον ενθείς ύπόμακρον,	
	γενήσεταί σοι των κατακτων κοττάβων.	
_	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-

α και γὰρ παροιμία '' τρεῖς είσιν ικανοι πρωκτὸν ἀπομάξαι λίθοι": Schol

Lit. "oai-hole," but here="arm-hole."
 The κατακτὸς κότταβος was a game in which a few drops

THE PEACE, 1220-1244

Better have that than nothing, O my friend
Consume the things! here, take them, take them off
The hans are dropping out, they're not worth having
Zounds! I'll not give one raisin for the pair

BREASTPLATE-SELLER O what's the use of this habeigeon

now?

So splendidly got up cost forty pounds

Well, well, you shan't lose anything by that
I'll buy it of you at its full cost price

'Twill do superbly for my chamber-pan,

B-s Come, don't be mocking at my waies and me

TR Placing three stones anent it a ain't that clever?

B-s And how, you blockhead, can you cleanse yourself?

TR. How? slip my hands in through the portholes, here,

B-s What, both at once !

TR Yes, I'll not cheat.

I'll have fair play an arm for every hole

B-s Sure, you won't use a forty-pounder so

TR Why not, you rascal? Mairy, I suppose
My seat of honour's worth eight hundred shillings.

B -s Well, fetch the silver out

TR Plague take the thing;

It galls my stein off with you. I won't buy it TRUMPETER See, here's a trumpet, cost me two pounds ten:

How in the world am I to use it now?

TR I'll tell you how. Fill up this mouth with lead, Then fix a longish 10d, here at the top,

And there you'll have a dropping cottabus

of wine were jerked into a little scale $(\pi\lambda \delta\sigma\tau i\gamma\xi)$ so that it should strike the head of a little statuette placed beneath it. The $\sigma\delta\lambda\pi i\gamma\xi$, a tall straight instrument, is here to have its bell-shaped end weighted with lead so that it will stand firmly, and at the other end the light rod $(\dot{\rho}\dot{\alpha}\beta\delta\sigma\sigma \kappa \sigma\tau\tau\alpha\betai\kappa\dot{\eta})$ which carries the scale is laid transversely

ΣA	οΐμοι καταγελậς	
TP	άλλ' ἔτερον παραινέσω	1245
	τον μέν μόλυβδον, ωσπερ είπον, έγχεον,	
	έντευθενί δε σπαρτίοις ήρτημένην	
	πλάστιγγα πρόσθες, καὐτό σοι γενήσεται	
	τὰ σῦκ' ἐν ἀγρῷ τοῖς οἰκέταισιν ἱστάναι.	
KPAN	ιοπολΗΣ ὧ δυσκάθαρτε δαῖμον, ὧς μ' ἀπώλεσας,	1250
	ότ' ἀντέδωκά γ' ἀντὶ τῶνδε μνᾶν ποτέ	
	καὶ νῦν τί δράσω, τίς γὰρ αὕτ' ἀνήσεται,	
TP	πώλει βαδίζων αὐτὰ τοῖς Αἰγυπτίοις	
	έστιν γάρ επιτήδεια συρμαίαν μετρείν	
ΣA	οίμ', ὧ κρανοποι', ὡς ἀθλίως πεπράγαμεν	1255
TP	ούτος μεν ου πέπονθεν ουδέν.	
KP	άλλὰ τί	
	ἔτ' ἐστὶ τοῖσι κράνεσιν ὅ τι τις χρήσεται,	
TP	έὰν τοιαυτασὶ μάθης λαβὰς ποιεῖν,	
	άμεινον ἢ νῦν αὐτά γ' ἀποδώσει πολύ	
KP	ἀπίωμεν, ὧ δορυξέ	
TP.	μηδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ	1260
	τούτω γ' έγω τὰ δόρατα ταθτ' ωνήσομαι.	
ΔΟΡΊ	ΈΟΣ πόσον δίδως δῆτ',	
TP	εί διαπρισθεῖεν δίχα,	
	λάβοιμ' αν αυτ' ες χάρακας, έκατον της δραχμης.	
ΔΟ	ύβριζόμεθα χωρώμεν, ὧ τᾶν, ἐκποδών	
TP.	νη τὸν Δί', ώς τὰ παιδί' ήδη 'ξέρχεται	1265
	ουρησόμενα τὰ τῶν ἐπικλήτων δεῦρ', ἴνα	
	άττ' ἄσεται προαναβάληταί, μοι δοκεῖ	
	άλλ' ο τι περ ἄδειν ἐπινοεῖς, ὧ παιδίον,	
	αὐτοῦ παρ' ἐμὲ στὰν πρότερον ἀναβαλοῦ 'νθαδί.	

THE PEACE, 1245-1269

TRU. O me ! he mocks me

Pour in the lead as I advised before,
Then at the top suspend a pair of scales
With little coids, and there's a famous balance
To weigh out figs for labourers on the faim

HELMET-SELLER Thou hast destroyed me, dread unpitying Fate

These helmets stood me in a good four pounds
What am I now to do? who'll buy them now?
The Take them to Egypt you can sell them there
They're just the things they measure physic in a
They of the things they measure physic in a
They of the things they measure physic in a
They of the things they measure physic in a
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II -s Received no hurt!

Pray what's the use of all these helmets now?

TR Just clap on each a pair of ears, like these, b
They'll sell much better then than now they will
H-s O come away, spear-burnisher

H -s U come away, spear-burnisher

I'm going to buy his spears I really am

SPEAR-BURNISHER What are you going to give?

TR Saw them in two.

I'll buy them all for vine-poles, ten a penny s.-B. The man insults us come away, my friend

TR Aye, go your way, for here come out the boys,
Those whom the guests have brought us, I suppose
They're going to practise what they're going to sing.
Come and stand here by me, my boy, and then
Let's hear you practise what you mean to sing.

^a συρμαία was a strong purge or emetic, which in certain parts of Egypt the whole population, according to Herodotus ii. 77, took for three consecutive days every month

The helmets fitted with handles can be used as cups. With

the words τοιαυτασί λαβάς he points to his own ears.

ПАІΣ	Α Νῦν αὖθ' ὁπλοτέρων ἀνδρῶν ἀρχώμεθα
TP	παθσαι 1270
	όπλοτέρους ἄδον, καὶ ταῦτ', ὧ τρισκακόδαιμον, εἰρήνης οὔσης ἀμαθές γ' εἶ καὶ κατάρατον
ПΑ	Οί δ' ὅτε δη σχεδον ήσαν ἐπ' ἀλλήλοισιν ἰόντες,
	σύν ρ' ἔβαλον ρινούς τε καὶ ἀσπίδας ὀμφαλοέσ-
	oas
TP	ασπίδας, οὐ παύσει μεμνημένος ασπίδος ήμιν, 127 ι
ПА	'Ενθάδ' ἄμ' οἰμωγή τε καὶ εὐχωλὴ πέλεν ἀν-
	δρῶν
TP	άνδρῶν οἰμωγή, κλαυσεῖ νὴ τὸν Διόνυσον
	οἰμωγὰς ἄδων, καὶ ταύτας ὀμφαλοέσσας
ПА	άλλὰ τί δῆτ' ἄδω, σὺ γὰρ εἰπέ μοι οῖστισι
	χαίρεις
TP	"Ως οι μεν δαίνυντο βοών κρέα, και τὰ τοιαυτί 1280
	άριστον προτίθεντο καὶ ἄτθ' ἥδιστα πάσασθαι.
п. А	"Ως οι μὲν δαίνυντο βοῶν κρέα, καὐχένας ἵππων
	έκλυον ίδρώοντας, έπεὶ πολέμου ἐκόρεσθεν
TP.	
	ταῦτ' ౘδε, ταῦθ', ὡς ἤσθιον κεκορημένοι 1286
ПΑ	Θωρήσσοντ' ἄρ' ἔπειτα πεπαυμένοι
TP	ἄσμ€νοι, οἶμαι.

Π.Α. Πύργων δ' έξεχέοντο, βοή δ' ἄσβεστος ορώρει.

b This line occurs eleven times in the Iliad. The other lines

are made up from Homer or in Homeric language

o "The boy uses $\theta\omega\rho\eta\sigma\sigma\sigma\sigma\tau$ in the sense of 'they donned their breastplates,' but Trygaeus understands it in the signification which it not unfrequently bears of 'they fortified themselves with draughts of wine'; of. A 1132-5" R.

The commencement of the *Epigoni*, a Cyclic poem, describing the attack made upon Thebes by the sons of the original Seven Argive champions. $\delta\pi\lambda\sigma\dot{\epsilon}\rho\omega\nu$ is merely="younger," but Trygaeus objects to everything connected with $\delta\pi\lambda\alpha$

THE PEACE, 1270-1287

FIRST BOY "Sing of the younger blood, whose deeds" a—
TR. Plague take you, be quiet
Singing of deeds of blood

and that, you unfortunate ill-starred

Wietch, in the time of Peace;

you're a shameful and ignorant blockhead

BOY "Slowly the hosts approached,

till at length with a shock of encounter b

Shield was dashed upon shield,

and 10und-bossed buckle1 on buckle1"

TR Buckler? you'd better be still

how dare you be talking of buckless?

Boy. " Rose the lattle of war

commingled with groans of the dying "

TR Groans of the dying?

by great Dionysus, I'll make you repent it, Singing of groans of the dying,

especially such as are round-bossed

BOY What, then, what shall I sing?

you, tell me the songs you delight in

TR. "Then on the flesh of beeves

they feasted; " something of that sort

"Then a repast they served,

and whatever is best for a banquet "

BOY. "Then on the flesh of beeves

they feasted, aweary of fighting;

Then from the yoke they loosed

the reeking necks of the horses"

TR. Good. they were tired of war, and so they feasted.
Sing on, O sing, how they were tired and feasted

BOY "Quickly, refreshed, they called for the casques." Casks ? gladly, I warrant

BOY. "Out from the towers they poured,

and the roar of battle ascended."

ΤΡ. κάκιστ' ἀπόλοιο, παιδάριον, αὐταῖς μάχαις· οὐδὰν γὰρ ἄδεις πλὴν πολέμους τοῦ καί ποτ' εί, ἐνώ. ПΑ. σὺ μέντοι νὴ Δί' TР υίδς Λαμάχου 1290 п. А. aiBoî TР η γάρ εγώ θαύμαζον άκούων, εί σύ μη είης ανδρός βουλομάχου καὶ κλαυσιμάχου τινός υίός. άπερρε καὶ τοῖς λογχοφόροισιν ἇδ' ἰών ποθ μοι τὸ τοθ Κλεωνύμου 'στὶ παιδίον, 1295 άσον πρίν εἰσιέναι τι σύ γάρ εὖ οἶδ' ὅτι ού πράγματ' ἄσεις σώφρονος γάρ εί πατρός 'Ασπίδι μέν Σαίων τις αγάλλεται, ην παρα θάμνω п. в έντος αμώμητον καλλιπον οὐκ ἐθέλων εὶπέ μοι, ὧ πόσθων, εἰς τὸν σαυτοῦ πατέρ' ἄδεις, 1300 TP. Ψυγήν δ' έξεσάωσα. п.в κατήσχυνας δὲ τοκῆας TР άλλ' εἰσίωμεν εὖ γὰρ οἶδ' ἐγὼ σαφῶς ότι ταῦθ' όσ' ήσας ἄρτι περὶ τῆς ἀσπίδος ου μη 'πιλάθη ποτ', ὢν ἐκείνου τοῦ πατρός ύμῶν τὸ λοιπον ἔργον ἤδη ἐνταῦθα τῶν μενόντων φλάν ταθτα πάντα και σποδείν, και μή κενάς παρέλκειν. 1306 άλλ' ἀνδρικῶς ἐμβάλλετ' οὖν καὶ σμώχετ' άμφοῖν ταῖν γνάθοιν οὐδὲν γάρ, ὧ

πόνηροι, λευκῶν ὀδόντων ἔργον ἔστ', ἢν μή τι καὶ μασῶνται. 1310'

From Aichilochus who (like Alcaeus and Horace) confessed to having thrown away his shield. The second couplet of the epigram is usually given as airbs δ' ἐξέφνγον θανάτου τέλος ἀσπίς ἐκείνη ἱ ἐρρέτω ἐξαῦτις κτήσομαι οὐ κακίω, but some would read ψυχὴν δ' ἐξεσάωσα φυγών, ἀλλ' ἀσπίς ἐκείνη.

THE PEACE, 1288-1310

You sing of nought but battles who's your father?

TR Perdition seize you, boy, your wais and all!

Boy Whose mine? Yes, yours, by Zeus! TR Why, Lamachus BOY Ugh, out upon it ! TR Truly I marvelled, and thought to myself as I heard your performance, This is the son of some hacker. and thwacker, and sacker of cities. Get to the spearmen, sing to them begone Here, here, I want Cleonymus's son You, sing before we enter suie I am You won't sing wars you've too discreet a father. SECOND BOY "Ah! some Saean is vaunting the targe, which I in the bushes Sadly, a blameless shield, left as I fled from the field." a TR Tell me, you pretty baboon, are you making a mock of your father? BOY. " Nay, but my LIFE I preserved." But you shamed the parents who gave it TR Well go we in, for sure I am that you, Being your father's son, will nevermore Forget the song you sang about the shield Now then 'tis right, my jolly rogues, that you should, here remaining, Munch, crunch, and bite with all your might, no empty vessels draining: With manly zeal attack the meal, And saw and gnaw with either jaw, there's no advantage really In having white and polished teeth unless you use them freely.

119

хo		
TP.	φράζων ἀλλ', ὦ πρὸ τοῦ πεινῶντες, ἐμβάλλεσθε τῶν λαγώων	
	ώς οὐχὶ πᾶσαν ἡμέραν πλακοῦσιν ἔστιν ἐντυχεῖν πλανωμένοις ἐρήμοις πρὸς ταῦτα βρύκετ², ἢ τάχ² ὑμῖν φημι μετα- μελήσειν	1315
хo	εὐφημεῖν χρὴ καὶ τὴν νύμφην ἔξω τινὰ δεῦρο κομίζειν,	
	δαδάς τε φέρειν, καὶ πάντα λεών συγχαίρειν κάπιχορεύειν	
	καὶ τὰ σκεύη πάλιν εἰς τὸν ἀγρὸν νυνὶ χρὴ πάντα κομίζειν,	
	ορχησαμένους καὶ σπείσαντας καὶ Ὑπέρβολον ἐξελάσαντας.	
	κάπευξαμένους τοῖσι θεοῖσιν διδόναι πλοῦτον τοῖς Ελλησιν,	132
	κριθάς τε ποιεῖν ήμᾶς πολλὰς πάντας ὁμοίως οἶνόν τε πολύν,	
	σθκά τε τρώγειν,	
	καὶ τάγαθὰ πάνθ' ὄσ' ἀπωλέσαμεν	1320
	συλλέξασθαι πάλιν έξ άρχης, ληξαί τ' αΐθωνα σίδηρον	
TP.	δεῦρ', ὧ γύναι, εἰς ἀγρόν, [στρ. χὥπως μετ' ἐμοῦ καλη	
	καλώς κατακείσει	1330
	Ύμήν, Ύμέναι' ὧ. Ύμήν, Ύμέναι' ὧ.	

a "While these lines are being sung one division of the Chorus 120

THE PEACE, 1311-1333

ch. O aye, we know: we won't be slow; but thanks for thus reminding

TR. Set to, set to you starving crew:

you won't be always finding

Such dishes rare of cake and hare

An easy prey in open day

thus wandering unprotected

Set to, set to on soon you'll rue

a splendid chance neglected.

CH. O let not a word of ill-omen be heard,

but some of you run for the bride;

Some, torches to bring while the multitudes sing and dance and rejoice by her side

We'll carry the husbandry implements back

our own little homesteads about,

When we've had our ovation, and poured our libation, and hunted Hyperbolus out

But first we'll pray to the Gods that they a May with rich success the Hellenes bless, And that every field may its harvest yield, And our garners shine with the coin and wine, While our figs in plenty and peace we eat, And our wives are blest with an increase sweet; And we gather back in abundant store. The many blessings we lost before, And the fiery steel—be it known no more

TR. Come then, come, my bride,
Midst the free green fields with me
Sweetly, sweet, abide
Hymen, Hymenaeus O
Hymen, Hymenaeus O

carry in Harvesthome, whom we last saw going to her bridal bath," 842: R.

xo.	ὦ τρίσμακαρ, ὡς δικαί- ως τἀγαθὰ νῦν ἔχεις	[ἀντ.
	Ύμήν, Ύμέναι' ὧ, Ύμήν, Ύμέναι' ὧ	1335
HMIXOP.	τί δράσομεν αὐτήν, τί δράσομεν αὐτήν,	[στρ
нміхор	τρυγήσομεν αὐτήν, τρυγήσομεν αὐτήν	[ἀντ.
нміхор	άλλ' ἀράμενοι φέρω- μεν οἱ προτεταγμένοι τὸν νυμφίον, ὧνδρες 'Υμήν, 'Υμέναι' ὧ. 'Υμήν, 'Υμέναι' ὧ.	[στρ. 1340
нміхор	οἰκήσετε γοῦν καλῶς οὐ πράγματ' ἔχοντες, ἀλ- λὰ συκολογοῦντες 'Υμήν, 'Υμέναι' ὧ, 'Υμήν, 'Υμέναι' ὧ	[ἀντ 1345
нміхор.	τοῦ μὲν μέγα καὶ παχύ,	[στρ.
HMIXOP.	της δ' ήδυ το συκον	$[\dot{a} \nu \tau. 1350$
TP.	φήσεις γ', όταν ἐσθίης οΐνόν τε πίης πολύν	[στρ.
хо	Ύμήν, Ύμέναι' ἰώ, Ύμήν, Ύμέναι' ἰώ.	[ἀντ.
TP	ῶ χαίρετε χαίρετ, ἄν- δρες, κἂν ξυνέπησθέ μοι, πλακοῦντας ἔδεσθε.	1355
122		

THE PEACE, 1334-1357

CH. Happy, happy, happy you, And you well deserve it too.

Hymen, Hymenaeus O! Hymen, Hymenaeus O!

SEMICHOR. What shall with the biide be done.

What be done with Harvesthome?

SEMICHOR. She shall yield him, one by one,

All the joys of Harvest-home

SEMICHOR. Ye to whom the task belongs

Raise the happy bridegroom, laise, Bear him on with goodly songs, Beal him on with nuptial lays

Hymen, Hymenaeus O

Hymen, Hymenaeus O ! Go and dwell in peace

Not a care your lives impair,

Watch your figs increase. Hymen, Hymenaeus O! Hymen, Hymenaeus O!

SEMICHOR He is stout and big.
Semichor She a sweeter fig

SEMICHOR.

TR.

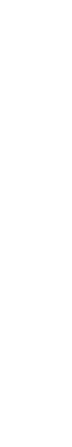
TR. So you all will think

When you feast and drink.

CH Hymen, Hymenaeus O

Hymen, Hymenaeus O! Away, away, good day, good day;

Follow me, sus, if ye will, And of bridecakes eat your fill.



THE BIRDS

INTRODUCTION

The Birds was exhibited at the Great Dionysia in the archonship of Chabrias, 414 BC. It was placed second, the prize being awarded to the Revellers (Κωμασταί) of Ameipsias, and Phrynichus coming third with the Solitary (Μονότροπος).

At this date, "Athens was at the height of her

power and prosperity Six of seven years of com-parative peace had recruited her numbers, and replenished her treasury She had just launched against Sicily the most formidable armament that ever issued from an Hellenic harbour No shadow of the coming catastrophe dummed the brightness of the outlook." The Peace of Nicias, in 421 B c., had given her all she had fought for, and before her eyes loomed visions of conquest and empue in Sicily, Carthage, and Libya, when the fleet set sail in B C 415 Aristophanes" gives a comic representation of the high schemes and ambitions which were in the air, not as encouraging them, for his caricature is fantastic and ludicrous in the extreme; yet not as discouraging them, since even his fantastic adventure is crowned with a brilliant success In this sense, and no further, may the Birds be considered as allegorical "b Yet attempts have been

^a Rogers, Introduction, p xii
^b Ibid p xv.

made to fasten the satue to some definite event, the best known being that of Professor Suvern Others have tried to identify Peisthetaerus with Alcibiades. All these attempts fail when details are examined, and they spoil the sprint of the comedy. For the names of birds mentioned, the reader may

For the names of birds mentioned, the reader may be referred to Professor D'Arcy Thompson's Glossary of Greek Birds (1895), but Mr Rogers's Introduction describes their looks and habits fully with reference

to the allusions in the play

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΕΥΕΛΠΙΔΗΣ

ΠΕΙΣΘΕΤΑΙΡΟΣ

ΤΡΟΧΙΛΟΣ, θεράπων "Εποπος

ЕПОФ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΟΡΝΙΘΩΝ

IEPETE

ΠΟΙΗΤΗΣ

ΧΡΗΣΜΟΛΟΓΟΣ

ΜΕΤΩΝ, γεωμέτρης

ΕΠΙΣΚΟΠΟΣ

ΨΠΦΙΣΜΑΤΟΠΩΛΗΣ

TOYALLY

ΙΡΙΣ

ΠΑΤΡΑΛΟΙΑΣ

ΚΙΝΗΣΙΑΣ, διθυραμβοποιός

ΣΥΚΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ

ПРОМНОЕТΣ

ΠΟΣΕΙΔΩΝ

ΤΡΙΒΑΛΛΟΣ

ΗΡΑΚΛΗΣ

ΟΙΚΕΤΗΣ Πεισθεταίρου

ΟΡΝΙΘΕΣ

EYEA	πιδης 'Ορθήν κελεύεις, ή το δένδρον φαίνεται,	
	ΘΕΤΑΙΡΟΣ διαρραγείης ήδε δ' αὖ κρώζει πάλιν	
ET.	τί ὧ πόνηρ' ἄνω κάτω πλανύττομεν,	
	ἀπολούμεθ', ἄλλως τὴν όδὸν προφορουμένω	
пеі.	τὸ δ' ἐμὲ κορώνη πειθόμενον τὸν ἄθλιον	5
	όδοῦ περιελθεῖν στάδια πλεῖν ἢ χίλια	
EΥ	τὸ δ' ἐμὲ κολοιῷ πειθόμενον τὸν δύσμορον	
	άποσποδήσαι τοὺς ὄνυχας τῶν δακτύλων	
ΠEI.	άλλ' οὐδ' ὅπου γῆς ἐσμὲν οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἔτι	
ET.	έντευθενί την πατρίδ' αν έξεύροις σύ που,	10
ΠΕΙ.	οὐδ' ἂν μὰ Δία γ' ἐντεῦθεν Ἐξηκεστίδης	
ET	οἴμοι	
ПЕІ	σὺ μὲν ὦ τᾶν τὴν όδὸν ταύτην ἴθι	
ET.	ή δεινά νω δέδρακεν ούκ των ορνέων,	
	ό πινακοπώλης Φιλοκράτης μελαγχολών,	
	ος τώδ' έφασκε νών φράσειν τον Τηρέα	15
	τον έποφ', ος όρνις ένενετ' έκ των ορνέων	

b Lit "threading our way to and fro" The metaphor is from passing the west to and fro across the waip. Schol

a A desolate scene, with a tree and a rock Enter Persthetaerus, carrying a crow, and Euclpides, carrying a ruchdaw

A Carian slave, who managed to get Athenian citizenship.
 Philociates "of the bird-market" (οὐκ τῶν ὁρνέων) sold wild birds exposed on earthenware trays.

THE BIRDS

EUELPIDES ^a Straight on do you bid me go, where the tree stands?

PEISTHETAERUS O hang it all! mine's croaking back again.

EU Why are we wandering up and down, you rogue?

This endless spin b will make an end of us

PEI. To think that I, poor fool, at a crow's bidding, Should trudge about, an hundred miles and more!

EU To think that I, poor wretch, at a daw's bidding, Should wear the very nails from off my feet

PEI Why, where we are, I've not the least idea

EU Could you from hence find out your fatherland?

PEI No, that would pose even—Execestides of

EU O, here's a nuisance!

PEI Go you there, then, friend

I call Philocrates ^d a regular cheat,
The fool that sells the bird-trays in the market
He swore these two would lead us straight to Tereus,
The hoopoe, made a bird in that same market. ^e

The hoopoe is really an actor, who has obtained his plumage in the bird-market, where these birds were also bought; they might therefore be expected to find him Pandion of Athens had two daughters, Procue and Philomela, Tereus of Thrace married the one and outraged the other, the sisters killed his son Itys, and served him up for his father's dinner; he pursued them, and they were changed, Tereus into a hoopoe, Procue into a nightingale, and Philomela into a swallow (Apollodorus, in 14).

καπέδοτο τον μεν Θαρρελείδου τουτονί κολοιὸν ὀβολοῦ, τηνδεδὶ τριωβόλου τὼ δ' οὐκ ἄρ' ἤστην οὐδεν ἄλλο πλὴν δάκνειν καὶ νῦν τί κέχηνας, ἔσθ' ὅποι κατὰ τῶν πετρῶν 20 ήμας ετ' άξεις, ου γάρ εστ' ένταθθά τις δδός οὐδὲ μὰ Δί' ἐνταῦθά γ' ἀτραπὸς οὐδαμοῦ. TIEI ή δ' αδ κορώνη της όδοῦ τί λέγει πέρι, ού ταύτα κρώζει μα Δία νθν τε καὶ τότε HEI τί δη λέγει περί της όδου, ET τί δ' ἄλλο γ' η TIET 25 βρύκουσ' ἀπέδεσθαί φησί μου τοὺς δακτύλους; οὐ δεινὸν οὖν δῆτ' ἐστὶν ἡμᾶς, δεομένους ET ές κόρακας έλθεῖν καὶ παρεσκευασμένους, έπειτα μη 'ξευρείν δύνασθαι την όδόν: ήμεις γάρ, ὧνδρες οἱ παρόντες ἐν λόγω, 30 νόσον νοσοθμεν την έναντίαν Σάκα δ μεν γάρ, ων ούκ ἀστός, εἰσβιάζεται, ήμεις δέ, φυλή και γένει τιμώμενοι, άστοι μετ' άστων, οὐ σοβοῦντος οὐδενός, άνεπτόμεσθ' έκ της πατρίδος άμφοῦν ποδοῖν, 35 αιλτήν μέν ου μισούντ' έκείνην τήν πόλιν τὸ μὴ οὐ μεγάλην είναι φύσει κεὐδαίμονα καὶ πασι κοινήν έναποτίσαι χρήματα. οί μέν γὰρ οὖν τέττιγες ἔνα μῆν' ἢ δύο έπὶ τῶν κραδῶν ἄδουσ', 'Αθηναῖοι δ' ἀεὶ 40 έπὶ τῶν δικῶν ἄδουσι πάντα τὸν βίον διὰ ταῦτα τόνδε τὸν βάδον βαδίζομεν, κανοῦν δ' έχοντε καὶ χύτραν καὶ μυρρίνας πλανώμεθα ζητοῦντε τόπον ἀπράγμονα.

Some person of diminutive stature is meant

THE BIRDS, 17–14

So then this daw, this son of Thaireleides, a We bought for an obol, and that crow for three. But what knew they? Nothing, but how to—bite! Where are you gaping now? Do you want to lead us Against the rocks? There's no road here, I tell you PEI. No, nor yet here, not even the timest path EU Well, but what says your crow about the road? PEI By Zeus, she croaks quite differently now EU (shouting) What does she say about the ROAD? PEI. She says

She'll gnaw my fingers off that's all she says EU. Now isn't it a shame that when we are here Ready and willing as two men can be To go to the lavens, b we can't find the way For we are sick, spectators, with a sickness Just the reverse of that which Sacas c has He, no true townsman, would perforce press in; Whilst we, with rights of tribe and race unchallenged. Townsmen mid townsmen, no man scaring us, Spread both our-feet, and flew away from home Not that we hate our city, as not being A prosperous mighty city, free for all To spend then wealth in, paying fines and fees Aye, the cicalas chip upon the boughs One month, or two, but our Athenians chirp Over their lawsuits all their whole life long. That's why we are journeying on this journey now, Trudging along with basket, pot, and myrtles,d To find some quiet easy-going spot,

^b Λ proverb, for "going to the dogs"

Acestor, a tragic poet, mentioned also W 1221, was a

naturalized foreigner Sacas means Scythian

Requisites for sacrifice at founding of the new city (Schol), P. 948 The basket may contain the sacrificial knife, the barley grains and the myrtle wreath, the pot may contain the fire.

	οποι καθιδρυθέντε οιαγενοιμέσ αν	15
	ό δὲ στόλος νῶν ἐστι παρὰ τὸν Τηρέα	
	τὸν ἔποπα, παρ' ἐκείνου πυθέσθαι δεομένω,	
	εί που τοιαύτην είδε πόλιν ή 'πέπτατο	
HEI.	οὖτος.	
ET	τί ἔστιν,	
ΠEI	ή κορώνη μοι πάλαι	
	ἄνω τι φράζει.	
er.	χώ κολοιός ούτοσί	50
	άνω κέχηνεν ώσπερεί δεικνύς τί μοι	
	κούκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ ἔστιν ἐνταῦθ' ὄρνεα	
	εἰσόμεθα δ' αὐτίκ', ἢν ποιήσωμεν ψόφον	
пеі.	αλλ' οἶσθ' ὁ δρᾶσον, τῷ σκέλει θένε τὴν πέτραν σὺ δὲ τῇ κεφαλῆ γ', ἴν' ἦ διπλάσιος ὁ ψόφος	
ET	σύ δὲ τῆ κεφαλῆ γ', τν' ἡ διπλάσιος ὁ ψόφος	55
TIEI	σὺ δ' οὖν λίθω κόψον λαβών	
ET	πάνυ γ', εἰ δοκεῖ	
	παῖ παῖ	
пеі	τί λένεις ούτος , τον έποπα παῖ καλεῖς,	
	τί λέγεις οὖτος, τὸν ἔποπα παῖ καλεῖς, οὐκ ἀντὶ τοῦ παιδός σ' ἐχρῆν ἐποποῖ καλεῖν,	
ET.	έποποι ποιήσεις τοί με κόπτειν αδθις αδ	
	έποποῖ	
TPOX		60
EΥ	*Απολλον ἀποτρόπαιε, τοῦ χασμήματος	
TPO.	οίμοι τάλας, δρνιθοθήρα τουτωί.	
ET	ούτω 'στι δεινόν, οὐδέ κάλλιον λέγειν,	
	ἀπολεῖσθον	
ET.	άλλ' οὐκ ἐσμὲν ἀνθρώπω	
TPO.	τί δαί,	
ET.	Υποδεδιώς έγωγε, Λιβυκόν ὅρνεον	68
	1110001005 070070, 111001107 007107	
	τώ σκέλει κτλ According to the Scholast there was a	
	h joke, strike the rock with your ley, and the birds will fall , δός τὸ σκέλος τῆ πέτρα, καl πεσοῦνται τὰ δρνεα.	

THE BIRDS, 45-65

Where we may settle down, and dwell in peace Tercus, the hoopoe, is our journey's aim, To learn if he, in any place he has flown to. Has seen the sort of city that we want

PEI You there!

What now? EU

My clow keeps croaking upwards PEI.

Ever so long

And here's my jackdaw gaping EU. Up in the air, as if to show me something There must be birds about. I am sure of that Let's make a noise and we shall soon find out

PEI. Then harkye, bang your leg against the lock a

And you, your head; and there'll be twice the noise

PEI Well, take a stone and knock

Yes, I'll do that. करा

Boy | Boy |

Eh! What! do you call the hoopoe "Boy"? PEI You should call "Whoop-ho there." not "Boy" of com se

O, Whoop-ho there! What, must I knock again? Whoop-ho !

PLOVER-PAGE b Whoever are these? Who calls my master?

Apollo shield us, what a terrible gape !

P-P These be two bird-catchers O dear, O dear! EU (aside) As nasty-speaking, as unpleasant-looking P.-P Ye shall both die !

EU.

P-P

O. we're not men.

What then?

135

EU Well, I'm the Panic-struck, a Libyan bird.

A door opens in the rock, and an actor emerges, with a headdress representing the head of a Dunlin or Plover-page with a long and wide gaping heak. P and E. stumble back, and P falls, then by ds excaps

οὐδὲν λέγεις	
καὶ μὴν ἐροῦ τὰ πρὸς ποδῶν	
Έπικεχοδώς έγωγε, Φασιανικός.	
ἀτὰρ σὺ τί θηρίον ποτ' εἶ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν,	
όρνις έγωγε δοῦλος	
ήττήθης τινός	70
άλεκτρυόνος,	
οὔκ, ἀλλ' ὅτε περ ὁ δεσπότης	
έποψ εγένετο, τότε γενέσθαι μ' εὔξατο	
όρνιν, ΐν' ἀκόλουθον διάκονόν τ' ἔχη	
δεῖται γὰρ ὄρνις καὶ διακόνου τινός,	
οδτός γ', ἄτ' οίμαι πρότερον ἄνθρωπός ποτ' ὤν.	75
τότε μεν ερά φαγείν αφύας Φαληρικάς	
τροχίλος ὄρνις ούτοσί	
οΐσθ' οὖν δ δρᾶσον, ὧ τροχίλε, τὸν δεσπότην	80
ήμιν κάλεσον	
άλλ' ἀρτίως νὴ τὸν Δία	
εὖδει, καταφαγών μύρτα καὶ σέρφους τινάς.	
όμως επέγειρον αὐτόν.	
οίδα μέν σαφώς	
ότι ἀχθέσεται, σφών δ' αὐτὸν είνεκ' ἐπεγερώ.	
κακώς σύ γ' ἀπόλοι', ως μ' ἀπέκτεινας δέει	85
οϊμοι κακοδαίμων, χώ κολοιός μοϊχεται	
ύπὸ τοῦ δέους	
ῶ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίων,	
δείσας ἀφηκας τὸν κολοιόν;	
	ὅρνις ἔγωγε δοῦλος ήττήθης τινὸς ἀλεκτρυόνος, οὔκ, ἀλλ' ὅτε περ ὁ δεσπότης ἔποψ ἐγένετο, τότε γενέσθαι μ' εὕξατο ὅρνιν, ἴν' ἀκόλουθον διάκονόν τ' ἔχη δεῖται γὰρ ὅρνις καὶ διακόνου τινός, οὖτός γ', ἄτ' οἶμαι πρότερον ἄνθρωπός ποτ' ὤν. τότε μὲν ἐρῷ φαγεῖν ἀφύας Φαληρικάς τρέχω 'π' ἀφύας λαβὼν ἐγὼ τὸ τρύβλιον ἔτνους δ' ἐπιθυμεῖ, δεῖ τορύνης καὶ χύτρας τρέχω 'πὶ τορύνην τροχίλος ὅρνις οὐτοσί οἶσθ' οὖν δ δρᾶσον, ὧ τροχίλε, τὸν δεσπότην ἡμῖν κάλεσον ἀλλ' ἀρτίως νὴ τὸν Δία εὖδει, καταφαγὼν μύρτα καὶ σέρφους τινάς. ὅμως ἐπέγειρον αὐτόν. οἶδα μὲν σαφῶς ὅτι ἀχθέσεται, σφῷν δ' αὐτὸν εἴνεκ' ἐπεγερῶ. κακῶς σύ γ' ἀπόλοι', ὥς μ' ἀπέκτεινας δέει οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, χὼ κολοιός μοἴχεται ὑπὸ τοῦ δέους ὧ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίων,

186

THE BIRDS, 66-88

P-P Nonsense!

EU. No nonsense look for yourself and see a P-P And he—what bild is he? come, won't you answer?

EU I? I'm a pheasant, and a yellow-tailed one

EU But O by all the Gods, whatever are you?

P-P A serving-bild

EU What, vanquished by some gamecock In fight?

P.-P No, but my master, when he first Became a hoopoe, prayed that I might turn Into a bird, to be his servant still

EU What, does a biid require a serving-biid?

P-P. He does, as having been a man, I fancy.
So when he wants to taste Phaleiic saidines,
I iun foi the saidines, catching up a dish
Does he want soup? then where's the pot and ladle?
I run for the ladle

Now harkye, Plover-page, run in and call Your master out

F-P Great Zeus! he has just been eating Myrtles and midges, and is gone to roost

EU. But still, do wake him

P-P. Well, I know he won't
Like to be waked, still for your sake I'll do it

PEI Confound the bud! he frightened me to death.

EU. O dear! O dear! my heart went pit-a-pat, My daw's gone too

PEI. (reverely) Gone | O you coward you, You LET him go!

" Dicit hoc, quasi prae timore cacaverit," according to the Schol.

Perhaps alluding to the line quoted by Plutarch, Alc. iv έπτηξ', αλέκτωρ δούλον ώς κλίνας πτερόν.

• Exit the Plover-page.

ET	εἰπέ μοι,	
	σὺ δὲ τὴν κορώνην οὐκ ἀφῆκας καταπεσών,	
пеі	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔγωγε	
ET	ποῦ γάρ ἐστ',	
ПЕІ	ἀπέπτατο	90
ET	οὐκ ౘρ' ἀφῆκας, ὧγάθ' ὡς ἀνδρεῖος εἶ	
ΕΠΟΨ	άνοιγε την ύλην, ίν' έξέλθω ποτέ	
ET.	& 'Ηράκλεις, τουτὶ τί ποτ' ἐστὶ τὸ θηρίον,	
	τίς ή πτέρωσις, τίς ὁ τρόπος της τριλοφίας,	
ЕΠ	τίνες εἰσί μ' οἱ ζητοῦντες,	
ET	οί δώδεκα θεοί	95
	εἴξασιν ἐπιτρῖψαί σε	
EΠ	μων με σκώπτετον	
	όρωντε τὴν πτέρωσιν; ἢν γάρ, ὧ ξένοι,	
	ἄνθρωπος	
EΥ	οὐ σοῦ καταγελῶμεν	
ЕΠ	άλλα τοῦ,	
ET	τὸ ράμφος ήμιν σου γέλοιον φαίνεται	
ЕΠ	τοιαῦτα μέντοι Σοφοκλέης λυμαίνεται	100
	έν ταις τραγωδίαισιν έμε τον Τηρέα	
EΥ	Τηρεύς γὰρ εἶ σύ, πότερον ὄρνις ἢ ταὧς,	
EП.	όρνις έγωγε	
ET.	κἦτά σοι ποῦ τὰ πτερά,	
EΠ	έξερρύηκε	
ET	πότερον ύπο νόσου τινός,	
EΠ.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ τὸν χειμῶνα πάντα τὤρνεα	105
	πτερορρυεί τε καθθις έτερα φύομεν	
	άλλ' είπατόν μοι σφώ τίν' έστόν,	
ET.	νώ, βροτώ	
EΠ.	ποδαπώ τὸ γένος;	
188		

THE BIRDS, 88-108

Well, didn't you fall down, EU. And let your crow go? No, I didn't No! PEI Where is she then? TOTAL She flew away herself PEI You're a brave boy 'a You didn't let her go EU Throw wide the wood, that I may issue forth! HOOPOE O Heracles, why what in the world is this? TETT What feathering's here? What style of triple-cresting? HOO. Who be the folk that seek me? The Twelve Gods EU Would seem to have wrought your rum What, do you jeer me, HOO Seeing the way I'm feathered? Strangers, I Was once a man It's not at you we're laughing EU What is it then? 1100 Your beak looks rather funny TETT This is the way that Sophocles disfigures HOO The manly form of Tereus in his Play b What, are you Tercus? Are you bid or peacock? ΕU I am a bud ноо Then, where are all your feathers? EU They've fallen off! 1100 What ! from disease, or why? EU No. but in winter-time all birds are wont HOO To moult their feathers, and then fresh ones grow. But tell me what ye are We? mortal men EU. And of what race? HOO

The peacock had recently been introduced into Athens, and

E does not know much about it

^a Enter Hoopes upon the εκινκλημα, which bears a small coppies in which his wife the Nightingale lies asleep The Hoopes has no feathers except on head and wings The Terens

ET.	ὄθεν αἱ τριήρεις αἱ καλαί	
EП.	- "	
EΥ	μάλλὰ θατέρου τρόπου,	
	ἀπηλιαστά σπείρεται γὰρ τοῦτ' ἐκεῖ τὸ σπέρμ',	
EΠ.	σπείρεται γὰρ τοῦτ' ἐκεῖ	110
	τὸ σπέρμ',	
ET.	one you silver as es apport hapois.	
EΠ.	πράγους δὲ δὴ τοῦ δεομένω δεῦρ' ἤλθετον;	
EΥ	σοὶ ξυγγενέσθαι βουλομένω	
EΠ.	τίνος πέρι,	
EΥ	ότι πρώτα μεν ήσθ' ἄνθρωπος, ὤσπερ νὼ ποτέ,	
	καργύριον ωφείλησας, ώσπερ νω ποτέ,	115
	κούκ αποδιδούς έχαιρες, ώσπερ νὼ ποτέ	
	είτ' αὖθις ὀρνίθων μεταλλάξας φύσιν	
	καὶ γῆν ἐπεπέτου καὶ θάλατταν ἐν κύκλω,	
	καὶ πάνθ' ὄσαπερ ἄνθρωπος ὄσα τ' ὄρνις φρονεῖς	•
	ταθτ' οθν ίκέται νὼ πρός σὲ δεθρ' ἀφίγμεθα,	120
	εἴ τινα πόλιν φράσειας ἡμῖν, εὔερον	
	ώσπερ σισύραν, έγκατακλινήναι μαλθακήν.	
EΠ	έπειτα μείζω των Κραναων ζητεις πόλιν,	
ET	μείζω μέν οὐδέν, προσφορωτέραν δὲ νῷν	
EΠ.	άριστοκρατεῖσθαι δήλος εἶ ζητῶν	
EΥ	έγώ,	125
	ήκιστα· καὶ τον Σκελλίου βδελύττομαι	
EΠ	ποίαν τιν' οῦν ηδιστ' ἄν οἰκοῦτ' ἄν πόλιν;	
ET.	οπου τὰ μέγιστα πράγματ' εἴη τοιάδε·	
	έπι την θύραν μου πρώ τις έλθων των φίλων	
	λέγοι ταδί: "προς τοῦ Διος τουλυμπίου	130
	όπως παρέσει μοι καὶ σὺ καὶ τὰ παιδία	

Eurip Medea, 808 μηδ' ήσυχαίαν άλλά θατέρου τρόπου.
 ώε δλίγων δντων τῶν μισοδίκων, καὶ τούτων ἀγροίκων Schol

THE BIRDS, 108-131

Whence the brave galleys come EU. Not dicasts, are ye? HOO No, the other sort " EU We're anti-dicasts Grows that seedling there? HOO. Aye in the country you can find a few, EII. If you search closely b But what brings you hither? 1100 To talk with you a little EU. What about ? HOO You were a man at first, as we are now, EU. And had your creditors, as we have now, And loved to slurk your debts, as we do now, And then you changed your nature, and became A bird, and flew round land and sea, and know All that men feel, and all that birds feel too That's why we are come as suppliants here, to ask If you can tell us of some city, soft As a thick rug, to lay us down within Seek ye a mightier than the Cranaan town 6? 1100 A mightier, no, a more commodious, yes. EU noo. Austociatic? Anything but that ! EU I loathe the very name of Scellias' son d HOO. What sort of city would ye like? Why, one EU Where my worst trouble would be such as this; A friend at daybreak coming to my door And calling out O by Olympian Zeus, Take your bath early then come round to me,

' Aristociates, chosen because of his name He took part in the oligaichical revolution of the Four Hundred. See Thuc viii 89

o 10 Athens, the most ancient name of which was kpavaal, "the

	λουσάμενα πρώ• μέλλω γὰρ ἐστιᾶν γάμους•	
	καὶ μηδαμῶς ἄλλως ποιήσης εἰ δὲ μή,	
	μή μοι τότε γ' έλθης, ὅταν έγω πράττω κακως ''	
ЕΠ	νη Δία ταλαιπώρων γε πραγμάτων έρᾶς.	135
	τί δαὶ σύ,	
ΠΕΙ.	τοιούτων ἐρῶ κἀγώ	
ЕΠ	΄ τίνων,	
ΠEI	όπου ξυναντών μοι ταδί τις μέμψεται,	
	ώσπερ άδικηθείς, παιδός ώραίου πατήρ	
	"καλώς γέ μου τον υίον, ὧ Στιλβωνίδη,	
	εύρων απιόντ' από γυμνασίου λελουμένον	140
	ούκ έκυσας, ού προσείπας, ού προσηγάγου,	
	ούκ ὦρχιπέδησας, ὧν ἐμοὶ πατρικὸς φίλος "	
ЕΠ	ῶ δειλακρίων σὺ τῶν κακῶν οἶων ἐρῷς	
	ατάρ ἔστι γ' όποίαν λέγετον εὐδαίμων πόλις	
	παρὰ τὴν ἐρυθρὰν θάλατταν	
ET		148
EI	οἴμοι, μηδαμῶς ἡμῖν παρὰ τὴν θάλατταν, ἵν᾽ ἀνακύψεται	145
	κλητηρ' ἄγουσ' ἔωθεν ή Σαλαμινία	
	(F))	
7177	Έλληνικην δε πόλιν έχεις ημίν φράσαι;	
EΠ	τί οὐ τὸν 'Ηλεῖον Λέπρεον οἰκίζετον ἐλθόνθ'.	
ET		150
	βδελύττομαι τον Λέπρεον από Μελανθίου.	
ЕΠ	άλλ' εἰσὶν ἔτεροι τῆς Λοκρίδος 'Οπούντιοι,	
	ΐνα χρή κατοικεΐν	
ET	, αλλ' έγωγ' 'Οπούντιος	
	ούκ ἃν γενοίμην ἐπὶ ταλάντω χρυσίου	
a 1	A term applied generally to the seas which wash the SW	

coasts of Asia ⁵ The Paralos and the Salaminia were the two special dispatch-boats of Athens. The S had been sent some few months before to bring back Alcibiades from Sicily.

THE BIRDS, 132-154

You and your children, to the medding banquet
I'm going to give Now pray don't disappoint me,
Else, keep your distance, when my money's—gone
Upon my word, you are quite in love with troubles!
And you?

PEI I love the like

ноо

EU

But tell me what

To have the father of some handsome lad

Come up and clude me with complaints like these,

Fine things I hear of you, Stilbonides,

You met my son returning from the baths,

And never kissed, or hugged, or fondled him,

You, his paternal friend! You're a nice fellow

1100. Poor Poppet, you are in love with ills indeed.

1100. Pool Poppet, you are in love with ills indeed.
Well, there's the sort of city that ye want
By the Red Sea a

The Salamiman, b with a process-server
On board, may heave in sight some early morn.
But can't you mention some Helleme town?

Why don't we go and settle down in Flux

noo Why don't ye go and settle down in Elis,
At Lepi eus e?

But for Melanthus's sake I loathe the name
1100. Well then the Opuntians up in Locals, there's
11 The place to dwell in!

I become Opuntius • !
No thank you, no, not for a talent of gold

 4 A tragic poet, P 804, 1009, who was said to be a leper.

Opuntius was an obnoxious informer Schol

^o Lepieus, or Lepieum, had been tributary to Elis; but after a dispute, was awarded by the Spaitan arbitrators to their own enfranchized Helots. The Eleans, indignant, in 420 s c formed an alliance with Athens, Aigos, Elis, and Mantinea (Thue v. 31, 34, 47)

	οῦτος δὲ δὴ τίς ἔσθ' ὁ μετ' ὀρνίθων βίος, σὺ γὰρ οἶσθ' ἀκριβῶς	155
ЕΠ	οὐκ ἄχαρις ἐς τὴν τριβήν	
	οῦ πρώτα μὲν δεῖ ζην ἄνευ βαλλαντίου	
2004	πολλήν γ' ἀφείλες τοῦ βίου κιβδηλίαν	
	version of a service of a servi	
EΠ.	νεμόμεσθα δ' εν κήποις τὰ λευκὰ σήσαμα	
	καὶ μύρτα καὶ μήκωνα καὶ σισύμβρια.	160
ET.	ύμεις μὲν ἄρα ζῆτε νυμφίων βίον	
ΠΕΙ.	φεῦ φεῦ·	
	ή μέγ' ἐνορῶ βούλευμ' ἐν ὀρνίθων γένει, καὶ δύναμιν ἡ γένοιτ' ἄν, εἰ πίθοισθέ μοι.	
ЕΠ	τί σοι πιθώμεσθ',	
ΠEI.	ο τι πίθησθε, πρώτα μέν	
	μή περιπέτεσθε πανταχή κεχηνότες	105
	ώς τοθτ' ἄτιμον τοὔργον ἐστίν αὐτίκα	165
	έκει παρ' ήμιν τοὺς πετομένους ἢν ἔρη ''τίς ἔστιν οῦτος,'' ὁ Τελέας ἐρει ταδί	
	" ἄνθρωπος ὄρνις, ἀστάθμητος, πετόμενος,	
	άτέκμαρτος, οὐδὲν οὐδέποτ' ἐν ταὐτῷ μένων "	150
EΠ.	νη τον Διόνυσον εθ γε μωμά ταυταγί	170
DII.		
	τί ἂν οὖν ποιοῖμεν,	
ПЕІ	οἰκίσατε μίαν πόλιν.	
ЕΠ	ποίαν δ' αν οἰκίσαιμεν δρνιθες πόλιν,	
ПЕІ	άληθες, ὧ σκαιότατον είρηκὼς ἔπος,	
	βλέψον κάτω.	
EII.	καὶ δὴ βλέπω	
HEI.	βλέπε νῦν ἄνω.	175
EΠ.	βλέπω	
ΠΕΙ.		
ЕΠ	περίαγε τὸν τράχηλον νὴ Δία	
EII	άπολαύσομαί τί γ', εὶ διαστραφήσομαι.	
	απολαυσομαί τι γ, ει οιαστραφησομαί.	

THE BIRDS, 155-177

But this, this bird-life here, you know it well, What is this like? A pleasant life enough HOO Foremost and first you don't require a purse There goes a grand corrupter of our life! EU Then in the gardens we enjoy the myrtles, TIOO The cress, the poppy, the white sesame " Why, then, we live a budgeroom's jolly life EII Oh! Oh! PEI O the grand scheme I see in the birds' reach, And power to grasp it, if ye'd trust to me! Trust you in what? HOOWhat? First don't fly about PEI. In all directions, with your mouths wide open That makes you quite despised With us, for instance, If you should ask the flighty people there, Who is that fellow? Teleas b would reply, The man's a bird, a flighty feckless bird, Inconsequential, always on the move Well blamed, i'faith, but what we ought to do, HOO Tell us Live all together found one State PEI What sort of State are birds to found, I wonder HOO Aye, say you so? You who have made the most PEI Idiotic speech, look down. I do. HOO. Look up. PEI HOO. I do Twirl round your head. PEI Zeus ! I shall be HOO A marvellous gamer, if I twist my neck! 6 Sesame-cake was used at weddings Myrtle and sisymbria were sacred to Aphiodite b A flatterer, saturzed by Phrynichus, here declaiming against

L

145

his own pet fault. See 1025

VOL. II

ПЕІ ЕП	είδές τι, τὰς νεφέλας γε καὶ τὸν οὐρανόν	
ПЕІ	ούχ ούτος οὖν δήπου 'στὶν ὀρνίθων πόλος, πόλος, τίνα τρόπον,	
ЕП ПЕІ	ωσπερ εἰ λέγοις, τόπος	180
	ότι δὲ πολεῖται τοῦτο καὶ διέρχεται ἄπαντα διὰ τούτου, κολεῖται νῦν πόλος	
	ην δ' οἰκίσητε τοῦτο καὶ φράξηθ' ἄπαξ, ἐκ τοῦ πόλου τούτου κεκλήσεται πόλις	
	ωστ' ἄρξετ' ἀνθρώπων μεν ὥσπερ παρνόπων, τοὺς δ' αὖ θεοὺς ἀπολεῖτε λιμῷ Μηλίῳ	185
ЕΠ	πῶς,	
ПЕІ	έν μέσφ δήπουθεν ἀήρ ἐστι γῆς εἶθ' ὧσπερ ἡμεῖς, ἢν ἰέναι βουλώμεθα	
	Πυθώδε, Βοιωτούς δίοδον αιτούμεθα,	
	ούτως, όταν θύσωσιν ἄνθρωποι θεοίς,	190
	ήν μη φόρον φέρωσιν ύμιν οι θεοί,	
	διὰ τῆς πόλεως τῆς ἀλλοτρίας καὶ τοῦ χάους	
	τῶν μηρίων τὴν κνίσαν οὐ διαφρήσετε	
EII.	loù loύ	
	μὰ γῆν, μὰ παγίδας, μὰ νεφέλας, μὰ δίκτυα, μὴ γὰ νόημα κομψότερον ἦκουσά πω	
	μὴ Ύὼ νόημα κομψότερον ῆκουσά πω	195
	ωστ' αν κατοικίζοιμι μετά σοῦ τὴν πόλιν,	
	εί ξυνδοκοίη τοισιν άλλοις όρνέοις	
ΠΕΙ. ΕΠ.	τίς ἂν οὖν τὸ πρᾶγμ' αὖτοῖς διηγήσαιτο; σύ	
	έγω γὰρ αὐτοὺς βαρβάρους ὄντας πρό τοῦ ἐδίδαξα τὴν φωνήν, ξυνών πολὺν χρόνον	200
	Torong Amelle ! Parme would Vhose	200

^a The Greeks had acquired from the Babylonians the conception of the heavens as "a pole" or hollow sphere revolving round and enclosing the earth. This "pole" is the dwelling of the birds, and, according to Peisthetaerus, is so called because it 146

THE BIRDS, 178-200

PEI What did you see?

I saw the clouds and sky And is not that the Station of the Bids?

1100 Station?

OOH

PEI

PEI

PEI

HOO

As one should say, then habitation Here while the heavens revolve, and you great dome Is moving round, ye keep your Station still Make this your city, fence it round with walls, And from your Station is evolved your State. So ye'll be loads of men, as now of locusts, And Mehan famine b shall destroy the Gods

1100 Eh! how?

The An's betwirt the Earth and Sky And just as we, if we would go to Pytho, Must crave a grant of passage from Boeotia, Even so, when men slay victims to the Gods, Unless the Gods pay tribute, ye in turn Will grant no passage for the savoury steam To rise through Chaos, and a realm not thems.

HOO Hullah!

O Earth! ods traps, and nets, and gins, and snares, This is the nattiest scheme that e'er I heard of! So with your aid I'm quite resolved to found The city, if the other biids concur

PEI And who shall tell them of our plan?

Yourself

O they're not mere barbanans, as they were Before I came I've taught them language now

"moves about" (πολεῖται), and all things "go on in it" as they do in space (τόποι). Then πόλοι suggests πόλιι and πολίται But it seems impossible to keep up the play on words "I have given," says Rogers, "a slightly different turn to the passage"

About ten or twelve months before the production of this play, the Mehans had been reduced by famine, for their terrible

fate see Thuc. v. 89-116.

ПЕІ ЕП	πῶς δῆτ' ἄν αὐτοὺς ξυγκαλέσειας; ρ΄αδίως	
	δευρὶ γὰρ ἐμβὰς αὐτίκα μάλ' ἐς τὴν λόχμην,	
	επειτ' ανεγείρας την εμήν αηδόνα,	
	καλουμεν αὐτούς οι δε νῶν του φθέγματος	
	εάνπερ επακούσωσι, θεύσονται δρόμω	205
пеі.	ῶ φίλτατ' ὀρνίθων σὺ μή νυν ἔσταθι	
	άλλ' ἀντιβολῶ σ' ἄγ' ὡς τάχιστ' ἐς τὴν λόχμην	
	έσβαινε κανέγειρε την αηδόνα	
EII	ἄγε σύννομέ μοι παθσαι μέν ὔπνου,	
211	λῦσον δὲ νόμους ἱερῶν ὕμνων,	210
	οθς διά θείου στόματος θρηνείς,	
	τον έμον και σον πολύδακρυν "Ιτυν	
	έλελιζομένη διεροῖς μέλεσιν	
	γένυος ξουθής.	
	καθαρά χωρεῖ διὰ φυλλοκόμου	215
	σμίλακος ήχὼ πρὸς Διὸς έδρας,	
	ΐν' δ χρυσοκόμας Φοϊβος ἀκούων	
	τοῖς σοῖς ἐλέγοις ἀντιψάλλων	
	έλεφαντόδετον φόρμιγγα θεῶν	
	ΐστησι χορούς διὰ δ' ἀθανάτων	220
	στομάτων χωρεί ξύμφωνος όμοῦ	
	θεία μακάρων όλολυγή.	
	(αὐλεῖ)	
ET	ῶ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ τοῦ φθέγματος τοὐρνιθίου	
	οίον κατεμελίτωσε την λόχμην όλην	
пеі	ούτος.	
ET	τί ἔστιν,	
ПЕІ	οὖ σιωπήσει,	

^a Compare 744, and Eurip. Helen. 1111.

THE BIRDS, 201-225

PEI But how to call them hither?

HOO

PEI

That's soon done.

I've but to step within the coppiee heic,
And wake my sleeping nightingale, and then
We'll call them, both together—Bless the buds,
When once they hear our voices, they'll come running.
You darling bird, now don't delay one instant
O I beseech you get at once within
Your little copse, and wake the nightingale!

(The Hoopoe's Serenade)

Awake, my mate ! 1100 Shake off thy slumbers, and clear and strong Let loose the floods of thy glonous song, The sacred duge of thy mouth divine For sore-wept Itys, thy child and mine. Thy tender trillings his name prolong With the liquid note of thy tawny throat; " Through the leafy curls of the woodbine sweet The pure sound mounts to the heavenly seat, And Phoebus, lord of the golden han, As he lists to thy wild plaint echoing there, Draws answering strains from his ivoried lyre, Till he stus the dance of the heavenly choir, And calls from the blessed lips on high Of immortal Gods, a divine reply To the tones of thy witching melody

(The round of a flute is heard within, imitating the nightingale's song)

O Zeus and King, the little birdie's voice! O how its sweetness homed all the copse!

PEI H1'
EU Well?

EU

PEI

Keep quet.

ET HEI EH	τί δαί, οὖποψ μελφδεῖν αὖ παρασκευάζεται ἐποποποποποποποποῖ, ἰώ, ἰώ, ἴτω, ἴτω, ἴτω, ἴτω,	225
	ΐτω τις ὧδε τῶν ἐμῶν ὁμοπτέρων ὅσοι τ' εὐσπόρους ἀγροίκων γύας νέμεσθε, φῦλα μυρία κριθοτράγων σπερμολόγων τε γένη	230
	ταχὺ πετόμενα, μαλθακὴν ἱέντα γῆρυν ὅσα τ' ἐν ἄλοκι θαμὰ βῶλον ἀμφιτιττυβίζεθ' ὧδε λεπτὸν ἡδομένα φωνᾶ τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιό	235
	όσα θ' ὑμῶν κατὰ κήπους ἐπὶ κισσοῦ κλάδεσι νομὸν ἔχει, τάτεκατ' ὅρεατάτε κοτινοτράγα τά τε κομαροφάγα, ἀνύσατε πετόμενα πρὸς ἐμὰν αὐδάν τριοτὸ τριοτὸ τοτοβρίξ.	210
	οι θ' έλείας παρ' αὐλῶνας ὀξυστόμους ἐμπίδας κάπτεθ', ὅσα τ' εὐδρόσους γῆς τόπους ἔχετε λειμῶνά τ' ἐρόεντα Μαραθῶνος, ὅρ- νις πτερυγοποίκιλός τ' ἀτταγᾶς ἀτταγᾶς	245
_ 000	ών τ' ἐπὶ πόντιον οΐδμα θαλάσσης φῦλα μετ' ἀλκυόνεσσι ποτᾶται,	250

Or, sharply biting, as in Aesch. Prom 692, 822. From Alcman, Frag. 26

βάλε δη βάλε κηρύλος εξην δς τ' έπι κύματος άνθος άμ' άλκυόνεσσι ποτήται

THE BIRDS, 225-251

EU. PEI. Why?

The Hoopoc here

Is going to favour us with another song (The Bird-call by the Hoopoe and Nightingale conjointly, the

Nightingale's song being imitated, as before, by the flute)

ноо Whoop-ho! Whoop-ho!

Whoop-hoop-hoop-hoop-lo Hoi! Hoi! Hoi! Come, come, come, come, come! (The land-birds)

Come hither any bud with plumage like my own. Come hither ye that batten on the acres newly sown, On the acres by the farmer neatly sown,

And the mynad tubes that feed on the barley and the seed.

The tribes that lightly fly, giving out a gentle cit; And ye who round the clod, in the furrow-riven sod, With voices sweet and low, twitter flitter to and fro, Singing tio, tio, tio, tioting,

And ye who in the gaidens a pleasant harvest glean, Lurking in the bianches of the ivy ever green, And ye who top the mountains with gay and any flight, And ye who in the olive and the arbutus delight, Come hither one and all, come flying to our call,

Triotó, triotó, totobrinx

(The marsh-birds)

Ye that snap up the gnats, shrilly voiced,^a Mid the deep water-glens of the fens,

Or on Marathon's expanse haunt the lea, fair to see, Or career o'er the swamps, dewy-moist,

And the bud with the gay mottled plumes, come away, Francolín | Francolín | come away |

(The sea-birds)

Ye with the halovons flitting delightedly Over the surge of the infinite Sea,b

δεθρ' ἴτε πευσόμενοι τὰ νεώτερα, πάντα γὰρ ἐνθάδε φῦλ' ἀθροίζομεν οίωνῶν ταναοδείρων

ήκει γάρ τις δριμύς πρέσβυς καινός γνώμην. καινῶν ἔργων τ' ἐγχειρητής ἀλλ' ἴτ' ἐς λόγους ἄπαντα, δεθρο, δεθρο, δεθρο, δεθρο, δεθρο τοροτοροτοροτίξ κικκαβαῦ κικκαβαῦ τοροτοροτορολιλιλίξ

200

255

πει όρᾶς τιν ὄρνιν,

ετ. μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὕ καίτοι κέχηνά γ᾽ ἐς τὸν οὐρανὸν βλέπων ΠΕΙ. ἄλλως ἄρ᾽ οὕποψ, ὡς ἔοικ᾽, ἐς τὴν λόχμην

έμβας έπωζε χαραδριον μιμούμενος

265

ΕΠ τοροτίξ τοροτίξ

πει ώγάθ' άλλ' οὖν οὑτοσὶ καὶ δή τις ὄρνις ἔρχεται.

Ετ νη Δί' όρνις δητα τίς ποτ' έστίν, οὐ δήπου ταὧς, πει. οὖτος αὐτὸς νῷν φράσει τίς ἐστιν ὄρνις οὑτοσί,

ούτος οὐ τῶν ἡθάδων τῶνδ' ὧν ὁρᾶθ' ὑμεῖς ἀεί, 270 ЕΠ άλλά λιμναΐος

βαβαὶ καλός γε καὶ φοινικιοῦς. εἰκότως · καὶ γὰρ ὄνομ' αὐτῷ γ' ἐστὶ φοινικόπτερος EΠ

As the lapwing flies "fai from its nest," and calls as if to its young, and meets with no response Four birds pass before the audience, and disappear on the other side

THE BIRDS, 252-273

Come to the great Revolution awaiting us, Hither, come hither, come hither to me. Hither, to listen to wonderful words, Hither we summon the taper-necked birds

For hither has come a shrewd old file, Such a deep old file, such a sharp old file, His thoughts are new, new deeds he'll do, Come here, and confer with this shrewd old file. Come hither! Come hither! Come hither! Toro-toro-toro-toroinx! Kikkabau, kikkabau!

PEI Sce any bud?

EU By Apollo no, not I,

Though up I gaze with mouth and eyes wide open.

PEI. Methinks the Hoopoe played the lapwing's trick,^a
Went in the copse, and whooped, and whooped for
nothing

HOO. Torotinx ! Torotinx.

PEI Comrade, here's a bird approaching,

coming to receive our visit b

Mu Aye by Zeus, what bird do you call it?

Surely not a peacock, is it?

PEI. That the Hoopoe here will teach us

Prithee, filend, what bild is he?

Hoo That is not a common object,

such as you can always see,

That's a marsh-bud.

EU Lovely creature! nice and red like flaming flame.

Hoo So he should be, for Flamingo

is the lovely creature's name.

ΕΥ οδτος ώ σέ τοι

ПЕІ	τί βωστρεῖς,	
EΥ.	ετερος δρνις ούτοσί	
пеі	νη Δί' ἔτερος δητα χούτος ἔξεδρον χώραν ἔχων	270
	τίς ποτ' ἔσθ' ὁ μουσόμαντις ἄτοπος ὅρνις ὀριβάτης,	
ЕΠ	ονομα τούτω Μηδός έστι	
ПЕІ	Μήδος, ὧναξ 'Πράκλεις	
	είτα πως άνευ καμήλου Μήδος ων έσέπτατο,	
ET	ετερος αθ λόφον κατειληφώς τις όρνις ούτοσί	
ПЕІ	τί τὸ τέρας τουτί ποτ' ἐστίν, οὐ σὺ μόνος ἄρ' ἦσθ'	
	ἔποψ,	280
	άλλά χοὖτος ἔτερος,	
EП.	ούτοσι μέν έστι Φιλοκλέονο	

έξ έποπος, ενώ δε τούτου πάππος, ώσπερ εί λέγοις Ίππόνικος Καλλίου κάξ Ίππονίκου Καλλίας.

Καλλίας ἄρ' οὖτος οὖρνις ἐστίν ώς πτερορρυεῖ TEL

ἄτε γὰρ ὢν γενναῖος ὑπὸ τῶν συκοφαντῶν τίλλεται, 285 ЕΠ αί τε θήλειαι προσεκτίλλουσιν αὐτοῦ τὰ πτερά.

ῶ Πόσειδον ἔτερος αὖ τις βαπτὸς ὄρνις ούτοσί пеі τίς ονομάζεται ποθ' οδτος.

ούτοσὶ κατωφαγάς. EП.

έσθ' ὁ μουσόμαντις, άλαλος, άβρατεύς δν σθένει; emended by R. to άβροβάτης άνηρ

A fictitious pedigree (1) the speaker, the Tereus of Sophocles, (2) the Tereus of Philocles, another poet, W 462;

(3) the newcomer. A grandson was often named after his grandsire The Callias who at this time was the head of his illustrious

^a From Soph. Tyro, τις δρνις οδτος, έξεδρον χώραν έχων, where έξεδρος is not "foreign," "strange," but is used in an augural sense "not good," "inauspicious", of Eur Herael M. 596
^b From Aesch Edonians, which the Schol gives as τις ποτ'

THE BIRDS, 274-288

EU. Hi there !

PEI	What? The low you're making!
EU	Here's another, full in view.
PEI.	Aye by Zeus, another truly,
	with a foreign aspect too "
	Who is he, the summit-ascending,
	Muse-prophetical, wondrous bird ? b
ноо	He's a Median
PEI	He a Median! Heracles, the thing's absurd
	How on earth without a camel
	could a Median hither fly?
EU	Here they're coming, here's another,
	with his crest crected high
PEI	Goodness gracious, that's a hoopoe;
	yes, by Zeus, another one!
	Are not you the only Hoopoe?
HOO	I'm his grandsire, he's the son
	Of the Philocléan hoopoe
	as with you a name will pass,
	Calhas sning Hipponicus, Hipponicus Calhas a
PEI.	O then that is Callias is it?
	How his feathers moult away
ноо	Aye, the simple generous creature,
	he's to parasites a prey
	And the females flock around him,
	plucking out his feathers too.
PEI	O Poseidon, here's another;
	here's a bird of brilliant hue
	What's the name of this, I wonder
ноо	773 of 773 or 4 of 3.3.1
hous E 8	e dissipated its wealth and terminated its glory (F 432, 10)
COW	A fictitious biid, intended to throw ridicule on Cleonymus, and and glutton He cast his shield away no doubt at the e of Dehum: 290, 1475

155

έστι γάρ κατωφαγάς τις άλλος ή Κλεώνυμος,	
λόφον,	290
άλλα μέντοι τίς ποθ' ή λόφωσις ή τῶν ὀρνέων,	
η 'πὶ τὸν δίαυλον ηλθον,	
ωσπερ οί Καρες μεν ουν	
δρνέων,	
ώναξ "Απολλον τοῦ νέφους ιοὺ ιού,	208
τίς γάρ ἐσθ' οὔπισθεν αὐτῆς,	
οστις έστί, κειρύλος	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	300
χαὐτηί γε γλαῦξ.	-
τί φής, τίς γλαῦκ' 'Αθήναζ' ήγαγεν,	
κίττα, τρυγών, κορυδός, έλεᾶς, ὑποθυμίς, περιστερά,	
νέρτος, ιέραξ, φάττα, κόκκυξ, ερυθρόπους, κεβλή-	
πυρις,	
πορφυρίς, κερχνής, κολυμβίς, ἀμπελίς, φήνη, δρύοψ.	
ίου ίου των ορνέων,	305
ἰο ὺ ἰοὺ τῶν κοψίχων·	300
	άλλὰ μέντοι τίς ποθ' ἡ λόφωσις ἡ τῶν ὀρνέων, ἢ 'πὶ τὸν δίαυλον ἦλθον,

The ὁπλιτοδρόμος ran in armour, with crested helmel
 Enter Chorus of 24 birds, all crowding together
 κηρύλος (251 note) changed to κειρύλος, as if from κείρειν, to raise a laugh against Sporgilus the baibei (Schol)
 A proveib, like "carrying coals to Newcastle"

THE BIRDS, 289-306

\mathbf{PEI}	Is there then another Glutton
	than our own Cleonymus?
EU	Our Cleonymus, I fancy,
	would have thrown his crest away.
PEI	But what means the crest-equipment
	of so many buds, I pray?
	Are they going to race in almour ? a
ноо	No, my worthy friend, they make
	Each his dwelling, like the Carians,
	on the crests for safety's sake.b
PEI	O Poseidon, what the mischief!
	see the birds are everywhere
	Fluttering onward
EU	King Apollo, what a cloud 'O'O' look there,
	Now we cannot see the entrance
	for the numbers crowding in.
PEI	Here you see a partiidge coming,
	there by Zeus a fiancolin,
	Here a widgeon onward hurries,
	there's a halcyon, sure as fate.
EU	Who's behind her?
PEI	That's a chipper, he's the lady halcyon's mate.
EU	Can a clipper be a bird then?
PEI	Sporgilus is surely so.
	Here's an owl
EU	And who to Athens brought an owl, I'd like to know.
PEI	Jay and turtle, lark and sedgebud,
	thyme-finch, 1mg-dove first, and then Rock-dove, stock-dove, cuckoo, falcon,
	fiery-crest, and willow wien,
	Lammergeyei, poiphyrion, kestiel,
	waxwing, nuthatch, water-hen.
TETT.	(singing) Ohó for the birds, Ohó! Ohó!
A-0.	Ohó for the blackbirds, ho
	One for the practitue, no

οία πιππίζουσι καὶ τρέχουσι διακεκραγότες

ПЕІ

ΧO

xo 158

άρ' ἀπειλοῦσίν γε νών, οἴμοι, κεχήνασίν γέ τοι καὶ βλέπουσιν εἰς σὲ κάμέ τοῦτο μὲν κἀμοὶ δοκεῖ ΧΟΡΟΣ ποποποποποποποποποποποιοῦ μ' ἄρ' ος 310 έκάλεσε; τίνα τόπον άρα ποτέ νέμεται, ούτοσὶ πάλαι πάρειμι κούκ ἀποστατῶ φίλων τιτιτιτιτιτιτιτίνα λόγον άρα ποτέ OY πρός έμε φίλον έχων, 315 Επ. κοινόν ἀσφαλή δίκαιον ήδυν ωφελήσιμον άνδρε γάρ λεπτώ λογιστά δεῦρ' ἀφῖχθον ώς ἐμέ ποῦ, πᾶ, πῶς φής. Επ. φήμ' ἀπ' ἀνθρώπων ἀφιχθαι δεῦρο πρεσβύτα δύο 320 ήκετον δ' έχοντε πρέμνον πράγματος πελωρίου ῶ μέγιστον ἐξαμαρτών ἐξ ὅτου ἀτράφην ἐγώ, ХO

πῶς λέγεις, μήπω φοβηθής τὸν λόγον EΠ τί μ' εἰργάσω: XO. ανδρ' έδεξάμην έραστα τησδε της ξυνουσίας. EΠ. καὶ δέδρακας τοῦτο τοῦργον, хo καὶ δεδρακώς γ' ήδομαι 325 ĒΠ κάστὸν ήδη που παρ' ήμιν, XO εὶ παρ' ὑμῖν εἴμ' ἐγώ. ЕΠ

στρ.

ěα ἔα.

THE BIRDS, 307-328

How they twitter, how they go. shucking and screaming to and fro. Goodness | are they going to charge us? They are gazing here, and see All their beaks they open widely That is what occurs to me PEI chiorus Wh-wh-wh-wh-wh-wh-where may he be that was calling for me? In what locality pastureth he? 1100 I am ready, waiting here, never from my friends I stir. сн Te-te-te-te-te-te-te-te-teach me, I pray, in an amicable way, what is the news you have gotten to say News auspicious! Hoo News amazing! News delightful, safe, and free! Buds! Two men of subtlest genius hither have arrived to me. Who! What! When! say that again 1100. Here, I say, have come two elders, travelling to the birds from man, And the stem they are bringing with them of a most stupendous plan. cu You who have made the greatest error since my callow life began, What do you say? HOO Now don't be nervous. What is the thing you have done to me? 1100 I've received two men, enamoured of your sweet society. CH You have really dared to do it? HOO. Gladly I the deed avow. And the pan are now amongst us? CH Aye, if I'm amongst you now. HOO O ! O ! Out upon you!

CH

CH

CH

προδεδόμεθ' ἀνόσιά τ' ἐπάθομεν	
δε γὰρ φίλος ἦν ὁμότροφά θ' ἡμῖν	
<i>ἐνέμετο πεδία παρ' ἡμῖν</i> ,	330
παρέβη μὲν θεσμοὺς ἀρχαίους,	
παρέβη δ' ὄρκους ὀρνίθων	
ές δὲ δόλον εἰσεκάλεσεν, παρέβαλέν τ' ἐμὲ παρὰ	
γένος ἀνόσιον, ὅπερ ἐξότ' ἐγένετ' ἐπ' ἐμοὶ	
πολέμιον ἐτράφη	335

άλλὰ πρὸς τοῦτον μὲν ἡμῖν ἐστιν ὕστερος λόγος·
τὰ δὲ πρεσβύτα δοκεῖ μοι τώδε δοῦναι τὴν δίκην
διαφορηθῆναί θ' ὑφ' ἡμῶν

πει ώς ἀπωλόμεσθ' ἄρα

ΕΥ. αἴτιος μέντοι σὰ νῷν εἶ τῶν κακῶν τούτων μόνος.
 ἐπὶ τί γάρ μ' ἐκεῖθεν ἦγες,

πει ζν' ἀκολουθοίης ἐμοί 340

Ετ. ΐνα μέν οὖν κλάοιμι μεγάλα

πει. τοῦτο μὲν ληρεῖς ἔχων κάρτα· πῶς κλαυσεῖ γάρ, ἢν ἄπαξ γε τὠφθαλμὼ 'κκοπῆς,

ΧΟ ιω ιω, [ἀντ ἔπαγ' ἔπιθ' ἐπίφερε πολέμιον
 ὁρμὰν φονίαν, πτέρυγά τε παντῷ 345 περίβαλε περί τε κύκλωσαι
 ὡς δεῖ τώδ' οἰμώζειν ἄμφω

THE BIRDS, 328-347

We are cheated and betrayed,

PEI

EU

PEI

VOL II

we have suffered shame and wrong ! For our compade and our friend who has fed with us so long, He has broken every oath, and his holy plighted troth, And the old social customs of our clan He has led us unawares into wiles, and into snares, He has given us a prey, all helpless and forlorn, To those who were our foes from the time that they were born, To vile and abominable Man! But for him, our bird-companion, comes a reckoning by and by; As for these two old deceivers, they shall suffer instantly, Bit by bit we'll tear and rend them Here's a very horrid mess Wretched man, 'twas you that caused it, you and all your cleverness! Why you brought me I can't see Just that you might follow me. Just that I might die of weeping. EU What a foolish thing to say! PEI Weeping will be quite beyond you, when your eyes are pecked away CH. On! On! In upon them! Make a very bloody onset, spread your wings about your foes, Assail them and attack them. and surround them and enclose. Both, both of them shall die, and their bodies shall supply

M

161

καὶ δοῦναι ῥύγχει φορβάν ούτε γαρ όρος σκιερον ούτε νέφος αιθέριον ούτε πολιον πέλαγος έστιν ο τι δέξεται τώδ' ἀποφυγόντε με

350

άλλα μη μέλλωμεν ήδη τώδε τίλλειν και δάκνειν ποῦ 'σθ' ὁ ταξίαρχος, ἐπαγέτω τὸ δεξιὸν κέρας τοῦτ' ἐκεῖνο ποῖ φύγω δύστηνος, ούτος ού μενείς,

HEL ίν' ύπὸ τούτων διαφορηθώ, ET

πως γάρ αν τούτους δοκείς 356 ΠEI

έκφυγείν,

ET

ούκ οίδ' ὅπως ἄν. ET.

άλλ' έγώ τοί σοι λέγω, TIEI ότι μένοντε δει μάχεσθαι λαμβάνειν τε τῶν χυτρῶν τί δὲ χύτρα νώ γ' ἀφελήσει,

ΠEI

γλαθέ μέν οὐ πρόσεισι νῷν

τοις δέ γαμψώνυξι τοισδί, ET TEL

τὸν ὀβελίσκον άρπάσας εἶτα κατάπηξον πρὸ σαυτοῦ

τοῖσι δ' ὀφθαλμοῖσι τί, 360 EΥ

οξύβαφον εντευθενί πρόσθου λαβών ή τρύβλιον. ΠEI. Ετ. ὧ σοφώτατ', εὖ γ' ἀνεῦρες αὐτὸ καὶ στρατηγικῶς·

ύπερακοντίζεις σύ γ' ήδη Νικίαν ταις μηχαναις έλελελεῦ χώρει κάθες τὸ ρύγχος οὐ μέλλειν έχρην. XO ελκε τίλλε παιε δειρε, κόπτε πρώτην την χύτραν 365.

εἰπέ μοι τί μέλλετ' ὧ πάντων κάκιστα θηρίων EΠ

was beginning his Sicilian campaign about this time.

The Greek wal-cry

Pot, with spit and platters, seem to have been borrowed from the Hoopoe's kitchen, which probably appeared on the εκκύκλημα This has not been explained Possibly there was fire in it Nicias, then famous for his tactical and engineering skill,

THE BIRDS, 348-366

	A rare dainty pasture for my beak
	For never shall be found any distant spot of ground,
	Or shadowy mountain covert, or foamy Ocean wave,
	Or cloud in Ether floating,
	which these reprobates shall save
	From the doom that upon them I will wreak
	On then, on, my flying squadions,
	now's the tune to tear and bite,
	Tarry ye not an instant longer
	Brigadiei, advance our right
EU	Here it comes! I'm off, confound them
PEI	Fool, why can't you remain with me?
EU	What I that these may tear and 1 end me?
PEI	How can you hope from birds to flee?
EU	Truly, I haven't the least idea
PEI	Then it is I the affair must guide
	Seize we a pot a and, the charge awaiting,
	here we will combat side by side
EU	Pot! and how can a pot avail us?
PEI	Nevel an owl will then come near b
EU	What of these birds of prey with talons?
PEI	Snatch up a spit, like a hoplite's speai,
	Planting it firmly there before you
EU	What shall I do about my eyes?
PEI.	Take a platter, or take a saucer,
	holding it over them buckler-wise.
EU	What a skilful neat contrivance
	O you clever fellow you,
	In your military science Nicias you far outdo ! c
CH	Eleleleu ' d' advance ' no loitering ;
	level your beaks and charge away
	Shatter the pot at once to pieces;
	worry, and scratch, and tear, and flay!
HOO	O, whatever is your purpose? is your villainy so great,

άπολέσαι παθόντες οὐδὲν ἄνδρε καὶ διασπάσαι της έμης γυναικός όντε ξυγγενέε καὶ φυλέτα, φεισόμεσθα γάρ τι τῶνδε μᾶλλον ἡμεῖς ἢ λύκων, η τίνας τισαίμεθ' ἄλλους τῶνδ' ἂν ἐχθίους ἔτι, 370

εί δὲ τὴν φύσιν μὲν ἐχθροὶ τὸν δὲ νοῦν εἰσιν φίλοι, $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{\Pi}$ καὶ διδάξοντές τι δεῦρ' ἥκουσιν ὑμᾶς χρήσιμον

πῶς δ' ἄν οἶδ' ήμᾶς τι χρήσιμον διδάξειάν ποτε, \mathbf{x} o η φράσειαν, όντες έχθροὶ τοῖσι πάπποις τοῖς έμοῖς,

άλλ' ἀπ' ἐχθρῶν δῆτα πολλὰ μανθάνουσιν οί σοφοί 376 EΠ ή γὰρ εὐλάβεια σώζει πάντα παρὰ μὲν οὖν φίλου ου μάθοις αν τουθ', ο δ' έχθρος ευθύς έξηνάγκασεν αὐτίχ' αἱ πόλεις παρ' ἀνδρῶν γ' ἔμαθον ἐχθρῶν κοὐ φίλων

έκπονεῖν θ' ὑψηλὰ τείχη ναῦς τε κεκτῆσθαι μακράς τὸ δὲ μάθημα τοῦτο σώζει παῖδας οἶκον χρήματα 380 ΧΟ. ἔστι μεν λόγων ἀκοθσαι πρώτον, ώς ήμιν δοκεί,

χρήσιμον μάθοι γὰρ ἄν τις κἀπὸ τῶν ἐχθρῶν σοφόν οίδε της όργης χαλάν είξασιν. ἄναγ' ἐπὶ σκέλος. ΠEΙ

ΧO

THE BIRDS, 367–383

You would slay two worthy persons, kinsmen, clansmen, of my mate? a Men who never sought to harm you,

would you tear and lacerate?

CH Why, I wonder, should we spare them,

more than ravening beasts of prey?

Shall we ever find, for vengeance,

enemies more rank than they?

Hoo. Enemies, I grant, by nature,

very friends in heart and will;

Here they come with kindly purpose,

useful lessons to instil

сн What, they come with words of filendship?

What, you really then suppose They will teach us useful lessons,

they our fathers' fathers' foes?

ноо Yet to clever folk a foeman

very useful hints may show;

Thus, that for esight brings us safety,

from a friend we ne'er should know,

But the truth is forced upon us, very quickly, by a foe Hence it is that all the Cities.

taught by foe, and not by friend,

Learn to build them ships of battle,

and their lofty walls extend,

So by this, a forman's, teaching

children, home, and wealth defend.

сн Well, I really think 'tis better

that their eriand we should know;

I admit that something useful

may be taught us by a foe.

PEI (to Eu) Now their anger grows more slack;

now we had better just draw back.

^a Procne was an Athenian, 15 n.

ΕΠ καὶ δίκαιόν γ' ἐστὶ κάμοὶ δεῖ νέμειν ὑμᾶς χάριν ΧΟ ἀλλὰ μὴν οὐδ' ἄλλο σοί πω πρᾶγμ' ἐνηντιώμεθο ΠΕΙ μᾶλλον εἰρήνην ἄγουσιν ῆμιν, ὥστε τὴν χύτραν τώ τε τρυβλίω καθίει καὶ τὸ δόρυ χρή, τὸν ὀβελίσκον,	385
ΠΕΙ μᾶλλον εἰρήνην ἄγουσιν ήμιν, ώστε τὴν χύτραν τώ τε τρυβλίω καθίει	
τώ τε τρυβλίω καθίει	390
καὶ τὸ δόρυ χρή, τὸν ὀβελίσκον,	390
	390
περιπατεῖν ἔχοντας ἡμᾶς	390
τῶν ὅπλων ἐντός, παρ' αὐτὴν	
τὴν χύτραν ἄκραν ὁρῶντας	
έγγύς ώς οὐ φευκτέον νῷν	
ΕΥ ἐτεὸν ἢν δ' ἄρ' ἀποθάνωμεν,	
κατορυχησόμεσθα ποῦ γῆς,	
πει. ὁ Κεραμεικὸς δέξεται νώ	395
δημοσία γὰρ ἵνα ταφῶμεν,	
φήσομεν πρός τούς στρατηγούς	
μαχομένω τοῖς πολεμίοισιν	
αποθανεῖν ἐν 'Ορνεαῖς	
χο. ἄναγ' ἐς τάξιν πάλιν ἐς ταὐτόν,	400
καὶ τὸν θυμὸν κατάθου κύψας	
παρά τὴν ὀργὴν ὧσπερ ὁπλίτης	
κάναπυθώμεθα τούσδε τίνες ποτέ,	
καὶ πόθεν ἔμολον, τίνι τ' ἐπινοία	40 t
ιω έποψ σέ τοι καλώ	
ΕΠ καλεῖς δὲ τοῦ κλύειν θέλων,	
ΧΟ τίνες ποθ' οίδε καλ πόθεν,	
επ. ξείνω σοφης ἀφ' Ἑλλάδος	
xo. τύχη δὲ ποία κομί-	41
ζει ποτ' αὐτὼ πρὸς ὄρ-	
νιθας έλθεῖν,	

^a In this suburb of Athens were buried publicly those who had fallen in battle Thuc in 34
^b A town in Argolis, chosen for its name, as if it meant "Bird-

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THE BIRDS, 384-411

HOO (to Chor) This is right and friendly conduct, such as I deserve from you

сн Well, I am sure that we have never

gone against you hitherto

PEI Now they are growing a deal more peaceful,

now is the time the pot to ground,

Now we may lower the platters twain Nay, but the spit we had best retain, Walking within the encampment's bound, Letting our watchful glances skim Over the edge of the pot's top rim, Never a thought of flight must strike us

Eu. Well, but tell me, suppose we die, Where in the world will our bodies lie?

They shall be builed in Cerameicus, a That will be done at the public cost, For we will say that our lives we lost Gallantly fighting the public foe, (Yea, we will tell the commanders so,) Gallantly fighting at Orneae b

Fall back, fall back to your ranks once more,
And stand at ease as ye stood before,
And lay your wrath on the ground, in line
With your angry mood, as a warrior should;
We'll ask the while who the men may be,
And whence they come, and with what design
Hey, Hoopoe, hey! to you I speak

Hoo What is it that to learn you seek?

Whence are these visitors and who?

From clever Hellas strangers two

cn What's their am? Canst thou tell
Why they came Here to dwell?

city" It had been attacked by Athenians and Argives the year before

EΠ	ἔ ρως	
	βίου διαίτης τε καὶ	
	σοῦ, ξυνοικεῖν τέ σοι	
	καὶ ξυνεῖναι τὸ πᾶν	
xo	τί φής,	
	λέγει δε δη τίνας λόγους,	415
EΠ.	ἄπιστα καὶ πέρα, κλύειν	
xo.	όρᾶ τι κέρδος ἐνθάδ᾽ ἄ-	
	ξιον μονής, ότω πέποιθ'	
	έμοι ξυνών	
	κρατείν ἃν ἢ τὸν ἐχθρὸν ἢ	7-5
	φίλοισιν ώφελεῖν ἔχειν;	420
EΠ.	λέγει μέγαν τιν' ὄλβον οὔ-	
	τε λεκτόν ούτε πιστόν ώς	
	σὰ πάντα καὶ	
	τὸ τῆδε καὶ τὸ κεῖσε καὶ	
	τὸ δεῦρο προσβιβᾶ λέγων.	425
xo.	πότερα μαινόμενος,	
ЕΠ	άφατον ώς φρόνιμος	
ХO	ένι σοφόν τι φρενί,	
EΠ	πυκνότατον κίναδος,	***
	σόφισμα κύρμα τρῖμμα παιπάλημ' όλον	430
ХO	λέγειν λέγειν κέλευέ μοι	
	κλύων γάρ ὧν σύ μοι λέγεις	
	λόγων ἀνεπτέρωμαι	
EΠ	άγε δη σύ και σύ την πανοπλίαν μεν πάλιν	
	ταύτην λαβόντε κρεμάσατον τύχαγαθή	435
	ές τὸν ἰπνὸν εἴσω πλησίον τοὖπιστάτου·	

α τὸ κεῖσε foll are said by Schol. to be taken from the not yet published *Phoenissus* (265)
 b Calling two attendants, of 656
 Three interpretations are given of ἐπιστάτης. (1) a bronze

¹⁶⁸

THE BIRDS, 412-436

Love of you, Love of your OOH Life and wavs Was the lune Here they fain Would 1 emain Comiades tine All their days Hey, hey, what do you say? CH What is the tale they tell? In buef. HOO Tis something more than past belief But wherefore is he come? What is it CH He seeks to compass by his visit? Think you he's got some cunning plan Whereby, allied with us, he can Assist a friend, or harm a foe? What brings him here, I'd like to know Too great, too great, for thought or words, OOH The bliss he promises the birds All things are yours, he says, whate'er Exists in space, both here and there, And to and fio, and everywhere a Mad a little, eh? CH HOO More sane than words can say Wide awake? CH Wide as day HOO The subtlest cunningest fox, All scheme, invention, craft; wit, wisdom, paradox CH His speech, his speech, bid him begin it The things you show excite me so, I'm fit to fly this very minute

Hoo Now you and you, take back this panoply, And hang it up, God bless it, out of sight Within the kitchen there, beside the Jack

stool with three legs, perforated at the top (Schol), (2) a clay figure of Hephaestus, placed by the hearth (Eustathius, Hom. Od xvii 455), (3) a stand full of pegs or hooks.

	σύ δὲ τούσδ' ἐφ' οἶσπερ τοῖς λόγοις συνέλεξ' ἐγὼ
	φράσον, δίδαξον
ΠΕΙ.	μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ,
	ην μη διάθωνταί γ' οίδε διαθήκην έμοὶ
	ηνπερ ο πίθηκος τη γυναικί διέθετο, 440
	ο μαχαιροποιός, μήτε δάκνειν τούτους έμε
	μήτ' ορχίπεδ' ελκειν μήτ' ορύττειν—
хo	οὖτι που
	τόν—; οὐδαμῶς.
пеі.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ τώφθαλμὼ λέγω
xo.	διατίθεμαι 'γώ
пет.	κατόμοσόν νυν ταῦτά μοι
	όμνυμ' ἐπὶ τούτοις, πᾶσι νικᾶν τοῖς κριταῖς 445
	καὶ τοῖς θεαταῖς πᾶσιν
пеі.	ἔ σται ταυταγί
xo	εὶ δὲ παραβαίην, ένὶ κριτῆ νικᾶν μόνον
EII	ακούετε λεώ τους όπλίτας νυνμενί
	άνελομένους θώπλ' ἀπιέναι πάλιν οἴκαδε,
	σκοπείν δ' ο τι αν προγράφωμεν εν τοίς πινακίοις. 450
	1111
xo	δολερον μεν ἀεὶ κατὰ πάντα δὴ τρόπον
	πέφυκεν ἄνθρωπος σὺ δ' ὅμως λέγε μοι
	τάχα γὰρ τύχοις ἂν
	χρηστὸν ἐξειπὼν ὁ τι μοι παρορᾶτ', ἢ
	δύναμίν τινα μείζω 455
	παραλειπομένην ὑπ' ἐμῆς φρενὸς ἀξυνέτου·
	σὺ δὲ τοῦθ' οὑρῷς λέγ' εἰς κοινόν
	ο γάρ αν σύ τύχης μοι
	άγαθὸν πορίσας, τοῦτο κοινὸν ἔσται.
170	

THE BIRDS, 437-459

But you (to Per) the things we summoned them to hear Expound, declare

PEI

By Apollo no. not I. Unless they pledge me such a treaty-pledge As that small jackanapes a who makes the swords Pledged with his wife, to wit that they'll not bite me Not pull me about, not scratch my-

Fie, for shame !

Not this? no, no!

My eyes, I was going to say.

CH I pledge it

CII

PEI

PEI

Swear !

I swear on these conditions: CH So may I win by every judge's vote,

And the whole Theatie's

AND SO YOU SHALL PEI But if I'm false, then by one vote alone CH

HOO O yes! O yes! Hoplites, take up your aims And march back homewards, there await the orders We're going to publish on the notice-boards

Full of wiles, full of guiles, at all times, in all ways, CH Are the children of Men, still we'll hear what he says. Thou hast haply detected

Something good for the Birds which we never suspected,

Some power of achievement, too high For my own shallow wit by itself to descry

But if aught you espy,

Tell it out; for whate'er of advantage shall fall To ourselves by your aid, shall be common to all

a Said to have been an ugly little cutler Panaetius, who made this formal compact with his wife * τον πρωκτον δεικνύς: Schol

	άλλ' ἐφ' ὅτωπερ πράγματι τὴν σὴν ἥκεις γνώμην ἀναπείσας,	30
	λέγε θαρρήσας ώς τὰς σπονδὰς οὐ μὴ πρότεροι παραβῶμεν	
пеі.	καὶ μὴν ὀργῶ νὴ τὸν Δία καὶ προπεφύραται λόγος εἶς μοι,	
	ον διαμάττειν κωλύει οὐδέν φέρε παι στέφανον καταχείσθαι	
	κατά χειρός ύδωρ φερέτω ταχύ τις	
ET	δειπνήσειν μέλλομεν, η τί;	
пеі.	μὰ Δί' ἀλλὰ λέγειν ζητῶ τι πάλαι μέγα καὶ λαρινὸν ἔπος τι.	35
	ο τι την τούτων θραύσει ψυχήν· ούτως ύμων ύπερ- αλγώ,	
	οιτινες όντες πρότερον βασιλής-	
xo.	ήμεῖς βασιλής, τίνος,	
HEI.	ύμεις	
пет.		
	πάντων δπόσ' ἔστιν, ἐμοῦ πρῶτον, τουδί, καὶ τοῦ Διὸς αὐτοῦ.	
	άρχαιότεροι πρότεροί τε Κρόνου καὶ Τιτάνων ἐγένεσθε,	
	καὶ γῆς	
ХO	καὶ γῆς,	
пеі.	νη τὸν ᾿Απόλλω	
xo.	τουτί μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἐπεπύσμην. 47	70
	Zug Ala and Adam and and and an array at 23° Attack	
TEI.	άμαθης γὰρ ἔφυς κοὐ πολυπράγμων, οὐδ' Αΐσω- πον πεπάτηκας,	
	δς ἔφασκε λέγων κορυδον πάντων πρώτην ὅρνιθα γενέσθαι,	
	προτέραν τῆς γῆς, κἄπειτα νόσω τὸν πατέρ αὐτῆς ἀποθνήσκειν	

^a A myrtle wreath was always worn by an orator, T. 380, 172

THE BIRDS, 460-473

So expound us the plan you have brought us, my man,

not doubting, it seems, of success. And don't be afined, for the treaty we made we won't be the first to transgress. PEI I am hot to begin, and my spirit within is fermenting the tale to declare. And my dough I will knead, for there's nought to impede Boy, bring me a wreath for my han.a And a wash for my hands Why, what mean these commands? Is a dinner in near contemplation? PEI No dinner, I ween, 'tis a speech that I mean, a stalwart and brawny oration, Then spirit to batter, and shiver and shatter (To the Bnds) So sorely I grieve for your lot Who once in the prime and beginning of time were Sovereigns-We Sovereigns! of what? PEI Of all that you see, of him and of me; of Zeus up above on his throne, A lineage older and nobler by fai than the Titans and Cionos ye own, And than Earth

And than Earth!

EU

CH

CH

PEI

By Apollo 'tis true

And I never had heard it before! CH PEI Because you've a blind uninquisitive mind,

unaccustomed on Aesop to pore.b

The lark had her birth, so he says, before Earth; then her father fell sick and he died.

E 131 It was also used in banquets, but the rinsing of the hands belonged to the banquet P regards his speech as a feast, and leads up to it by the metaphors taken from bakery. fermentation, mixing, and kneading

b This fable is not in the collection which we have.

	γην δ' οὐκ είναι, τὸν δὲ προκεῖσθαι πεμπταῖον
	τὴν δ' ἀποροῦσαν
	ύπ' ἀμηχανίας τὸν πατέρ' αύτῆς ἐν τῆ κεφαλῆ κατορύξαι.
ימינד	κατορυζαι. δ πατὴρ ἄρα τῆς κορυδοῦ νυνὶ κεῖται τεθνεὼς
	Κεφαλησιν
пеі.	οὔκουν δητ³ εἰ πρότεροι μὲν γης πρότεροι δὲ θεῶν ἐγένοντο,
	ώς πρεσβυτάτων αὐτῶν ὄντων ὀρθῶς ἐσθ' ἡ βασιλεία,
et	νη τὸν ᾿Απόλλω πάνυ τοίνυν χρη ρύγχος βόσκειν
	σε τὸ λοιπόν οὐκ ἀποδώσει ταχέως ὁ Ζεὺς τὸ σκῆπτρον τῷ δρυκολάπτη.
пеі.	ώς δ' οὐχὶ θεοὶ τοίνυν ήρχον τῶν ἀνθρώπων τὸ παλαιόν.
	άλλ' ὅρνιθες, κάβασίλευον, πόλλ' ἐστὶ τεκμήρια τούτων
	αὐτίκα δ' ὑμῖν πρῶτ' ἐπιδείξω τὸν ἀλεκτρυόν', ὡς ἐτυράννει
	ήρχέ τε Περσών πρώτον πάντων Δαρείου καὶ Μεγαβάζου,
	ώστε καλείται Περσικός όρνις ἀπὸ τῆς ἀρχῆς ἔτ' ἐκείνης
ET.	διὰ ταθτ' ἄρ' ἔχων καὶ νθν ὥσπερ βασιλεθς ὁ το μέγας διαβάσκει
	ἐπὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς τὴν κυρβασίαν τῶν ὀρνίθων μόνος ὀρθήν

Κεφαλή was an Attic deme
 Lit. "the oakpecker" "The oak was sacred to Zeus, and

THE BIRDS, 474-487

	She laid out his body with dutiful care, but a grave she could nowhere provide;
	For the Earth was not yet in existence, at last,
	by ungent necessity led, When the fifth day anived, the poor creature contrived
EU.	to bury her sire in her head. So the sire of the lark, give me leave to remark,
PEI	on the crest of a headland a hes dead If therefore, by birth, ye are older than Earth, if before all the Gods ye existed,
	By the right of the firstborn the sceptre is yours; your claim cannot well be resisted.
EU	I advise you to nomish and strengthen your beak, and to keep it in turn for a stroke.
	Zeus won't in a hurry the sceptie restore to the woodpecker b tapping the oak.
PET	In times prehistoric 'tis easily proved,
	by evidence weighty and ample
	That Buds, and not Gods, were the Rulers of men,
	and the Lords of the world; for example,
	Time was that the Persians were ruled by the Cock,
	a King autocratic, alone
	The sceptre hc wielded or ever the names "Megabazus," Daiius were known;
	And the "Persian" he still by the people is called from the Empire that once was his own
EU	And thus, to this hour, the symbol of power on his head you can always detect:
	Like the Sovereign of Persia, alone of the Birds, he stalks with tiata decret
M.	
The	woodpecker in attacking the oak might seem to be attacking

^o 1 s Περσικότ δρυις, of 707.

^d The ordinary Persian headdress, the king wore his elect.

Heiod v. 49, Xen. Anab. 11 5 23

ARISTOPHANES ΠΕΙ οὕτω δ' ἴσγυέ τε καὶ μένας τω τότε καὶ πολύς.

	ωστ' ἔτι καὶ νῦν	
	ύπὸ τῆς ρώμης τῆς τότ' ἐκείνης, ὁπόταν νόμον	
	ο δρθριον ἄση,	
		490
	σκυτής, βαλανής, ἀλφιταμοιβοί, τορνευτολυρασπι- δοπηγοί	
	οί δὲ βαδίζουσ' ὑποδησάμενοι νύκτωρ	
ET.	έμε τουτό γ' ερώτα	
	χλαίναν γὰρ ἀπώλεσ' ὁ μοχθηρὸς Φρυγίων ἐρίων διὰ τοῦτον	
	ές δεκάτην γάρ ποτε παιδαρίου κληθεὶς ὑπέπινον ἐν ἄστει,	
	κάρτι καθεῦδον, καὶ πρὶν δειπνεῖν τοὺς ἄλλους οὖτος ἄρ' ἦσεν	495
	κάγὼ νομίσας ὅρθρον ἐχώρουν ᾿Αλιμουντάδε, κάρτι προκύπτω	
	έξω τείχους καὶ λωποδύτης παίει ροπάλω με τὸ νῶτον	
	κάγὼ πίπτω μέλλω τε βοᾶν, ὁ δ' ἀπέβλισε θοἰμάτιόν μου	
ΠΕΙ.	ικτίνος δ' οὖν τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἦρχεν τότε κάβασί- λευεν.	
xo.	τῶν Ἑλλήνων,	
ПЕІ	καὶ κατέδειξέν γ' οὖτος πρῶτος βασιλεύων	E00
	προκυλινδεῖσθαι τοῖς ἰκτίνοις	JUG

a "Here, as in κυρβασία, there seems to be an echo of Herodotus In vii 14 the historian had described Xerxes as waxing μέγας καί πολύς". R.

THE BIRDS, 488-501

PEI.	So mighty and great was his former estate,
	so ample he waxed and so strong, a
	That still the tradition is potent, and still,
	when he sings in the moining his song,b
	At once from then sleep all mortals upleap,
	the cobblers, the tanners, the bakers,
	The potters, the bathmen, the smiths, and the shield-
	and-the-musical-instrument-makers,
	And some will at eve take their sandals and leave
EU	I can answer for that, to my cost
	'Twas all through his crowing at eve that my cloak,
	the softest of Phrygians, I lost
	I was asked to the Tenth-day feast of a child c;
	and I diank ere the feast was begun;
	Then I take my repose, and anon the cock crows,
	so thinking it daybreak I run
	To return from the City to Halimus town d,
	but scarce I emerge from the wall,
	When I get such a whack with a stick on my back
	from a rascally thief, that I fall,
	And he skims off my cloak from my shoulders or e'er
	for assistance I'm able to bawl
PEI	Then a Kite was the Sovereign of Hellas of old,
CH	and ruled with an absolute sway. The Sovereign of Hellas!
PEI	And, taught by his rule,
PEL	we wallow on earth to this day
	When a Kite we espy
ь	"His Song of dawn , his Morning hymn with an allusion to the
XAD.	we where the stirring march of Ternander See E 741" R

on the tenth day after birth was the child's name-day feast.

A village not far from Peiraeus
 ἀπέβλισε "for ἀφείλετο, a metaphor from honeycombs"
 Schol. βλίττω is to take the honey from the combs

EΥ	νη τον Διόνυσον, έγω γουν
	ἐκυλινδούμην ἰκτῖνον ἰδών κἆθ' ὕπτιος ὧν ἀνα- χάσκων
	όβολον κατεβρόχθισα κἆτα κενον τον θύλακον οϊκαδ' ἀφείλκον
пеі	Αἰγύπτου δ' αὖ καὶ Φοινίκης πάσης κόκκυξ βασιλεὺς ἦν
	χωπόθ' ὁ κόκκυξ είποι "κόκκυ," τότε γ' οί
	Φοίνικες ἄπαντες 505
	τούς πυρούς ἄν καὶ τὰς κριθὰς ἐν τοῖς πεδίοις ἐθέριζον.
EΥ	τοῦτ' ἄρ' ἐκεῖν' ἦν τοὔπος ἀληθῶς '' κόκκυ ψωλοὶ
	πεδίονδε ''
ΠΕΙ.	ἦρχον δ' οὖτω σφόδρα τὴν ἀρχήν, ὥστ' ϵἴ τις καὶ
	βασιλεύοι ἐν ταῖς πόλεσιν τῶν Ἑλλήνων ᾿Αγαμέμνων ἢ Μενέ-
	λαος.
	επὶ τῶν σκήπτρων ἐκάθητ' ὄρνις μετέχων ὅ τι δωρο-
	δοκοίη 510
ET	τουτὶ τοίνυν οὐκ ήδη 'γώ καὶ δητά μ' ἐλάμβανε
	θαθμα,
	όπότ' εξέλθοι Πρίαμός τις έχων όρνιν εν τοίσι
	τραγωδοῖς, ὁ δ' ἄρ' εἰστήκει τὸν Λυσικράτη τηρῶν ὅ τι δωρο-
	δοκοίη. •
ΠΕΙ.	ο δε δεινότατόν γ' εστίν απάντων, ο Ζεύς γαρ
	ό νῦν βασιλεύων

α ξαρος αρχομένου lκτίνος φαίνεται εις τὴρ Έλλάδα, ἐφ' ῷ ἡδόμενοι κυλίνδονται Schol See 713 For the habit of carrying money in the mouth see W 791,

THE BIRDS, 501-514

EU	By Bacchus, 'twas I
	saw a Kite in the an, so I wallow
	Then raising my eyne from my posture supine,
	I give such a gulp that I swallow
	O what but an obol I've got in my mouth,
	and am forced to 1 eturn empty-handed
PEI	And the whole of Phoenice and Egypt was east
	by a masterful Cuckoo commanded
	When his loud cuckoo-ciy was resounding on high,
	at once the Phoenicians would leap
	All hands to the plain, rich-waving with grain,
	then wheat and their barley to reap
EU	So that's why we cry to the circumcised Hi '
	Cuckoo ' To the plan ' Cuckoo '
PEI	And whene'er in the cities of Hellas a chief
	to honour and dignity grew,
	Menelaus or King Agamemnon perchance,
	your rule was so firm and decided
	That a bird on his sceptie would perch, to partake
	of the gifts for his Lordship provided
EU	Now of that I declare I was never awaie,
	and I oft have been filled with amaze,
	When Priam so noble and stately appeared,
	with a bird, in the Tragedy-plays.
	But the bird was no doubt for the gifts looking out,
-	to Lysicrates d brought on the sly
PEI.	But the strongest and clearest of proofs is that Zeus who at present is Lord of the sky
	who at present is Lord of the sky
ъ	A proverb, used here as a call to work for lusty youths,

1 195

ψωλοί being equivalent to ἐστυκότες
- The eagle was a common ornament on the sceptre Herod.

⁴ A corrupt Athenian officer The mention of Priam refers to some recent tragedy, in which P may have been called λυσικράτης as having "destroyed the power" of Troy. See P. 992

	αἰετὸν ὄρνιν ἔστηκεν ἔχων ἐπὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς βασιλεὺς ὤν,	515
	ή δ' αὖ θυγάτηρ γλαῦχ', ὁ δ' ᾿Απόλλων ὧσπερ θεράπων ἷέρακα	
ET	νη την Δήμητρ' εὖ ταῦτα λέγεις τίνος οὕνεκα ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἔχουσιν,	
ПЕІ	ιν' όπαν θύων τις έπειτ' αὐτοῖς ἐς τὴν χεῖρ', ὡς νόμος ἐστίν,	
	τὰ σπλάγχνα διδῷ, τοῦ Διὸς αὐτοὶ πρότεροι τὰ σπλάγχνα λάβωσιν	
	ὤμνυ τ' οὐδεὶς τότ' ἃν ἀνθρώπων θεόν, ἀλλ' ὅρνιθας ἄπαντες	520
	Λάμπων δ' όμνυσ' έτι καὶ νυνὶ τὸν χῆν', όταν	
	έξαπατᾶ τι οὖτως ὑμᾶς πάντες πρότερον μεγάλους ἁγίους τ'	
	ἐνόμιζον, νῦν δ' ἀνδράποδ', ἠλιθίους, Μανᾶς	
	ωσπερ δ' ήδη τους μαινομένους	
	βάλλουσ' ύμᾶς, κὰν τοῖς ἱεροῖς πᾶς τις ἐφ' ὑμῖν ὀρνιθευτὴς	525
	Ιστησι βρόχους, παγίδας, ράβδους,	
	ἔρκη, νεφέλας, δίκτυα, πηκτάς εἶτα λαβόντες πωλοῦο' ἀθρόους	
	οί δ' ὧνοῦνται βλιμάζοντες·	530
	κοὐδ' οὖν, εἴπερ ταθτα δοκεῖ δρᾶν, ὀπτησάμενοι παρέθενθ' ὑμᾶς,	
	άλλ' ἐπικνῶσιν τυρόν, ἔλαιον,	
	σίλφιον, ὄξος, καὶ τρίψαντες κατάχυσμ' ἔτερον γλυκὺ καὶ λιπαρόν,	535
	Top siepos proko kan honapos,	-50

 $^{^{\}rm s}$ A bird was often represented on the helmet of a deity , as the eagle is proper for Zeus, the falcon will do for Apollo.

THE BIRDS, 515-535

Stands wearing, as Royalty's emblem and badge. an Eagle erect on his head. Our Lady an owl, and Apollo forsooth,

as a lackey, a falcon a instead.

EU. By Demeter, 'tis true, that is just what they do, but tell me the reason, I pray.

PEI That the bud may be ready and able, whene'er the sacrificed inwards we lav.

As custom demands, in the deity's hands,

to seize before Zeus on the fare.

And none by the Gods, but all by the Birds. were accustomed aforetime to swear:

And Lampon b will vow by the Goose even now, whenever he's going to cheat you

So holy and mighty they deemed you of old,

with so deep a respect did they treat you ! Now they treat you as knaves,

and as fools, and as slaves;

Yea they pelt you as though ye were mad No safety for you can the Temples ensure, For the bud-catcher sets his nooses and nets. And his traps, and his toils, and his bait, and his line, And his lime-covered rods in the shrine of the Gods! Then he takes you, and sets you for sale in the lump, And the customers, buying, come poking and prying

And twitching and trying, To feel if your bodies are tender and plump And if they decide on your flesh to sup They don't just roast you and serve you up, But over your bodies, as prone ye he, They grate their cheese and their silphium too, And oil and vinegar add,

Then a gravy, luscious and rich, they brew,

^b A soothsaver, see 998

κάπειτα κατεσκέδασαν θερμόν τοῦτο καθ' ὑμῶν αὐτῶν, ὧσπερ κενεβρείων.

хo	πολύ δή, πολύ δή χαλεπωτάτους λόγους [ἀντ	
	ήνεγκας ἄνθρωφ' ώς έδάκρυσά γ' ἐμῶν	540
	πατέρων κάκην, οῗ	
	τάσδε τὰς τιμὰς προγόνων παραδόντων	
	ἐπ' ἐμοῦ κατέλυσαν	
	σύ δέ μοι κατά δαίμονα καί τινα συντυχίαν	
	άγαθὴν ῆκεις ἐμοὶ σωτήρ.	545
	άναθείς γάρ έγώ σοι	
	τὰ νεοττία κάμαυτὸν οἰκίσω δή	
'	άλλ' ο τι χρη δράν, σύ δίδασκε παρών ώς ζην	
	οὐκ ἄξιον ἡμῖν,	
	εὶ μὴ κομιούμεθα παντὶ τρόπω τὴν ἡμετέραν	
	βασιλείαν.	
HEI.	καὶ δὴ τοίνυν πρῶτα διδάσκω μίαν ὀρνίθων	
	πόλιν είναι,	550
	καπειτα τὸν ἀέρα πάντα κύκλφ καὶ πῶν τουτὶ	500
	τὸ μεταξύ	
	περιτειχίζειν μεγάλαις πλίνθοις όπταις ώσπερ	
	Βαβυλώνα.	
Town.	ῶ Κεβριόνη καὶ Πορφυρίων ὡς σμερδαλέον τὸ	
44.	πόλισμα	
пеі	κάπειδὰν τοῦτ' ἐπανεστήκῃ, τὴν ἀρχὴν τὸν Δί'	
INEL	άπαιτείν του επανευτηκή, την αρχην τον Δι	
	καν μεν μη φη μηδ' εθελήση μηδ' εὐθύς	
	γνωσιμαχήση,	555

THE BIRDS, 536-555

And pour it in soft warm streams o'er you, As though ye were carrion noisome and div.

O man, 'tis indeed a most pitiful tale a CII Thou hast brought to our ears, and I can but bewarl Our fathers' dement.

Who boin such an Empire as this to inherit Have lost it, have lost it, for me!

But now thou art come, by good Fortune's decree. Our Saviour to be.

And under thy charge, whatsoever befall,

I will place my own self, and my nestlings, and all.

Now therefore do you tell us what we must do. since life is not worth our retaining,

Unless we be Lords of the world as before.

our ancient dominion regaining.

PEI Then first I propose that the Au ye enclose,

and the space 'twixt the Earth and the sky,

Encircling it all with a brick-builded wall,

like Babylon's, solid and high, b

And there you must place the abode of your race, and make them one State, and one nation.

EU. O Porphyrion! O Cebriones!

how stupendous the fortification ! PEI. When the wall is complete, send a messenger fleet.

the empire from Zeus to reclaim

And if he deny, or be slow to comply,

nor retreat in confusion and shame.

^b Another reminiscence of Herodotus, 1 179 This reminds E of the assault which the Giants made upon Olympus, and he

invokes two of them See 1252

[&]quot;These words are perhaps borrowed from Eur Alcests 442 πολύ δή, πολύ δή γυναϊκ' άρίσταν, a play which is again drawn upon, mfra 1244" R

ίερον πόλεμον πρωύδαν αὐτῷ, καὶ τοῖσι θεοῖσιν ἀπειπεῖν διά της χώρας της ύμετέρας έστυκόσι μη διαφοιτάν, ώσπερ πρότερον μοιχεύσοντες τὰς 'Αλκμήνας κατέβαινον καὶ τὰς 'Αλόπας καὶ τὰς Σεμέλας ήνπερ δ' ἐπίωσ'.

ἐπιβάλλειν

σφραγίδ' αὐτοῖς ἐπὶ τὴν ψωλήν, ἵνα μὴ βινῶσ' ἔτ' ἐκείνας 560 τοῖς δ' ἀνθρώποις ὄρνιν ἔτερον πέμψαι κήρυκα κελεύω, ώς δρνίθων βασιλευόντων θύειν δρνισι τὸ λοιπόν, κάπειτα θεοίς υστεροναθθις προσνείμασθαιδέ πρεπόντως τοίσι θεοίσιν των δρνίθων δς αν άρμόζη καθ' εκαστον ην 'Αφροδίτη θύη, πυρούς ὄρνιθι φαληρίδι θύειν. KRK ην δε Ποσειδωνί τις οίν θύη, νήττη πυρούς καθαγίζειν ην δ' 'Ηρακλέει θύη τι, λάρω ναστούς θύειν μελιτούττας. καν Διὶ θύη βασιλεῖ κριόν, βασιλεύς έστ' ὀρχίλος ὄρνις. ῶ προτέρω δεῖ τοῦ Διὸς αὐτοῦ σέρφον ἐνόρχην σφαγιά-LELV

"These were women, loved by the gods Alcmena bore Heracles, and Semele Dionysus, to Zeus Alope bore Hippothoon to Poseidon" R.

⁶ The φαληρίς was appropriate to Aphrodite κατά συνέμφασιν

[&]quot;About thirty-five years before the date of this comedy occurred the brief Holy War, for which the Scholiast refers to Thuc. 1 112" R.

τοῦ φαλλοῦ (Athenaeus, vii. 126)

"This little bird derived its Greek name βασιλίσκος, its Latin Regulus, and its English Kinglet from the well-known fable of Aesop The assembled birds had agreed that whichever of 184

THE BIRDS, 556-569

Proclaim ye against him a Holy Wai,a

and announce that no longer below,

On then lawless amous through these regions of yours, will the Gods be permitted to go

No more through the an (to then Alopes fan,

their Alcmenas, their Semeles b wending)

May they post in hot love, as of old, from above,

for if ever you catch them descending,

You will clap on their dissolute persons a seal,

their evil designs to prevent!

And then let another ambassador-bird

to men with this message be sent,

That the Birds being Sovereigns, to them must be paid all honour and worship divine,

And the Gods for the future to them be postponed

Now therefore assort and combine

Each God with a biid, whichever will best

with his nature and attributes suit;

If to Queen Aphrodite a victim ye slay,

first sacrifice grain to the coot o;

If a sheep to Poseidon ye slay, to the duck

let wheat as a victim be brought;

And a big honey-cake for the cormorant make,

if ye offer to Heracles aught

Bring a 1am for King Zeus! But ye first must produce

for our Kinglet, the gold-crested wren,d

A masculine midge, full formed and entire,

to be sacrificed duly by men.

them could fly the highest should be then King. The Eagle soared far above the rest, but when he had attained the highest point to which he could by any possibility ascend, a little goldencrested wren which had nestled unperceived in his plumage, spread its tiny wings and flew up a few yards higher. Hence its claim to be King of Birds; and hence its association here with Zeus, the King of the Gods" R

et.	ησθην σέρφω σφαγιαζομένω βροντάτω νῦν δ	
xo.	μέγας Ζάν καὶ πῶς ἡμᾶς νομιοῦσι θεοὺς ἄνθρωποι κοὐχὶ	570
пеі	κολοιούς, οι πετόμεσθα πτέρυγάς τ' έχομεν, ληρείς καὶ νὴ Δί' ὁ γ' Ἑρμῆς πέταται θεὸς ὧν, πτέρυγάς τε φορεί, κἄλλοι γε θεοὶ πάνυ πολλοί.	
	αὐτίκα Νίκη πέταται πτερύγοιν χρυσαῖν καὶ νὴ Δί' "Ερως γε	
	*Ιριν δέ γ' *Ομηρος ἔφασκ' ἰκέλην εΐναι τρήρωνι	575
EΥ	δ Ζεθς δ' ήμιν ου βροντήσας πέμψει πτερόεντα κεραυνόν,	
ПЕІ	η δ' οδν ύμας μεν ύπ' άγνοίας είναι νομίσωσι το μηδέν, τούτους δε θεούς τους έν 'Ολύμπω, τότε χρη	
	στρούθων νέφος άρθέν καὶ σπερμολόγων ἐκ τῶν ἀγρῶν τὸ σπέρμ'	
	αὐτῶν ἀνακάψαι κἄπειτ' αὐτοῖς ἡ Δημήτηρ πυρούς πεινῶσι με-	
et	τρείτω οὐκ ἐθελήσει μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὄψει προφάσεις αὐτὴν παρέχουσαν.	580
ПЕІ	οί δ' αδ κόρακες των ζευγαρίων, οίσιν την γην καταρούσιν,	
	καὶ τῶν προβάτων τοὺς ὀφθαλμοὺς ἐκκοψάντων ἐπὶ πείρα.	

a Doric for Zeús.

THE BIRDS, 570-583

I am tickled and pleased with the sacrificed midge EU Now thunder away, great Zan a! But men, will they take us for Gods, and not daws. do ye really believe that they can-If they see us on wings flying idly about? Don't say such ridiculous things ! PEI Why, Hermes, and lots of the derties too, go flying about upon wings, There is Victory, bold on her pinions of gold, and then, by the Powers, there is Love : And Ins. says Homer, shoots straight through the skies, with the ease of a terrified dove b And the thunder bolt flies upon wings, I surmise. what if Zeus upon us let it fall? PEI. But suppose that mankind, being stupid and blind, should account you as nothing at all, And still in the Gods of Olympus believewhy then, like a cloud, shall a swarm Of sparrows and rooks settle down on their stooks. and devour all the seed in the farm. Demeter may fill them with grain, if she will, when hungry and pinched they entreat her EU O no, for by Zeus, she will make some excuse, that is always the way with Demeter PEI And truly the ravens shall pluck out the eyes of the oxen that work in the plough, Of the flocks and the herds, as a proof that the Birds are the Masters and Potentates now.

An allusion to the doles of wheat often promised by dem-

^d As a test of the power of the Birds, and the powerlessness of the Gods.

b Hermes, Victory, Iris, and Eros were represented with wings In the *lliad* (v 778) Hera and Athena are compared to τρήρωσε πελειάσεν, in the Hymn to Apollo, Iris and Erlethyna.

	είο ο γ Απολλών ιάτρος γ ων ιάσοω.
	μισθοφορεῖ δέ.
EΥ	μή πρίν γ' αν ἐγὼ τὼ βοιδαρίω τὦμὼ πρώτιστ' ἀποδῶμαι 581
	ην δ' ήγωνται σε θεόν σε βίον σε δε γην σε
пеі.	Κρόνον σε Ποσειδώ,
	άγάθ' αὐτοῖσιν πάντα παρέσται.
XO	λέγε δή μοι των ἀγαθων ἕν
пеі.	πρῶτα μὲν αὐτῶν τὰς οἰνάνθας οἱ πάρνοπες οὐ κατέδονται,
	άλλὰ γλαυκῶν λόχος εἶς αὐτοὺς καὶ κερχνήδων ἐπιτρίψει
	είθ' οἱ κνῖπες καὶ ψῆνες ἀεὶ τὰς συκᾶς οὐ κατέδονται, 590
	άλλ' ἀναλέξει πάντας καθαρῶς αὐτοὺς ἀγέλη μία κιχλῶν
xo.	πλουτέῖν δὲ πόθεν δώσομεν αὐτοῖς, καὶ γὰρ τούτου σφόδρ' ἐρῶσιν
пеі.	τὰ μὲν ἄλλ' αὐτοῖς μαντευομένοις οὖτοι δώσουσι τὰ χρηστά,
	τάς τ' έμπορίας τὰς κερδαλέας πρὸς τὸν μάντιν κατεροῦσιν,
	ωστ' ἀπολεῖται των ναυκλήρων οὐδείς
xo.	πως οὐκ ἀπολεῖται; 59:
ΠEI.	προερεί τις ἀεὶ τῶν ὀρνίθων μαντευομένω περὶ
	τοῦ πλοῦ·
	'' νυνὶ μὴ πλεῖ, χειμών ἔσται-'' '' νυνὶ πλεῖ, κέρδος

γαθλον κτώμαι καὶ ναυκληρώ, κοὐκ ἃν μείναιμι

ΠΕΙ. τοὺς θησαυρούς τ' αὐτοῖς δείξουσ', οῦς οἱ πρότεροι

παρ' ὑμιτν

κατέθεντο,

THE BIRDS, 584-599

	Apollo the leech, if his aid they beseech,
	may cure them, but then they must pay!
EU	Nay but hold, nay but hold, nor begin till I've sold
	my two httle oxen I pray
PEI	But when once to esteem you as God, and as Life,
	and as Cronos and Earth they've begun,
	And as noble Poseidon, what joys shall be thens!
CII	Will you kindly inform me of one?
PEI	The deheate tenduls and bloom of the vine
	no more shall the locusts molest,
	One gallant bugade of the kestiels and owls
	shall rid them at once of the pest.
	No more shall the mite and the gall-making blight
	the faut of the fig-taee devour;
	Of thrushes one troop on then armies shall swoop,
	and clear them all off in an hour
CII.	But how shall we furnish the people with wealth?
	It is wealth that they mostly desire
PEI	Choice blessings and iaie ye shall give them whene'er
	they come to your shrine to inquire.
	To the seer ye shall tell when 'tis lucky and well
	for a merchant to sail o'er the seas,
	So that never a skipper again shall be lost.
CII.	So that never a skipper again shall be lost. What, "never"? Explain if you please.
PEI	Are they seeking to know when a voyage to go?
	The Buds shall give answers to guide them
	Now stick to the land, there's a tempest at hand '
	Now sail ' and good luck shall betide them.
EÜ	A galley for me, I am off to the sea!
	No longer with you will I stay.
PEI	The treasures of silver long since in the earth
	by their forefathers hidden away

	τῶν ἀργυρίων σὖτοι γὰρ ἴσασι· λέγουσι δέ τοι τάδε πάντες.	600
	"οὐδεὶς οἶδεν τὸν θησαυρὸν τὸν ἐμὸν πλὴν εἴ τις ἄρ' ὄρνις"	
EY	πωλῶ γαῦλον, κτῶμαι σμινύην, καὶ τὰς ὑδρίας ἀν-	
хо	ορύττω πῶς δ' ὑγιείαν δώσομεν αὐτοῖς, οὖσαν παρὰ τοῖσι	
пеі	θεοῖσιν, ἢν εὖ πράττωσ', οὐχ ὑγιεία μεγάλη τοῦτ' ἐστί , σάφ'	
1121	ισθι,	
	ώς ἄνθρωπός γε κακῶς πράττων ἀτεχνῶς οὐδεὶς ὑγιαίνει	605
xo	πῶς δ' ἐς γῆράς ποτ' ἀφίξονται, καὶ γὰρ τοῦτ'	-00
	ἔστ' ἐν 'Ολύμπω ἢ ποιδάρι' ὄντ' ἀποθνήσκειν δεῦ,	
ПЕІ	μὰ Δί' ἀλλὰ τριακόσι' αὐτοῖς	
	ἔτι προσθήσουσ' ὅρνιθες ἔτη.	
XO	παρὰ τοῦ,	
ПЕІ	παρ' ὅτου, παρ' ἑαυτῶν οὐκ οἶσθ' ὅτι πέντ' ἀνδρῶν γενεὰς ζώει λακέρυζα κορώνη;	
ET	αίβοι ώς πολλώ κρείττους οθτοι του Διὸς ήμιν	610
пеі.	οὐ γὰρ πολλῷ,	
	πρώτον μέν γ' ούχὶ νεώς ήμας	
	οίκοδομεῖν δεῖ λιθίνους αὐτοῖς,	
	ούδὲ θυρώσαι χρυσαῖσι θύραις,	
		615
	οἰκήσουσιν, τοῖς δ' αὖ σεμνοῖς τῶν ὀρνίθων δένδρον ἐλαίας	

THE BIRDS, 600-617

To men ve shall show, for the secret ve know How often a man will declare. There is no one who knows where my treasures repose, if it be not a bird of the air a My galley may go, I will buy me a hoe. and dig for the crock and the casket But Health, I opine, is a blessing divine, can we give it to men if they ask it? PEI If they've plenty of wealth, they'll have plenty of health. ve may rest quite assured that they will. Did you ever hear tell of a man that was well. when faring remarkably ill? Long life 'tis Olympus alone can bestow. so can men live as long as before? Must they die in their youth? Die? No! why in truth PEI then lives by three hundred or more New years ye will lengthen Why, whence will they come? CHFrom your own mexhaustible store PEI What dost thou not know that the noisy-tongued crow lives five generations of men? O fie ! it is plain they are fitter to reign than the Gods, let us have them again. Ay fitter by far ! PEI No need for their sakes to erect and adorn Great temples of marble with portals of gold Enough for the birds on the brake and the thorn And the evergreen oak their receptions to hold Or if any are noble, and courtly, and fine, The tree of the olive will serve for their shrine

[«] A proverb , οὐδείς με θεωρεί, πλην ὁ παριπτάμενος δρνις Schol.

δ νεως ἔσται κοὐκ ἐς Δελφούς οὐδ' εἰς "Αμμων' ἐλθόντες ἐκεῖ θύσομεν, ἀλλ' ἐν ταῖσιν κομάροις καὶ τοῖς κοτίνοις στάντες ἔχοντες κριθάς, πυρούς, εὐξόμεθ' αὐτοῖς ἀνατείνοντες τω χεῖρ' ἀγαθων διδόναι τι μέρος καὶ ταῦθ' ἡμῖν παραχρῆμ' ἔσται πυρούς ὀλίγους προβαλοῦσιν

620

625

xo. ὧ φίλτατ' ἐμοὶ πολὺ πρεσβυτῶν ἐξ ἐχθίστου μεταπίπτων.

ούκ έστιν όπως αν έγώ ποθ' έκων της σης γνώμης

ἔτ' ἀφείμην

έπαυχήσας δὲ τοῖσι σοῖς λόγοις ἐπηπείλησα καὶ κατώμοσα, ἢν σὰ παρ' ἐμὲ θέμενος ὁμόφρονας λόγους δικαίους ἀδόλους ὁσίους ἐπὶ θεοὰς ἔης, ἐμοὶ φρονῶν ξυνῳδά, μὴ πολὰν χρόνον θεοὰς ἔτι σκῆπτρα τάμὰ τρίψειν

630

635

άλλ' όσα μεν δει ρώμη πράττειν, επὶ ταῦτα τεταξόμεθ' ἡμεις

όσα δε γνώμη δεῖ βουλεύειν, ἐπὶ σοὶ τάδε πάντ' ἀνάκειται.

EΠ καὶ μὴν μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐχὶ νυστάζειν ἔτι ὥρα 'στὶν ἡμῖν οὐδὲ μελλονικιᾶν, ἀλλ' ὡς τάχιστα δεῖ τι δρᾶν πρῶτον δέ τοι

640

Delphi, with the oracle of Apollo, Ammon in Libya, with the oracle of Zeus.

THE BIRDS, 618-641

No need, when a blessing we seek, to repair To Delphi or Ammon, and sacrifice there, We will under an olive or arbutus stand With a present of bailey and wheat, And piously lifting our heart and our hand The birds for a boon we'll entieat,

And the boon shall be ours, and our suit we shall gain At the cost of a few little handfuls of grain

I thought thee at first of my foemen the worst; and lo, I have found thee the wisest And best of my friends, and our nation intends to do whatsoe'er thou advisest

A spirit so lofty and rare Thy words have within me excited, That I hft up my soul, and I swear That if Thou wilt with Me be united In bonds that are holy and true And honest and just and sincere, If our hearts are attuned to one song, We will march on the Gods without fear, The sceptre-my sceptie, my due,-They shall not be handling it long! So all that by muscle and strength can be done,

we Bnds will assuredly do; But whatever by prudence and skill must be won, we leave altogether to you.

HOO Aye and, by Zeus, the time is over now For drowsy nods and Nicias-hesitations b We must be up and doing! And do you,

b The word is coined in reference to the dilatory character of Nicias (cf. Thuc. vi. 8-25), and also seems to suggest "delaying victory.

	εἰσέλθετ' ἐς νεοττιάν γε τὴν ἐμὴν	
	καὶ τάμὰ κάρφη καὶ τὰ παρόντα φρύγανα,	
	καὶ τούνομ' ἡμῖν φράσατον.	
ПЕІ	άλλὰ ῥάδιον	
	έμοι μεν ὄνομα Πεισθέταιρος	
ЕΠ	$ au\hat{\omega}$ $\delta \epsilon au t$,	
ПЕІ	Εὐελπίδης Κριώθεν	
ЕΠ	άλλὰ χαίρετον	645
	ἄμφω	010
пеі	δεχόμεθα	
EΠ	δεῦρο τοίνυν εἴσιτον.	
ПЕІ	ἴωμεν· εἰσηγοῦ σὸ λαβὼν ἡμᾶς	
ЕΠ	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	
ПЕІ	άτάρ, τὸ δεῖνα, δεῦρ' ἐπανάκρουσαι πάλιν	
	φέρ ίδω, φράσον νῶν, πῶς ἐγώ τε χοὐτοσὶ	
	ξυνεσόμεθ' υμιν πετομένοις οι πετομένω,	650
ЕΠ	καλῶς	
HEI	όρα νυν, ώς εν Αισώπου λόγοις	
	έστιν λεγόμενον δή τι, την αλώπεχ', ώς	
	φλαύρως έκοινώνησεν αἰετῷ ποτέ	
ЕΠ	μηδεν φοβηθής έστι γάρ τι ρίζιον.	
	ο διατραγόντι έσεσθον έπτερωμένω	655
ΠEI	ουτω μεν είσίωμεν άγε δή Ξανθία	
	καὶ Μανόδωρε λαμβάνετε τὰ στρώματα.	
ХO,	οὖτος σὲ καλῶ, σὲ καλῶ	
EΠ	τί καλεῖς,	
xo.	τούτους μέν άγων μετά σαυτοῦ	
	άρίστισον εὖ τὴν δ' ἡδυμελῆ ξύμφωνον ἀηδόνα Μούσαις	

The deme Κριώα
 This fable, Aesop No. 1, is a prose version of a poetic fable

THE BIRDS, 642-659

Or e'er we start, visit this nest of mine, My bits of things, my little sticks and straws, And tell me what your names are

PEI That's soon done

My name is Peisthetaerus

And your friend's?

PEI Euelpides of Crio a

IIOO

HOO

Well, ye are both

Heartily welcome.

PEI Thank you

1100 Come ye in

PEI Aye, come we in; you, please, precede us

Hoo. Come

PET But—dear! what was it? step you back a moment O yes,—but tell us, how can he and I Consoit with you, we wingless and you winged?

ноо Why, very well

PEI. Nay, but in Aesop's fables
There's something, mind you, told about the fox
How ill it fared, consorting with an eagle b

ноо O never fear, for there's a httle root

Which when ye have eaten, ye will both be winged

PEI That being so, we'll enter. Xanthias there, And Manodorus, bring along the traps.

CH O stay, and O stay

Hoo. Why what ails you to-day?

CH Take the gentlemen in, and regale them, we say
But O for the nightingale peerless in song,
who chants in the choir of the Muses her lay,

by Archilochus: Schol. An Eagle and a Fox had sworn friendship The Eagle built her eyry in a lofty tree, the Fox littered in a brake at the foot, and then one day the Eagle carried off the cubs to feed her eaglets.

• Stage attendants . 434

	κατάλειφ' ήμιν δευρ' έκβιβάσας, ίνα παίσωμει	,
	μετ' ἐκείνης	660
ПЕІ	ῶ τοῦτο μέντοι νὴ Δί' αὐτοῖσιν πιθοῦ	
	εκβίβασον εκ τοῦ βουτόμου τοὐρνίθιον	
EΥ.	έκβίβασον αύτοῦ πρὸς θεῶν αὐτήν, ἴνα	
	καὶ νὼ θεασώμεσθα τὴν ἀηδόνα	
ЕΠ	άλλ' εί δοκεί σφών, ταθτα χρή δράν ή Πρόκνη	665
	ἔκβαινε, καὶ σαυτήν ἐπιδείκνυ τοῖς ξένοις	
IIEI	ῶ Ζεῦ πολυτίμηθ' ὡς καλὸν τοὐρνίθιον,	
	ώς δ' άπαλόν, ώς δὲ λευκόν	
ET.	δρά γ' οἶσθ' ὅτι	
	εγώ διαμηρίζοιμ' αν αὐτὴν ἡδέως,	
ПЕІ	οσον δ' έχει τον χρυσόν, ωσπερ παρθένος	670
	έγω μεν αὐτὴν κῶν φιλῆσαί μοι δοκῶ	
	άλλ' ὧ κακόδαιμον ρύγχος ὀβελίσκοιν ἔχει	
ET	άλλ' ωσπερ ψόν νη Δί' ἀπολέψαντα χρή	
41	ἀπὸ τῆς κεφαλῆς τὸ λέμμα κἆθ' οὕτω φιλεῖν	
EΠ	ιωμεν	
ΠΕΙ.	ήγοῦ δὴ σὺ νῷν τύχἀγαθῆ	675
xo	ῶ φίλη, ὧ ξουθή,	
AU	ῶ φίλτατον ὀρνέων,	
	-/ Chrone - On An On	
	πάντων ξύννομε τῶν ἐμῶν	
	ύμνων, ξύντροφ' ἀηδοῖ,	
	ήλθες, ήλθες, ὤφθης,	680
	ήδυν φθόγγον έμοι φέρουσ.	
	άλλ' ὧ καλλιβόαν κρέκουσ'	
	αὐλὸν φθέγμασιν ήρινοῖς,	
	ἄρχου τῶν ἀναπαίστων	

a Enter Proces, with nightingale's head and wings, otherwise clad as a girl, in rich costume.

b "No doubt the Parabasis was delivered with the accompaniment of the flute" R

THE BIRDS, 660-684

Our sweetest and best, fetch her out of the nest, and leave her awhile with the Chorus to play PEI O do, by Zeus, grant them this one request: Fetch out the little was bles from the reeds EU Yes, fetch her out by all the Gods, that so We too may gaze upon the nightingale 1100 Well, if you wish it, so we'll have it Procne, Come hither, dear, and let the strangers see you a PEI Zeus, what a darling lovely little bird! How fan, and tender ! O the little love. EII Wouldn't I like to be her mate this instant! PEI And O the gold she is wearing, like a girl EU Upon my word, I've half a mind to kiss her! PEI Kiss her, you fool! Her bcak's a pair of spits But I would treat her like an egg, and strip The egg-shell from her poll, and kiss her so HOO Come, go we in Lead on, and luck go with us PEI O dailing ! O tawny-throat! CH Love, whom I love the best, Dearer than all the 1est. Playmate and partner in All my soft lays, Thou art come! Thou art come! Thou hast dawned on my gaze,

Thou from thy flute
Music to suit
With our songs of the Spring

Begin then I pray Our own anapaestic address to essay ^b

I have heard thy sweet note, Nightingále! Nightingále!

ἄγε δὴ φύσιν ἄνδρες ἀμαυρόβιοι, φύλλων γενεᾳ προσбиою. όλιγοδρανέες, πλάσματα πηλοῦ, σκιοειδέα φῦλ' ἀμενηνά, άπτηνες, εφημέριοι, ταλαοί βροτοί, ανέρες εἰκελόνειροι, πρόσχετε τὸν νοῦν τοῖς ἀθανάτοις ἡμῖν, τοῖς αἰὲν ἐοῦσιν, τοῖς αἰθερίοις, τοῖσιν ἀγήρως, τοῖς ἄφθιτα μηδομένοισιν, ἴν ἀκούσαντες πάντα παρ' ήμῶν ὀρθῶς περὶ τῶν μετ-

εώρων, 690 φύσιν οἰωνῶν, γένεσίν τε θεῶν, ποταμῶν τ', Ἐρέβους τε,

Χάους τε.

είδότες ὀρθώς, παρ' ἐμοῦ Προδίκφ κλάειν εἴπητε τὸ λοιπόν

Χάος ἦν καὶ Νὺξ "Ερεβός τε μέλαν πρῶτον καὶ Τάρταρος εὐρύς,

γη δ' οὐδ' ἀὴρ οὐδ' οὐρανὸς ην Ἐρέβους δ' ἐν ἀπείροσι κόλποις

τίκτει πρώτιστον ύπηνέμιον Νύξ ή μελανόπτερος ῷόν, 895 έξ οδ περιτελλομέναις ώραις έβλαστεν Ερως ο ποθεινός, στίλβων νώτον πτερύγοιν χρυσαίν, είκως άνεμώκεσι δίναις

οδτος Χάει ήερόεντι μιγείς νυχίω κατά Τάρταρον εὐρὺν

The famous sophist, C 361

[&]quot; Aristophanes employs the Hesiodic and other cosmogonies here, just as he employed the Fables of Acsop, supra 471, for his own comic purposes, to build up the theory that the sceptie belonged to the Birds by right of primogeniture". R With όλιγοδρανέει and εἰκελόνειροι compare Aesch Prom 558 όλιγοδρανίαν άκικυν, Ισόνειρον , there are echoes also of Hesiod, Theog. 305 αθάνατος και αγήρατος, Theog 544, 549, 560 Zebs αφθιτα μηδέα είδώς Prometheus was supposed to have moulded men out of mud or clay The "pedigree of the rivers" is given in Theog 337-70

Hesiod, Theog 108-25; Τάρταρος εὐρύς, Theog. 868
 "This story of Eios 'blossoming' from an egg has no

THE BIRDS, 685-698

Ye men who are dimly existing below,

who pensh and fade as the leaf,

Pale, woebegone, shadowlike, spritless folk,

hfe feeble and wingless and brief,

Fiail castings in clay, who are gone in a day,

like a dream full of sorrow and sighing,

Come listen with care to the Birds of the air,

the ageless, the deathless, who flying

In the joy and the fieshness of Ether, are wont

to muse upon wisdom undying

We will tell you of things transcendental, of Springs and of Rivers the mighty upheaval;

The nature of Birds; and the birth of the Gods

and of Chaos and Darkness primeval.

When this ye shall know, let old Prodicus b go,

and be hanged without hope of reprieval

THERE WAS Chaos at first, and Darkness, and Night, and Tartarus vasty and dismal c,

But the Earth was not there, nor the Sky, nor the Air,

till at length in the bosom abysmal

Of Darkness an egg, from the whirlwind conceived,

was laid by the sable-plumed Night

And out of that egg, as the Seasons revolved,

sprang Love, the entrancing, the bright,d

Love brilliant and bold with his pinions of gold,

like a whirlwind, refulgent and sparkling !

Love hatched us, commingling in Tartarus wide,

with Chaos, the murky, the darkling,

counterpart in Hesiod. We must seek its origin, as Beck observes, in the old Orphic legends, which taught that from a mystic egg, representing the undeveloped universe, sprang Φάνης, the prototype of Έρως, the creator of all things, χρυσείαις πτερύγεστι φορεύμενος ένθα και ένθα. From the same source comes the απείροσι κόλποις (in the Orphic hymns ἀπειρεσίοις ὑπὸ κόλποις) mentioned two lines above "· R.

ενεόττευσεν γένος ήμετερον, καὶ πρῶτον ἀνήγαγεν ες φῶς
φῶς
φως πρότερου δ' οὐκ ἦν γένος ἀθανάτων, πρὶν Έρως ξυν έμιξεν ἄπαντα 700 ξυμμιγνυμένων δ' ἐτέρων ἐτέροις γένετ' οὐρανός, ὧκεα-νός τε,
εμιζεν απαντα
ξυμμιγνυμένων δ' έτέρων έτέροις γένετ' οὐρανός, ώκεα-
νός τε,
καὶ γῆ, πάντων τε θεῶν μακάρων γένος ἄφθιτον ὧδε
pier copier
πολύ πρεσβύτατοι πάντων μακάρων ήμεῖς δ' ώς ἐσμὲν
Tipto 103
πολλοίς δήλον πετόμεσθά τε γὰρ καὶ τοῖσιν ἐρῶσι
σύνεσμεν
πολλούς δὲ καλούς ἀπομωμοκότας παίδας πρὸς τέρμασιν
War and the same of the same o
ωpas 701
πολλούς δὲ καλούς ἀπομωμοκότας παῖδας πρὸς τέρμασιν ὥρας διὰ τὴν ἰσχὺν τὴν ἡμετέραν διεμήρισαν ἄνδρες ἐρασταί, ὁ μὲν ὅρτυγα δούς, ὁ δὲ πορφυρίων', ὁ δὲ χῆν', ὁ δὲ Περσικὸν ὅρνιν
2 17 Samue Saile 2 87 mandred " 287 man 2 27
ο μεν ορτογά σους, ο σε πορφορίων, ο σε χην, ο σε
Περσικόν δρνιν
πάντα δὲ θνητοῖς ἐστὶν ἀφ' ἡμῶν τῶν ὀρνίθων τὰ. μέγιστα
μέγιστα.
πρώτα μεν ώρας φαίνομεν ήμεῖς ήρος, χειμώνος, ὀπώρας
όπώρας •
σπείρειν μέν, ὅταν γέρανος κρώζουσ' ἐς τὴν Λιβύην
μεταγωρή 710
σπείρειν μέν, ὅταν γέρανος κρώζουσ' ἐς τὴν Λιβύην μεταχωρή τις καὶ πηδάλιον τότε ναυκλήρω φράζει κρεμάσαντι καθ-
είτα δ' 'Ορέστη γλαίναν ύφαίνειν, ίνα μη δινών άποδύη
Person St. and word and American State of
είτα δ' 'Ορέστη χλαίναν ύφαίνειν, ΐνα μή ριγών ἀποδύη ἰκτίνος δ' αδ μετά ταθτα φανείς έτέραν ώραν ἀποφαίνει,
1

α ἀνήγαγεν ες φῶς, Hes Theog 625
 Hestod, Works and Days, 448-50
 Cp. 1b1d 45. πηδάλιον δ' εὐεργὲς ὑπὲρ καπνοῦ κρεμάσασθαι, Works and Days, 629 200

THE BIRDS, 699-713

And brought us above, as the firstlings of love,

and first to the light we ascended a

There was never a race of Immortals at all

till Love had the universe blended,

Then all things commingling together in love,

there mose the fair Earth, and the Sky,

And the limitless Sca, and the race of the Gods,

the Blessed, who never shall die

So we than the Blessed are older by far,

and abundance of proof is existing

That we are the children of Love, for we fly,

unfortunate lovers assisting

And many a man who has found, to his cost,

that his powers of persuasion have failed,

And his loves have abjuied him for ever, again

by the power of the Birds has prevailed,

For the gift of a quail, or a Porphyry rail,

or a Persian, or goose, will regain them

And the chiefest of blessings ye mortals enjoy,

by the help of the Birds ye obtain them

'Tis from us that the signs of the Seasons in turn,

Spring, Winter, and Autumn are known

When to Libya the crane flies clanging again,

it is time for the seed to be sown,b

And the skipper may hang up his rudder awhile,o

and sleep after all his exertions,

And Orestes a may weave him a wrap to be warm

when he's out on his thievish excursions.

Then cometh the kite, with its hovering flight,

, with its novering night,

of the advent of Spring to tell,

^a The highwayman, below 1401 A warns him to wrap up at night, as Hesiod, W and D. 587, warns the farmer to put on χλαδυάν τε μαλακήν και τερμιόεντα χιτώνα

ήνίκα πεκτεῖν ὥρα προβάτων πόκον ήρινόν εἶτα χελιδών, ὅτε χρὴ χλαῖναν πωλεῖν ήδη καὶ ληδάριόν τι πρίασθαι 715 ἐσμὲν δ' ὑμῖν "Αμμων, Δελφοί, Δωδώνη, Φοῖβος 'Απόλλων ἐλθόντες γὰρ πρῶτον ἐπ' ὄρνεις οὕτω πρὸς ἄπαντα τρέπεσθε, πρός τ' ἐμπορίαν, καὶ πρὸς βιότου κτῆσιν, καὶ πρὸς

γάμον ἀνδρός ὅρνιν τε νομίζετε πάνθ' ὅσαπερ περὶ μαντείας διακρίνει φήμη γ' ὑμῖν ὅρνις ἐστί, πταρμόν τ' ὅρνιθα καλεῖτε, 720 ξύμβολον ὅρνιν, φωνὴν ὅρνιν, θεράποντ' ὅρνιν, ὄνον ὅρνιν

άρ' ου φανερώς ήμεις υμίν έσμεν μαντείος 'Απόλλων,

ἢν οὖν ἡμᾶς νομίσητε θεούς, εξετε χρῆσθαι μάντεσι-μούσαις ἢρος ἐν ὥραις, χειμῶνι, θέρει, μετρίω πνίγει κοὐκ ἀποδράντες καθεδούμεθ' ἄνω σεμνυνόμενοι παρὰ ταῖς νεφέλαις ὤσπερ χὰ Ζεύς ἀλλὰ παρόντες δώσομεν ὑμῖν αὐτοῖς, παισίν, παίδων παισίν, πλουθυγιείαν, εὐδαιμονίαν, βίον, εἰρήνην, νεότητα, γέλωτα, χορούς, θαλίας, γάλα τ' ὀρνίθων

725

730

See 618 and note. Dodona, oracle of Zeus.

"I have substituted προς έν ώραις for the reading of the

The words δρνιε and οlωνδε were used to signify any omen - K. 28, P 68

THE BIRDS, 711-733

And the Spring sheep-shearing begins; and next, your woollen attue you sell,

And buy you a lighter and daintier garb.

when you note the neturn of the swallow

Thus your Ammon, Dodona, and Delphi are we.

we are also your Phoebus Apollo a

For whatever you do, if a trade you pursue.

or goods in the market are buying.

On the wedding attend of a neighbour and friend,

first you look to the Buds and then flying

And whenc'er you of omen or augury speak,

'tis a bird you are always repeating;

A Rumour's a bird, and a sneeze is a bird.

and so is a word or a meeting,b

A servant's a biid, and an ass is a biid

It must therefore assuredly follow That the Birds are to you (I protest it is true) your prophetic divining Apollo

Then take us for Gods, as is proper and fit, And Muses Prophetic ye'll have at your call Spring, winter, and summer, and autumn and all c And we won't run away from your worship, and sit Un above in the clouds, very stately and grand, Like Zeus in his tempers but always at hand Health and wealth we'll bestow, as the formula runs, On yourselves, and your sons, and the sons of your SONS : d

And happiness, plenty, and peace shall belong To you all, and the revel, the dance, and the song, And laughter, and youth, and the milk of the birds MSS. and editions adpais, Spais, a reading which makes no sense" · R

d " abrois, παισίν, παίδων παισίν This is obviously a formula from some litany or religious benediction" R

ώστε παρέσται κοπιᾶν ύμιν ύπὸ τῶν ἀγαθῶν οὖτω πλουτήσετε πάντες

735

750

Μοῦσα λοχμαία, [στρ τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιο τιο τιο τιο τιο τιοτίγξ, ποικίλη, μεθ' ἦς ἐγὼ νάπαισι καὶ κορυφαῖς ἐν ὀρείαις, 740 τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιοτίγξ, ἔζόμενος μελίας ἐπὶ φυλλοκόμου, τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιοτίγξ, δι' ἐμῆς γένυος ξουθῆς μελέων Πανὶ νόμους ἱεροὺς ἀναφαίνω 745 σεμνά τε μητρὶ χορεύματ' ὀρείᾳ, τοτοτοτοτοτοτοτοτόγξ, ἔνθεν ὤσπερ ἡ μέλιττα

εί μετ' ὀρνίθων τις ύμῶν ὧ θεαταὶ βούλεται
διαπλέκειν ζῶν ἡδέως τὸ λοιπόν, ὡς ἡμᾶς ἴτω.
ὅσα γὰρ ἐνθάδ' ἐστὶν αἰσχρὰ τῷ νόμῳ κρατούμενα, Τδι
ταῦτα πάντ' ἐστὶν παρ' ἡμῖν τοῖσιν ὄρνισιν καλά
εἰ γὰρ ἐνθάδ' ἐστὶν αἰσχρὸν τὸν πατέρα τύπτειν νόμῳ,

Φρύνιχος ἀμβροσίων μελέων ἀπεβόσκετο καρπὸν ἀεὶ

Compare 214, and Europ Helen, 1111

φέρων γλυκεῖαν ὦδάν τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιοτίνξ

έπεὶ νόμιος ὁ θεὸς καὶ ὅρειος μητρὶ δέ, τῆ Ῥέα · Schol.
 An early tragedian whose lyrics were highly praised Euri-

THE BIRDS, 734-757

We'll supply, and we'll never forsake you Ye'll be quite overbuidened with pleasures and joys So happy and blest we will make you

O woodland Muse, tio, tio, tio, tio, totinv,

Of varied plume, with whose dear aid

On the mountain top, and the sylvan glade,

tio, tro, tio, trotinx,

I, sitting up aloft on a leafy ash, full oft,

tio, tro, tio, trotinx,

Pour forth a warbling note from my little tawny throat, a Pour festive choral dances to the mountain mother's praise,

And to Pan the holy music of his own immortal lays;

totótotótotótotótotina,

Whence Phrymchus c of old,

Sipping the fruit of our ambiosial lay,

Bore, like a bec, the homed store away, His own sweet songs to mould

tro, tio, tro, tio, trotanx

Is there anyone amongst you,

O spectators, who would lead

With the birds a life of pleasure,

let him come to us with speed.

All that here is reckoned shameful,

all that here the laws condemn,

With the birds is right and proper,

you may do it all with them.

Is it here by law forbidden

for a son to beat his sire?

pides, Helen 1111 (a tragedy which was exhibited three years after the Birds), may have been borrowing from him, not from A.

τοῦτ' ἐκεῖ καλὸν παρ' ἡμῖν ἐστιν, ἤν τις τῷ πατρὶ προσδραμὼν εἴπη πατάξας, ''αἰρε πλῆκτρον, εἰ μαχεῖ '' εί δε τυγχάνει τις ύμων δραπέτης εστιγμένος, 760 άτταγας ούτος παρ' ήμιν ποικίλος κεκλήσεται εὶ δὲ τυγχάνει τις ῶν Φρὺξ μηδὲν ήττον Σπινθάρου, φρυγίλος όρνις ενθάδ' έσται, τοῦ Φιλήμονος γένους εί δε δουλός έστι και Κάρ ώσπερ Έξηκεστίδης, φυσάτω πάππους παρ' ήμιν, και φανούνται φράτορες 765 εί δ' ό Πεισίου προδούναι τοις ατίμοις τας πύλας βούλεται, πέρδιξ γενέσθω, τοῦ πατρὸς νεόττιον ώς παρ' ήμιν οὐδεν αἰσχρόν ἐστιν ἐκπερδικίσαι τοιάδε κύκνοι. ſάντ. τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιοτίνξ. 770 συμμιγή βοήν όμοῦ πτεροίς κρέκοντες ιακχον 'Απόλλω, τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιοτίγξ, όχθω έφεζόμενοι παρ' "Εβρον ποταμόν, τιὸ τιὸ τιὸ τιοτίνξ. 775 διά δ' αιθέριον νέφος ήλθε βοά.

^a Cf. C. 1420-30.

A Phrygian and Barbarian, Schol

 Some rascal unknown. If he was connected with some treachery in the North-west, ἐκπερδικίσαι may allude to the

shifty Perdiccas of Macedon.

b "Spintharus, Execestides, and Acestor were obviously all birds of a feather, all struck off the register of Athenian citizens, as not being genuine Athenians at all See the notes on 11 and 31 supra. Execestides is described as a Carian slave, Acestor as a Scythian, and Spintharus as a Phrygian" R

 $[^]d$ πάππος is both "a grandfather" and the name of some bild. "Execestides, an alien in an Athenian phratry, is like a young cuckoo in the nest of the πάππος. But let him breed πάπποι in birdland, and he will have πάππους αυος, who (as αυος) are genuine natives, and so he will be fully qualified to enter into a phratry there" R.

THE BIRDS, 758-776

That a chick should strike his father,

strutting up with youthful ire,

Crowing Raise your spur and fight me,

that is what the buds admire.a

Come you iunaway deseitei,

spotted o'er with marks of shame,

Spotted Francoln we'll call you,

that, with us, shall be your name

You who style yourself a tribesman,

Phiygian pure as Spintharus,b

Come and be a Phrygian linnet,

of Philemon's c breed, with us

Come along, you slave and Canan,

Execestides to wit,

Breed with us your Cuckoo-rearcis,

they'll be guldsmen apt and fit.d

Son of Peisias, who to outlaws

would the city gates betray,

Come to us, and be a partridge

(cockerel like the cock, they say),

We esteem it no dishonour

knavish partridge-tricks to play

Even thus the Swans,

tio, tio, tio, tiotinx,

Their clamorous cry were erst up-raising,

With clatter of wings Apollo f praising,

tio, tro, tio, trotanx,

As they sat in serried ranks on the river Hebrus' banks.

to, to, tio, tiotinx,

Right upward went the cry

through the cloud and through the sky

' The swan was closely connected with Apollo

πτῆξε δὲ ποικίλα, φῦλά τε θηρῶν, κύματά τ' ἔσβεσε νήνεμος αἴθρη τοτοτοτοτοτοτοτοτίγξ πῶς δ' ἐπεκτύπης' "Ολυμπος

780

είλε δὲ θάμβος ἄνακτας 'Ολυμπιάδες δὲ μέλος Χάριτες Μοῦσαί τ' ἐπωλόλυξαν τιὸ τιὸ τιο τιοτίγξ.

οὐδέν ἐστ' ἄμεινον οὐδ' ἤδιον ἢ φῦσαι πτερά αὐτίχ' ὑμῶν τῶν θεατῶν εἴ τις ἢν ὑπόπτερος, εἶτα πεινῶν τοῖς χοροῖσι τῶν τραγῳδῶν ἤχθετο, ἐκπτόμενος ἄν οὖτος ἠρίστησεν ἐλθὼν οἴκαδε, κἦτ' ἄν ἐμπλησθεὶς ἐφ' ἡμῶς αὖθις αὖ κατέπτατο. εἴ τε Πατροκλείδης τις ὑμῶν τυγχάνει χεζητιῶν, οὐκ ἄν ἐξίδισεν ἐς θοἰμάτιον, ἀλλ' ἀνέπτατο, κἀποπαρδὼν κἀναπνεύσας αὖθις αὖ κατέπτατο εἴ τε μοιχεύων τις ὑμῶν ἐστιν ὅστις τυγχάνει, κἦθ' ὁρῷ τὸν ἄνδρα τῆς γυναικὸς ἐν βουλευτικῷ, οὖτος ἄν πάλιν παρ' ὑμῶν πτερυγίσας ἀνίπτατο,

785

790

⁷⁹⁵

^a A politician of unpleasant habits, described by the Scholiast.
^b The seats set apart for the Council of Five Hundred
208

THE BIRDS, 777-795

Quarled the wild-beast in his covert,

and the bud within her nest,

And the still and windless Ether

lulled the ocean-waves to rest

totótotótotótototnx

Loudly Olympus rang!

Amazement seized the kings, and every Grace And every Muse within that heavenly place

Took up the strain, and sang

tro, tio, tro, tio, trotinx

Truly to be clad in feather

is the very best of things

Only fancy, dear spectators,

had you each a brace of wings,

Never need you, tired and hungry,

at a Tragic Chorus stay,

You would lightly, when it boiled you,

spread your wings and fly away,

Back returning, after luncheon,

to enjoy our Comic Play

Never need a Patrocleides,a

sitting here, his garment stain;

When the dire occasion seized him,

he would off with might and main

Flying home, then flying hither,

lightened and relieved, again.

If a gallant should the husband

on the Council-bench behold

Of a gay and chaiming lady,

one whom he had loved of old,

Off at once he'd fly to greet her,

have a little converse sweet.

είτα βινήσας ἐκείθεν αὖθις αὖ καθέζετο άρ' ὑπόπτερον γενέσθαι παντός ἐστιν ἄξιον, ώς Διιτρέφης γε πυτιναία μόνον ἔχων πτερὰ ἡρέθη φύλαρχος, εἶθ' ἴππαρχος, εἶτ' ἐξ οὐδενὸς μεγάλα πράττει κἀστὶ νυνὶ ξουθὸς ἱππαλεκτρυών. 800

ΠΕΙ ταυτὶ τοιαυτί· μὰ Δί' ἐγὰ μὲν πρᾶγμά πω γελοιότερον οὐκ είδον οὐδεπώποτε

ΕΥ. έπὶ τῷ γελậς,

ΠΕΙ ἐπὶ τοῖσι σοῖς ὠκυπτέροις οἶσθ' ῷ μάλιστ' ἔοικας ἐπτερωμένος; εἰς εὐτέλειαν χηνὶ συγγεγραμμένῳ

805

ετ σὺ δὲ κοψίχω γε σκάφιον ἀποτετιλμένω ΠΕΙ ταυτὶ μὲν ἡκάσμεσθα κατὰ τὸν Αἰσχύλον

"τάδ' οὐχ ὑπ' ἄλλων ἀλλὰ τοῖς αὐτῶν πτεροῖς ''

xo ἄγε δὴ τί χρὴ δρᾶν,

ΠΕΙ πρώτον ὄνομα τῇ πόλει θέσθαι τι μέγα καὶ κλεινόν, εἶτα τοῖς θεοῖς θῦσαι μετὰ τοῦτο

810

θύσαι μετά τούτο m

ΕΥ ταθτα κάμοὶ συνδοκεῖ ΧΟ. φέρ' ΐδω, τί δ' ήμῦν τοὔνομ' ἔσται τῆ πόλει:

ΠΕΙ βούλεσθε τὸ μέγα τοῦτο τοὐκ Λακεδαίμονος
Σπάρτην ὄνομα καλῶμεν αὐτήν,

⁶ He made wicker flasks, the handles of which were called πτερά. Schol

b Enter P and E, equipped with wings
"The meaning is that whereas a blackbild's plumage
extends over its whole body, the hair of Peisthetaeius stops short
at his poll; as if a bowl had been placed on the head of the
blackbird, and all the feathers not covered by the bowl had been
plucked out" R

THE BIRDS, 796-814

Then be back, or e'er ye missed him,

calm and smiling in his seat.

Is not then a suit of feathers

quite the very best of things?

Why, Dutiephes a was chosen,

though he had but wicker wings,

First a Captain, then a Colonel,

till from nothing he of late

Has become a tawny cock-horse,

yea a pillar of the State!

FEI Well, here we are By Zeus, I never saw In all my life a sight more laughable b

EU. What are you laughing at?

PEI. At your flight-feathers
I'll tell you what you're like, your wings and you,
Just like a gander, sketched by some cheap-Jack

And you, a blackbird, with a bowl-cropped noddle of

PEI These shafts of ridicule are winged by nought But our own plumes, as Aeschylus would say.

CH What's the next step '

First we must give the city
Some grand big name and then we'll sacrifice
To the high Gods

That's my opinion also CH Then let's consider what the name shall be.

PEI What think you of that grand Laconian name, Sparta?

> ώς δ' έστι μύθων τῶν Λιβυστικῶν λόγος, πληγέντ' ἀτράκτω τοξικῷ τὸν αἰετὸν εἰπεῖν, ἰδόντα μηχανήν πτερώματος τάδ' οὐχ ὑπ' ἀλλων, ἀλλὰ τοῖς αὐτῶν πτεροῖς ἀλισκόμεσθα Aesch Myrmidons (Schol).

The "Eagle shot by means of his own feathers" passed into a proverb

EY	`Ηράκλεις·	
	Σπάρτην γὰρ ἂν θείμην ἐγώ τὴμῆ πόλει,	815
	οὐδ' ἂν χαμεύνη πάνυ γε κειρίαν γ' ἔχων	
ПЕІ	τί δητ' όνομ' αὐτη θησόμεσθ',	
xo	έντευθενί	
110	έκ τῶν νεφελῶν καὶ τῶν μετεώρων χωρίων	
	χαθνόν τι πάνυ	
пеі	βούλει Νεφελοκοκκυγίαν,	
XO	λού λού	
ΧU		820
	καλόν γ' ἀτεχνῶς σὺ καὶ μέγ' εὖρες τοὔνομα	020
ET.	άρ' ἐστὶν αὐτη γ' ἡ Νεφελοκοκκυγία,	
	ίνα καὶ τὰ Θεαγένους τὰ πολλά χρήματα	
	τά τ' Αἰσχίνου γ' ἄπαντα,	
ITEI	καὶ λῷστον μεν οῦν	
	τὸ Φλέγρας πεδίον, τν' οι θεοί τους γηγενείς	
	αλαζονευόμενοι καθυπερηκόντισαν	821
EΥ	λιπαρον το χρημα της πόλεως τίς δαὶ θεός	
	πολιούχος έσται, τῷ ξανούμεν τὸν πέπλον,	
ΠΕΙ	τί δ' οὐκ 'Αθηναίαν ἐῶμεν Πολιάδα,	
EΥ	καὶ πῶς ἂν ἔτι γένοιτ' ἂν εὖτακτος πόλις,	
	οπου θεός γυνή γεγονυία πανοπλίαν	830
	έστηκ' έχουσα, Κλεισθένης δὲ κερκίδα,	
ΠΕΙ	τίς δαὶ καθέξει τῆς πόλεως τὸ Πελαργικόν,	
XO	όρνις ἀφ' ήμων τοῦ γένους τοῦ Περσικοῦ,	
	δοπερ λέγεται δεινότατος είναι πανταχοῦ	
	"Αρεως νεοττός.	
ET.	ῶ νεοττὲ δέσποτα	835
	ώς δ' ό θεός επιτήδειος οίκειν επί πετρών	
		_

^a A. and T were two needy biaggarts, for ever boasting of their wealth in nubibus See 1127, and W 324
^b Scene of the battle between gods and giants.
^a $\lambda i \pi a \rho a l$ ' $\lambda \theta \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota$ Pindar, Nom iv 18 et al

THE BIRDS, 814-836

What! Sparta for my city? No.

I wouldn't use espanto for my pallet,
Not if I'd coids, by Heracles, not I

PEI How shall we name it then?

Invent some fine
Magniloquent name, drawn from these upper spaces
And clouds

What think you of Cloudcuckoobury?

CH Good! Good!

EU

You have found a good big name, and no mistake

EU. Is this the great Cloudcuckoobury town
Where all the wealth of Acschines hes hid,
And all Theagenes's ? a

PEI Best of all,
Thus is the plan of Phlegra b when

This is the plain of Phlegra, where the Gods Outshot the giants at the game of Biag

EU. A glistering sort of a city! Who shall be
Its guaidian God? For whom shall we weave the
Peplus 4?

PEI Why not 1 etain Athene, City-keeper?

EU. And how can that be a well-ordered State,
Where she, a woman born, a Goddess, stands
Full-armed, and Cleisthenes assumes a spindle?

PEI And who shall hold the citadel's Storkade ??

CH A bird of ours, one of the Persian breed, Everywhere noted as the War-god's own Armipotent cocketel

O, Prince Cockerel? Yes, He's just the God to perch upon the rocks

- ⁶ An embroidered robe offered at the great Panathenaea to Athena Polias.
 - Athena Promachus

An effeminate, often saturized

" Πελαργικόν or Πελασγικόν was the ancient wall of the Acropolis There is a play upon πελαργός "stork" See 1139.

пеі.	άγε νυν σὺ μὲν βάδιζε πρὸς τὸν ἀέρα καὶ τοῖσι τειχίζουσι παραδιακόνει, χάλικας παραφόρει, πηλὸν ἀποδὺς ὅργασον,	
	λεκάνην ἀνένεγκε, κατάπεσ' ἀπὸ τῆς κλίμακος, φύλακας κατάστησαι, τὸ πῦρ ἔγκρυπτ' ἀεί, κωδωνοφορῶν περίτρεχε καὶ κάθευδ' ἐκεῖ κήρυκε δὲ πέμψον τὸν μὲν ἐς θεοὺς ἄνω, ἔτερον δ' ἄνωθεν αὖ παρ' ἀνθρώπους κάτω,	840
	κάκειθεν αδθις παρ' έμέ	015
EY	σὺ δέ γ' αὐτοῦ μένων	845
пет.	οἴμωζε παρ' ἔμ'. ἔθ' ὧγάθ' οἶ πέμπω σ' ἐγώ. οὐδὲν γὰρ ἄνευ σοῦ τῶνδ' ἃ λέγω πεπράξεται	
	έγω δ΄ ΐνα θύσω τοῖσι καινοῖσιν θεοῖς,	
	τὸν ἱερέα πέμψοντα τὴν πομπὴν καλῶ παῖ παῖ, τὸ κανοῦν αἰρεσθε καὶ τὴν χέρνιβα	850
xo	όμορροθῶ, συνθέλω,	
	ουμπαραινέσας ἔχω	
	προσόδια μεγάλα	
	σεμνά προσιέναι θεοίσιν,	
	άμα δè προσέτι χάριτος ἔνεκα	855
	προβάτιόν τι θύειν.	
	ΐτω ἵτω δὲ Πυθιὰς βοὰ θεῷ,	
	συναυλείτω δε Χαίρις ψδά.	
ΠΕΙ.	παθσαι συ φυσών. Ἡράκλεις τουτὶ τί ήν,	860
	τουτὶ μὰ Δί ἐγὼ πολλὰ δή καὶ δείν ἰδὼν	
	ούπω κόρακ' είδον έμπεφορβιωμένον.	
	ίερεῦ, σὸν ἔργον, θῦε τοῖς καινοῖς θεοῖς.	
	τε δράσω τάδ'. άλλὰ ποῦ 'στιν ὁ τὸ κανοῦν ἔχων,	
	Ph	

 $^{^{\}circ}$ The inspectors carried bells which they rang, for the sentinels to answer \cdot Schol b E_{2} it E, who does not appear again $^{\circ}$ 14.

THE BIRDS, 837-863

PEI Now, comrade, get you up into the an,
And lend a hand to those that build the wall
Bring up the jubble; strip, and mix the mortar,
Run up the ladder with the hod, fall off;
Station the sentinels, conceal the fire;
Round with the alaium bell a, go fast asleep;
And send two heralds, one to heaven above,
And one to earth below, and let them come
From thence, for me

EU And you, 1emaining he1e, Be hanged—for me!

Without your help there, nothing will be done
But I, to sacrifice to these new Gods,
Must call the priest to regulate the show
Boy! Boy! take up the basket and the laver a

I'm with you, d you'll find me quite willing.
I highly approve of your killing
A lambkin, to win us the favour divine,
Mid holy processionals, stately and fine
Up high, up high, let the Pythian cry, d
The Pythian cry to the God be sent;
Let Chaeris f play the accompaniment.

FEI O stop that puffing! Heracles, what's this?
Faith, I've seen many a sight, but never yet
A mouth-band g-wearing laven! Now then, priest,
To the new Gods commence the sacrifice
PRIEST I'll do your bidding Where's the basket-beare?

4 From the Peleus of Sophocles: Schol

A sort of leathern muzzle used by players on the pipe

To walk round the altar with the lustral water, cf. 958.

The Paean Schol.
A poor flute-player, who used to present himself uninvited Schol

εΰχεσθε τῆ `Εστία τῆ ὀρνιθείω	
καὶ τῷ ἰκτίνῳ τῷ ἐστιούχῳ	865
καὶ ὄρνισιν 'Ολυμπίοις καὶ 'Ολυμπίησι	500
πᾶσι καὶ πάσησιν—	
ὦ Σουνιέρακε χαιρ' ἄναξ Πελαργικέ	
καὶ κύκνω Πυθίω καὶ Δηλίω	
	870
	010
οὐκέτι Κολαινὶς ἀλλ' 'Ακαλανθὶς "Αρτεμις	
καὶ φρυγίλω Σαβαζίω	
μητρὶ θεῶν καὶ ἀνθρώπων—	
δέσποινα Κυβέλη, στρουθέ, μήτερ Κλεοκρίτου	875
διδόναι Νεφελοκοκκυγιεύσιν	
ύγιείαν καὶ σωτηρίαν	
αὐτοῖσι καὶ Χίοισιν—	
Χίοισιν ήσθην πανταχοῦ προσκειμένοις.	
καὶ ῆρωσιν ὄρνισι καὶ ἡρώων παισί.	880
πορφυρίωνι καὶ πελεκάντι καὶ πελεκίνω	
καὶ φλέξιδι καὶ τέτρακι	
καὶ ἐρωδιῶ καὶ καταράκτη	885
καὶ μελαγκορύφω καὶ αἰνιθάλλω-	
παθί ές κόρακας, παθααι καλών Ιού Ιού	
έπι ποίον ώ κακόδαιμον ίερείον καλείο	
άλιαιέτους και γύπας, ούν δράς ότι	890
	καὶ τῷ ἰκτίνῳ τῷ ἐστιούχῳ καὶ ὅρνισιν 'Ολυμπίοις καὶ 'Ολυμπίησι πᾶσι καὶ πάσησιν— ὧ Σουνιέρακε χαῖρ' ἄναξ Πελαργικέ καὶ κύκνῳ Πυθίῳ καὶ Δηλίῳ καὶ Λητοῖ 'Ορτυγομήτρα καὶ 'Αρτέμιδι 'Ακαλανθίδι— οὐκέτι Κολαινὶς ἀλλ' 'Ακαλανθὶς "Αρτεμις καὶ φρυγίλῳ Σαβαζίῳ καὶ στρουθῷ μεγάλη μητρὶ θεῶν καὶ ἀνθρώπων— δέσποινα Κυβέλη, στρουθέ, μῆτερ Κλεοκρίτου διδόναι Νεφελοκοκκυγιεῦσιν ύγιείαν καὶ σωτηρίαν

This litany is in prose, and imitates the customary prayers A parody of Σουνιάρατε, "Sumium-worshipped," Κ. 560, and probably of Πελαγικέ or some epithet of Poseidon. A line seems to have dropped out in which Poseidon was invoked under these names.
See 772

THE BIRDS, 804-891

Let us pray
To the Hestra-bud of the household shime,

And the Kite that watches her feasts divine, And to all the Olympian birds and budesses,^a

PEI O Sunium-hawking, King of the Sea—mew, b hall

And to the holy Swan, the Pythian and Dehan one,
And to thee too, Quall-guide Leto,
And to Artemis the Thistle-finch.

PEI. Aye, Thistle-finch, no more Colaems d now!

PR And to Sabazius the Phrygian linnet; and then To Rhea the Great Mother of Gods and men;

PEI Aye, Ostrich-queen, Cleocritus's ' Mother

PR That they may grant health and salvation To the whole Cloudcuckooburan nation,

For themselves and the Chians,

PEI. I like the Chians everywhere tacked on PR And to the hero-buds and sons of heroes,

And to the Porphysion rail;

And to the pelican white, and pelican grey; And to the eagle, and to the capeicaillie;

And to the peacock, and to the sedgewarbler,

And to the teal, and to the skua, And to the heron, and to the gannet;

And to the heron, and to the gannet;
And to the blackcap, and to the titmouse,—

To what a victim, idiot, are you calling
Ospieys and vultures?
Don't you see that one

^d Artemis Κολαινίς was worshipped at Myrrhinus Delos, where she was born, was once called Ortygia

Sabazius the Phrygian is called Φρογίλος ("a finch") for Ψρυγίος Rhea is the Great Mother, and the στρουθός μεγάλη the ostrich

C was an ungainly man who was likened to an ostrich See

F 1437

The Athenians used to pray at their sacrifices ἐαυτοῖς τε καὶ Xios, the Chians alone having been uniformly faithful allies: Schol

ἰκτῖνος εἶς ἂν τοῦτό γ' οἴχοιθ' ἀρπάσας, ἄπελθ' ἀφ' ἡμῶν καὶ σὺ καὶ τὰ στέμματα ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτὸς τουτογὶ θύσω μόνος

жо	δεῖ με δεύτερον μέλος χέρνιβι θεοσεβὲς	895
	ὄσιον ἐπιβοᾶν, καλεῖν δὲ μάκαρας, ἔνα τινὰ μόνον, εἴπερ ἷκανὸν ἔξετ' ὄψον τὰ γὰρ παρόντα θύματ' οὐδὲν ἄλλο πλὴν γένειόν τ' ἐστὶ καὶ κέρατα	900
ПЕІ	θύοντες εὐξώμεσθα τοῖς πτερίνοις θεοῖς	
поін	τΗΣ Νεφελοκοκκυγίαν τὰν εὐδαίμονα κλήσον ὧ Μοῦσα τεαῖς ἐν ὖμνων ἀοιδαῖς	905
	τουτὶ τὸ πρᾶγμα ποδαπόν, εἰπέ μοι τίς εἶ, ἐγὼ μελιγλώσσων ἐπέων ἱεὶς ἀοιδὰν Μουσάων θεράπων ὀτρηρός,	
	κατά τὸν "Ομηρον.	910
	έπειτα δήτα δοῦλος ῶν κόμην έχεις;	
пот.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ πάντες ἐσμὲν οἷ διδάσκαλοι Μουσάων θεράποντες ὀτρηροί, κατὰ τὸν "Ομηρον	
ΠEΙ	ούκ έτὸς ότρηρὸν καὶ τὸ ληδάριον ἔχεις	915
поі.	ἀτὰρ ὢ ποιητὰ κατὰ τί δεῦρ' ἀνεφθάρης; μέλη πεποίηκ' ἐς τὰς Νεφελοκοκκυγίας τὰς ὑμετέρας κύκλιά τε πολλὰ καὶ καλὰ	

a "He drives the priest from the altar, throwing his gailands after him". R

THE BIRDS, 892-918

One single kite could carry off the whole? Get away hence, you and your garlands too! a Myself alone will sacrifice this victim

ONCE MORE as the laver they're bringing,
Once more I my hymns must be singing,
Hymns holy and prous, the Gods to invite—
One alone, only one,—to our festival rite.
Your feast for two, I am sure won't do.
For what you are going to offer there
Is nothing at all but horns and hair.

PEI. Let us pray,
Offering our victim to the feathery gods b

POET (singing) Cloudcuckoobury

With praise and glory crown,

Singing, O Muse,

Of the new and happy town

PEI Whatever's this? Why, who in the world are you? Fo. O I'm a waiblei, carolling sweet lays,

An eager meagre servant of the Muses, As Homer says ^a

PEI What! you a slave and wear your hair so long?

No, but all we who teach sweet choral lays

Are eager meagre servants of the Muses,

As Homer says

PEI. That's why your cloak so meagre seems, no doubt
But, poet, what ill wind has blown you hither?
PO Oh I've been making, making lovely songs,

Simonideans, virgin songs, and sweet

Enter a Post, to celebrate the founding of the new colony.

• Μουσάων θεράποντες was a common epic phiase for poets, and ότρηρός "quick" "active" is added here to introduce the joke in 915 where ότρηρός is used =τετρημένος "full of holes."

	καὶ παρθένεια, καὶ κατὰ τὰ Σιμωνίδου ταυτὶ σὰ πότ' ἐποίησας, ἀπὸ ποίου χρόνου, πάλαι πάλαι δὴ τήνδ' ἐγὼ κλήζω πόλιν οὐκ ἄρτι θύω τὴν δεκάτην ταύτης ἐγώ, καὶ τοὔνομ' ὧσπερ παιδίω νῦν δὴ 'θέμην,	920
поі	άλλά τις ωκεία Μουσάων φάτις	
	οδάπερ δππων ἀμαρυγά	925
	σὺ δὲ πάτερ, κτίστορ Αἴτνας,	
	ζαθέων ίερῶν ὁμώνυμε,	
	δὸς ἐμὶν ὅ τι περ	
	τεᾶ κεφαλᾶ θέλης	
	πρόφρων δόμεν έμιν τεῶν.	930
ΠEI.	τουτὶ παρέξει τὸ κακὸν ἡμῖν πράγματα,	
	εὶ μή τι τούτω δόντες ἀποφευξούμεθα	
	ούτος, σύ μέντοι σπολάδα καὶ χιτῶν' ἔχεις,	
	ἀπόδυθι καὶ δὸς τῷ ποιητῆ τῷ σοφῷ	
	έχε την σπολάδα πάντως δέ μοι ριγών δοκεις	935
поі.	τόδε μεν οὐκ ἀέκουσα φίλα	
	Μοῦσα τόδε δῶρον δέχεται	
	τὺ δὲ τεᾶ φρενὶ μάθε	
	Πινδάρειον ἔπος—	
ΠΕΙ.	ανθρωπος ήμων οὐκ ἀπαλλαχθήσεται	940
ποι.	νομάδεσσι γάρ εν Σκύθαις	
	άλᾶται Στράτων,	
	ος υφαντοδόνητον έσθος ου πέπαται	
	άκλεής δ' έβα σπολάς ἄνευ χιτώνος	
	ξύνες ο τοι λέγω	945

κύκλια dithyrambic songs, παρθένεια songs for a choius of maidens
 Simonides was famous for all kinds of lyrics.
 See 493

^a Pindar, addiessing Hiero (Ίέρων), who had re-colonized Catana under the name of Aetna, said σύνει δ τοι λέγω, ζαθέων 220

THE BIRDS, 919-945

Dithyrambic songs, on your Cloudcuckooburies PEI When did you first begin these lovely songs? Po Long, long ago, O yes! Long, long ago! PEI Why, is not this the City's Tenth-day b feast? I've just this instant given the child its name But fleet, as the menry many-twinking hoises' feet, The any fany Rumour of the Muses Aetna's Founder, father mine, Whose name is the same as the holy altar flame. Give to me what thy bounty chooses To give me willingly of thine PEI He'll cause us trouble now, unless we give him Something, and so get off Hallo, you priest, Why, you've a jerkin and a tunic too, Strip, give the jerkin to this clever poet Take it, upon my word you do seem cold This little kindly gift the Muse PO Accepts with willing condescension, But let me to an apt 1emark Of Pindar call my loid's attention PEI The fellow does not seem inclined to leave us. Out among the Scythians yonder PO See poor Straton wander, wander, d Poor poor Straton, not possessed

of a whirly-woven vest.

All inglorious comes, I trow, leather jerkin, if below No soft tunic it can show Conceive my drift, I pray

leρων διμώνυμε, πάτερ, κτίστορ Αίτνας (Schol) See also Pindar,

Pyth 11 127, Nem. vii 1, below 945

a "This too is from Pindai," says the Scholiast who quotes Νομάδεσσι γὰρ ἐν Σκύθαις | ἀλᾶται Στράτων, | δς ἀμαξοφόρητον οἶκον οὐ πέπαται, | ἀκλεὴς δ' ἔβα, and then adds, "but having got the mules from Hiero he (Pindar) proceeded to ask for a chariot" The poet here shows a like rapacity

221

пет.	ξυνίημ' ὅτι βούλει τὸν χιτωνίσκον λαβεῖν. ἀπόδυθι δεῖ γὰρ τὸν ποιητὴν ὠφελεῖν ἄπελθε τουτονὶ λαβών	
поі.	άπέρχομαι,	
1101	κάς την πόλιν γ' έλθων ποιήσω δη ταδί	
	κλήσον ὧ χρυσόθρονε	950
	τὰν τρομεράν κρυεράν	000
	νιφόβολα πεδία	
	πολύσπορά τ' ήλυθον.	
	άλαλαί	
пеі.	νη τον Δί' άλλ' ήδη πέφευγας ταυταγί	
	τὰ κρυερά, τονδὶ τὸν χιτωνίσκον λαβών	955
	τουτί μὰ Δί' ἐγὼ τὸ κακὸν οὐδέποτ' ήλπισα,	
	ουτω ταχέως τουτον πεπύσθαι την πόλιν	
	αδθις σύ περιχώρει λαβών τὴν χέρνιβα εὐφημία 'στω.	
ХРН≥	ΜΟΛΟΓΟΣ. μη κατάρξη τοῦ τράγου	
ПЕІ	συ δ' εί τίς,	
XP.	δστις, χρησμολόγος	
ПЕІ	οἴμωζ€ νυν.	960
ХP	ῶ δαιμόνιε τὰ θεῖα μὴ φαύλως φέρε	
	ώς έστι Βάκιδος χρησμός άντικρυς λέγων	
	ές τὰς Νεφελοκοκκυγίας.	
ΠEI.	κἄπειτα πῶς	
	ταθτ' οὐκ έχρησμολόγεις σύ πρὶν έμε τὴν πόλιν	
	τήνδ' οἰκίσαι,	
XP.	τὸ θεῖον ἐνεπόδιζέ με.	965
ΠΕΙ.	άλλ' οὐδεν οδόν έστ' ἀκοῦσαι τῶν ἐπῶν	
ХP	άλλ' όταν οἰκήσωσι λύκοι πολιαί τε κορώναι	
	εν ταυτώ το μεταξύ Κορίνθου και Σικυώνος,—	

THE BIRDS, 946-968

Off with it, you Needs must assist a Poet
There, take it, and depart
Yes, I'll depart,

And make to the city pretty songs like this,
O Thou of the golden throne,
Sing Her, the quivering, shivering,
I came to the plains many-sown,
I came to the snowy, the blowy
Alalae!

Alalae '

FII Well, well, but now you surely have escaped
From all those shiverings, with that nice warm vest
This is, by Zeus, a plague I never dreamed of
That he should find our city out so soon
Boy, take the laver and walk round once more.
Now hush! b

ORACLE-MONGER For bear! touch not the goat awhile PEI Eh? Who are you?

O -M

A soothsayen.

You be hanged 'o -M O think not lightly, friend, of things divine;
Know I've an oracle of Bakis, bearing

On your Cloudcuckoobuijes

Did you not soothsay that before I founded
My city here?

o.-m The Power within forbade me.

PEI Well, well, there's nought like hearing what it says. o-m. Nap but it once grep crows

and wolves shall be banding together,

Out in the midway space, twirt Corinth and Sicyon, dwelling,—

An ancient prophet, P. 1070, K 123.
 τὸ μεταξὸ Κ καὶ Σ had become a proverbial tag

ПЕІ	τί οδν προσήκει δητ' έμοὶ Κορινθίων,	
ХP	ηνίξαθ' δ Βάκις τοῦτο πρὸς τὸν ἀέρα	970
	πρώτον Πανδώρα θῦσαι λευκότριχα κριόν	
	ος δέ κ' εμών επέων έλθη πρώτιστα προφήτης,	
	τῷ δόμεν ἰμάτιον καθαρὸν καὶ καινὰ πέδιλα—	
пет.	ένεστι καὶ τὰ πέδιλα;	
XP.	λαβέ τὸ βιβλίον	
	καὶ φιάλην δοῦναι, καὶ σπλάγχνων χεῖρ' ἐπιπλῆσαι.	975
пеі	καὶ σπλάγχνα διδόν' ἔνεστι;	
ХP	λαβὲ τὸ βιβλίον	
	καν μεν θέσπιε κουρε ποιής ταυθ' ώς επιτέλλω,	
	αιετός εν νεφέλησι γενήσεαι αι δέ κε μη δώς,	
	ούκ έσει οὐ τρυγών οὐδ' αἰετὸς οὐ δρυκολάπτης	
ΠEI	καὶ ταῦτ' ἔνεστ' ἐνταῦθα,	
ХP	λαβὲ τὸ βιβλίον	980
ПЕІ	οὐδὲν ἄρ' ὅμοιός ἐσθ' ὁ χρησμὸς τουτωί,	
	ον εγώ παρά ταπόλλωνος εξεγραψάμην	
	αὐτὰρ ἐπὴν ἄκλητος ἰων ἄνθρωπος ἀλαζων	
	λυπή θύοντας καὶ σπλαγχνεύειν ἐπιθυμή,	
	δή τότε χρή τύπτειν αὐτὸν πλευρῶν τὸ μεταξύ—	
WD.	ούδεν λέγειν οξμαί σε.	985
XP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
HEI	λαβέ τὸ βιβλίον	

καὶ φείδου μηδέν μηδ' αίετοῦ ἐν νεφέλησιν,

^a An appropriate name for a suitor to use ^b "The first four words of this line are taken from the oracle which is said in Knights 1013 to have been the favourite oracle of the Athenian Demus, Πολλά ἰδών, the Demus was told, καὶ πολλά παθών, καὶ πολλά μογήσας, | Αιετός ἐν νεφέλησι γενήσεαι ἡματα πάντα": R 224.

THE BIRDS, 969-987

PEI But what in the world have I to do with Corinth?

O-M Bakis is inddling Bakis means the Air

First to Pandora a offer

a white-flecced ram for a victim. Acrt, who first shall arrive

my betses prophetic expounding,

Gibe him a biand-new cloak

and a pair of excellent sandals.

PEI Ale sandals in it?

о-м Take the book and see

Gibe him moreober a cup,

and fill his hands with the inwards.

PEI. Are inwards in it?

o -m Take the book and see

youth, dibinely inspired,

if thou dost as I bid, thou shalt surely

Sour in the clouds as an Eagle b,

tefuse, and thou ne'er shalt become an

Eagle, or eben a dobe,

or a woodpecker tapping the oak-tree.

PEI Is all that in it?

o-m Take the book and see.

PEI O how unlike your oracle to mine,

Which from Apollo's words I copied out;

But if a cheat, an impostor,

presume to appear uninvited,

Troubling the sacred rites,

and lusting to taste of the inwards,

Bit him betwixt the ribs

with all your force and your fury.

o-M You're jesting surely PEI. Take the book and see.

See that ye spare not the rogue,

though he sour in the clouds as an Eagle,

	μήτ' ἢν Λάμπων ἢ μήτ' ἢν ὁ μέγας Διοπείθης καὶ ταῦτ' ἔνεστ' ἐνταῦθα, λαβὲ τὸ βιβλίον	
ПЕІ	ούκ εί θύραζ', ες κόρακας	
XP.	οίμοι δείλαιος	990
ПЕІ	ούκουν έτέρωσε χρησμολογήσεις έκτρέχων,	
$MET\Omega$	n ήκω παρ' ύμᾶς—	
ΠEI	ἔτερον αὖ τουτὶ κακόν.	
	τί δ' αὖ σὺ δράσων, τίς δ' ἰδέα βουλεύματος,	
	τίς ή 'πίνοια, τίς ὁ κόθορνος τῆς όδοῦ;	
ME.	γεωμετρήσαι βούλομαι τὸν ἀέρα	995
	ύμιν διελείν τε κατά γύας	
ΠEI	πρὸς τῶν θεῶν	
	σὺ δ' εί τίς ἀνδρῶν;	
ME.	οστις είμ' έγώ, Μέτων,	
	ον οίδεν Έλλας χω Κολωνός	
ПЕІ	εἰπέ μοι,	
	ταυτί δέ σοι τί έστι,	
ME.	κανόνες ἀέρος.	
	αὐτίκα γὰρ ἀήρ ἐστι τὴν ἰδέαν ὅλος	1000
	κατά πνιγέα μάλιστα. προσθείς οὖν έγω	
	τον κανόν άνωθεν τουτονί τον καμπύλον,	
	ένθεις διαβήτην-μανθάνεις;	

^a See 521, P 1084 Diopeithes, another soothsayer, whose

M had recently erected a horologe, worked by water, on an emmence in the agora called Colonus, it is alluded to also in the Solitary of Phiynichus, which competed with the Birds

4 "The great astronomer and mathematician is here introduced as a solemn quack, talking unintelligible nonsense, purposely 226

sanity was not above suspicion, W 380

b Exis soothsayer, enter Meton, with the instruments of a land-surveyor M. was a famous astronomer, inventor of the Metonic cycle. The numbers of the nineteen years of his calendar still appear in the Prayer Book as the Golden Numbers

THE BIRDS, 988-1003

Wea, be he Lampon a himself

or even the great Diopeithes.

о-м. Is all that in it?

Take the book and see. PEI

Get out ' be off, confound you ' (Striking him) O -M

PEI There, run away and soothsay somewhere else b

METON. I come amongst you-PEI Some new misery this !

Come to do what? What's your scheme's form and outline?

What's your design? What buskin's on your foot? ME I come to land-survey this Air of yours,

And mete it out by acres Heaven and Earth! PEI

Whoever are you?

Whoever am I ! I'm METON, (scandalized) Known throughout Hellas and Colonus of

PEI. Ave.

And what are these?

They're rods for Air-surveying. ME I'll just explain The Air's, in outline, like One vast extinguisher, so then, observe, Applying here my flexible rod, and fixing My compass there,—you understand?

unintelligible, ἐπίτηδες ἀδιανόητα, as Symmachus says in the scholium He claims to have solved the problem of squaring the circle, whilst in πνιγεύς and διαβήτης there appears to be some reminiscence of Clouds, 96, 178 However the diagram which he explains to Peisthetaerus seems to be to the following effect. He has with him several κανόνες, of which one at least is flexible Drawing a circle with a pair of compasses he lays the flexible Kardy over the circumference, then with the straight rods he makes radu extending from the centre to, and prolonged beyond. the circumference These are the streets which run from the market-place to, and through, the city gates". R.

HEI	ου μανθάνω	
ME.	ορθώ μετρήσω κανόνι προστιθείς, ΐνα	
	δ κύκλος γένηταί σοι τετράγωνος, κάν μέσω άγορά, φέρουσαι δ' ώσιν εἰς αὐτὴν δδοὶ	1005
	όρθαὶ πρὸς αὐτὸ τὸ μέσον, ὧσπερ δ' ἀστέρος, αὐτοῦ κυκλοτεροῦς ὄντος, ὀρθαὶ πανταχή	
	ἀκτίνες ἀπολάμπωσιν	
ПЕІ	ανθρωπος Θαλης	
	Μέτων—	
ME.	τί ἔστιν,	
пеі	οΐσθ' ότιὴ φιλῶ σ' ἐγώ,	1010
	κάμοι πιθόμενος ύπαποκίνει της όδου	
ME.	τίδ' ἐστὶ δεινόν,	
пет.	ώσπερ <i>ἐν Λακεδαίμονι</i>	
	ξενηλατοῦνται καὶ κεκίνηνταί τινες	
	πληγαὶ συχναὶ κατ' ἄστυ.	
ME.	μῶν στασιάζετε,	
ITEI.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ δῆτ'.	
ME	άλλὰ πῶς;	
пеі.	δμοθυμαδόν	1015
	σποδείν ἄπαντας τούς ἀλαζόνας δοκεί	
ME	ύπάγοιμί τἄρ' ἄν	
HEI.	νη Δί' ώς οὐκ οἶδ' ἄρ' εἰ	
	φθαίης ἄν ἐπίκεινται γὰρ ἐγγὺς αὐταιί	
ME	οίμοι κακοδαίμων	
HEI.	ουκ έλεγον έγω πάλαι,	
	ούκ ἀναμετρήσεις σαυτὸν ἀπιὼν ἀλλαχῆ,	1020
E∏I∑i	κοποπ ποῦ πρόξενοι;	

a Cf C 180.
 b Alluding to the Spartan practice of expelling strangers,
 ξενηλασία P 623
 Exit Meton Enter a Commissioner, to inspect the new

THE BIRDS, 1003-1021

I don't PEI ME With the straight rod I measure out, that so The circle may be squared, and in the centre A market-place, and streets be leading to it Straight to the very centre, just as from A star, though cucular, straight rays flash out In all directions Why, the man's a Thales a ! PET Meton ! Yes. what? ME You know I love you, Meton, PEI Take my advice, and slip away unnoticed Why, what's the matter? ME As in Lacedaemon PEI There's stranger-hunting b; and a great disturbance; And blows in plenty What, a Revolution? ME. PEI. No, no, not that

ME What then?

They've all resolved

With one consent to wallop every quack

ME I'd best be going.

Faith, I'm not quite certain

If you'le in time, see, see the blows are coming!

(Striking him.)

ME O, murder ! help!

PEI I told you how 'twould be.

Come, measure off your steps some other way commissioner. Ho! consuls, ho!

colony "He is a smart and gorgeous official (cf 1021), one of the Commissioners who were dispatched by Athens to superintend, organize, and report upon, the affairs of a colony or new acquisition" R.

Citizens in a foreign country, who looked after the interests, in the city of their own residence, of the state whose πρόξενοι they were.

пеі.	τίς ὁ Σαρδανάπαλλος ούτοσί,	
епі	ἐπίσκοπος ήκω δεῦρο τῷ κυάμῳ λαχών	
	ές τὰς Νεφελοκοκκυγίας	
ΠΕΙ.	ἐπίσκοπος,	
	ἔπεμψε δὲ τίς σε δεῦρο,	
EΠI.	φαῦλον βιβλίον	
	Τελέου τι.	
ΠE1.	βούλει δήτα τὸν μισθὸν λαβὼν	025
	μη πράγματ' έχειν, ἀλλ' ἀπιέναι,	-20
EIII.	νη τους θεούς	
	έκκλησιάσαι δ' οὖν ἐδεόμην οἴκοι μένων	
	έστιν γάρ α δι' έμου πέπρακται Φαρνάκη	
ПЕІ	απιθι λαβών ἔστιν δ' ὁ μισθὸς οὐτοσί."	
	τουτί τί ήν,	
ΠΕΙ.	2)///	030
ЕΠΙ	μαρτύρομαι τυπτόμενος ὢν ἐπίσκοπος	
	ούκ ἀποσοβήσεις, ούκ ἀποίσεις τὼ κάδω,	
	οὐ δεινά, καὶ πέμπουσιν ήδη πισκόπους	
	ές την πόλιν, πρίν καὶ τεθύσθαι τοῖς θεοῖς,	
ЧНФ І	ΜΑΤΟΠΩΛΗΣ. ἐὰν δ' ὁ Νεφελοκοκκυγιεύς τὸν	
	3 A Q 2 S 2	035
ΠΕΙ.	τουτὶ τί ἔστιν αδ κακὸν τὸ βιβλίον,	
	ψηφισματοπώλης εἰμὶ καὶ νόμους νέους	
	ήκω παρ' ύμας δεθρο πωλήσων	
џы.	$\tau \delta \tau i$;	
ΨH	χρησθαι Νεφελοκοκκυγιας τοις αὐτοις μέτροισι και 10	040
	σταθμοῖσι καὶ νομίσμασι καθάπερ 'Ολοφύξιοι	
ΠEI.	σύ δέ γ' οἶσιπερ ώποτύξιοι χρήσει τάχα.	

Proverbial for luxury.
 See 167 He is taken as having proposed the appointment of a Commissioner
A Persian satrap, father of Pharnabazus.

THE BIRDS, 1021-1044

PEI.

Saidanapalus, suiely!

COM. Lo, I to your Cloudcuckooburies come, By lot Commissioner Commissioner ? PEI Who sent you hither? Lo, a paltry scioll COM Of Teleas b Come now, will you take your pay PEI And get you gone in peace? By Heaven I will COM. I ought to be at home on public business, Some little jobs I've had with Phainaces of PEI Then take your pay, and go your pay's just—this (Striking him) com What's that? A motion about Phainaces PEI. COM Witness! he's stilking a Commissioner PEI Shoo! shoo! begone, you and your verdict-urns d The shame it is They send Commissioners Before we've finished our maugural rites STATUTE-SELLER (reading) But if the Cloudcuckooburian wrong the Athenian-PEI Here's some more writing What new misery's this? s -s I am a Statute-seller, and I'm come Bringing new laws to sell you Such as what? PEI. s-s Item, the Cloudcuckooburrans are to use the selfsame weights and measures, and the selfsame coinage as the Olophyxians 6 PEI And you the selfsame as the Oh! Oh! -tyxians. (Striking him) He seems to have brought ballot-boxes so as to establish democratical institutions. Enter Statute-seller

Olophyxus, on the peninsula of Acte, the name chosen to

lead up to 'Οτοτύξιοι, " the Lamenters," from οτοτύζειν

ΨН	οὖτος τί πάσχεις,	
пеі		1045
	πικρούς έγώ σοι τήμερον δείξω νόμους	
EIII	καλουμαι Πεισθέταιρον υβρεως ές τον Μουνυ-	
2221	χιώνα μήνα.	
ΠEI	άληθες οὖτος, ἔτι γὰρ ἐνταῦθ' ἦσθα σύ,	
ΨH	έὰν δέ τις έξελαύνη τοὺς ἄρχοντας καὶ μὴ δέχηται	
	κατά την στήλην—	1050
ΠEI	οίμοι κακοδαίμων, καὶ σὺ γὰρ ἐνταῦθ' ἦσθ' ἔτι,	
ЕΠ1.	ἀπολῶ σε καὶ γράφω σε μυρίας δραχμάς	
ПЕІ	έγὼ δὲ σοῦ γε τὼ κάδω διασκεδῶ	
Ψ H	μέμνησ' ότε της στήλης κατετίλας έσπέρας,	
ΠEI.		1055
	ἀπίωμεν ήμεις ώς τάχιστ' έντευθενί	1000
	θύσοντες είσω τοις θεοίσι τὸν τράγον	
	tion in inches	
xo.	ήδη ³ μοὶ τῷ παντόπτα [στρ	
	καὶ παντάρχα θνητοὶ πάντες	
	θύσουσ' εὐκταίαις εὐχαῖς	1060
	πασαν μεν γάρ γαν οπτεύω,	
	σώζω δ' εὐθαλεῖς καρπούς	
	κτείνων παμφύλων γένναν	
	θηρῶν, ἃ πάντ' ἐν γαία.	
	έκ κάλυκος αὐξανόμενον γένυσι παμφάγοις	1065
	δένδρεσί τ' εφημένα καρπόν αποβόσκεται	
	κτείνω δ' οι κήπους εὐώδεις	
	φθείρουσιν λύμαις έχθίσταις,	

Exst Statute-Seller, but he and the Commissioner each make two brief reappearances, and vanish
 Execut ownes, and the goat is supposed to be sacrificed within

THE BIRDS, 1045-1068

s-s. H1 ! what are you at?

CH

Take off those laws, you rascal Laws you won't like I'll give you in a minute a

COM (reappearing) I summon Peisthetaeius foi next Muny-

chion on a charge of outrage

PEI O that's it, is it? What, are you there still?

8-8 (reappearing) Item, if any man drive away the magistrates, and do not receive them according to the pillar—

PEI O mercy upon us, and are you there still?

COM (reappearing) I'll ruin you' I claim ten thousand drachmas!

PEI I'll overturn your veidict-urn, I will

s-s (reappearing) Think of that evening when you fouled the pillar

PEI. Ugh ' seize him, somebody ' Ha, you're off there, are you?

Let's get away from this, and go within, And there we'll sacrifice the goat in peace b

Unto me, the All-controlling, All-surveying,

Now will men, at every altar,

Prayers be praying;
Me who watch the land, protecting

Fruit and flower, Slay the mynad-swarming insects

Who the tender buds devour

In the earth and on the branches

with a never-satiate malice,

Nipping off the blossom as it widens from the chalice.

And I slay the noisome creatures

Which consume

And pollute the garden's fieshly scented bloom;

έρπετά τε καὶ δάκετα πάνθ' ὅσαπερ έστιν ύπ' έμας πτέρυνος έν φοναίς όλλυται 1070 τηδε μέντοι θημέρα μάλιστ' ἐπαναγορεύεται, ην αποκτείνη τις ύμων Διαγόραν τον Μήλιον, λαμβάνειν τάλαντον, ήν τε των τυράννων τίς τινα των τεθνηκότων ἀποκτείνη, τάλαντον λαμβάνειν 1075 Βουλόμεσθ' οὖν νυν ἀνειπεῖν ταῦτα χήμεῖς ἐνθάδε. ην αποκτείνη τις ύμων Φιλοκράτη τον Στρούθιον, λήψεται τάλαντον, ην δε ζωντ' ανάνη τις, τέτταρα, ότι συνείρων τούς σπίνους πωλεί καθ' έπτα τούβολού, είτα φυσών τὰς κίχλας δείκνυσι καὶ λυμαίνεται, 1080 τοις τε κοψίχοισιν ές τὰς ρίνας έγχει τὰ πτερά, τας περιστεράς θ' όμοίως ξυλλαβών εξρξας έχει, κάπαναγκάζει παλεύειν δεδεμένας εν δικτύω. ταθτα βουλόμεσθ' ανειπείν κεί τις όρνιθας τρέφει είργμένους ύμων έν αὐλη, φράζομεν μεθιέναι. 1085 ην δε μη πίθησθε, συλληφθέντες ύπο των ορνέων αδθις ύμεις αδ παρ' ήμιν δεδεμένοι παλεύσετε

^a At the great Dionysia outlaws were proclaimed b Diagoras, called the Atheist, had lately fled, and a price was set upon his head for divulging and reviling the Mysteries: Schol

[&]quot;The Athenians still, in their public 'Aρά, denounced the tyrant (see Thesm 338, 339, and the note on Thesm. 331) and still offered a reward to the tyrannicide" R

THE BIRDS, 1069-1087

And every little biter, and every creeping thing Perish in destruction at the onset of my wing Listen to the City's notice,

specially proclaimed a to-day;

Sirs, Diagoras b the Melian

whosoever of you slay,

Shall receive, reward, one talent,

and another we'll bestow

If you slay some ancient tyrant,

dead and burned long ago c

We, the Birds, will give a notice,

we proclaim with right good will,

Sirs, Philocrates, Sparrovian,

whosoever of you kill,

Shall receive, reward, one talent,

if alive you bring him, four;

Him who strings and sells the finches,

seven an obol, at his store,

Blows the thrushes out and, rudely,

to the public gaze exposes,

Shamefully entreats the blackbirds,

thrusting feathers up their noses

Pigeons too the rascal catches,

keeps and mews them up with care,

Makes them labour as decoy-birds,

tethered underneath a snare.

Such the notice we would give you.

And we wish you all to know,

Who are keeping birds in cages,

you had better let them go.

Else the Birds will surely catch you,

and yourselves in turn employ,

Tred and tethered up securely,

other rascals to decov

εύδαιμον φῦλον πτηνών Γåντ οἰωνῶν, οἱ χειμῶνος μὲν χλαίνας οὐκ ἀμπισχοῦνται, 1090 οὐδ' αὖ θερμή πνίγους ήμας άκτις τηλαυγής θάλπει άλλ' ἀνθηρῶν λειμώνων φύλλων εν κόλποις ναίω, ήνίκ' αν δ θεσπέσιος όξυ μέλος αχέτας 1095 θάλπεσι μεσημβρινοῖς ήλιομανής βοά γειμάζω δ' έν κοίλοις άντροις νύμφαις οὐρείαις ξυμπαίζων ηρινά τε βοσκόμεθα παρθένια λευκότροφα μύρτα Χαρίτων τε κηπεύματα. 1100

τοις κριταις είπειν τι βουλόμεσθα τής νίκης πέρι, όσ' ἀγάθ', ήν κρίνωσιν ήμας, πασιν αὐτοις δώσομεν, ώστε κρείττω δώρα πολλῷ τῶν 'Αλεξάνδρου λαβειν πρῶτα μὲν γάρ, οῦ μάλιστα πας κριτής ἐφίεται, 1105 γλαῦκες ὑμας οὕποτ' ἐπιλείψουσι Λαυριωτικαί ἀλλ' ἐνοικήσουσιν ἔνδον, ἔν τε τοις βαλλαντίοις ἐννεοττεύσουσι κἀκλέψουσι μικρὰ κέρματα είτα πρὸς τούτοισιν ὥσπερ ἐν ἱεροις οἰκήσετε

^a The owl was stamped on Athenian coins, in Laureium were the silver mines 236

THE BIRDS, 1088-1109

O the happy clan of birds Clad in feather,

Needing not a woollen vest in

Wintry weather,

Heeding not the warm far-flashing Summer 1 av.

For within the leafy bosoms Of the flowery meads I stay,

When the Chiruper in ecstasy

is shilling forth his tune,

Maddened with the sunshine,

and the rapture of the noon.

And I winter in the caverns'

Hollow spaces,

With the happy Oreads playing, and in Spring I crop the virgin flowers of the myrtles white and tender, Dainties that are fashioned in the gardens of the Graces.

Now we wish to tell the Judges,

in a firendly sort of way,

All the blessings we shall give them

if we gain the prize to-day.

Ne'er were made to Alexander

loveher promises or grander.

First, what every Judge amongst you

most of all desires to win,

Little Lauriotic owlets a

shall be always flocking in.

Ye shall find them all about you,

as the dainty brood increases,

Building nests within your purses,

hatching little silver pieces.

Then as if in stately Temples

shall your happy lives be spent,

τὰς γὰρ ὑμῶν οἰκίας ἐρέψομεν πρὸς ἀετόν 1110 κὰν λαχόντες ἀρχίδιον εἶθ' ἀρπάσαι βούλησθέ τι, ὀξὺν ἱερακίσκον ἐς τὰς χεῖρας ὑμῖν δώσομεν ἢν δέ που δειπνῆτε, πρηγορεῶνας ὑμῖν πέμψομεν ἢν δὲ μὴ κρίνητε, χαλκεύεσθε μηνίσκους φορεῖν ὥσπερ ἀνδριάντες ὡς ὑμῶν ὃς ὰν μὴ μῆν' ἔχη,1116 ὅταν ἔχητε χλανίδα λευκήν, τότε μάλισθ' οὕτω δίκην δώσεθ' ἡμῖν, πᾶσι τοῖς ὄρνισι κατατιλώμενοι.

1120

1125

ΠΕΙ τὰ μὲν ἱέρ' ἡμῖν ἐστιν ὧρνιθες καλά ἀλλ' ὡς ἀπὸ τοῦ τείχους πάρεστιν ἄγγελος οὐδείς, ὅτου πευσόμεθα τἀκεῖ πράγματα; ἀλλ' οὐτοσὶ τρέχει τις ᾿Αλφειὸν πνέων

ΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ Α ποῦ ποῦ στι, ποῦ ποῦ ποῦ 'στι, ποῦ ποῦ ποῦ οῦ 'στι ποῦ,

ποῦ Πεισθέταιρός ἐστιν ἄρχων;

πει. ούτο

r.Α ἐξψκοδόμηταί σοι τὸ τεῖχος

ΑΠΕΙ. εῦ λέγεις.

ΑΓ.Α.κάλλιστον έργον καὶ μεγαλοπρεπέστατον·

ωστ' ἂν ἐπάνω μὲν Προξενίδης ὁ Κομπασεὺς καὶ Θεαγένης ἐναντίω δύ' ἄρματε,
ἔππων ὑπόντων μέγεθος ὅσον ὁ δούριος,
ὑπὸ τοῦ πλάτους ἂν παρελασαίτην.

πει Ἡράκλεις.

^b Disks of bronze, placed over the heads of statues to protect them from the pollutions of birds · Schol

· Enter Persthetaerus

^a The triangular pediment or gable which surmounted the columns of a Greek temple.

Enter Messenger, panting like an Olympian runner.

THE BIRDS, 1110-1129

For the birds will top your mansions

with the Eagle pediment a

If you hold some petty office,

if you wish to steal and pick,

In your hands we'll place a falcon,

very keen and small and quick.

If a dinner is in question,

crops we'll send you for digestion.

But should you the puze deny us,

you had better all prepare,

Like the statues in the open,

little copper disks b to weai;

Else whene'er abroad ye're walking,

clad in raiment white and new,

Angry birds will wreak their vengeance,

spattering over it and you.

PEI Dear Birds, our sacrifice is most auspicious
But strange it is, no messenger has come
From the great wall we are building, with the news
Hah! here runs one with true Alpheian pantings d

MESSENGER Where, where,—O where, where, where,—O where, where, where,

Where, where's our leader Persthetaerus?

Here

MES You building's built! The wall's complete!

PEI Well done.

MES And a most grand, magnificent work it is.
So broad, that on its top the Braggadocian
Proxemdes could pass Theagenes f
Each driving in his chariot, drawn by horses

As bulky as the Trojan.

PEI.

Heracles |

For these two needy braggarts see 822 and note

Ar.A	τὸ δὲ μῆκός ἐστι, καὶ γὰρ ἐμέτρησ' αὕτ' ἐγώ, ἑκατοντορόγυιον	1130
пеі.	ὧ Πόσειδον τοῦ μάκρους	
	τίνες ψκοδόμησαν αὐτὸ τηλικουτονί,	
АГ А	ὄρνιθες, οὐδεὶς ἄλλος, οὐκ Αἰγύπτιος	
	πλινθοφόρος, οὐ λιθουργός, οὐ τέκτων παρῆν,	
	άλλ' αὐτόχειρες, ὤστε θαυμάζειν ἐμέ	1135
	έκ μέν γε Λιβύης ήκον ώς τρισμύριαι	
	γέρανοι θεμελίους καταπεπωκυΐαι λίθους	
	τούτους δ' ἐτύκιζον αἱ κρέκες τοῖς ῥύγχεσιν	
	έτεροι δ' ἐπλινθοφόρουν πελαργοὶ μύριοι	
	ύδωρ δ' ἐφόρουν κάτωθεν ἐς τὸν ἀέρα	11 4 0
	οί χαραδριοί καὶ τἄλλα ποτάμι' ὅρνεα	
пеі.	έπηλοφόρουν δ' αὐτοῖσι τίνες,	
АГ А	έρωδιοί	
	λεκάναισι	
ΠEI.	τὸν δὲ πηλὸν ἐνεβάλλοντο πῶς;	
АГ А	τοῦτ' ὦγάθ' ἐξεύρητο καὶ σοφώτατα	
	οί χήνες ύποτύπτοντες ώσπερ ταις άμαις	1145
	ές τὰς λεκάνας ἐνέβαλλον αὐτοῖς τοῖν ποδοῖν.	
пеі.	τί δητα πόδες αν ουκ απεργασαίατο,	
АГ А	καὶ νη Δί' αἱ νητταί γε περιεζωσμέναι	
	έπλινθοφόρουν άνω δέ τον ύπαγωγέα	
	ἐπέτοντὶ ἔχουσαι κατόπιν ώσπερ παιδία,	1150
	καὶ πηλον ἐν τοῖς στόμασιν, αἱ χελιδόνες.	
ΠΕΙ	τί δήτα μισθωτούς αν έτι μισθοῖτό τις,	

<sup>Perhaps a reference to the wall of Babylon, 300 feet high and 75 broad, Herod 1. 178.
It was a popular belief that cranes swallowed pebbles to serve as ballast in their migrations, 1428, 1429.</sup>

THE BIRDS, 1130-1152

MES And then its height, I measured that, is just Six hundred feet a

PEI Poseidon, what a height!

Who built it up to that enoimous size?

MES The biids, none other; no Egyptian, bearing

The bricks, no mason, carpenter was there,

Then own hands wrought it, marvellous to see

From Libya came some thirty thousand cranes

With great foundation-stones they had swallowed

And these the coin-crakes fashioned with their beaks. Ten thousand stocks were carrying up the bricks, of And lapwings helped, and the other water-birds, To bring the water up into the air.

PEI. Who bare aloft the mortar for them?

mes. Herons

In hods

down . b

MES O that was most ingeniously contrived

The geese struck down their feet, and slid them under,
Like shovels, and so heaved it on the hods

PEI Then is there anything that FEET can't do 16

MES And then the ducks, with girdles round their waists,

Carried the bricks and up the swallows flew,
Like serving-lads, carrying behind them each
His trowel, and the mortar in their mouths
Then why should men hire hirelings any more!

There was a proverb, τι δήτα χείρες οὐκ αν εργασαίατο,

Schol

c "Διὰ τὸ Πελαργικὸν τεῖχος τοὺς ἀπὸ Τυρρηνίας ἡκοντας ἀναστήσαι Scholiast. See the note on 832 supra. The Πελαργοί, having been so successful in building the wall of the Athenian acropolis. now bring the bricks for building the great wall of the Birds" R.

	φέρ' ίδω, τί δαί, τὰ ξύλινα τοῦ τείχους τίνες	
	ἀπηργάσαντ',	
АГ А	ορνιθες ήσαν τέκτονες	
	σοφώτατοι πελεκαντες, οι τοις ρύγχεσιν	1155
	απεπελέκησαν τας πύλας ήν δ' ο κτύπος	
	αὐτῶν πελεκώντων ὤσπερ ἐν ναυπηγίω	
	καὶ νῦν ἄπαντ' ἐκεῖνα πεπύλωται πύλαις	
	καὶ βεβαλάνωται καὶ φυλάττεται κύκλφ,	
	έφοδεύεται, κωδωνοφορεῖται, πανταχή	1160
	φυλακαί καθεστήκασι καί φρυκτωρίαι	
	έν τοῖσι πύργοις. ἀλλ' έγω μεν ἀποτρέχων	
	ἀπονίψομαι σὺ δ' αὐτὸς ήδη τἄλλα δρᾶ	
xo	οδτος τί ποιεῖς; ἄρα θαυμάζεις ὅτι	
	ούτω τὸ τεῖχος ἐκτετείχισται ταχύ,	1165
ПЕІ	νη τούς θεούς έγωγε και γάρ άξιον	
	ΐσα γὰρ ἀληθῶς φαίνεταί μοι ψεύδεσιν	
	άλλ' όδε φύλαξ γάρ τῶν ἐκεῖθεν ἄγγελος	
	ἐσθεῖ πρὸς ἡμᾶς δεῦρο πυρρίχην βλέπων	
аг в	λού λού, λού λού, λού λού	1170
	τί τὸ πρᾶγμα τουτί,	
Ar.B.		
	των γὰρ θεων τις ἄρτι των παρά τοῦ Διὸς	
	διά των πυλών εἰσέπτατ' ες τὸν ἀέρα,	
	λαθών κολοιούς φύλακας ήμεροσκόπους	
пет.	ῶ δεινὸν ἔργον καὶ σχέτλιον εἰργασμένος	1175
HEI.	τ ϵ	1170
477.70		
AT B	οὐκ ἴσμεν· ὅτι δ' εἶχε πτερά,	
	τοθτ' ἴσμεν	
ΠΕΙ.	οὔκουν δῆτα περιπόλους έχρῆν	
	πέμψαι κατ' αὐτὸν εὐθύς,	

THE BIRDS, 1153-1178

Well, well, go on, who was it finished off The great wall's woodwork?

Excellent workmen, hewing with huge beaks
Gate-timber, and the uproar as they hewed
Was like an aisenal when ships are building
Now every gateway has its gate, fast-baired,
And watched the whole way round, and birds are

pacing

Then beats, and carrying bells, and everywhere
The guards are stationed, and the beacons blaze
On every tower But I must hurry off
And wash myself You, manage what remains
CH O man, what alls you? Do you feel surprised

To hear the building has been built so soon?

PEI By all the Gods I do, and well I may
In very truth it seems to me like—hes
But see! a guard, a messenger from thence
Is running towards us with a war-dance blook! GUARD. Hallo! Hallo! Hallo! Hallo!

PEI. Why, what's up now?

GUARD A terrible thing has happened.

One of the Gods, of Zeus's Gods, has just, Giving our jackdaw sentinels the slip,

Shot through the gates and flown into the air
PEI A dieadful deed! A wicked scandalous deed!

Which of the Gods?

GUARD. We know not Wings he had,

So much we know

PEI Ye should have sent at once The civic guard in hot pursuit.

There is a play on πελεκάω, "to hew."

A dance of men in full armour

Enter a guard

^d Eurip Medea, 1121 & δεινόν έργον παρανόμως είργασμένη

άλλ' ἐπέμμαμεν

AF.B	άλλ' ἐπέμψαμεν	
	τρισμυρίους ίέρακας ίπποτοξότας,	
	χωρεί δὲ πᾶς τις ὄνυχας ήγκυλωμένος,	1180
	κερχνής, τριόρχης, γύψ, κύμινδις, αίετός	
	ρύμη τε καὶ πτεροῖσι καὶ ροιζήμασιν	
	αίθηρ δονείται, του θεου ζητουμένου	
	κάστ' οὐ μακρὰν ἄπωθεν, ἀλλ' ἐνταῦθά που	
	ήδη 'στίν'	
пеі	οὔκουν σφενδόνας δεῖ λαμβάνειν	1185
	καὶ τόξα, χώρει δεῦρο πᾶς ὑπηρέτης	
	τόξευε, παιε σφενδόνην τίς μοι δότω	
xo.	πόλεμος αἴρεται, πόλεμος οὐ φατός,	
	πρὸς ἐμὲ καὶ θεούς ἀλλὰ φύλαττε πᾶς	1190
	άέρα περινέφελον, ον "Ερεβος ετέκετο,	
	μή σε λάθη θεών τις ταύτη περών	1195
	ἄθρει δὲ πᾶς κύκλω σκοπῶν,	
	ώς έγγης ήδη δαίμονος πεδαρσίου	
	δίνης πτερωτός φθόγγος εξακούεται	
пеі.	αύτη σύ, ποῖ ποῖ ποῖ πέτει, μέν' ἤσυχος·	
	έχ' ἀτρέμας αὐτοῦ στηθ' ἐπίσχες τοῦ δρόμου	1200
	τίς εί, ποδαπή, λέγειν έχρην οπόθεν ποτ' εί	1200
1PIZ	παρά των θεών έγωγε των 'Ολυμπίων	
	ονομα δέ σοι τί έστι, πλοίον η κυνή,	
	Τρις ταχεία	
пеі.	Πάραλος η Σαλαμινία,	
IP.	τί δὲ τοῦτο,	
-	Alluding to the Θράκει ιπποτοξόται commanded by Sitalces	-
- 4	remaing to the Option immoresoral commanded by Sitaices	

an ally of Athens Thuc 11 96

Erebus is the father of Aether in Hesiod, Theog 125.

[·] Enter Iris 4 She is like a ship because her wings spread like oars, and her chiton bellies like a sail Schol. And as she flies in her long 244

THE BIRDS, 1178-1205

GUARD.

We sent

The mounted archers, a thuty thousand falcons, All with their talons curved, in fighting trim, Hawk, buzzard, vulture, eagle, eagle-owl Yea, Ether vibrates with the whizz and whirr Of beating pinions, as they seek the God Ay, and he's near methinks; he's very near; He's somewhere here

PEI

A sling, a sling, I say!
Arrows and bows! Fall in, my merrymen all!
Shoot, smite, be resolute A sling! a sling!

CII

War is begun, inexpiessive war,
Wai is begun twixt the Gods and me!
Look out, look out, through the cloud-wiapt air
Which east the Darkness of Erebus b baie,
Lest a God slip by, and we fail to see
Glance eager-eyed on every side,

For close at hand the winged sound I hear Of some Immortal hurthing through the Sky c

Stop where you are 'keep quiet' stay 'remain'
Who, what, whence are you' where do you come
from 'Quick'

IRIS Whence do I come? From the Olympian Gods.

PEI Your name! What is it? Sloop or Head-dress?

IR. Iris

The fleet 6

PEI. The Paralus, or the Salamınıan f? IR. Why, what's all this?

robes, probably bulliant with all the colours of the rainbow, she also resembles a beubboned head-dress

βdσκ' ίθι, 'Ιρι ταχεῖα, Hom Iliad, viii. 399 et seq
 The two "fleet" dispatch-boats of Athens.

ΠEI,	ταυτηνί τις οὐ συλλήψεται	1205
	αναπτάμενος τρίορχος,	
IP.	έμε συλλήψεται,	
	τί ποτ' ἐστὶ τουτὶ τὸ κακόν,	
ΠΕΙ.	οὶμώξει μακρά.	
IP.	ἄτοπόν γε τουτὶ πρᾶγμα.	
ΠΕΙ.	κατά ποίας πύλας	
	εἰσῆλθες εἰς τὸ τεῖχος ὧ μιαρωτάτη,	
IP.	ούκ οίδα μὰ Δί' ἔγωγε κατὰ ποίας πύλας	1210
ΠEI.	ήκουσας αὐτης οἷον εἰρωνεύεται;	
	πρός τούς κολοιάρχους προσηλθες, οὐ λέγεις,	
	σφραγίδ' έχεις παρά τῶν πελαργῶν,	
IP	τί τὸ κακόν	
ПЕІ	οὐκ ἔλαβες;	•
IP.	ύγιαίνεις μέν,	
пеі.	οὐδὲ σύμβολον	
	έπέβαλεν ὀρνίθαρχος οὐδείς σοι παρών,	1215
IP	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔμοιγ' ἐπέβαλεν οὐδεὶς ὧ μέλε	1210
пеі	κάπειτα δηθ' ούτω σιωπή διαπέτει	
	διὰ τῆς πόλεως τῆς ἀλλοτρίας καὶ τοῦ χάους,	
IP	ποία γαρ άλλη χρη πέτεσθαι τούς θεούς,	
MEI.	οὐκ οίδα μὰ Δί έγωγε τῆδε μὲν γὰρ οῦ.	1220
	άδικεις δε και νυν άρά γ' οίσθα τουθ' ότι	1220
	δικαιότατ' αν ληφθείσα πασων 'Ιρίδων	
	ἀπέθανες, εἰ τῆς ἀξίας ἐτύγχανες,	
IP.	άλλ' ἀθάνατός εἰμ'.	
ΠEI.	άλλ' ὅμως ἂν ἀπέθανες	
	δεινότατα γάρ τοι πεισόμεσθ', έμοὶ δοκεῖ,	1225
	εί των μεν άλλων άρχομεν, ύμεις δ' οί θεοί	1220
	ἀκολαστανεῖτε, κοὐδέπω γνώσεσθ' ὅτι	
	άκροατέον ύμιν έν μέρει των κρειττόνων.	
	φράσον δέ τοί μοι τὼ πτέρυγε ποι ναυστολείς,	
946	in the last in the last woo lover?	

THE BIRDS, 1205-1229

Fly up, some buzzard there. PEI. Fly up, and seize her. Me! Seize ME, do you say? IR. What the plague's this? You'll find to your cost, directly. PEI Well now, this passes! IR Answei! By what gates PEI. Got you within the city wall, Miss Minx? I' faith, I know not, fellow, by what gates. PEI, You hear the rade, how she prevaricates! Saw you the daw-commanders? What, no answer? Where's your stork-pass a? My patience, what do you mean? \mathbf{IR} PEI You never got one? Have you lost your wits? TR PEI Did no bird-captain stick a label a on you? On ME? None stuck a label, wretch, on ME PEI So then you thought in this sly stealthy way To fly through Chaos and a realm not yours? And by what route, then, ought the Gods to fly? PEI I' faith, I know not. Only not by this This is a trespass! If you got your rights, Of all the Inses that ever were You'd be most justly seized and put to death But I am deathless TR All the same for that PEI You should have died A pretty thing, forsooth, If, whilst all else obey us, you the Gods Run riot, and forget that you in tuin Must learn to yield obedience to your betters.

But tell me, where do you navigate your wings?

247

 $[^]a$ σφραγίε, a sealed passport ; σύμβολον, the ticket on a bale of goods.

IP.	P. ἐγώ, πρὸς ἀνθρώπους πέτομαι παρὰ τοῦ πατρὸς 1	
	φράσουσα θύειν τοῖς 'Ολυμπίοις θεοῖς	
	μηλοσφαγείν τε βουθύτοις ἐπ' ἐσχάραις	
	κνισαν τ' άγυιάς	
пеі.	τί σὺ λέγεις, ποίοις θεοῖς,	
IP	ποίοισιν; ήμιν τοις εν ουρανώ θεοις	
ПЕІ	θεοί γὰρ ὑμεῖς,	
IP	τίς γάρ ἐστ' ἄλλος θεός,	1235
ПЕІ	ὄρνιθες ἀνθρώποισι νθν είσιν θεοί,	1200
	οίς θυτέον αὐτούς, ἀλλὰ μὰ Δί' οὐ τῷ Διί	
IP.	ῶ μῶρε μῶρε μὴ θεῶν κίνει φρένας	
	δεινάς, όπως μή σου γένος πανώλεθρον	
	Διὸς μακέλλη πᾶν ἀναστρέψει Δίκη,	1240
	λιγνύς δε σώμα καὶ δόμων περιπτυχάς	1240
	καταιθαλώσει σου Λικυμνίαις βολαίς	
ПЕІ	άκουσον αύτη παθε των παφλασμάτων	
	έχ' ἀτρέμα. φέρ' ίδω, πότερα Λυδον ή Φρύγα	
	ταυτί λέγουσα μορμολύττεσθαι δοκείς,	1245
	άρ' οἶσθ' ὅτι Ζεὺς εἴ με λυπήσει πέρα,	1270
	μέλαθρα μέν αὐτοῦ καὶ δόμους 'Αμφίονος	
	καταιθαλώσω πυρφόροισιν αἰετοῖς,	
	πέμψω δὲ πορφυρίωνας ἐς τὸν οὐρανὸν	
	όρνεις έπ' αὐτὸν παρδαλας ένημμένους	1250
	πλειν έξακοσίους τον αριθμόν και δή ποτε	1200
	είς Πορφυρίων αὐτῷ παρέσχε πράγματα.	
	συ δ' εί με λυπήσεις τι, της διακόνου	
	πρώτης ανατείνας τω σκέλη διαμηριώ	
	την Τριν αυτήν, ωστε θαυμάζειν όπως	1255
	ούτω γέρων ὢν στύομαι τριέμβολον	1200

a Tragic tags or tragic style Διὸς μακέλλη, Aesch. Aq 509, and elsewhere, καταιθαλοί, Eur Ion, 215, Suppl. 640 In the 248

THE BIRDS, 1230-1256

IR. I? From the Father to mankind I'm flying, To bid them on their bullock-slaughtering hearths Slay sheep to the Olympian Gods, and steam The streets with savour

What do you say? What Gods?

IR What Gods? To us, the Gods in Heaven, of course

PEI (with supreme contempt) What, are you Gods?

IR What other Gods exist?

PEI Birds are now Gods to men, and men must slay Victims to them, and not, by Zeus, to Zeus

O fool, fool, fool! Stu not the mighty wrath Of angry Gods, lest Justice, with the spade Of vengeful Zeus, demolish all thy race, And fiery vapour, with Licymnian strokes, Incinerate thy palace and thyself!

Now listen, girl; have done with that bombast (Don't move) A Lydian or a Phiygian b is it, You think to terrify with words like those? Look here—If Zeus keep troubling me, I'll soon Incinerate his great Amphion's domes and halls of state with eagles carrying fire And up against him, to high heaven, I'll send More than six hundred stout Porphyrion rails All clad in leopard-skins—Yet I remember When one Porphyrion gave him toil enough. And as for you, his waiting-maid, if you Keep troubling me with your outrageous ways, I'll outrage you, and you'll be quite surprised To find the strength of an old man like me

Licymnus of Euripides, something was destroyed by lightning: Schol

• From the Niobe of Aeschylus Schol

^{*} s e some weak or worthless person The phrase is from Eur. Alc 675 πύτερα Λυδὸν ἡ Φρύγα.

Eur. Suppl. 640 δν Ζεύς κεραυνῷ πυρπόλφ καταιθαλοί.

ΠΕΙ. IP.	διαρραγείης ὧ μέλ' αὐτοῖς βήμασιν οὐκ ἀποσοβήσεις, οὐ ταχέως, εὐρὰξ πατά ἦ μήν σε παύσει τῆς ὕβρεως ούμὸς πατήρ οἵμοι τάλας οὕκουν ἐτέρωσε πετομένη	É	1260
xo.		[åvτ	
	μηκέτι τὴν ἐμὴν διαπερᾶν πόλιν, μηδέ τιν' ἱερόθυτον ἀνά τι δάπεδον ἔτι τῆδε βροτῶν θεοῖσι πέμπειν καπνόν		1265
	δεινόν γε τὸν κήρυκα τὸν παρὰ τοὺς βροτοῦ οἰχόμενον, εἰ μηδέποτε νοστήσει πάλιν		1270
KHPT	Η ὦ Πεισθέταιρ', ὧ μακάρι', ὧ σοφώτατε, ὧ κλεινότατ', ὧ σοφώτατ', ὧ γλαφυρώτατε ὧ τρισμακάρι', ὧ κατακέλευσον		12,0
цеі.	τί σὺ λέγεις	٠,	
KH	στεφάνω σε χρυσώ τώδε σοφίας οΰνεκα στεφανοῦσι καὶ τιμώσιν οἱ πάντες λεώ.		1275
HEI. KH.	δέχομαι. τί δ' οὖτως οἱ λεὰ τιμῶσί με, ὧ κλεινοτάτην αἰθέριον οἰκίσας πόλιν, οὖκ οἶσθ' ὄσην τιμὴν παρ' ἀνθρώποις φέρει, ὄσους τ' ἐραστὰς τῆσδε τῆς χώρας ἔχεις.		
	πρίν μέν γὰρ οἰκίσαι σε τήνδε τὴν πόλιν, ἐλακωνομάνουν ἄπαντες ἄνθρωποι τότε, ἐκόμων ἐπείνων ἐρρύπων ἐσωκράτουν σκυτάλιά τ' ἐφόρουν, νῦν δ' ὑποστρέψαντες αδ	:	1280
	όρνιθομανοῦσί, πάντα δ' ὑπὸ τῆς ἡδονῆς ποιοῦσιν ἄπερ ὅρνιθες ἐκμιμούμενοι πρῶτον μὲν εὐθὺς πάντες ἐξ εὐνῆς ἄμα ἐπέτονθ' ἔωθεν ὤσπερ ἡμεῖς ἐπὶ νομόν κἄπειτ' ἃν ἄμα κατῆραν ἐς τὰ βιβλία.	1	1285

Enter Herald

THE BIRDS, 1257-1288

IR. O shame upon you, wretch, your words and you.

PEI. Now then begone, shoo, shoo! Eurax patax!

IR My father won't stand this, I vow he won't

PEI Now Zeus-a-mercy, maiden, fly you off,

Incinerate some younger man than I a

CH Never again shall the Zeus-born Gods,

Never again shall they pass this way!

Never again through this realm of ours

Shall men send up to the heavenly Powers

The savour of beasts which on earth they slay!

PEI Well but that herald whom we sent to men,
"Tis strange if he should nevermore return b
HERALD O Peisthetaerus, O thou wisest, best,
Thou wisest, deepest, happiest of mankind,
Most glorious, most—O give the word!

HER Accept this golden crown, wherewith all peoples
Clown and revere thee for thy wisdom's sake!

PEI I do What makes them all revere me so?

HER. O thou who hast built the ethereal glorious city,
Dost thou not know how men revere thy name,
And burn with ardour for this realm of thine?
Why, till ye built this city in the air,
All men had gone Lacoman-mad, they went
Long-haired, half-starved, unwashed, Socratified,
With scytales in their hands; but O the change!
They are all bird-mad now, and imitate
The birds, and joy to do whate'er birds do
Soon as they rise from bed at early dawn,
They settle down on laws, as ye on lawns,
And then they brood upon their leaves and leaflets,

 $^{^{\}circ}$ νόμος law, νομός pasture , β ιβλία, books on the rind of the papyrus , ψήφισμα, statute, ψήφος, pebble

εἶτ' ἀπενέμοντ' ἐνταῦθα τὰ ψηφίσματα ώρνιθομάνουν δ' ούτω περιφανώς ώστε καὶ πολλοῖσιν ὀρνίθων ὀνόματ' ἦν κείμενα 1290 πέρδιξ μεν είς κάπηλος ώνομάζετο χωλός, Μενίππω δ' ήν χελιδών τούνομα, Οπουντίω δ' οφθαλμον ούκ έχων κόραξ, κορυδός Φιλοκλέει, χηναλώπηξ Θεαγένει, 1295 ίβις Λυκούργω, Χαιρεφώντι νυκτερίς, Συρακοσίω δε κίττα Μειδίας δ' έκεῖ όρτυξ ἐκαλεῖτο καὶ γὰρ ἦκεν ὅρτυγι ύπο στυφοκόπου την κεφαλήν πεπληγιένω ήδον δ' ύπὸ φιλορνιθίας πάντες μέλη, 1300 όπου χελιδών ήν τις έμπεποιημένη η πηνέλοψ η χήν τις η περιστερά η πτέρυγες, η πτερού τι καὶ σμικρον προσην. τοιαθτα μέν τάκειθεν. Εν δέ σοι λένω. ήξουσ' έκειθεν δεθρο πλείν ή μύριοι 1305πτερών δεόμενοι καὶ τρόπων γαμψωνύχων ώστε πτερών σοι τοις εποίκοις δει ποθέν. οὐ τἄρα μὰ Δί' ἡμιν ἔτ' ἔργον ἔστάναι. άλλ' ώς τάχιστα σύ μεν ιών τὰς ἀρρίχους καὶ τοὺς κοφίνους ἄπαντας ἐμπίπλη πτερῶν 1310 Μανής δε φερέτω μοι θύραζε τὰ πτερά έγω δ' έκείνων τούς προσιόντας δέξομαι.

χο ταχύ δή πολυάνορα τάνδε πόλιν

στρ

See 153. He had only one eye
 See 822 note
 An orator, whom Eupolis likens to a cur running or yapping

along a wall. Schol

[•] A horse-breeder and farrier , the hollow of a horse's foot was called $\chi_{\epsilon}\lambda_{\epsilon}\delta\omega_{\rho}$.

⁶ The στυφοκόπος (otherwise called ορτυγοκόπος) was an expert quail-filliper, who staked his own skill against the bird's 252

THE BIRDS, 1289-1313

And feed then fill upon a crop of statutes So undisguised their madness, that full oft The names of birds are fastened on to men One lumping tradesman now is known as "Partudge ",

They dub Memppus "Swallowa", and Opuntius

"Blind Raven b", Philocles is "Crested Laik." Theagenes c is nicknamed "Sheldrake" now:

Lycurgus "Ibis", Chaerephon the "Vampire"; And Syracosius "Jay", whilst Meidias there Is called the "Quail", aye and he's like a quail Flipped on the head by some quail-filliper of So fond they are of birds that all are singing Songs where a swallow figures in the verse, Or goose, or may-be widgeon, or ring-dove,

Or wings, or even the scantiest shred of feather So much from earth And let me tell you this, More than ten thousand men will soon be here, All wanting wings and taloned modes of life Somehow or other you must find them wings

PEI O then, by Zeus, no time for dallying now, Quick, 1un you f in; collect the crates and baskets, And fill them all with wings, that done, let Manes Bring me them out; whilst I, remaining here, Receive the wingless travellers as they come.

CH. Very soon "fully-manned" will this City be called,

power of endurance The quail was placed on a board, This. and a ring was drawn round it. Then the στυφοκόπος filliped it on the head with his forefinger If the bird stood its ground, its owner won, but if it flinched and backed out of the ring, the στυφοκόποι won See Pollux, vii segm 136, ix. 107-109 Meidias was one of these στυφοκόποι, as well as a quail-breeder" R. The nickname suited his dazed look

/ Some attendant, like Manes in 1311

HEI. XO.	καλεῖ τις ἀνθρώπων τύχη μόνον προσείη κατέχουσι δ' ἔρωτες ἐμᾶς πόλεως θάττον φέρειν κελεύω	1315
xo.	τί γὰρ οὖκ ἔνι ταύτη καλὸν ἀνδρὶ μετοικεῖν, Σοφία, Πόθος, ἀμβρόσιαι Χάριτες, τό τε τῆς ἀγανόφρονος 'Ησυχίας εὐήμερον πρόσωπον	1320
пеі	ώς βλακικώς διακονείς οὐ θάττον ἐγκονήσεις,	
xo	φερέτω κάλαθον ταχύ τις πτερύγων [ἀντ σὺ δ' αὖθις ἐξόρμα, τύπτων γε τοῦτον ὧδί	1325
пет.	πάνυ γὰρ βραδύς ἐστί τις ὤσπερ ὄνος Μανῆς γάρ ἐστι δειλός	1330
ПЕІ	οὔ τοι μὰ τὰς κερχνῆδας ἔτι σοῦ σχήσομαι, οὖτως δρῶν σε δειλὸν ὄντα καὶ βραδύν.	1335
ПАТР	ΑΛΟΙΑΣ γενοίμαν αἰετὸς ὑψιπέτας, ὡς ἀμ- ποταθείην ὑπὲρ ἀτρυγέτου, γλαυκᾶς ἐπ' οΐδμα λίμνας	
пеі. 254	επ οιδμα λιμνας ξοικεν οὐ ψευδαγγελήσειν ἄγγελος. ἄδων γὰρ ὅδε τις αἰετοὺς προσέρχεται.	1340

THE BIRDS, 1311-1341

If men in such numbers invade us

So fortune continue to aid us

CH O, the love of my City the world has enthralled!

PEI (to Manes) Bring quicker the baskets they're packing

CH For in what is it lacking

That a man for his home can require?

Here is Wiedom, and With and each exercise Green.

Here is Wisdom, and Wit, and each exquisite Grace,
And here the unruffled, benevolent face
Of Quiet, and loving Desire

PEI Why, what a lazy loon are you!

Come, move a little faster, do

CH O see that he brings me a basket of wings
Rush out in a whillwind of passion,
And wallop him, after this fashion.
For the rogue is as slow as a donkey to go
PEI No pluck has your Manes, 'tis true

CH. But now 'tis for you

The wings in due order to set,

Both the musical wings, and the wings of the seers, And the wings of the sea, that as each one appears, The wings that he wants you can get

PEI O, by the kestrels, I can't keep my hands From banging you, you lazy, crazy oaf a

SIRE-STRIKER (singing). O that I might as an eagle be, Flying, flying, flying, flying Over the surge of the untilled sea!

PEI. Not false, methinks, the tale our envoy told us For here comes one whose song is all of eagles.

a Enter a Sure-struker (1.e. a young man desirous of entering a community where such things are permissible) His song is borrowed from the Oenomaus of Sophocles · Schol.

255

па.	alβοῖ	
	οὖκ ἔστιν οὐδὲν τοῦ πέτεσθαι γλυκύτερον	
	έρω δ' ἔγωγε των ἐν ὄρνισιν νόμων	
	ορνιθομανώ γαρ και πέτομαι και βούλομαι	
	οἰκεῖν μεθ' ὑμῶν κἀπιθυμῶ τῶν νόμων	1345
пеі	ποίων νόμων, πολλοὶ γὰρ ὀρνίθων νόμοι	
ПА	πάντων μάλιστα δ' ὅτι καλὸν νομίζεται	
	τὸν πατέρα τοῖς ὄρνισιν ἄγχειν καὶ δάκνειν	
ПЕІ	καὶ νὴ Δί' ἀνδρεῖόν γε πάνυ νομίζομεν,	
	ος αν πεπλήγη τον πατέρα νεοττος ών	1350
ПА		
	άγχειν ἐπιθυμῶ τὸν πατέρα καὶ πάντ' ἔχειν	
ПЕІ	ἀλλ' ἔστιν ήμιν τοισιν ὄρνισιν νόμος	
	παλαιὸς ἐν τοῖς τῶν πελαργῶν κύρβεσιν	
	έπην ο πατηρ ο πελαργος έκπετησίμους	1355
	πάντας ποιήση τούς πελαργιδέας τρέφων,	1000
	δει τους νεοττους τον πατέρα πάλιν τρέφειν	
ПΑ.	ἀπέλαυσά τἄρα νὴ Δί' ἐλθών ἐνθαδί,	
	είπερ γέ μοι καὶ τὸν πατέρα βοσκητέον	
пеі	ουδέν γ' ἐπειδήπερ γὰρ ἡλθες ὧ μέλε εύνους, πτερώσω σ' ὧσπερ ὅρνιν ὀρφανόν.	1360
	εύνους, πτερώσω σ' ὤσπερ ὄρνιν ὀρφανόν.	
	σοὶ δ' ὧ νεανίσκ' οὐ κακῶς ὑποθήσομαι,	
	άλλ' οξάπερ αὐτὸς ἔμαθον ὅτε παῖς ἡ σὺ γὰρ	
	τον μέν πατέρα μη τύπτε ταυτηνδί λαβών	
	την πτέρυγα καί τουτί το πληκτρον θάτέρα,	1365
	νομίσας άλεκτρυόνος έχειν τονδί λόφον,	
	φρούρει, στρατεύου, μισθοφορών σαυτόν τρέφε,	

a The laws of Athens were written on tablets of wood, pyramidshape, and exposed these are the $\kappa \nu \rho \beta e s$ and exposed these are the $\kappa \nu \rho \beta e s$ and the Great Dionysia, when the Tragedies were about to commence, Aeschines says, a herald came forward with a band of youths clad in shining armour, and made a pro-256

THE BIRDS, 1342-1367

s -s Fie on it!

There's nothing in this world so sweet as flying;
I've quite a passion for these same bird-laws
In fact I'm gone bird-mad, and fly, and long
To dwell with you, and hunger for your laws

PEI Which of our laws? for birds have many laws

s -s. All | All | but most of all that jolly law Which lets a youngster throttle and beat his father

PEI Aye, if a cockerel beat his father here, We do indeed account him quite a—Man

s -s That's why I moved up hither and would fain Throttle my father and get all he has

PEI But there's an ancient law among the birds, You'll find it in the tablets a of the storks, When the old stork has brought his storklings up, And all are fully fledged for flight, then they Must in their turn maintain the stork their father

s.-s. A jolly lot of good I've gained by coming,
If now I've got to feed my father too!

And so I'll rig you like an orphan bird And here's a new suggestion, not a bad one, But what I learnt myself when I was young Don't beat your father, lad, but take this wing, And grasp this spur of battle in your hand, And think this crest a game-cock's martial comb Now march, keep guard, live on your soldier's pay,

clamation than which none could be nobler, none a greater incentive to patriotic vultue, saying, These are the orphans of brave men who fell in battle, valiantly fighting in their country's cause. Wherefore the City of Athens has maintained them during their boyhood, and now having armed them in full panoply dismisses them with her blessing to their homes, and invites them to a front seat, $\kappa a \lambda \epsilon \hat{\imath} \ eis \ \pi \rho o \epsilon \delta \rho lav$, in the Theatre,' Aesch Adv Ctes. 154" B.

TIA TIEI	τὸν πατέρ' ἔα ζῆν ἀλλ' ἐπειδὴ μάχιμος εἶ, ἐς τἀπὶ Θράκης ἀποπέτου κἀκεῖ μάχου νὴ τὸν Διόνυσον εὖ γέ μοι δοκεῖς λέγειν, καὶ πείσομαί σοι νοῦν ἄρ' ἔξεις νὴ Δία	1370
KINH	ΣΙΑΣ. ἀναπέτομαι δὴ πρὸς "Ολυμπον πτερύγεσσι κούφαις	ı
	πότομαι δ' όδὸν ἄλλοτ' ἐπ' ἄλλαν μελέων,	
	τουτί τὸ πράγμα φορτίου δείται πτερών	1375
	ἀφόβω φρενὶ σώματί τε νέαν ἐφέπων	
ΠEI.	ασπαζόμεσθα φιλύρινον Κινησίαν.	
KI	τί δεθρο πόδα συ κυλλον ἀνὰ κύκλον κυκλεῖς, ὄρνις γενέσθαι βούλομαι	1380
W.I	λιγύφθογγος ἀηδών	1380
пеі	παθσαι μελφδών, άλλ' ὅ τι λέγεις εἰπέ μοι	
KI	ύπο σου πτερωθείς βούλομαι μετάρσιος	
	άναπτάμενος έκ τῶν νεφελῶν καινὰς λαβεῖν	
	άεροδονήτους καὶ νιφοβόλους ἀναβολάς.	1385
ΠEΙ	έκ τῶν νεφελῶν γὰρ ἄν τις ἀναβολὰς λάβοι,	
KI	κρέμαται μεν οὖν έντεῦθεν ἡμῶν ἡ τέχνη	
	τῶν διθυράμβων γὰρ τὰ λαμπρὰ γίγνεται	
	άξρια καὶ σκότιά γε καὶ κυαναυγέα	
	καὶ πτεροδόνητα σὺ δὲ κλύων εἶσει τάχα.	1390
KI.	οὐ δητ' έγωγε.	
W1.	νὴ τὸν Ἡρακλέα σύ γε ἄπαντα γὰρ δίειμί σοι τὸν ἀέρα.	
	είδωλα πετεινών	
	αἰθεροδρόμων	
	' οιωνών ταναοδείρων.	

^{*} Exit Sire-striker enter Cinesias (a feeble dithyrambic poet).

From Anacreon Schol.

THE BIRDS, 1368-1394

And let your father be If you want fighting, Fly off to Thiaceward regions, and fight there.

By Dropyson, I believe you're you't.

s -s By Dionysus, I believe you're light I'll do it too

You'll show your sense, by Zeus | a

cinesias (*inqinq). On the lightest of wings I am soaring on ligh,

Lightly from measure to measure I fly,

PEI. Bless me, this creature wants a pack of wings!

ci (singing) And ever the new I am fitting to find, With timorless body, and timorless mind

PEI. We clasp Cinesias, man of linden-with o

Why in the world have you whiled your splay foot

CI. (singing) To be a bird, a bird, I long, A nightingale of thilling song

PEI. O stop that singing, puthee speak in prose

ci O give me wings, that I may soar on high, And pluck poetic fancies from the clouds, Wild as the whirling winds, and driving snows

PEI What, do you pluck your fancies from the clouds?

cr Why our whole trade depends upon the clouds, What are our noblest dithyrambs but things Of air, and mist, and purple-gleaming depths, And feathery whirlwings? You shall hear, and judge.

PEI No, no, I won't.

cr. By Heracles you shall
I'll go through all the air, dear friend, for you.

(Singing) Shadowy visions of

Wing-spreading, air-treading, Taper-necked birds

[•] As thin, both he and his verses, as the inner bank of the lime-tree νέαν refers to his musical innovations.

ПЕІ	ω оဴ π	
KI	τὸν ἀλάδρομον ἁλάμενος	1395
	άμ³ ἀνέμων πνοαῖσι βαίην	2000
ΠEI	νη τον Δί' η 'γώ σου καταπαύσω τὰς πνοάς	
KI	τοτὲ μὲν νοτίαν στείχων πρὸς όδόν, τοτὲ δ' αὖ βορέα σῶμα πελάζων,	
	αλίμ <i>ε</i> νον αἰθέρος αὔλακα τέμνων	1400
	χαρίεντα γ' ὧ πρεσβῦτ' ἐσοφίσω καὶ σοφά	
пеі	ου γάρ συ χαίρεις πτεροδόνητος γενόμενος,	
KI.	ταυτί πεποίηκας τὸν κυκλιοδιδάσκαλον,	
	δς ταῖσι φυλαῖς περιμάχητός εἰμ' ἀεί,	
пет.	βούλει διδάσκειν καὶ παρ' ἡμῖν οὖν μένων	1405
	Λεωτροφίδη χορον πειομένων ορνέων	
	Κρεκοπίδα φυλήν;	
KI.	καταγελάς μου, δήλος εί	
	άλλ' οὖν ἔγωγ' οὐ παύσομαι, τοῦτ' ἴσθ' ὅτι,	
	πρὶν ἂν πτερωθεὶς διαδράμω τὸν ἀέρα	
≱ ҮКО	 . ὅρνιθες τίνες οἵδ' οὐδὲν ἔχοντες πτεροποίκιλοι, 	1410
	τανυσίπτερε ποικίλα χελιδοῖ,	
ΠΕΙ.	τουτί τὸ κακὸν οὐ φαῦλον έξεγρήγορεν.	
	οδ' αθ μινυρίζων δεθρό τις προσέρχεται	
¥T.	/ // // 66	1415
ΠEI	ές θοιμάτιον τὸ σκόλιον ἄδειν μοι δοκεῖ,	
	δεισθαι δ' ἔοικεν οὐκ ὀλίγων χελιδόνων	
MT.	τίς ὁ πτερών δεθρ' ἐστὶ τοὺς ἀφικνουμένους.	
ΠEI.	όδὶ πάρεστιν άλλ' ότου δεῖ χρη λέγειν.	
۰ A	 P begins to flap him round the stage Also a light and bud-like creature play on the Athenian tribe Κερκοπίs and κρέξ, "corn-crake" Exit Cinesias enter Sycophant, or common informer. Adapted from Alcaeus (fragm 141) 	

δρνιθες τίνες οϊδ' ώκεανω γας από περράτων ηνθον, πανέλοπες ποικιλόδειροι τανυσίπτεροι, Schol.

THE BIRDS, 1394-1419

PEI Steady, there !

CI (unging) Bounding along on the path to the seas,
Fain would I float on the stream of the bieeze
PEI. O by the Powers, I'll stop your streams and breezes
CE (unging) First do I stray on a coutbolly were.

CI (singing) First do I stray on a southerly way;

Then to the northward my body I bear, Cutting a harbourless furrow of air a A nice trick that, a pleasant trick, old man

PEI O you don't like being feathery-whirl-winged, do you?

ci That's how you treat the Cychan-chorus-trainer
For whose possession all the tribes compete!

For Leotropludes,^b all flying birds, Crake-oppidans ? ^c

You're jeering me, that's plain
But I won't stop, be sure of that, until
I get me wings, and peragrate the air d

SYCOPHANT (singing) Who be these on varied wing, birds who have not anything?

O tell me, swallow, tell me, tell me true,
O long-winged bild, O bird of varied hue!
PEI Come, it's no joke, this plague that's bioken out;
Here comes another, warbling like the rest

sy. (singing) Again I ask thee, tell me, tell me true, O long-winged bud, O bird of varied hue!

PEI. At his own cloak his catch appears to point,

More than one swallow ' that requires, I'm thinking.

sy Which is the man that wings the visitors?

PEI He stands before you. What do you please to want?

f His threadbare cloak shows that he sadly needs the warm spring weather, but "one swallow will not make spring " (μία χελιδών έαρ οὐ ποιεῖ)

ΣΥ	πτερών πτερών δει μή πύθη το δεύτερον μών εύθυ Πελλήνης πέτεσθαι διανοεί,	1420
ΠΕΙ	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	
MY.	μὰ Δί' ἀλλὰ κλητήρ εἰμι νησιωτικὸς	
	καὶ συκοφάντης,	
ПЕІ	ὧ μακάριε τῆς τέχνης	
ΣΥ	καὶ πραγματοδίφης εἶτα δέομαι πτερὰ λαβὼν	
	κύκλω περισοβείν τὰς πόλεις καλούμενος.	1425
ΠEI.	ύπαὶ πτερύγων τι προσκαλεῖ σοφώτερον,	
ΣΥ.	μὰ Δί' ἀλλ' το οι λησταί γε μη λυπῶσί με,	
	μετά τῶν γεράνων τ' ἐκεῖθεν ἀναχωρῶ πάλιν,	
	άνθ' ἔρματος πολλάς καταπεπωκώς δίκας	
mer.	τουτί γάρ έργάζει σύ τούργον, είπέ μοι,	1430
1161.	νεανίας ων συκοφαντείς τους ξένους,	1100
700	τί γὰρ πάθω, σκάπτειν γὰρ οὐκ ἐπίσταμαι	
21	άλλ' έστιν έτερα νη Δί' έργα σώφρονα,	
HEI.	212 To Salar Salar and an account	
	άφ' ῶν διαζην ἄνδρα χρην τοσουτονὶ	
	έκ τοῦ δικαίου μαλλον ή δικορραφείν	1435
	ῶ δαιμόνιε μὴ νουθέτει μ' ἀλλὰ πτέρου	
ΠΕΙ.	νῦν τοι λέγων πτερώ σε.	
TY.	καὶ πῶς ἂν λόγοις	
	ἄνδρα πτερώσειας σύ,	
HEI.	πάντες τοις λόγοις	
	ἀναπτεροῦνται.	
ΣΥ.	πάντες,	
HEI.	οὐκ ἀκήκοας,	
	όταν λέγωσιν οἱ πατέρες ἐκάστοτε	1440
	τοις μειρακίοις έν τοισι κουρείοις ταδί,	LLIU
	΄΄ δεινώς γέ μου τὸ μειράκιον Διιτρέφης	
	λέγων ἀνεπτέρωκεν ὥσθ' ἱππηλατεῖν ''	

a Aeschylus has δπλων, δπλων δεε Schol b Where victors in the games received a thick χλαενα

THE BIRDS, 1420-1443

Wings, wings I want a You need not ask me twice.

PEI Is it Pellene b that you're going to fly to?

SY No, no but I'm a sompnour for the Isles, a Informer,—

PEI O the jolly trade you've got!

SY And law-suit-hatcher, so I want the wings

To scare the cities, serving writs all round

PEI You'll summon them more cleverly, I suppose,

To the tune of wings a?

SY No, but to dodge the pirates,

I'll then come flying homeward with the cranes,

First swallowing down a lot of suits for ballast PEI. Is this your business? you, a sturdy youngster, Live by informing on the stranger-folk?

sy What can I do? I never learnt to dig

PEI. O, but by Zeus, there's many an honest calling
Whence men like you can earn a livelihood,
By means more suitable than hatching suits

sy Come, come, no preaching, wing me, wing me, please

PEI I wing you now by talking.

sy. What, by talk

Can you wing men?

PEI

PET. Undoubtedly By talk
All men are winged.

All!

Have you never heard The way the fathers in the baibeis' shops Talk to the children, saying things like these, "Distrephes has winged my youngster so By specious talk, he's all for chariot-driving."

⁶ ὑπαὶ πτερύγων from a song (Schol), A 970.

Process-server where the defendant was one of the subject allies dwelling overseas.

[•] dναπτερόω="to excite," "put on the tiptoe of expectation" or the like

et Tei	φήμ' ἐγώ	1445
	ύπο γαρ λόγων ο νοῦς τε μετεωρίζεται ἐπαίρεταί τ' ἄνθρωπος οὕτω καί σ' ἐγὼ ἀναπτερώσας βούλομαι χρηστοῖς λόγοις τρέψαι πρὸς ἔργον νόμιμον	
ZT.	άλλ' οὐ βούλομαι	1450
ПЕІ	τί δαὶ ποιήσεις,	
ΣY.	τὸ γένος οὐ καταισχυνῶ	
	παππώος δ βίος συκοφαντεῖν ἐστί μοι	
	άλλα πτέρου με ταχέσι και κούφοις πτεροις	
	ίέρακος η κερχυηδος, ώς αν τούς ξένους	
	καλεσάμενος κάτ' έγκεκληκώς ένθαδί	1455
	κατ' αὖ πέτωμαι πάλιν ἐκεῖσε	
пеі.	μανθάνω	
	ώδὶ λέγεις ὅπως ἄν ἀφλήκη δίκην	
	ένθάδε πρίν ήκειν ο ξένος	
$\Sigma \Upsilon$	πάνυ μανθάνεις	
пеі	κάπειθ' ὁ μὲν πλεῖ δεῦρο, σὸ δ' ἐκεῖσ' αὖ πέτει	
	άρπασόμενος τὰ χρήματ' αὐτοῦ.	
ΣY.	πάντ' έχεις	1460
	βέμβικος οὐδὲν διαφέρειν δεῖ	1100
ΠEI.	μανθάνω.	
	βέμβικα καὶ μὴν ἔστι μοι νὴ τὸν Δία	
	κάλλιστα Κορκυραΐα τοιαυτί πτερά	
300	οίμοι τάλας μάστιγ' έχεις	
HEI.		
-1.E-1 -	πτερώ μέν οδν,	
	οίσι σε ποιήσω τήμερον βεμβικιών	1465
ZT.	οΐμοι τάλας.	

THE BIRDS, 1444-1466

"Aye," says another, "and that boy of mine Flutters his wings at every Tragic Play"
So then by tells they are winged

sy. So then by talk they are winged

Exactly so
Through talk the mind flutters and soars aloft,
And all the man takes wing And so even now
I wish to turn you, winging you by talk,
To some more honest trade.

But I don't wish

PEI How then?

PEI

YE

I'll not disgrace my binging up
I'll ply the trade my father's fathers plied
So wing me, please, with light quick-darting wings
Falcon's or kestiel's, so I'll serve my writs
Abroad on strangers, then accuse them here,
Then dart back there again

So when they come, they'll find the suit decided,
And payment ordered

Right! you understand.
PEI. And while they're sailing hither you'll fly there,
And seize their goods for payment

That's the trick!

Round like a top I'll whizz

A whipping-top; and here by Zeus I've got Fine Corcyraean wings to set you whizzing.

oy O, it's a whip!

PEI. Nay, friend, a pair of wings,
To set you spinning round and round to-day
(Striking him)

IY. 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1

965

^a Corcyra was famous for its scourges, used by the officials n the many riots there.

ΠΕΙ οὐ πτερυγιεῖς ἐντευθενί, οὐκ ἀπολιβάζεις ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολούμενος, πικρὰν τάχ' ὄψει στρεψοδικοπανουργίαν ἀπίωμεν ἡμεῖς ξυλλαβόντες τὰ πτερά

πολλά δή και καινά και θαυστρ. 1470% XO. μάστ' ἐπεπτόμεσθα καὶ δεινα πράγματ' είδομεν έστι γαρ δένδρον πεφυκός έκτοπόν τι Καρδίας άπωτέρω Κλεώνυμος, 1475 χρήσιμον μέν οὐδέν, ἄλλως δέ δειλον και μέγα τοῦτο τοῦ μὲν ἦρος ἀεὶ βλαστάνει καὶ συκοφαντεῖ, τοῦ δὲ χειμώνος πάλιν τὰς 1480 ἀσπίδας φυλλορροεῖ έστι δ' αδ χώρα πρός αὐτῷ Γἀντ τῷ σκότω πόρρω τις ἐν τη λύχνων έρημία, ένθα τοῖς ήρωσιν άνθρω-1485 ποι ξυναριστώσι καὶ ξύνεισι πλην της έσπέρας τηνικαθτα δ' οὐκέτ' ήν ἀσφαλές ξυντυγχάνειν εί γὰρ ἐντύχοι τις ήρω 1490 τῶν βροτῶν νύκτωρ 'Ορέστη, γυμνός ήν πληγείς ύπ' αὐτοῦ πάντα τἀπιδέξια.

a Exit P with Sycophant

^b Kaρδla, a town in Thrace, there is a pun on C's lack of courage, καρδlaν οὐκ έχοντα Schol

THE BIRDS, 1466-1493

Wobble away, you most confounded tascal!
I'll make you spin! I'll law-perveiting-trick you!
Now let us gather up the wings and go a

CH. We've been flying, we've been flying

Over sea and land, espying

Many a wonder strange and new.

First, a tree of monstrous girth,

Tall and stout, yet nothing worth,

For 'tis rotten through and through,

It has got no heart, and we

Heard it called "Cleonymus-tree"

In the spring it blooms gigantic,

Fig-traducing, sycophantic,

Yet in falling leaf-time yields

Nothing but a fall of shields

Next a spot by darkness skirted,
Spot, by every light deserted,
Lone and gloomy, we descried
There the human and divine,
Men with heroes, mix and dine
Freely, save at even-tide
'Tis not safe for mortal men
To encounter heroes then.
Then the great Orestes, looming
Vast and awful through the glooming,
On their right a stroke delivering,
Leaves them palsied, stript, and shivering

A parody of Σκυθών ερημία, Aesch P V 2, see A 704

The ghost of a hero, met at night, caused paralysis

Enter Prometheus, concealing his face, probably recalling
some scene in the "Prometheus Fire-bringer" of Asschylus.

TIPOM	ιμθετ». οἴμοι τάλας, ὁ Ζεὺς ὅπως μή μ' ὄψεται ποῦ Πεισθέταιρός ἐστ',	
ΠEI.	έα τουτί τί ήν,	1495
	τίς δ συγκαλυμμός,	
ΠP.	τῶν θ∈ῶν ὀρᾳς τινα	
	έμου κατόπιν ένταυθα,	
ΠΕΙ.	μὰ Δί' ἐγὼ μὲν οὔ	
	τ is δ ' ϵ l σ $\dot{\nu}$,	
ΠP.	πηνίκ' ἐστὶν ἄρα τῆς ἡμέρας;	
ΠEI.	όπηνίκα, σμικρόν τι μετά μεσημβρίαν.	
	$\vec{a}\lambda\lambda\hat{a}$ $\vec{\sigma}\hat{v}$ $\tau\hat{i}s$ $\epsilon\hat{l}$,	
ΠP.	βουλυτός η περαιτέρω,	1500
ΠEI.	οίμ' ώς βδελύττομαί σε	
ΠP.	τί γάρ ὁ Ζεὺς ποιεῖ,	
	απαιθριάζει τας νεφέλας η ξυννέφει;	
пеі.	οἴμωζε μεγάλ'	
ПР.	ούτω μέν έκκαλύψομαι	
	& φίλε Προμηθεῦ	
ΠP.	παθε παθε, μή βόα.	
_	τί γὰρ ἔστι;	
ΠP.	'''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	150%
	άπο γάρ μ' ολέσεις, εί μ' ενθάδ' ο Ζεύς όψεται	1503
	άλλ' ΐνα φράσω σοι πάντα τάνω πράγματα,	
	τουτί λαβών μου το σκιάδειον υπέρεχε	
	άνωθεν, ώς αν μή μ' όρωσιν οί θεοί	
TTDT	λού λού.	_
ΠΕΙ.		1516
	εὖ γ' ἐπενόησας αὐτὸ καὶ προμηθικῶς	
	ύπόδυθι ταχύ δη κάτα θαρρήσας λέγε	
ΠP.	ακουε δή νυν	
HEI.	ώς ἀκούοντος λέγε	
ΠP.	άπόλωλεν δ Ζεύς	

THE BIRDS, 1494-1514

PROMETHEUS O dear ! O dear ! Pray Heaven that Zeus won't see me ! Where's Peisthetaerus ? a Why, whatever is here? PEI What's this enviragment? See you any God $\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{R}}$ Following behind me there? Not I, by Zeus. PEI. But who are you? And what's the time of day? PRPEI The time of day? A little after noon (Shouting) BUT WIIO ARE YOU? Ox-loosing time, or later? PR PEI. Disgusting idiot ! What's Zeus doing now? PR. The clouds collecting or the clouds dispersing? PEI Out on you, stupid Now then, I'll unwrap $_{\mathbf{PR}}$ PEI My dear Prometheus! Hush ! don't shout like that \mathbf{PR} PEI Why, what's up now? Don't speak my name so loudly. PR Twould be my run, if Zeus see me here But now I'll tell you all that's going on Up in the sky, if you'll just take the umbrella, And hold it over, that no God may see me. PEI, Ha! Ha!

The crafty thought! Prometheus-like b all over.
Get under then, make haste. and speak out freely.

PR Then listen

PEI. Speak I'm listening, never fear PR. All's up with Zeus!

^a Enter Peisthetaerus
^b With a play on προμήθεια "forethought."

пеі.	πηνίκ' ἄττ' ἀπώλετο,	
ΠP.	έξ οθπερ θμείς φκίσατε τον άέρα	1515
	θύει γάρ οὐδεὶς οὐδεν ἀνθρώπων ἔτι	1010
	θεοίσιν, οὐδὲ κνίσα μηρίων ἄπο	
	ἀνῆλθεν ώς ήμας ἀπ' ἐκείνου τοῦ χρόνου,	
	άλλ' ώσπερεί Θεσμοφορίοις νηστεύομεν	
	ανευ θυηλών οι δε βάρβαροι θεοί	1520
	πεινώντες ώσπερ 'Ιλλυριοί κεκριγότες	1020
	έπιστρατεύσειν φάσ' ἄνωθεν τῷ Διί,	
	εί μή παρέξει τάμπόρι' άνεωγμένα,	
	ιν εισάγοιτο σπλάγχνα κατατετμημένα	
ΠΕΙ.	είσιν γάρ έτεροι βάρβαροι θεοί τινες	1525
	ἄνωθεν ὑμῶν,	1020
ΠP.	οὐ νάο εἰσι Βάοβαροι.	
	ου γάρ είσι βάρβαροι, ὄθεν ὁ πατρῷός ἐστιν Ἐξηκεστίδη,	
mei.	ονομα δε τούτοις τοις θεοις τοις βαρβάροις	
	τί ἔστιν,	
ПР	ο τι ἔστιν, Τριβαλλοί	
MEI.	μανθάνω.	
	έντεθθεν άρα τουπιτριβείης εγένετο	1 500
пр.	μάλιστα πάντων εν δέ σοι λέγω σαφές	1530
	ήξουσι πρέσβεις δεθρο περί διαλλαγών	
	παρά τοῦ Διὸς καὶ τῶν Τριβαλλῶν τῶν ἄνω	
	ύμεις δε μη σπένδεσθ', εάν μη παραδιδώ	
	τὸ σκήπτρον ὁ Ζεὺς τοῖσιν ὅρνισιν πάλιν,	1531
	και την Βασίλειάν σοι γυναϊκ' έχειν διδώ	109(
ΠΕΙ.	τίς ἐστιν ή Βασίλεια,	
ΠP.	καλλίστη κόρη,	
	ήπερ ταμιεύει τον κεραυνόν του Διός	
	καὶ τἄλλ' ἀπαξάπαντα, τὴν εὐβουλίαν,	
	,	

a "As Athenian women fast on the N $\eta\sigma\tau$ ela, the third day of the Thesmophorian Festival": R. 270

THE BIRDS, 1514-1539

PEI Good gracious me ! since when ?

PR. Since first you built your city in the air
For never from that hour does mortal bring
Buint-offerings to the Gods, or savoury steam
Ascend to heaven from flesh of victims slain
So now we fast a Thesmophorian fast,^a
No altais burning, and the Barbarous Gods
Half-starved, and gibbering like Illyrians, vow
That they'll come marching down on Zeus, unless
He gets the marts reopened, and the bits
Of savoury inwards introduced once more
PEI What, are there really other Gods, Barbarians.

PEI What, are there really other Gods, Barbarians, Up above byou?

PR Barbarians? Yes, thence comes
The ancestral God of Execestides

PEI And what's the name of these Barbarian Gods?

PR The name? Triballians

PEI ____ Aye, I understand.

'Tis from that quarter Tribulation comes
PR. Exactly so And now I tell you this,
Envoys will soon be here to treat for peace,
Sent down by Zeus and those Triballians there
But make no peace, mind that, unless king Zeus
Restores the sceptie to the Birds again,
And gives yourself Miss Sovereignty to wife.

PEI And who's Miss Sovereignty?

PR The loveliest girl

Tis she who keeps the thunderbolts of Zeus, And all his stores,—good counsels, happy laws,

 $^{\mathfrak{b}}$ The Athenians used $d\nu\omega$ in a geographical sense to indicate the north

^o A fierce Thracian tribe A few years before they had defeated and slain Sitalces (Thuc iv 101), perhaps driven by famine, like the "Barbarous Gods"

ПЕІ. ПР.	την εὐνομίαν, την σωφροσύνην, τὰ νεώρια, την λοιδορίαν, τὸν κωλακρέτην, τὰ τριώβολα ἄπαντά τἄρ' αὐτῷ ταμιεύει; φήμ' ἐγώ ην γ' ην σὺ παρ' ἐκείνου παραλάβης, πάντ' ἔχεις τούτων ἔνεκα δεῦρ' ηλθον, ἵνα φράσαιμί σοι	1540
	αεί ποτ' ανθρώποις γαρ εύνους είμ' έγώ.	1545
ПЕІ	μόνον θεων γαρ δια σ' απανθρακίζομεν	1040
	μισω δ' απαντας τούς θεούς, ως οίσθα σύ	
ΠEI		
ΠP.	Τίμων καθαρός άλλ' ως αν αποτρέχω πάλιν,	
	φέρε το σκιάδειον, ίνα με καν ο Ζεύς ίδη	1550
	άνωθεν, ακολουθείν δοκώ κανηφόρω	
ПЕІ	καὶ τὸν δίφρον γε διφροφόρει τονδὶ λαβών.	
ХO	πρὸς δὲ τοῖς Σκιάποσιν λί- [στ	0.
	μνη τις έστ', άλουτος οδ	
	ψυχαγωγεί Σωκράτης	1555
	ενθα καὶ Πείσανδρος ήλθε	
	δεόμενος ψυχην ίδειν ή	
	ζωντ' έκεινον προύλιπε,	
	σφάγι' έχων κάμηλον ά-	
	μνόν τιν', ής λαιμούς τεμών	1500
	ώσπερ ούδυσσεύς, ἀπῆλθε,	_300
	ωσπερ συσυσσευς, απηλοε, κάτ' ἀνηλθ' αὐτῷ κάτωθεν	
	κάι ανήνο ασιά κατασεν	

A maiden who bore the second basket in the Panathenaic procession, behind her went one carrying a stool (διφροφόρος), 272

[•] The official who paid the dicasts W 695, 724 • ι ϵ one who hated his fellow-gods as much as Timon did his fellow-Athenians. On the story of Timon was moulded the Morbrpowor of Phrynichus, which competed with the Birds. See L. 808-20.

THE BIRDS, 1540-1562

Sound common sense, dockyaids, abusive speech, All his three-obols, and the man who pays them ^a PEI Then she keeps EVERYTHING!

Win her from Zens, and you'll have EVERYTHING I hastened here that I might tell you this, You know I am always well-disposed to men

PEI Aye, but for you we could not fiy our fish.

PR. And I hate every God, you know that, don't you?

PEI Yes, hatred of the Gods, you always felt it.

PR A regular Timon b! but 'tis time to go, Let's have the umbrella, then, if Zeus perceives me, He'll think I'm following the Basket-bearer c PRI Here, take the chair, and act the Chair-gul too

Next we saw a sight appalling,
Socrates, unwashed, was calling
Spirits from the lake below,
("Twas on that enchanted ground
Where the Shadow-feet are found)
There Persander came to know
If the spirit cowards lack
Socrates could conjure back,
Then a camel-lamb he slew,
Lake Odysseus, but withdrew,

Aelian says that others walked beside these, holding sunshades to protect them

² A mythical tribe, who used their huge feet to shade their heads

The reference is to Hom Od xi 35-51 where Odysseus summons the souls of the dead by slaying sheep and letting the blood pour into a trench. Here Peisander who never had any "spirit" $(\psi v \chi \eta)$ comes to see if Socrates can get it back for him, but cannot go through with the oideal, and leaves the blood to the dired-up, ghost-like Chaerephon (cf. 1296)

CH

	πρὸς τό γ' αίμα τῆς καμήλου	
	Χαιρεφων ή νυκτερίς	
похв	ειδον το μέν πολισμα της Νεφελοκοκκυγίας	1565
	δραν τοδὶ πάρεστιν, οί πρεσβεύομεν	
	οδτος τί δράς; επ' άριστερ' ούτως άμπεχει,	
	οὐ μεταβαλεῖς θοἰμάτιον ὧδ' ἐπιδέξια,	
	τί & κακόδαιμον; Λαισποδίας εἶ τὴν φύσιν	
	ῶ δημοκρατία ποῦ προβιβᾶς ήμᾶς ποτε,	1570
	εί τουτονί γ' έχειροτόνησαν οί θεοί,	1970
TDIE 4	λλλοΣ ἔξεις ἀτρέμας;	
no.	οΐμωζε πολύ γὰρ δή σ' έγὼ	
110.	έόρακα πάντων βαρβαρώτατον θεών.	
	άγε δη τί δρωμεν 'Ηράκλεις,	
ΗΡΑΚΛΗΣ ἀκήκοας		
	έμοῦ γ' ὅτι τὸν ἄνθρωπον ἄγχειν βούλομαι,	1575
	δοτις ποτ' έσθ' ο τούς θεούς ἀποτειχίσας	
по	άλλ' ὧγάθ' ἡρήμεσθα περὶ διαλλαγῶν	
	πρέσβεις	
HP	διπλασίως μᾶλλον ἄγχειν μοι δοκεῖ.	
HEI.	την τυρόκνηστίν τις δότω φέρε σίλφιον	
	τυρον φερέτω τις πυρπόλει τους ανθρακας.	1580
по	τον ανδρα χαίρειν οι θεοί κελεύομεν	
	τρεις όντες ήμεις	
пеі.	άλλ' ἐπικνῶ τὸ σίλφιον.	
HP	τὰ δὲ κρέα τοῦ ταῦτ' ἐστίν,	
HEI.	ορνιθές τινες	
TIEL.		
	έπανιστάμενοι τοῖς δημοτικοῖσιν ὀρνέοις	
	έδοξαν άδικεῖν	
HP.	είτα δήτα σίλφιον	1585
	έπικνᾶς πρότερον αθτοῖαιν.	

THE BIRDS, 1563-1586

Whilst the camel's blood upon
Pounced the Vampne, Chaerephon
Poseidon There, fellow envoys, full in sight, the town
Whereto we are bound, Cloudcuckoobiny, stands!
(To the Triballian)
You, what are you at, wearing your cloak left-sided?
Shift it round rightly, so My goodness, you're

A born Laispodias a! O Democracy, What will you bring us to at last, I wonder,

If voting Gods elect a clown like this

TRIBALLIAN Hands off there, will yer?

Pos Hang you, you'ie by far The uncouthest God I ever came across

Now, Heracles, what's to be done?

What I propose, I'd throttle the man off-hand,
Whoever he is, that daies blockade the Gods
Pos My dear good fellow, you forget we are sent

To treat for peace

HE. I'd throttle him all the more
PEI (to servants) Hand me the grater, bring the silphium,

you,

PEI.

Now then, the cheese, blow up the fire a little.

ros We three, immortal Gods, with words of greeting Salute the Man

PEI I'm grating silphium now

HE. What's this the flesh of?

Birds ! Birds tried and sentenced

For ising up against the popular party Amongst the birds

HE. Then you grate silphium, do you,

^a He had a withered shin, which he tried to conceal by wearing his cloak awry Schol

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ῶ χαῖρ' Ἡράκλεις ΠEI τί ἔστι. πρεσβεύοντες ήμεις ήκομεν no. παρά των θεών περί πολέμου καταλλαγής ΟΙΚΕΤΗΣ έλαιον οὐκ ἔνεστιν ἐν τῆ ληκύθω καὶ μὴν τά γ' ὀρνίθεια λιπάρ' εἶναι πρέπει 1590 πο. ημείς τε γάρ πολεμοῦντες οὐ κερδαίνομεν, ύμεις τ' αν ήμιν τοις θεοις όντες φίλοι όμβριον ΰδωρ ἃν εἴχετ' ἐν τοῖς τέλμασιν, ἀλκυονίδας τ' ἃν ἤγεθ' ἡμέρας ἀεί τούτων περὶ πάντων αὐτοκράτορες ἤκομεν ἀλλ' οὔτε πρότερον πώποθ' ἡμεῖς ἤρξαμεν 1595ΠEI πολέμου πρός ύμας, νῦν τ' ἐθέλομεν, εἰ δοκεῖ, έὰν τὸ δίκαιον ἀλλὰ νῦν ἐθέλητε δραν, σπονδάς ποιείσθαι, τὰ δὲ δίκαι ἐστὶν ταδί. τὸ σκηπτρον ήμιν τοισιν δρνισιν πάλιν 1600 τὸν Δί' ἀποδοῦναι· κᾶν διαλλαττώμεθα έπὶ τοῖσδε, τοὺς πρέσβεις ἐπ' ἄριστον καλῶ ΗΡ. έμοι μεν απόχρη ταθτα και ψηφίζομαιτί ὧ κακόδαιμον, ἢλίθιος καὶ γάστρις εἶ. ἀποστερεῖς τὸν πατέρα τῆς τυραννίδος, ΠO 1605 πει. ἄληθες, οὐ γὰρ μεῖζον ὑμεῖς οἱ θεοὶ ισχύσετ', ην όρνιθες άρξωσιν κάτω, νθν μέν γ' ύπὸ ταις νεφέλαισιν έγκεκρυμμένοι κύψαντες επιορκοθσιν ύμας οι βροτοί. έὰν δὲ τοὺς ὄρνεις ἔχητε συμμάχους, 1610 όταν όμνύη τις τὸν κόρακα καὶ τὸν Δία, ο κόραξ παρελθών τουπιορκούντος λάθρα προσπτάμενος εκκόψει τον όφθαλμον θενών. ΠΟ. νη τον Ποσειδώ ταθτά γέ τοι καλώς λέγεις κάμοὶ δοκεῖ. HP. τί δαὶ σὺ φής, HEI. 276

THE BIRDS, 1586-1615

O welcome, Heracles PEI What brings you hither?

We are envoys, sent POS

Down by the Gods to settle terms of peace SERVANT There's no more oil remaining in the flask O dear ! and bird's-flesh should be rich and glistering

Pos We Gods gain nothing by the wai, and you, Think what ye'll get by being friends with us; Rain-water in the pools, and halcyon days Shall be your perquisites the whole year through. We've ample powers to settle on these terms

PEI. It was not we who ever wished for war, And now, if even now ye come prepared With fan proposals, ye will find us ready To treat for peace What I call fair is this: Let Zeus restore the sceptre to the birds. And all make friends If ye accept this offer, I ask the envoys in to share our banquet I'm altogether satisfied, and vote-

POS. (interrupting)

What, wretch? A fool and glutton, that's what you are! What! would you lob your father of his kingdom?

PEI Ave, say you so? Why, ye'll be mightier far, Ye Gods above, if Birds bear rule below Now men go skulking underneath the clouds, And swear false oaths, and call the Gods to witness But when ye've got the Birds for your allies, If a man swear by the Raven and by Zeus, The Raven will come by, and unawares

Fly up, and swoop, and peck the perjurer's eye out. Pos. Now by Poseidon there's some sense in that.

HE. And so say I

PEI (to Trib) And you?

TP	ναβαισατρεῦ	1615
пеі.	όρᾶς; ἐπαινεῖ χοὖτος. ἔτερόν νυν ἔτι	1019
	ακούσαθ' όσον ύμας αγαθον ποιήσομεν	
	έαν τις ανθρώπων ίερειόν τω θεών	
	εὐξάμενος είτα διασοφίζηται λέγων,	
	"μενετοὶ θεοί," καὶ μἀποδιδῷ μισητία,	1620
	άναπράξομεν καὶ ταῦτα	1020
по.	φέρ' ἴδω τῷ τρόπῳ,	
ΠEI.		
	ανθρωπος οδτος, η καθηται λούμενος,	
	καταπτάμενος ἰκτίνος άρπάσας λάθρα	
	προβάτοιν δυοίν τιμήν ἀνοίσει τῷ θεῷ	1625
HP.	το σκήπτρον αποδοθναι πάλιν ψηφίζομαι	1020
	τούτοις έγώ	
по.	καὶ τὸν Τριβαλλόν νυν ἐροῦ.	
HP.	ό Τριβαλλός, οἰμώζειν δοκεῖ σοι,	
TP	σαυνάκα	
	βακταρικρούσα	
HP.	φησί μ' εὖ λέγειν πάνυ	
по.	εί τοι δοκεί σφών ταῦτα, κάμοὶ συνδοκεί	1630
HP	ούτος, δοκεί δράν ταθτα τοθ σκήπτρου πέρι.	
MEI	καὶ νη Δί' ετερόν γ' εστίν οδ 'μνήσθην εγώ	
	τὴν μὲν γὰρ "Ηραν παραδίδωμι τῷ Διί,	
	την δε Βασίλειαν την κόρην γυναϊκ' έμοι	
	έκδοτέον ἐστίν.	
по.	οὐ διαλλαγῶν ἐρậς.	1635
TTDT:	ἀπίωμεν οἴκαδ' αὖθις.	
ΠΕΙ.	ολίγον μοι μέλει	
HP	μάγειρε τὸ κατάχυσμα χρή ποιεῖν γλυκύ. ὧ δαιμόνι' ἀνθρώπων Πόσειδον ποῖ φέρει;	
_		
•]	Probably T's words are meant for broken Greek perhaps	

Probably T's words are meant for broken Greek perhaps val, ἐπεισε τρεῖε, "yes, he persuaded [all] three of us "
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THE BIRDS, 1615–1638

TR

PEI.

Persuasitree a

PEI You see? he quite assents And now I'll give you Another instance of the good ve'll gain If a man yow a victim to a God. And then would shuffle off with cunning words, Saying, in greedy lust, The Gods wait long,b This too we'll make him pay you POS Tell me how? PEI Why, when that man is counting out his money, Or sitting in his bath, a kite shall pounce Down unawaies, and carry off the price Of two fat lambs, and bear it to the God HE, I say again, I vote we give the sceptie Back to the Birds Ask the Triballian next POS. HE You there, do you want a drubbing? Hidevthine o TR. I'se stickybeatums. There ! he's all for me HE Pos Well then, if so you wish it, so we'll have it HE (to Per) H1 we accept your terms about the sceptre. PEI By Zeus, there's one thing more I've just remembered Zeus may retain his Hera, if he will, But the young girl, Miss Sovereignty, he must Give me to wife. This looks not like a treaty. POS.

Now, cook, be sure you make the gravy rich

Why, man alive, Poseidon, where are you off to?

Let us be journeying homewards.

As you will.

b 1.e are long-suffering, slow to anger, cf Juv Sat xiii 100 Ut sit magna, tamen certs lenta ira deorum est.
c Perhaps σοῦ νάκην ("skin," "hide") βακτηρία κρούσω

	ήμεις περί γυναικός μιας πολεμήσομεν,	
πo.	τί δαὶ ποιῶμεν,	
HP	ο τι, διαλλαττώμεθα	1640
по	τί δ' ἀζύρ', οὐκ οἶσθ' ἐξαπατώμενος πάλαι	
***	βλάπτεις δέ τοι σὺ σαυτόν ἢν γὰρ ἀποθάνη	
	ό Ζεύς παραδούς τούτοισι την τυραννίδα,	
	πένης έσει σύ σοῦ γὰρ ἄπαντα γίγνεται	
	τὰ χρήμαθ', ὄσ' ἀν ὁ Ζεὺς ἀποθνήσκων καταλίπη.	1045
	οίμοι τάλας οδόν σε περισοφίζεται	1045
ΠEI		
	δεθρ' ώς ἔμ' ἀποχώρησον, ἴνα τί σοι φράσω	
	διαβάλλεταί σ' ο θείος ὧ πόνηρε σύ	
	τῶν γὰρ πατρώων οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ μέτεστί σοι	
	κατά τους νόμους νόθος γάρ εί κου γνήσιος	1650
HP	έγω νόθος; τί λέγεις,	
HEI.	σὺ μέντοι νὴ Δία	
	ων γε ξένης γυναικός ἢ πως ἄν ποτε	
	έπίκληρον είναι την Αθηναίαν δοκείς,	
	οδσαν θυγατέρ', ὄντων άδελφων γνησίων,	
HP	τί δ' ἢν ὁ πατὴρ ἐμοὶ διδῷ τὰ χρήματα	1655
	νοθεί ἀποθνήσκων,	
пеі.	ο νόμος αὐτὸν οὐκ ἐᾳ	
	ούτος ο Ποσειδών πρώτος, ος έπαίρει σε νύν,	
	ανθέξεταί σου τῶν πατρώων χρημάτων	
	φάσκων άδελφὸς αὐτὸς είναι γνήσιος	
	έρω δὲ δὴ καὶ τὸν Σόλωνός σοι νόμον	1660
	'' νόθω δὲ μὴ είναι ἀγχιστείαν	
	παίδων ὄντων γνησίων	
	έαν δε παίδες μη ωσι γνήσιοι,	
	τοις έγγυτάτω γένους	1665
	μετείναι των χρημάτων."	1000
чр	έμοι δ' ἄρ' οὐδεν των πατρώων χρημάτων	
*** *	μέτεστιν,	
280		
- U U		

THE BIRDS, 1639-1668

What, are we going to fight about one woman?

Pos What shall we do?

HE Do? Come to terms at once.

You oaf, he's gulling you, and you can't see it
Well, it's yourself you are running If Zeus
Restore the kingdom to the Birds, and die,
You'll be a pauper You are the one to get
Whatever money Zeus may leave behind him

PEI O O! the way he's trying to cozen you!
Hist, step aside, I want to whisper something
Your uncle's fooling you, pool dupe By law
No shred of all your father's money falls
To you Why, you're a bastard, you're not heir.

HE Eh! What? A bastard? I?

You mother was an alien Bless the fool,
How did you think Athene could be "Heiress,"
(Being a gul), if she had lawful brethren?

HE. Well, but suppose my father leaves me all As bastard's heritage?

PEI The law won't let him
Poseidon here, who now excites you on,
Will be the first to claim the money then,
As lawful brother, and your father's heir
Why here, I'll read you Solon's law about it.

"A bastard is to have no right of inheritance, if there be lawful children. And if there be no lawful children, the goods are to fall to the next of kin" b

HE What! none of all my father's goods to fall

Or "half-breed," his mother being a mortal, for in Atticlaw, anyone was νόθος whose mother was not a genuine Athenian
 Probably the words of Solon's law the quotation is prose

пеі.	οὐ μέντοι μὰ Δία λέξον δέ μοι,	
	ήδη σ' ο πατήρ εἰσήγαγ' ες τους φράτορας;	
HP.	οὐ δῆτ' ἐμέ γε καὶ δῆτ' ἐθαύμαζον πάλαι	1670
ΠEI.	τί δητ' ἄνω κέχηνας αίκείαν βλέπων,	
	άλλ' ἢν μεθ' ἡμῶν ἢς, καταστήσω σ' ἐγὼ	
	τύραννον όρνίθων παρέξω σοι γάλα.	
HP.		
	περὶ τῆς κόρης, κἄγωγε παραδίδωμί σοι.	1675
HEI		
по	τἀναντία ψηφίζομαι	
пеі.	έν τῷ Τριβαλλῷ πᾶν τὸ πρᾶγμα τί σὺ λέγεις;	
TP.		
	δρνιτο παραδίδωμι.	
HP	παραδοῦναι λέγει	
по.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐχ οὖτός γε παραδοῦναι λέγει,	1680
	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐχ οὖτός γε παραδοῦναι λέγει, εἰ μὴ βαδίζειν ὤσπερ αἱ χελιδόνες	1000
HP.		
по	σφώ νῦν διαλλάττεσθε καὶ ξυμβαίνετε	
	έγω δ', ἐπειδή σφων δοκεῖ, σιγήσομαι.	
HP.	ήμιν α λέγεις συ πάντα συγχωρείν δοκεί.	1685
	άλλ' ἴθι μεθ' ήμων αὐτὸς ές τὸν οὐρανόν,	1000
	ίνα την Βασίλειαν καὶ τὰ πάντ' ἐκεῖ λάβης.	
HEI.	ές καιρόν δρα κατεκόπησαν ούτοιὶ	
	ές τούς γάμους.	
HP.	βούλεσθε δητ' έγω τέως	
	όπτω τὰ κρέα ταυτί μένων, ύμεις δ' ἴτε.	1690
no.	όπτῶς τὰ κρέα; πολλήν γε τενθείαν λέγεις.	1090
	οὐκ εἶ μεθ' ἡμῶν,	
HP.	εὖ γε μέντἂν διετέθην.	
	άλλα γαμικήν χλανίδ' έκδότω τις δεθρό μοι.	

^a As the Athenians did with the children of citizens.

THE BIRDS, 1668-1693

PEI

HE.

No, not one farthing f tell me this,

Has he emolled you ever in the guild? a He never has I've often wondered why PEI Come, don't look up assault-and-battery-wise Join us, my boy, I'll make you autocrat, And feed you all your days on pigeon's milk HE. I'm quite convinced you'le light about the gul: I said Restore her; and I say so now PEI (to Pos) And what say you? I vote the other way POS PEI All rests with this Triballian What say you? Me gulna charmı gratı Sovranau Budito stou b There | he said Restore her. HE pos O no by Zeus, he never said Restore her; He said to migrate as the swallows do o O then he said Restore her to the swallows. Pos. You two conclude, and settle terms of peace, Since you both vote it, I will say no more HE (to Per) We're quite prepared to give you all you ask So come along, come up to heaven yourself, And take Miss Sovereignty and all that's there. PEI So then these birds were slaughtered just in time To grace our wedding banquet Would you like me HE. To stay, and roast the meat, while you three go? Pos To roast the meat ! To TASTE the meat, you mean. Come along, do I'd have enjoyed it though.

PEI. Ho there within ! bring out a wedding robe

Την καλην και μεγάλην κόρην Βασιλείαν γαμείν Scholiast. ο μά τον Δία, φησίν, ου λέγει παραδοθναι, άλλα βαδίζειν καί άναχωρείν Schol He takes the Triballian to include βάσιν in the word βασίλιναθ Perhaps χελιδόνες in καλάνι?

έστι δ' έν Φαναίσι πρός τή Γάντ XΩ Κλεψύδρα πανούργον έγ-1695 νλωττοναστόρων γένος, οι θερίζουσίν τε καί σπείρουσι καὶ τρυγῶσι ταῖς γλώτταισι συκάζουσί τε βάρβαροι δ' είσιν γένος, 1700 Γοργίαι τε καὶ Φίλιπποι κάπὸ τῶν ἐγγλωττογαστόρων εκείνων των Φιλίππων πανταχοῦ τῆς 'Αττικῆς ἡ γλώττα χωρίς τέμνεται. 1705

ΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ. ὧ πάντ' ἀγαθὰ πράττοντες, ὧ μείζω λόγου, ὧ τρισμακάριον πτηνὸν ὀρνίθων γένος, δέχεσθε τὸν τύραννον ὀλβίοις δόμοις προσέρχεται γὰρ οἷος οὔτε παμφαὴς ἀστὴρ ἱδεῖν ἔλαμψε χρυσαυγεῖ δόμω, 1710 οὔθ' ἡλίου τηλαυγὲς ἀκτίνων σέλας τοιοῦτον ἐξέλαμψεν, οἷον ἔρχεται, ἔχων γυναικὸς κάλλος οὐ φατὸν λέγειν, πάλλων κεραυνόν, πτεροφόρον Διὸς βέλος· ὀσμὴ δ' ἀνωνόμαστος ἐς βάθος κύκλου 1718 χωρεῖ, καλὸν θέαμα θυμιαμάτων δ' αὖραι διαψαίρουσι πλεκτάνην καπνοῦ ὁδὶ δὲ καὐτός ἐστιν ἀλλὰ χρὴ θεᾶς Μούσης ἀνοίγειν ἱερὸν εὔφημον στόμα.

^a Phanae was in Chios, but here it is a play on φαίνω and συκοφάντης

^b κλεψύδρα was a common name for an intermittent spring, but here is the Water-clock which timed the pleaders in the 284

THE BIRDS, 1694-1719

CII

In the fields of Litigation,^a
Near the Water-clock,^b a nation
With its tongue its belly fills;
With its tongue it sows and reaps,
Gathers grapes and figs in heaps,
With its tongue the soil it tills
For a Barbarous tribe it passes,
Philips all and Gorgiases ^b
And from this tongue-bellying band ^a
Everywhere on Attic land,
People who a victim slay
Always cut the tongue away ^b

O ye, thrice blessed winged race of birds,
Welcome your King returning to his halls!
He comes, no Star has ever gleamed so fan,
Sparkling refulgent in its gold-rayed home
The full far-flashing splendom of the Sun
Ne'er shone so gloriously as he, who comes
Bringing a bride too beautiful for words,
Wielding the winged thunderbolt of Zeus
Up to Heaven's highest vault, sweet sight, ascends
Fragrance meffable, while gentlest airs
The fume of incense scatter far and wide
He comes; he is here! Now let the heavenly Muse
Open her lips with pure auspicious strains.

courts "The Barbanans are the foreign sycophants and sophists who flock to Athens and earn their living by their tongues" R
Gorgias of Leontini, the famous sophist and thetorician.

Philip is his son or disciple, cf. W. 421

⁴ A parody on εγχειρογάστορες, men who fill their bellies by the labour of their hands

[•] A custom in the sacrifice • P. 1060.

άναγε, δίεχε, πάραγε, πάρεχε, περιπέτεσθε	[στρ. 1720
τὸν μάκαρα μάκαρι σὺν τύχα	
ά φεύ φεύ της ώρας, του κάλλους	
ω μακαριστον συ γαμον τησε πολει γ	ημας. ₁₇₂
μεγάλαι μεγάλαι κατέχουσι τύχαι νένος δονίθων	
διά τόνδε τον ἄνδρ' άλλ' ύμεναίοις	
καὶ νυμφιδίοισι δέχεσθ' ῷδαῖς	
αὐτόν καὶ τὴν Βασίλειαν.	1730
"Ηρα ποτ' 'Ολυμπία	[στρ.
τον ηλιβάτων θρόνων	Lo.p.
άρχοντα θεο ι ς μέγαν	
Μοΐραι ξυνεκοίμισαν	
έν τοιῷδ' ὑμεναίῳ.	173
`Γμήν & `Γμέναι' &	
ό δ' ἀμφιθαλής "Ερως	$\vec{a}\nu\tau$.
χρυσόπτερος ήνίας	•
εὔθυνε παλιντόνους,	
Ζηνὸς πάροχος γάμων	1746
$\tau \eta s \tau \in \delta \delta a \mu o \nu o s H \rho a s$.	
1μην ω 1μεναι ω, Ύμην δ. Υμέναι δ.	
ἐχάρην ὖμνοις, ἐχάρην ἀδαῖς.	
αγαμαι δε λόγων	
αγε νυν αυτου και τας χθονίας	1748
Λιος άστεροπάς	
δεινόν τ' άργητα κεραυνόν.	
	περιπέτεσθε τόν μάκαρα μάκαρι σὺν τύχα ὧ φεῦ φεῦ τῆς ὥρας, τοῦ κάλλους ὧ μακαριστὸν σὺ γάμον τῆδε πόλει γ μεγάλαι μεγάλαι κατέχουσι τύχαι γένος ὀρνίθων διὰ τόνδε τὸν ἄνδρ' ἀλλ' ὑμεναίοις καὶ νυμφιδίοισι δέχεσθ' ῷδαῖς αὐτὸν καὶ τὴν Βασίλειαν. "Ηρα ποτ' 'Ολυμπία τὸν ἠλιβάτων θρόνων ἄρχοντα θεοῖς μέγαν Μοῖραι ξυνεκοίμισαν ἐν τοιῷδ' ὑμεναίω. 'Υμὴν ὧ 'Υμέναι' ὧ ό δ' ἀμφιθαλὴς "Ερως χρυσόπτερος ἡνίας εὐθυνε παλιντόνους, Ζηνὸς πάροχος γάμων τῆς τ' εὐδαίμονος "Ηρας. 'Υμὴν ὧ 'Υμέναι' ὧ. ἐχάρην ὕμνοις, ἐχάρην ῷδαῖς ἄγαμαι δὲ λόγων ἄγε νῦν αὐτοῦ καὶ τὰς χθονίας κλήσατε βροντάς, τάς τε πυρώδεις Διὸς ἄστεροπάς,

THE BIRDS, 1720-1747

CH Back with you out with you off with you up with you!

Flying around
Welcome the Blessèd with blessedness crowned
O'O' for the youth and the beauty, O'
Well hast thou wed for the town of the Birds

Great are the blessings, and mighty, and wonderful, Which through his favour our nation possesses Welcome them back, both himself and Miss Sovereignty,

Welcome with nuptial and biidal addresses.

Mid just such a song hymenaean Aforetime the Destinies led The King of the thrones empyréan, The Ruler of Gods, to the bed Of Hera his beautiful bride Hymen, O Hymenaeus!

And Love, with his pinions of gold, Came driving, all blooming and spruce, As groomsman and squire to behold The wedding of Hera and Zeus, Of Zeus and his beautiful bride Hymen, O Hymenaeus! Hymen, O Hymenaeus!

PEI I delight in your hymns, I delight in your songs;
Your words I admire

CH Now sing of the trophies he brings us from Heaven, The earth-crashing thunders, deadly and dire, And the lightning's angry flashes of fire, And the dread white bolt of the levin a

 $[^]a$ Cf Homer, Π v111 133 βροντήσας δ΄ άρα δεινὸν ἀφῆκ΄ ἀργῆτα κεραυνόν

	ὧ μέγα χρύσεον ἀστεροπῆς φάος, ὧ Διὸς ἄμβροτον ἔγχος πυρφόρον,	
	ὧ χθόνιαι βαρυαχέες ὀμβροφόροι θ' ἄμα βρον	ταί, 1750
	als ὄδε νῦν χθόνα σείει	
	δια δὲ πάντα κρατήσας	
	καὶ πάρεδρον Βασίλειαν ἔχει Διός	
	'Υμὴν ὧ 'Υμέναι' ὧ	
пеі.	ἔπεσθε νῦν γάμοισιν ὧ	1755
	φῦλα πάντα συννόμων	
	πτερυγοφόρ' ἐπὶ πέδον Διὸς	
	καὶ λέχος γαμήλιον	
	ὄρεξον ὧ μάκαιρα σὴν	
	χείρα καὶ πτερῶν ἐμῶν	1760
	λαβοῦσα συγχόρευσον· αἴ-	
	ρων δὲ κουφιῶ σ' ἐγώ	
xo.	άλαλαλαὶ ἰὴ παιών,	
	τήνελλα καλλίνικος, ὧ	
	δαιμόνων ὑπέρτατε	1765

THE BIRDS, 1748-1765

Blaze of the lightning, so terribly beautiful, Golden and grand!

Fue-flashing javelin, glittering ever in

Zeus's right hand !

Earth-crashing thunder, the hoarsely resounding, the

Bringer of showers

He is your Mastei, 'tis he that is shaking the Earth with your powers!

All that was Zeus's of old Now is our hero's alone, Sovereignty, fair to behold, Partner of Zeus on his throne, Now is for ever his own Hymen, O Hymenaeus!

rei. Now follow on, dear feathered tribes,
To see us wed, to see us wed,
Mount up to Zeus's golden floor,
And nuptral bed, and nuptral bed
And O, my darling, reach thine hand,
And take my wing and dance with me,
And I will lightly bear thee up,
And carry thee, and carry thee
cit Raise the joyous Paean-cry,

Raise the song of Victory.

Io Pacan, alalalac,

Mightiest of the Powers, to thee



THE FROGS



INTRODUCTION

The Frogs was produced at the Lenacan festival of 405 BC, about six months after the great naval victory of Arginusae, about four after the death of Euripides, and about two after that of Sophocles It carried off the prize, the Muses of Phrymchus being second and the Cleophon of Plato third, and "at once took its position, which has never since been challenged, among the masterpieces of the Athenian drama" But it also achieved "the apparently unique distinction of being acted a second time, and at this second representation the poet was crowned, not with the usual wreath of Bacchic ivy, but with a wreath made from Athene's sacred olive, an honour reserved for citizens who were deemed to have rendered important services to Athene's city" b

This exceptional honour was accorded "not for its wit and humour, nor yet for what to modern readers constitutes its pre-eminent attraction, the literary contest between Aeschylus and Euripides," but "for the lofty strain of patriotism which breathed through all its political allusions, and was especially felt in the advice tendered, obviously with some misgiving as to the spirit in which the

a Rogers, Introduction, p v

b lbid p v

audience would receive it, in the epinhema to the parabasis (686–705) "a" There the poet appeals to the Atheman people to remember how they had recently enfranchized the slaves who had fought "one battle" (693) at Arginusae and not to leave men, who through "one mishap" (699) had been implicated in the oliganchical schemes of the Four Hundred five or six years before, with no civic rights whatever, and "we are told on the authority of Dicaearchus, a writer of the very greatest weight on such matters, that it was this very appeal which won the admiration of the public, and obtained for the play the honour of a second representation." b

The Chous are "the Blessed Mystics, those who had on earth been initiated into the Eleusiman mysteries, and had led a holy and viituous life in accordance with the doctrines therein inculcated "o They do not enter at once, but are first heard behind the scenes "chanting the melodious songs of the dead frogs, from whom the comedy derives its name." When they do enter later they "come in singing a series of hymns and songs, which are not mere unconnected lyrics, but are a continuous presentation of the earlier stages of their annual procession to Eleusis."

^a Rogers, Introduction, p vi ^b Ibid p vii. ^a Ibid p xv

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΛΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΞΑΝΘΙΑΣ, ολιέτης Διονύσου

ΔΙΟΝΥΣΟΣ

ΗΡΑΚΛΗΣ

ΝΕΚΡΟΣ

XAPON

BATPAXOL

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΜΥΣΤΩΝ

COMALA

ΘΕΡΑΠΑΙΝΑ ΠΕΡΣΕΦΟΝΗΣ

ΙΙΑΝΔΟΚΕΥΤΡΙΑΙ ΔΤΟ

ΕΤΡΙΙΙΙΔΗΣ

ZOATZZIA

ΠΛΟΥΤΩΝ

BATPAXOI

EANO	ΙΑΣ. Εἴπω τι τῶν εἰωθότων, ὧ δέσποτα,	
	έφ' οίς ἀεὶ γελώσιν οί θεώμενοι,	
AION?	τ202. νη τὸν Δί' ο τι βούλει γε, πλην πιέζομαι,	
	τοῦτο δὲ φύλαξαι πάνυ γάρ ἐστ' ήδη χολή	
ZA.	μηδ' έτερον ἀστεῖόν τι,	
ΔI.	πλήν γ' ώς θλίβομαι	,,
	τί δαί; τὸ πάνυ γέλοιον εἴπω,	5
ΔΙ.	νη Δία	
	θαρρών γε μόνον ἐκεῖν' ὅπως μὴ ᾿ρεῖς,	
ΞA.	τὸ τί;	
ΔI.	μεταβαλλόμενος τἀνάφορον ὅτι χεζητιᾶς	
	μηδ' ότι τοσούτον ἄχθος ἐπ' ἐμαυτῷ φέρων,	
	εὶ μη καθαιρήσει τις, ἀποπαρδήσομαι,	10
ΔI,	μη δηθ', ίκετεύω, πλήν γ' όταν μέλλω 'ξεμείν	
EA.	τί δητ' έδει με ταῦτα τὰ σκεύη φέρειν,	
	εἴπερ ποιήσω μηδεν ὧνπερ Φρύνιχος	
	εἴωθε ποιεῖν καὶ Λύκις κ'Αμειψίας	
	τοις σκευοφορούσιν έκάστοτ' έν κωμωδία;	15
AT	un in municipal de con la facturação	

The scene shows the house of Heracles in the background There enter two travellers. Dionysus on foot, in his customary yellow robe and bushins but also with the club and lion's skin of Heracles, and his servant Xanthias on a donkey, carrying the luggage on a pole over his shoulder.

THE FROGS

At which the audience never fail to laugh?

DIONYSUS Aye, what you will, except I'm getting crushed.

Fight shy of that I'm sick of that aheady

Nothing else smart?

DI. Aye, save my shoulder's aching

XA Come now, that comical joke?

DI With all my heart

Only be careful not to shift your pole,

And—

xa What?

And vow that you've a belly-ache

May I not say I'm overburdened so

That if none ease me, I must ease myself?

DI For mercy's sake, not till I'm going to vomit

XA. What ' must I bear these burdens, and not make

One of the jokes Amerpsias a and Lycis

And Phrynichus, in every play they write,

Put in the mouths of all their burden-bearers?

DI Don't make them, no ' I tell you when I see

b What the joke was is not expressed in words, but it was probably some vulgarity which X. indicates sufficiently by gestures

aνάφορον is a yoke such as is used in carrying milk-pails
 Ameipsias and Phrynichus are the old rivals of Aristophanes ,
 of Lycis we only know the name

	όταν τι τούτων τῶν σοφισμάτων ἴδω,	
	πλεῖν ἢ 'νιαυτῷ πρεσβύτερος ἀπέρχομαι	
EA.	ὢ τρισκακοδαίμων ἄρ' ὁ τράχηλος ούτοσί,	
	ότι θλίβεται μέν, τὸ δὲ γέλοιον οὐκ ἐρεῖ	20
Δſ	εἶτ' οὐχ ὕβρις ταῦτ' ἐστὶ καὶ πολλή τρυφή,	
	οτ' έγω μεν ων Διόνυσος, υίδς Σταμνίου,	
	αὐτὸς βαδίζω καὶ πονῶ, τοῦτον δ' όχῶ,	
	ΐνα μή ταλαιπωροίτο μηδ' ἄχθος φέροι,	
EA	οὐ γὰρ φέρω ἐγώ,	
ΔI.		25
ΞA.	φέρων γε ταυτί.	
ΔI	τίνα τρόπον,	
ĦA.	βαρέως πάνυ.	
ΔI	ούκουν το βάρος τουθ', ο συ φέρεις, ούνος φέρει,	
ΞA.	οὐ δῆθ' ὄ γ' ἔχω 'γὼ καὶ φέρω, μὰ τὸν Δί' οὕ	
ΔΙ	πως γὰρ φέρεις, ος γ' αὐτὸς ὑφ' ἐτέρου φέρει,	
	ούκ οίδ' ο δ' ώμος ούτοσὶ πιέζεται	30
ΔI.	σὺ δ' οὖν ἐπειδή τὸν ὄνον οὐ φής σ' ἀφελεῖν,	
	έν τῷ μέρει σὺ τὸν ὄνον ἀράμενος φέρε	
ZA.	οίμοι κακοδαίμων τί γάρ έγω οὐκ έναυμάχουν,	
	ή τάν σε κωκύειν αν εκέλευον μακρά	
ΔΙ		35
	ήδη βαδίζων εἰμὶ τῆσδ', οἶ πρῶτά με	
	έδει τραπέσθαι. παιδίον, παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ	
HPAI	ΚΛΗΣ. τίς την θύραν επάταξεν, ώς κενταυρικώς	
	ενήλαθ' όστις είπε μοι, τουτί τί ήν;	
ΔI.	ό παῖς.	
P 4	ani America	

Α. τι έστιν;

A surprise for Δlos, στάμνος is "a wine-jai"
 Dionysus, as a true Euripidean enthusiast, seeks to engage X in a sophistical controversy X evades the question how he

THE FROGS, 17-40

Then plays, and hear those jokes, I come away More than a twelvemonth older than I went O three unlucky neck of mine, which now Is getting crushed, yet must not crack its joke ! Now is not this fine painpered insolence DI When I myself, Dionysus, son of—Pipkin.a Toil on afoot, and let this fellow ride. Taking no trouble, and no buiden bearing? What, don't I bear? XA How can you when you're ilding? DI Why, I bean these λA How? DI XA Most unwillingly b Does not the donkey bear the load you're bearing? DI Not what I bear myself by Zeus, not he XA How can you bear, when you are borne yourself? DI Don't know but anyhow my shoulder's aching. XΑ DI Then since you say the donkey helps you not, You lift him up and carry him in turn XA O hang it all why didn't I fight at sea 6? You should have smarted bitterly for this Get down, you rascal; I've been trudging on DI Till now I've reached the portal, where I'm going First to turn in Boy Boy I say there, Boy HERACLES Who banged the door? How like a prancing Centauı

He drove against it! Mercy o' me, what's this?
DI. Boy.
XA Yes

can be carrying what the donkey carries "by replying βαρέως φέρω, an expression which, like the Latin graviter tero, merely expresses his mental attitude," but "from the adverb βάρεως D deduces βάρος in the sense of physical heaviness" R

* 4 e at Arginusae and so obtained my liberty, see Intro-

duction

ΔI.	οὐκ ἐνεθυμήθης,	
EA.	τὸ τί,	40
ΔI.	ώς σφόδρα μ' ἔδεισε	
ZA.	νη Δία μη μαίνοιό γε.	
HP	ού τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα δύναμαι μὴ γελᾶν	
	καίτοι δάκνω γ' έμαυτόν άλλ' ὅμως γελῶ	
ΔI.	ῶ δαιμόνιε, πρόσελθε δέομαι γάρ τί σου	
HP.	άλλ' ούχ οίος τ' είμ' ἀποσοβήσαι τον γέλων,	45
	όρων λεοντήν ἐπὶ κροκωτῷ κειμένην	
	τίς ο νοῦς; τί κόθορνος καὶ ρόπαλον ξυνηλθέτην,	
	ποι γης ἀπεδήμεις,	
Δ1.	έπεβάτευον Κλεισθένει	
HP	κάναυμάχησας,	
ΔI.	καὶ κατεδύσαμέν γε ναῦς	
	τῶν πολεμίων ἢ δώδεκ' ἢ τρισκαίδεκα	50
HP	σφώ;	
ΔI.	νη τον 'Απόλλω.	
HP.	κἆτ' ἔγωγ' ἐξηγρόμην	
ΔΙ.	καὶ δῆτ' ἐπὶ τῆς νεως ἀναγιγνώσκοντί μοι	
	την 'Ανδρομέδαν προς έμαυτον έξαίφνης πόθος	
	την καρδίαν ἐπάταξε πῶς οἴει σφόδρα,	
HP.	πόθος, πόσος τις,	
ΔΙ.		55
HP.	γυναικός,	
ΔI.	ού δήτ.	
HP	ού δητ'. ἀλλὰ παιδός, αὐδαμώς.	
Δ1.	- +	
HP.	ἀλλ' ἀνδρός,	

a $\ell\pi\epsilon\beta\delta\ell\tau$ evor naturally means "I went as a marine $(\ell\pi\iota\beta\delta\ell\tau\eta s)$ on," and then instead of the name of the ship the name of the effeminate Cleisthenes (of 422) is substituted, so that the verb acquires an indecent sense

THE FROGS, 40-57

DI.	Did you observe?
XA.	What?
DI	How alaimed
	He 15
XΛ	Aye truly, lest you've lost your wits.
HE.	O by Demeter, I can't choose but laugh
	Biting my lips won't stop me Ha! ha! ha!
DI	Pray you, come hither, I have need of you
HE	I vow I can't help laughing, I can't help it.
	A lion's hide upon a yellow silk,
	A club and buskin! What's it all about?
	Where were you going?
DI.	I was serving lately
	Aboard the—Cleisthenes
HE	And fought ? b
DI.	And sank
	More than a dozen of the enemy's ships
HE	You two?
DI	We two
HE.	And then I awoke, and lo '
DI	There as, on deck, I'm reading to myself
	The Andromeda, a sudden pang of longing
	Shoots through my heart, you can't conceive how keenly
HE	How big a pang?
DI	A small one, Molon's s size.
HE	Caused by a woman?
DI.	No.
HE	A boy ?
DI	No, no.
HE.	A man ?
	 s.e. at Arginusae. A polite way of telling D. that he is romancing. Of Euripides.
	 A tragic actor of large stature.

ΔI	ἀταταῖ	
HP	ξυνεγένου τῷ Κλεισθένει,	
ΔΙ.	μή σκωπτέ μ', ωδέλφ' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακως	
	τοιούτος ίμερός με διαλυμαίνεται	
HP	ποιός τις, ὦδελφίδιον,	
ΔΙ.	οὐκ ἔχω φράσαι	60
	όμως γε μέντοι σοι δι' αίνιγμῶν ἐρῶ	
	ηδη ποτ' ἐπεθύμησας ἐξαίφνης ἔτνους,	
HP	ἔτνους, βαβαιάξ, μυριάκις ἐν τῷ βίῳ	
ΔI	ãρ' ἐκδιδάσκω τὸ σαφές, ἢ 'τέρα φράσω,	
	μή δήτα περί έτνους γε πάνυ γάρ μανθάνω.	65
HP	τοιουτοσὶ τοίνυν με δαρδάπτει πόθος	บอ
ΔI		
	Εὐριπίδου.	
HP	καὶ ταῦτα τοῦ τεθνηκότος;	
ΔI	κούδείς γε μ' αν πείσειεν ανθρώπων το μη ουκ	
	έλθεῖν ἐπ' ἐκεῖνον	
HP	πότερον εἰς Αιδου κάτω,	
ΔI	καὶ νὴ Δί' εἴ τί γ' ἔστιν ἔτι κατωτέρω	70
HP	τί βουλόμενος,	
ΔI.	δέομαι ποιητοῦ δεξιοῦ	
	οί μεν γαρ οὐκέτ' εἰσίν, οί δ' ὄντες κακοί	
HP	τί δ', οὐκ Ἰοφῶν ζῆ;	
ΔΙ	τοῦτο γάρ τοι καὶ μόνον	
	ἔτ' ἐστὶ λοιπὸν ἀγαθόν, εἰ καὶ τοῦτ' ἄρα	
	ου γάρ σάφ' οἶδ' ουδ' αὐτὸ τοῦθ' ὅπως ἔχει	75
HP.	εἶτ' οὐ Σοφοκλέα, πρότερον ὄντ' Εὐριπίδου,	
	μέλλεις ἀνάγειν, είπερ γ' ἐκειθεν δει σ' ἄγειν,	
ΔI.	ου, πρίν γ' αν Ἰοφωντ', απολαβών αὐτὸν μόνον,	

As being a notorious glutton.
 From the *Oensus* of Emipides, where Oeneus, deposed from 302

THE FROGS, 57-78

Was it for Cleisthenes?

Ah! ah!

DI

HE

DI	Don't mock me, brother on my life I am
не	In a bad way such fierce desn'e consumes me Aye, little brother? how?
DI	I can't describe it
	But yet I'll tell you in a niddling way
	Have you e'er felt a sudden lust for soup?
	Sound Tours a money was ten thousand tours a
HE	Soup Zeus-a-mercy, yes, ten thousand times.a
DI	Is the thing clear, or must I speak again?
IIE	Not of the soup I'm clear about the soup
DI	Well, just that soit of pang devous my heart For lost Euripides.
HE	A dead man too
DI	And no one shall persuade me not to go
	After the man
HE	Do you mean below, to Hades?
DI	And lower still, if there's a lower still
IIE	What on earth for?
DI	I want a genune poet,
	"For some are not, and those that are, are bad" b
HE	What does not Iophon hive?
DI	Well, he's the sole
	Good thing remaining, if even he is good
	For even of that I'm not exactly certain
HE	If go you must, there's Sophocles—he comes
~~~	Before Eunpides—why not take him?
DI.	Not till I've tried if Iophon's coin rings true
ы.	1.00 till I ve aled it ropholi's colli lings title
ıs th	covereignty, so replies to Diomed who has asked him why he is forloin of allies " (ξρημος ξυμμάχων)
trace	The son of Sophocles. Dionysus goes on to hint that his edies were altogether, or in part, the handswork of his father.
Both	Sophocles and Euripides died in 406 nc, and πρότερον
ın 7	6 refers to Sophocles having been born fifteen years earlier
than	Euripides

	άνευ Σοφοκλέους ο τι ποιεί κωδωνίσω	
	κάλλως ὁ μέν γ' Εὐριπίδης, πανοῦργος ὤν,	80
	καν ξυναποδραναι δευρ' ἐπιχειρήσειέ μοι	
	ό δ' εὔκολος μὲν ἐνθάδ', εὔκολος δ' ἐκεῖ	
HP	14 40 01 03	
ΔΙ.	ἀπολιπών μ' ἀποίχεται,	
	άγαθὸς ποιητής καὶ ποθεινὸς τοῖς φίλοις.	
HP.	ποι γης ο τλήμων,	
Δ1.	ές μακάρων εὐωχίαν	85
HP.	ό δὲ Ξενοκλέης,	
ΔI.	έξόλοιτο νη Δία.	
HP.	Πυθάγγελος δέ;	
ΞA.	περὶ ἐμοῦ δ' οὐδεὶς λόγος	
	ἐπιτριβομένου τὸν ὧμον ούτωσὶ σφόδρα	
HP.	οὔκουν ἔτερ' ἔστ' ἐνταῦθα μειρακύλλια	
	τραγωδίας ποιούντα πλείν η μύρια,	90
	Εὐριπίδου πλεῖν ἢ σταδίω λαλίστερα;	
ΔI.	ἐπιφυλλίδες ταῦτ' ἐστὶ καὶ στωμύλματα,	
	χελιδόνων μουσεία, λωβηταί τέχνης,	
	ά φροῦδα θαττον, ην μόνον χορον λάβη	
	απαξ προσουρήσαντα τῆ τραγωδία	95
	γόνιμον δε ποιητήν αν ούχ ευροις έτι	
	ζητών ἄν, ὄστις ρημα γενναῖον λάκοι.	
HP.	πως γόνιμον;	
ΔI.	ώδὶ γόνιμον, ὄστις φθέγξεται	
	τοιουτονί τι παρακεκινδυνευμένον,	
	αίθέρα Διὸς δωμάτιον, η χρόνου πόδα,	100
	The state of the s	_

^{*} The well-known tragic poet. He was at this time living at the court of Archelaus of Macedon (where he died some years 304

#### THE FROGS, 79-100

When he's alone, apart from Sophocles. Besides, Euripides, the crafty rogue. Will find a thousand shifts to get away, But he was casy here, is easy there But Agathon, where is he? He has gone and left us A genial b poet, by his friends much missed Gone where? To join the blessed in their banquets. But what of Xenocles o? O he be hanged ! Pythangelus? But never a word of me. Not though my shoulder's chafed so terribly But have you not a shoal of little songsters. Tragedians by the mynad, who can chatter A furlong faster than Euripides? Those be mere vintage-leavings, jabberers, choirs Of swallow-broods, degraders of then art, Who get one choius, and are seen no more, The Muses' love once gained.4 But O, my filend,

HE Cleative? how do you mean?

HE

DΤ

HE

DI

HE

DI

HE

XA

HE

DI

DI

I mean a man

Who'll dare some novel venturesome concert, Air, Zeus's chamber, or Time's foot, or this,

Search where you will, you'll never find a true Creative genius, uttering startling things.

latei), but to the Dionysus of the Attic theatre he is as good as dead. In 85 "the banquets of the blessed" are in fact those of Archelaus

 b  ἀγαθός (with a play on 'Αγάθων) is not "a good" poet="a great" poet, but "a good-heartid" poet

Λ contemptible tragedian, of W 1509; T 169, 441
 "The Muse is spoken of as a countezan, granting her favours to the poets who woo her, of K 517, W 1028" R

	ἢ φρένα μὲν οὐκ ἐθέλουσαν ὀμόσαι καθ' ίερων,
	γλώτταν δ' επιορκήσασαν ιδία της φρενός
HP.	σὲ δὲ ταῦτ' ἀρέσκει,
ΔΙ	μάλλὰ πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι
HP	ή μην κόβαλά γ' ἐστίν, ώς καὶ σοὶ δοκεῖ.
ΔΙ	μή τον έμον οίκει νοθν έχεις γάρ οίκιαν. 105
HP.	καὶ μὴν ἀτεχνῶς γε παμπόνηρα φαίνεται.
ΔΙ	δειπνείν με δίδασκε
ĦA.	περί έμοῦ δ' οὐδεὶς λόγος.
ΔΙ	άλλ' ωνπερ ενεκα τήνδε την σκευην έχων
	ήλθον κατά σην μίμησιν, ΐνα μοι τούς ξένους
	τούς σούς φράσειας, εί δεοίμην, οίσι σύ 110
	έχρω τόθ', ἡνίκ' ἡλθες ἐπὶ τὸν Κέρβερον,
	τούτους φράσον μοι, λιμένας, άρτοπώλια,
	πορνεί, αναπαύλας, εκτροπάς, κρήνας, όδούς,
	πόλεις, διαίτας, πανδοκευτρίας, ὅπου
	κόρεις ολίγιστοι.
EA.	περί έμοῦ δ' οὐδεὶς λόγος. 115
HP.	ῶ σχέτλιε, τολμήσεις γὰρ ἰέναι καὶ σύ γε,
	μηδέν έτι πρός ταῦτ', άλλὰ φράζε τῶν όδῶν
	όπη τάχιστ' ἀφιξόμεθ' εἰς "Αιδου κάτω.
	καὶ μήτε θερμήν μήτ' άγαν ψυχράν φράσης.
HP.	φέρε δή, τίν αὐτῶν σοι φράσω πρώτην; τίνα; 120
	μία μέν γὰρ ἔστιν ἀπὸ κάλω καὶ θρανίου,
	κρεμάσαντι σαυτόν.
ΔI.	παῦε, πνιγηρὰν λέγεις.

^a Aristophanes cites or travesties three passages from Euripides. 306

#### THE FROGS, 101-122

'Twas not my mind that swore my tongue committed A little pergury on its own account a

HE You like that style?

Like it? I dote upon it
IIE I vow its libald nonsense, and you know it
DI "Rule not my mind" you've got a house to mind b
IIE Really and truly though 'tis paltry stuff
DI Teach me to dine!

But never a word of me
DI. But tell me truly—'twas for this I came
Dressed up to mimic you—what friends received
And entertained you when you went below
To bring back Cerberus, in case I need them
And tell me too the havens, fountains, shops,
Roads, resting-places, stews, refreshment-rooms,
Towns, lodgings, hostesses, with whom were found

The fewest bugs.

But never a word of me.

HE You are really game to go?

And tell me this of all the roads you know
Which is the quickest way to get to Hades?
I want one not too waim, nor yet too cold

Which shall I tell you first? which shall it be?
There's one by rope and bench—you launch away
And—hang yourself

DI. No thank you that's too stifling.

The third is an expansion of the famous line in the Hippolytus (612), ή γλωσσ' όμωμοχ', ή δὲ φρὴν ἀνώμοτος — It was a common practice "to swear upon the sacrifice"

^b Λ paiody, says the Scholiast, of a line in Eulipides, μη τὸν εμὸν οἰκει νοῦν ἐγὰν γὰρ ἀριέσω, where the first words mean "do

not take upon yourself to deliver my sentiments "

• aal  $\sigma \hat{v} \gamma \epsilon$  even you, even the pleasure-loving and effeminate Dionysus.

HP	άλλ' ἔστιν ἀτραπὸς ξύντομος τετριμμένη, ἡ διὰ θυείας	
ΔΙ	άρα κώνειον λέγεις,	
HP	μάλιστά γε	
ΔI	ψυχράν γε καὶ δυσχείμερον	120
	εύθὺς γὰρ ἀποπήγνυσι τὰντικνήμια	
HP	βούλει ταχεῖαν καὶ κατάντη σοι φράσω,	
ΔI.	νη τὸν Δί, ώς ὄντος γε μη βαδιστικοῦ	
HP	καθέρπυσόν νυν ές Κεραμεικόν	
ΔI.	είτα τί,	
HP.	αναβάς ἐπὶ τὸν πύργον τὸν ὑψηλόν,	
ΔΙ.	$\tau i \delta \rho \hat{\omega}$ ,	130
HP	άφιεμένην τὴν λαμπάδ' ἐντεῦθεν θεῶ, κἄπειτ' ἐπειδὰν φῶσιν οἱ θεώμενοι	100
	είναι, τόθ' είναι καὶ σὺ σαυτόν	
ΔΙ	$\pi$ oî.	
HP.	νοι, κάτω	
ΔI	άλλ' ἀπολέσαιμ' ἂν ἐγκεφάλου θρίω δύο	
Δ1		
HP	οὐκ ἂν βαδίσαιμι τὴν ὁδὸν ταύτην	
	τί δαί;	135
ΔΙ.	ηνπερ σὺ τότε κατηλθες.	
HP.	άλλ' ὁ πλοῦς πολύς	
	εύθύς γὰρ ἐπὶ λίμνην μεγάλην ήξεις πάνυ ἄβυσσον	
ΔI.	εἶτα πῶς περαιωθήσομαι,	
HP.	έν πλοιαρίω τυννουτωί σ' άνηρ γέρων	

a τετριμμένη reters (1) to the road—"well-worn," and (2) to the hemlock which was "pounded" in a mortal to extract the juice Of Plato, Phaedo, 117 D ενεγκάτω τις τὸ φάρμακον, εἰ τέτριπται, and the following description of how the cold creeps up from the feet to the shins (κνημάς) of Sociates. 308

# THE FROGS, 123-139

Then there's a track, a short and beaten a cut. HE By pestle and mortar Hemlock, do you mean? DI Just so не No, that's too deathly cold a way. DI You have hardly started ere your shins get numbed. Well, would you like a steep and swift descent? HE Aye, that's the style my walking powers are small. DΙ Go down to the Ceramercus b HE And do what? DI Climb to the tower's 'top pinnacle-TTE DI And then? Observe the torch-race started, and when all HE The multitude is shouting Let them go, Let yourself go Go! whither? DI. HE. To the ground. And lose, forsooth, two envelopes a of brain Dī I'll not try that Which will you try? HE. DI The way You went yourself A parlous voyage that, HE For first you'll come to an enormous lake 6 Of fathomless depth. DI And how am I to closs? HE An ancient marinei will row you over

b For the Cerameicus and the torch-races cf. 1087.

The πύργος Τίμωνος, believed to be the place where the

misanthrope shut himself up

 4   $\theta \rho \hat{i}ov$ , "a fig-leaf," in which various dainties, such as brains, were cooked, is used for the dish itself. But D. here applies the term  $\theta \rho l \omega$  to the two lobes of his own brain

• The Acherusian lake, the first stage in the passage to the

would below.

	ναύτης διάξει δύ όβολὼ μισθὸν λαβών	140
Δ1	φεῦ ώς μέγα δύνασθον πανταχοῦ τὼ δύ' ὀβολώ πῶς ἢλθέτην κακεῖσε,	
HP	Θησεύς ήγαγεν	
	μετὰ ταῦτ' ὄφεις καὶ θηρί' ὄψει μυρία δεινότατα	
Δĭ.	μή μ' έκπληττε μηδέ δειμάτου	
<b>Δ1.</b>	ού γάρ μ' ἀποτρέψεις	
HP.	είτα βόρβορον πολύν	145
	καὶ σκῶρ ἀείνων Εν δὲ τούτω κειμένους,	
	εί που ξένον τις ηδίκησε πώποτε,	
	η παίδα κινών τάργύριον ύφείλετο,	
	η μητέρ' ηλοίησεν, η πατρός γνάθον	
	έπάταξεν, η πίορκον δρκον ώμοσεν,	150
	η Μορσίμου τις βησιν έξεγράψατο	100
AT.	νη τους θεους έχρην γε πρός τούτοισι κεί	
	την πυρρίχην τις έμαθε την Κινησίου.	
***		
HP.	έντεῦθεν αὐλῶν τίς σε περίεισιν πνοή,	
	όψει τε φως κάλλιστον, ωσπερ ενθάδε,	155
	καὶ μυρρινώνας, καὶ θιάσους εὐδαίμονας	
	άνδρων γυναικών, καὶ κρότον χειρών πολύν.	
ΔI.	ούτοι δε δή τίνες είσίν,	
HP.	οί μεμυημένοι,	
	νη τον Δί' έγω γουν όνος άγων μυστήρια.	
	2. ) - 2 - 0//	160

b" As his filend Theseus was the only Athenian who had ever been down there alive, Heiacles can only suppose that he took some obols with him, and introduced them there" R.

For the Orphic tradition of. Plato, Phaedo, 69 c δς Δν Δμόητος και ἀτέλεστος εἰς "Αιδου ἀφίκηται, ἐν βορβόρω κείσεται

The traditional fee extracted by Charon was one obol But Aristophanes names two in allusion to the δδ΄ δβολω, which every individual of the many thousands before him had that morning paid for a seat in the Dionysian theatre.
"As his friend Theseus was the only Athenian who had

#### THE FROGS, 140-160

In a wee boat, so big The fare's two obols a

DI. Fie! The power two obols have, the whole world

through!

How came they thithei!

Theseus b took them down
And next you'll see great snakes and savage monsters
In tens of thousands

You needn't try to scare me,

I'm going to go

DI

HE

Then weltering seas of filth ^c
And ever-rippling dung—and plunged therein,
Whoso has wronged the stranger here on earth,
Or robbed his boylove of the promised pay,
Or swinged his mother, or profanely smitten
His father's cheek, or sworn an oath forsworn,
Or copied out a speech of Morsimus ^d

DI. There too, perdie, should he be plunged, whoe'er Has danced the sword-dance of Cmesias

HE And next the breath of flutes will float around you, And glorious sunshine, such as ours, you'll see, And myrtle groves, and happy bands who clap Their hands in triumph, men and women too

DI. And who are they?

The happy mystic bands,

And I'm the donkey in the mystery show!

But I'll not stand it, not one instant longer

 4  A contemptible tragedian ridiculed also in the Knights and the Peace

 A dance of youths clad in complete armour Cinesias, a worthless dithyrambic poet (of 364 and B 1373), seems to have

composed a musical accompaniment for it.

'Donkeys were used in conveying whatever was needed in the procession from Athens to Eleusis Schol Hence does draw  $\mu$  was used proverbially of those who underwent toil for the benefit of others.

HP.	οι σοι φράσουσ' άπαξάπανθ' ὧν ἃν δέη	
	οδτοι γὰρ ἐγγύτατα παρ' αὐτὴν τὴν όδον	
	έπὶ ταῖσι τοῦ Πλούτωνος οἰκοῦσιν θύραις	
	καὶ χαῖρε πόλλ', ὧδελφέ	
ΔΙ	νη Δία καὶ σύ γε	
	ύγίαινε σὺ δὲ τὰ στρώματ' αὖθις λάμβανε	16
ZA	πρίν καὶ καταθέσθαι,	700
ΔΙ	καὶ ταχέως μέντοι πάνυ	
	μη δηθ', ίκετεύω σ', άλλα μίσθωσαί τινα	
ΞA.		
	τῶν ἐκφερομένων, ὄστις ἐπὶ τοῦτ' ἔρχεται	
ΔΙ	έὰν δὲ μὴ εὖρω,	
ΞA	τότ' ἔμ' ἄγεω.	
ΔΙ	καλῶς λέγεις.	
	καὶ γάρ τινες ἐκφέρουσι τουτονὶ νεκρόν	170
	ούτος, σε λέγω μέντοι, σε τον τεθνηκότα	
	ανθρωπε, βούλει σκευάρι' εἰς "Αιδου φέρειν,	
NEK	ΡΟΣ πόσ' ἄττα;	
ΔI.	ταυτί	
NE.	δύο δραχμάς μισθόν τελεῖς,	
ΔI.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἔλαττον	
NE.	ύπάγεθ' ύμεῖς τῆς όδοῦ.	
ΔΙ	ανάμεινον, ὧ δαιμόνι', ἐὰν ξυμβῶ τί σοι	17
NE	εί μη καταθήσεις δύο δραχμάς, μη διαλέγου.	
ΔΙ.	λάβ' ἐννέ' ὀβολούς	
NE.	ἀναβιώην νυν πάλιν	
EA.	ώς σεμνός δ κατάρατος οὐκ οἰμώξεται,	
	έγω βαδιοθμαι	
ΔI.	χρηστός εί και γεννάδας	
	χωρώμεν έπι το πλοιον	
XAPO		100
	τουτί τί ἔστι;	180
ΔΙ.	τοῦτο; λίμνη νη Δία	
210	10010) Industi All 1200	

#### THE FROGS, 161–181

HE Who'll tell you everything you want to know You'll find them dwelling close beside the road You are going to travel, just at Pluto's gate And fare thee well, my brother DΙ And to you Good cheer (To Xa) Now smah, pick you up the traps Before I've put them down? XA DI. And quickly too No, puthec, no but hie a body, one AY They're carrying out, on purpose for the trip If I can't find one? DI Then I'll take them XΑ  $\mathbf{DI}$ Good And see! they are carrying out a body now a Hallo vou there, you deadman, are you willing To carry down our little traps to Hades? corpse What are they? These DI. Two drachmas for the job? co. Nay, that's too much DI Out of the pathway, you! CO may-be we'll strike a bargain. Beshrew thec, stop DI. Pay me two diachmas, or it's no use talking CO One and a half. DI I'd hefer live again CO. How absolute the knave is! He be hanged! X.A. I'll go myself. You're the right sort, my man. DI Now to the ferry Yoh, up ! lay her to CHARON Whatever's that? XA Why, that's the lake, by Zeus, DI

Here a corpse, wrapped in its grave-clothes, and lying on a bier, is carried across the stage.

	# 2 \ # # \ \ \ \	
	αΰτη 'στὶν ἣν ἔφραζε, καὶ πλοῖόν γ' όρω	
IΑ	νη τον Ποσειδώ, κάστι γ' ο Χάρων ούτοσί	
ΔΙ	χαιρ' ὧ Χάρων, χαιρ' ὧ Χάρων, χαιρ' ὧ Χάρων	
XA		185
	τίς είς τὸ Λήθης πεδίον, ἢ 'ς ὄνου πόκας,	
	η 's Κερβερίους, η 'ς κόρακας, η 'πι Ταίναρον,	
ΔΙ	έγώ	
XA	ταχέως ἔμβαινε.	
ΔΙ	ποι σχήσειν δοκείς,	
	ές κόρακας ὄντως,	
XA	ναὶ μὰ Δία, σοῦ γ' εἴνεκα.	
	εμβαινε δή	
ΔΙ.	παῖ, δεῦρο	
XA	δουλον οὐκ ἄγω,	190
	εί μη νεναυμάχηκε την περί των κρεων.	100
ĔΑ	μὰ τὸν Δί', οὐ γὰρ ἄλλ' ἔτυχον ὀφθαλμιῶν	
	οὔκουν περιθρέξει δήτα τὴν λίμνην κύκλω,	
EA.	ποῦ δῆτ' ἀναμενῶ,	
XA.	παρά τὸν Αὐαίνου λίθον,	
	έπὶ ταῖς ἀναπαύλαις	
ΔI	μανθάνεις,	
ΞA	πάνυ μανθάνω	195
	οίμοι κακοδαίμων, τῷ ξυνέτυχον ἐξιών;	
XA.	κάθιζ' ἐπὶ κώπην εἴ τις ἔτι πλεῖ, σπευδέτω.	
	οῦτος, τί ποιεῖς,	
ΔI	ό τι ποιῶ; τίδ' ἄλλο γ' ἡ	
	ζω 'πὶ κώπην, οδπερ ἐκέλευές με σύ,	
XA	ούκουν καθεδεί δητ' ενθαδί, γάστρων,	

<sup>a "The equivalent of Nothingness" R.
b One of the supposed entrances to the underworld
c ες κόρακας was in regular use as a malediction; of. 607
A litigant, contending for his rights as a freeborn citizen,</sup> 

#### THE FROGS, 182-200

Whereof he spake, and yon's the ferry-boat Poseidon, yes, and that old fellow's Chaion. XA Charon! O welcome, Charon! welcome, Charon! DI Who's for the Rest from every pain and ill? CII Who's for the Lethe's plain? the Donkey-shearings a? Who's for Cerberia? Taenaium b? or the Rayens c? DI. Huny m CH But where are you going really? DI In truth to the Ravens? Aye, for your behoof CII Step in (To Xa) Now, lad DI A slave? I take no slave, CII. Unless he has fought for his bodyrights at sea d I couldn't go I'd got the eye-disease XA Then fetch a circuit round about the lake ('H Where must I wait? 3.A Beside the Withering stone, CII Haid by the Rest You understand? nı Too well XA. O, what ill omen crossed me as I started! (To Di) Sit to the oar (Calling) Who else for the CII boat? Be quick. (To Di) Hi! what are you doing? What am I doing? Sitting DΙ On to the oar 'You told me to, yourself. cn. Now sit you there, you little Potgut was said περί του σώματος άγωνίζεσθαι, and the slaves who fought at Arginusae (see Introduction) are said to have "fought for their

περί τῶν κρέων τρέχει, and the full discussion in Rogers's Introd pp. Δ1, τιι
Dionysus mistakes Charon's ἐπὶ κώπην, and sits on the oar.

flesh," i e. to become owners of it Cf the phrase ο λαγώς τον

ΔI	ίδού	200
ХA	οὔκουν προβαλεῖ τὼ χεῖρε κἀκτενεῖς,	
ΔI	ίδού	
XA	οὐ μὴ φλυαρήσεις ἔχων, ἀλλ' ἀντιβὰς ἐλậς προθύμως,	
ΔΙ.	κάτα πως δυνήσομαι,	
	ἄπειρος, ἀθαλάττωτος, ἀσαλαμίνιος	
	ων, εἶτ' ἐλαύνειν;	
XA.	ράστ' ακούσει γάρ μέλη	205
	κάλλιστ', ἐπειδὰν ἐμβάλης ἄπαξ.	
ΔΙ	τίνων,	
	βατράχων κύκνων θαυμαστά	
ΔΙ.	κατακέλευε δή	
XA.	ωὸπ ὅπ ωὸπ ὅπ	
	ΡΑΧΟΙ. βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ,	
BAT	βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ,	210
		210
	λιμναΐα κρηνών τέκνα,	
	ξύναυλον υμνων βοάν	
	φθεγξώμεθ', εΰγηρυν έμαν ἀοιδάν,	
	κοὰξ κοάξ,	
	ην ἀμφὶ Νυσήιον	215
	Διδς Διώνυσον έν	
	Λίμναις ἰαχήσαμεν,	
	ήνίχ' ὁ κραιπαλόκωμος	
	τοις ιεροισι Χύτροισι	
	χωρεί κατ' έμον τέμενος λαῶν ὄχλος	
	βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	220
ΔI.	έγὼ δέ γ' ἀλγεῖν ἄρχομ <i>αι</i>	

⁴ s a man who, hving in Salamis, would be used to rowing over to Athens
The ghosts of the dead frogs sing in the Acherusian lake

# THE FROGS, 200-221

DI	So?
CII	Now stretch your arms full length before you
DI	So ?
CH	Come, don't keep fooling, plant your feet, and now
	Pull with a will
DΙ	Why, how am $I$ to pull?
	I'm not an oarsman, seaman, Salamınıan a
	I can't !
CH	You can Just dip your oar in once,
	You'll hear the loveliest timing songs
DI	What from ?
CII	l'iog-swans, most wonderful
DI.	Then give the word.
CH	Heave ahoy ! heave ahoy !
FRO	
	Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax !
	We children of the fountain and the lake
	Let us wake
	Our full chon-shout, as the flutes are ninging out,
	Our symphony of clear-voiced song
	The song we used to love in the Marshland up above,
	In praise of Dionysus to produce,
	Of Nysaean Dionysus, son of Zeus,
	When the revel-tipsy throng, all ciapulous and gay,
	To our precinct recled along on the holy Pitcherday,
	Biekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.
DI	O, dear 'O, dear 'now I declare

the tunes which, when alive, they had sung in the Marshland (cf 216 n.) of Athens Foi authorities to show that Aristophanes reproduces the exact sound made by frogs in Greece see R

The district called  $\Lambda \ell \mu \nu a \iota$  was adjacent to the Acropolis and close to the Theatre It contained the temple of Dionysus, where Thucydides (i. 15) tells us the older Dionysua were celebrated on the twelfth day of Anthesterion The  $X \delta \tau \rho o \iota$  was the name given later to the third day of this festival, of. A 1076.

	τὸν ὄρρον, ὧ κοὰξ κοάξ	
BA.		225
ΔΙ	ύμιν δ' ἴσως οὐδὲν μέλει	
BA	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	
ΔΙ	άλλ' ἐξόλοισθ' αὐτῷ κοάξ	
	οὐδὲν γάρ ἐστ' ἀλλ' ἢ κοάξ	
ΓA	εἰκότως γ', ὧ πολλὰ πράτ-	
	των έμε γαρ έστερξαν εύλυροί τε Μοῦσαι	
	καὶ κεροβάτας Πάν, δ καλαμόφθογγαπαίζων	230
	προσεπιτέρπεται δ' ὁ φορμικτὰς Απόλλων,	
	ένεκα δόνακος, δν ύπολύριον	
	ένυδρον εν λίμναις τρέφω	
	βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ	235
ΔΙ.		200
	χώ πρωκτός ίδίει πάλαι,	
	κἆτ' αὐτίκ' ἐγκύψας ἐρεῖ	
	βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ	
	άλλ', ὧ φιλφδὸν γένος,	240
	παύσασθε	210
BA	μᾶλλον μέν οὖν	
	φθεγξόμεσθ', εί δή ποτ' εὐ-	
	ηλίοις εν άμεραισιν	
	ήλάμεσθα διὰ κυπείρου	
	καὶ φλέω, χαίροντες ὦδης	
	πολυκολύμβοισιν μέλεσσιν,	245
	η Διος φεύγοντες ὅμβρον	210
	τη Δους φευγοντές ομέρρου ένυδρον έν βυθώ χορείαν	
	αἰόλαν ἐφθεγξάμεσθα	
	πομφολυγοπαφλάσμασιν	
ÐΑ	πορφολογοπαφλασρασών και ΔΙ. βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ	O # O
את	weren pheverered road road	250

^a Made by Pan into a pan-pipe, and also used in the construction of a lyre see *Hymn to Hermes*, 41-51.

# THE FROGS, 221-250

I've got a bump upon my rump, Biekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax FR But you, perchance, don't care DI Biekekekey, ko-ax, ko-ay FR Hang you, and your ko-axing too! DI There's nothing but ko-ax with you That is night, Mi Busybody, night! FR For the Muses of the lyre love us well, And hornfoot Pan who plays on the pipe his jocund lays; And Apollo, Haiper bright, in our Chorus takes delight; For the strong reed's a sake which I grow within my lake To be gudled in his lyre's deep shell Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax My hands are blistered very sore, DI My stern below is sweltering so, Twill soon, I know, uptuin and roai Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax O tuneful race, O pray give o'er, O sing no more Ah, no! ah, no! FR Loud and louder our chant must flow. Sing if ever ye sang of yore, When in sunny and glorious days Through the rushes and marsh-flags springing On we swept, in the joy of singing Myriad-diving roundelays Or when fleeing the storm, we went Down to the depths, and our choral song Wildly raised to a loud and long

Bubble-buisting accompaniment

FR. & DI Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax

ΔI	τουτί παρ' ύμῶν λαμβάνω	
BA	δεινά τἄρα πεισόμεσθα	
ΔI	δεινότερα δ' έγωγ', έλαύνων	
	εὶ διαρραγήσομαι	255
BA	nal ΔΙ βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.	
ΔI	οἰμώζετ'· οὐ γάρ μοι μέλει ἀλλὰ μὴν κεκραξόμεσθά γ'	
BA.	άλλα μην κεκραξόμεσθά γ'	
	όπόσον ή φάρυγξ ἂν ήμῶν	
	χανδάνη δι' ήμέρας	260
BA.	και ΔΙ. βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.	
ΔI.	τούτω γάρ οὐ νικήσετε	
BA.	οὐδὲ μήν ήμᾶς σὺ πάντως	
ΔI.	οὐδὲ μὴν ὑμεῖς γ' ἐμέ	
	οὐδέποτε κεκράξομαι γάρ,	265
	κάν με δέη δι' ἡμέρας,	200
	έως ἃν ὑμῶν ἐπικρατήσω τοῦ κοάξ,	
	βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ	
	ἔμελλον ἄρα παύσειν ποθ' ὑμᾶς τοῦ κοάξ	
XA.	ῶ παῦε παῦε, παραβαλοῦ τῷ κωπίῳ	
	ἔκβαιν', ἀπόδος τὸν ναῦλον	
ΔΙ	έχε δη τώβολώ	270
	δ Ξανθίας ποῦ Ξανθίας, ή Ξανθίας,	210
ĦA.	ໄລບົ	
Δ1.	βάδιζε δεῦρο.	
EA.	χαιρ', ὧ δέσποτα	
ΔΙ	τί ἐστι τὰνταυθί;	
EA.	σκότος καὶ βόρβορος	
ΔΙ.	κατείδες οὖν που τοὺς πατραλοίας αὐτόθι	
	και τους επιόρκους, ους έλεγεν ήμιν,	
EA.	σύ δ' ού,	275
ΔΙ.	νη τον Ποσειδώ 'γωγε, καὶ νυνί γ' όρω	210
41.	άγε δή, τί δρώμεν,	
320	are on the operation	
OZU		

# THE FROGS, 252-277

DI		This timing song I take from you
FR		That's a dreadful thing to do
DI		Much more dreadful, if I row
		Till I buist myself, I trow
FR	and DI	Biekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax
DI		Go, hang yourselves, for what care I?
FR		All the same we'll shout and cry,
~ 10		Stretching all our throats with song,
		Shouting, crying, all day long,
TD	and DI	Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax
DI	and Di	In this you'll never, never win
FR.		This you shall not beat us in
DI		No, nor ye prevail o'ei me
DI		Never   never   I'll my song
		Shout, if need be, all day long,
	Lin	tal I've learned to master your ko-ax
	UII	Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax
	T AL	
CIT		hought I'd put a stop to your ko-ax
CH		Easy! Take the oar and push her to
	TAOM I	pay your fare and go Here 'tis two obols
DI	<b>V</b> 11	
		nas! where's Xanthias? Is it Xanthias there?
XA	Hoi, l	
DI.		Come hither
XA,	****	Glad to meet you, master
DI	What	have you there?
XΛ	ъ.,	Nothing but filth and darkness
DI.	But to	ell me, did you see the particides
	And I	perjured folk he mentioned?
XA	_	Didn't you?
ъī	Poses	don, yes Why look! (Pointing to the audience) I see them now.
	What	's the next step ?
	_	_

VOL II

EA.	προιέναι βέλτιστα νῶν,	
	ώς οθτος ό τόπος ἐστίν οθ τὰ θηρία	
	τὰ δείν' ἔφασκ' ἐκεῖνος	
Δĭ	ώς οἰμώξεται	
		280
	είδώς με μάχιμον όντα, φιλοτιμούμενος	
	οὐδὲν γὰρ οὖτω γαῦρόν ἐσθ' ὡς Ἡρακλῆς	
	έγω δέ γ' εὐξαίμην αν έντυχεῖν τινι,	
	λαβεῖν τ' ἀγώνισμ' ἄξιόν τι τῆς όδοῦ	
ΞA	1 1 4/ 1 1 20/ 1/1 /	285
ΔI.	ποῦ ποῦ 'στιν,	460
ĦA.	έξόπισθεν	
ΔI	έξόπισθ' ἴθι	
ZA.	άλλ' ἐστὶν ἐν τῷ πρόσθε	
ΔΙ.	πρόσθε νυν ἴθι.	
	καὶ μὴν ὁρῶ νὴ τὸν Δία θηρίον μέγα.	
ΔI	ποιόν τι;	
ZA.	δεινόν· παντοδαπόν γοῦν γίγνεται	
An.	τότε μέν γε βοῦς, νυνὶ δ' ὀρεύς, τότε δ' αδ γυνη	900
	ώραιοτάτη τις	290
ΔΙ.	ποῦ 'στι, φέρ' ἐπ' αὐτὴν ἴω.	
EA.	άλλ' οὐκέτ' αὖ γυνή 'στιν, άλλ' ἤδη κύων.	
AI	"Εμπουσα τοίνυν έστί.	
ZA.		
дA.	πυρὶ γοῦν λάμπεται ἄπαν τὸ πρόσωπον.	
4.		
ΔI	καὶ σκέλος χαλκοῦν ἔχει;	
ĦΑ	νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ, καὶ βολίτινον θάτερον, σάφ' ἴσθι	295
ΔΙ	ποι δητ' ὢν τραποίμην;	
EA.	ποῖ δ' ἐγώ;	
322	• •	

# THE FROGS, 277-296

XA.	We'd best be moving on
	This is the spot where Heracles declared
	Those savage monsters dwell
DI	O hang the fellow
	That's all his bluff he thought to scale me off,
	The jealous dog, knowing my plucky ways
	There's no such swaggerer lives as Heracles
	Why, I'd like nothing better than to achieve
	Some bold adventure, worthy of our trip
λA	I know you would Hallo! I hear a noise
DI	Where what?
XA	Behind us, there
DI	Get you behind
XA	No, it's in front
DI	Get you in front directly
XA	And now I see the most ferocious monster
DI.	O, what's it like?
XA	Like everything by turns
	Now it's a bull now it's a mule and now
	The loveliest girl.
DI	O, where ? I'll go and meet her.
λA.	It's ceased to be a girl it's a dog now.
DI	It is Empusa a!
XA.	Well, its face is all
	Ablaze with fire
DI	Has it a copper leg?
XA	A copper leg? yes, one; and one of cow dung
DI.	O, whither shall I flee?
XA	O, whither I?
4	A frightful hobgoblin, noted for its incessant changes of

shape. 323

ΔΙ	ίερεῦ, διαφύλαξόν μ', ἵν' ὧ σοι ξυμπότης	
ΞA.	ἀπολούμεθ', ὧναξ 'Ηράκλεις	
ΔI	οὐ μὴ καλεῖς μ', ὧνθρωφ', ἰκετεύω, μηδὲ κατερεῖς τοὔνομα	
ΞA.	Διόνυσε τοίνυν	
ΔI	τοῦτό γ' ἔθ' ἦττον θατέρου.	
	"" I Select Sele	300
ZA	"θ" ήπερ ἔρχει δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ δέσποτα	
ΔI	τί δ΄ ἔστι,	
EΑ	θάρρει πάντ' ἀγαθὰ πεπράγαμεν,	
	έξεστί θ' ὤσπερ 'Ηγέλοχος ήμιν λέγειν	
	έκ κυμάτων γὰρ αὖθις αὖ γαλῆν ὁρῶ	
	ημπουσα φρούδη	
ΔI.	κατόμοσον	
EA	νη τον Δία	<b>5</b> 0×
ΔΙ	καδθις κατόμοσον	305
	$\nu \dot{\eta} \Delta l'$	
ZA.	δμοσον 	
ΔI.	ομοσον	
ΞA.	νη Δία	
	οίμοι τάλας, ώς ώχρίασ' αθτήν ίδών	
	όδι δε δείσας ύπερεπυρρίασε μου	
Δī	οίμοι, πόθεν μοι τὰ κακὰ ταυτὶ προσέπεσεν,	
	τίν' αἰτιάσομαι θεῶν μ' ἀπολλύναι,	310
	αἰθέρα Διὸς δωμάτιον, ἢ χρόνου πόδα,	010
	(αὐλεῖ τις ἐνδοθεν )	
	οῦτος	
	00.03	

^a In the theatre the priest of Dionysus presided "He sat in a conspicuous seat in the centre of the front row (the semicircle which half surrounded the orchestra), with thirty-three honoured guests on each side The very throne on which, in later days, he sat has been unearthed in the Athenian Theatre, and still bears the legible inscription, Γερεύς Διονύσου Έλευθερέως" R. See Frontispiece

τί ἔστιν.

ĦA.

# THE FROGS, 297-312

My priest, protect me, and we'll sup together DΙ King Heracles, we're done for XΑ O. forbear. DΙ Good fellow, call me anything but that Well then, Dionysus XA O. that's worse again DΤ XA. (to the Spectre) Aye, go thy way O master, here. come here O, what's up now? DI. Take comage, all's serene XA And, like Hegelochus, we now may say "Out of the storm there comes a new fine wether "b Empusa's gone Swean it DΤ By Zeus she is Y A DI. Swear it again By Zeus XA. Again DI By Zeus XA. O dear, O dear, how pale I grew to see her, But he, from fright has yellowed me all over c Ah me, whence fall these evils on my head? DI Who is the god to blame for my destruction? Air. Zeus's chamber, or the Foot of Time? d (A flute is played behind the scenes) Hist! What's the matter? XA.

" In the Orestes of Euripides, the hero, recovering from a paroxysm of frenzy, says έκ κυμάτων γάρ αδθις αδ γαλήν' δρώ (279), After the storm I see afresh fine weather Hegelochus, who acted the part, when reciting the line made a slight involuntary pause

after γαλήν', so rounding it off into a complete word, as if the poet lias written γαλήν ορώ, I see a cat " R At ille (Dionysus) prae timore in me cacavit

d Of 1 100.

ΔI	οὐ κατήκουσας;	
EA.	τίνος,	
ΔI	αὐλῶν πνοῆς	
EA.	<i>ἔγωγε, καὶ δάδαν γέ με</i>	
	αὖρα τις εἰσέπνευσε μυστικωτάτη	
ΔI	άλλ' ήρεμεὶ πτήξαντες ἀκροασώμεθα	315
XOPO	ος Ίακχ', ὧ Ίακχε	
	"Ιακχ', ὧ "Ιακχε	
EA.	τοῦτ' ἔστ' ἐκεῖν', ὧ δέσποβ', οἱ μεμυημένοι	
	ἐνταῦθά που παίζουσιν, οῧς ἔφραζε νῷν	
	ἄδουσι γοῦν τὸν "Ιακχον ὄνπερ Διαγόρας	320
ΔI	κάμοὶ δοκοῦσιν ήσυχίαν τοίνυν ἄγειν	
	βέλτιστόν έστιν, ώς ἃν εἰδῶμεν σαφῶς	
xo.	"Ιακχ', ὧ πολυτίμοις ἐν ἔδραις ἐνθάδε ναίων,	
	Ίακχ', ὧ Ίακχε,	325
	έλθὲ τόνδ' ἀνὰ λειμῶνα χορεύσων,	
	όσίους ἐς θιασώτας,	
	πολύκαρπον μέν τινάσσων	
	περὶ σῷ κρατὶ βρύοντα	
	στέφανον μύρτων θρασεῖ δ' ἐγκατακρούων	330
	ποδί την ἀκόλαστον	
	φιλοπαίγμονα τιμήν,	
	χαρίτων πλειστον έχουσαν μέρος, άγνήν, δσίοις	335
	<b>ἄ</b> μα μύσταισι χορείαν.	

^a The Chorus, who had chanted the songs of the Flogs but were not seen, now approach in their proper character as the Mystic Chorus, and enter (l. 324) clothed in their robes of initiation and carrying lighted torches.

^b A lyric poet.

# THE FROGS, 312-336

Didn't you hear it?

What?

DI The breath of flutes

Aye, and a whiff of torches
Breathed o'er me too, a very mystic whiff
DI Then crouch we down, and mark what's going on.
CHORUS a (in the distance)

O Iacchus! O Iacchus! O Iacchus!

XA I have it, master 'tis those blessed Mystics,
Of whom he told us, spoiting hereabouts
They sing the Iacchus which Diagoras b made
DI I think so too we had better both keep quiet

And so find out exactly what it is

(The calling forth of Iacchus)

CHOR O Iacchus! power excelling,

here in stately temples c dwelling, O Iacchus! O Iacchus! Come to tread this verdant level, Come to dance in mystic revel, Come whilst round thy forehead hurtles Many a wreath of fruitful myrtles, Come with wild and saucy paces Mingling in our joyous dance,

Pure and holy, which embraces

all the charms of all the Graces,

When the mystic choirs advance

Demeter, and Iacchus, just within the Peiraeic gate From it the statue of Iacchus is brought out (340), and then "the procession commences, the Chorus singing hymns to the three deities, as they pass through the Cerameicus, and out by the Eleusinian gate to the bridge over the Cephisus, where a little chaffing (γεφυρισμές, see 416 seq.) takes place, and whence they disappear from our sight on their way to the flower-enamelled Thriasian plain". R

EA.	ῶ πότνια πολυτίμητε Δήμητρος κόρη, ὡς ἡδύ μοι προσέπνευσε χοιρείων κρεῶν	
ΔΙ	οὔκουν ἀτρέμ' ἔξεις, ἥν τι καὶ χορδῆς λάβῃς,	
ХO	ἐγείρου φλογέας λαμπάδας ἐν χερσὶ τινάσσων, [ἀντ.  *Ιακχ', ὧ "Ιακχε,  νυκτέρου τελετῆς φωσφόρος ἀστήρ  φλέγεται δὴ φλογὶ λειμών	34(
	γόνυ πάλλεται γερόντων ἀποσείονται δὲ λύπας	348
	χρονίους [ἐτῶν] παλαιούς τ' ἐνιαυτούς, ἱερᾶς ὑπὸ τιμῆς	
	σὺ δὲ λαμπάδι φέγγων προβάδην ἔξαγ' ἐπ' ἀνθηρὸν ἔλειον δάπεδον χοροποιόν, μάκαρ, ἥβαν	350
	ευφημεῖν χρὴ κἀξίστασθαι τοῖς ἡμετέροισι χοροῖσιν ὄστις ἄπειρος τοιῶνδε λόγων, ἢ γνώμῃ μὴ καθαρεύει,	355
	η γενναίων δργια Μουσων μήτ' είδεν μήτ' έχόρευσεν, μηδε Κρατίνου τοῦ ταυροφάγου γλώττης βακχεῖ ἐτελέσθη,	308
	η βωμολόχοις έπεσιν χαίρει, μη 'ν καιρῷ τοῦτο ποιοῦσιν,	
	ή στάσιν έχθρὰν μη καταλύει, μηδ' εὔκολός ἐστι πολίταις,	
	άλλ' ἀνεγείρει καὶ ριπίζει, κερδῶν ἰδίων ἐπιθυμῶν,	360

^a Because pigs were sacrificed at the ceremony of initiation of A 764, P 374.

^b The famous comic poet who in 423, at the age of ninety-six, had won a victory over the Clouds. He is mentioned here as a devotee of Dionysus as god both of the drama and of wine. The 328

# THE FROGS, 337-360

xa. Holy and sacred queen, Demeter's daughter,
O, what a jolly whiff of pork breathed o'er me 'a

DI Hist' and perchance you'll get some tripe yourself

(The welcome to Iachus)

ction Come, arise, from sleep awaking,

come the fiery torches shaking,

O Iacchus! O Iacchus!
Morning Star that shinest nightly
Lo, the mead is blazing brightly,
Age forgets its years and sadness,
Agèd knees curvet for gladness,
Lift thy flashing torches o'er us,
Marshal all thy blameless train,

Lead, O lead the way before us,

lead the lovely youthful Chorus

To the marshy flowery plain

(The warning-off of the profane)

All evil thoughts and profane be still

far hence, far hence from our chons depart,

Who knows not well what the Mystics tell,

or is not holy and pure of heart;

Who ne'er has the noble revelry learned,

or danced the dance of the Muses high,

Or shared in the Bacchic rites which old

bull-eating Cratinus's b words supply;

Who vulgar coarse buffoonery loves,

though all untimely the jests they make;

Or lives not easy and kind with all,

or kindling faction forbears to slake,

But fans the fire, from a base desire

some pitiful gain for himself to reap;

epithet  $\tau a \nu \rho o \phi \dot{\alpha} \gamma o s$  had been applied to Dionysus by Sophocles in the Tyro

η της πόλεως χειμαζομένης άρχων καταδωροδοκείται, η προδίδωσιν φρούριον η ναῦς, η τἀπόρρητ' ἀποπέμπει εξ Αἰγίνης Θωρυκίων ὤν, εἰκοστολόγος κακοδαίμων, ἀσκώματα καὶ λίνα καὶ πίτταν διαπέμπων εἰς Ἐπίδαυρον,

η χρήματα ταις των ἀντιπάλων ναυσίν παρέχειν τινὰ πείθει,

365 ίδων,

η κατατιλά των 'Εκαταίων, κυκλίοισι χοροισιν ύπάδων, η τους μισθούς των ποιητών ρήτωρ ων είτ' αποτρώγει, κωμωδηθείς εν ταις πατρίοις τελεταις ταις του Διονύσου

τοισίδ' ἀπαυδώ καὖθις ἀπαυδώ καὖθις τὸ τρίτον μάλ' ἀπαυδώ

έξίστασθαι μύσταισι χοροῖς ὑμεῖς δ' ἀνεγείρετε μολπήν 370 καὶ παννυχίδας τὰς ἡμετέρας, αι τῆδε πρέπουσιν έορτῆ.

χώρει νῦν πᾶς ἀνδρείως εἰς τοὺς εὐανθεῖς κόλπους λειμώνων ἐγκρούων κάπισκώπτων καὶ παίζων καὶ χλευάζων ἠρίστηται δ' ἐξαρκούντως

 $[\sigma \tau \rho \ a'.$ 

375

" Unknown except for what is said of him here

^b Probably a 5 per cent duty on exports and imports imposed by Athens on the subject allies during the siege of Syracuse, Thuc. vii 28.

^{*} Κινησίας τοῦτο πεποίηκε Schol The Ἐκάταια were little shrines or symbols of Hecate erected at house-doors, cross-ways, etc., of W. 804.

### THE FROGS, 361-376

Or takes, in office, his gifts and bribes,

while the city is tossed on the stormy deep,

Who fort or fleet to the foe betrays,

or, a vile Thorycion, ships away

Forbidden stores from Aegina's shores,

to Epidaurus across the Bay

Transmitting oar-pads and sails and tar,

that curst collector of five per cents b,

The knave who tries to procure supplies

for the use of the enemy's armaments,

The Cyclian singer c who dares befoul

the Lady Hecate's wayside shine,

The public speaker who once lampooned

m our Bacchic feasts would, with heart mahgn,

Keep nibbling away the Comedians' pay d,-

to these I utter my waining city,

I charge them once, I charge them twice,

I charge them thuce, that they draw not nigh

To the sacred dance of the Mystic choir.

But yE, my comiades, awake the song,

The might-long revels of joy and mirth

which ever of right to our feast belong

(The start of the procession.)

Advance, true hearts, advance!
On to the gladsome bowers,
On to the sward, with flowers
Embosomed bright!
March on with jest, and jeer, and dance.

March on with jest, and jeer, and dance. Full well ye've supped to-night

⁴ Money-payments made by the State to the three competing comedians.

άλλ' ἔμβα χώπως ἀρεῖς την Σώτειραν γενναίως τῆ φωνῆ μολπάζων, η την χώραν σώζειν φήσ' ές τὰς ὥρας, καν Θωρυκίων μη βούληται

380

άγε νῦν ἐτέραν ὕμνων ἰδέαν τὴν καρποφόρον βασίλειαν, Δήμητρα θεάν, ἐπικοσμοῦντες ζαθέοις μολπαῖς κελαδεῖτε

> Δήμητερ, άγνῶν ὀργίων άνασσα, συμπαραστάτει, καὶ σῶζε τὸν σαυτής χορόν. καί μ' ἀσφαλῶς πανήμερον παΐσαί τε καὶ χορεῦσαι: καὶ πολλὰ μὲν γέλοιά μ' εἰπείν, πολλά δὲ σπουδαία, καὶ της σης έορτης άξίως παίσαντα καὶ σκώψαντα νικήσαντα ταινιοῦσθαι

στρ β'

385

 $[\vec{a}\nu\tau \ \beta']$ .

390

άλλ' εἶα νῦν καὶ τὸν ώραῖον θεὸν παρακαλεῖτε δεῦρο

395

"Ιακχε πολυτίμητε, μέλος έορτης ηδιστον εύρων, δεύρο συνακολούθει πρός την θεόν

και δείξον ώς ἄνευ πόνου πολλην όδον περαίνεις

ώδαισι, τον ξυνέμπορον τησδε της χορείας

400

"Ιακχε φιλοχορευτά, συμπρόπεμπέ με

^a The distance from Athens to Eleusis was slightly over twelve miles 332

## THE FROGS, 377-402

(The processional hymn to Persephone )
March, chanting loud your lays,
Your hearts and voices raising,
The Saviour goddess praising
Who vows she'll still
Our city save to endless days,
Whate'er Thorycion's will.

Break off the measure, and change the time, and now with chanting and hymns adorn Demeter, goddess mighty and high, the harvest-queen, the giver of corn

(The processional hymn to Denster)
O Lady, over our rites presiding,
Preserve and succour thy choral throng,
And grant us all, in thy help confiding,
To dance and revel the whole day long,
AND MUCH in earnest, and much in jest,
Worthy thy feast, may we speak therein
And when we have bantered and laughed our best,
The victor's wreath be it ours to win

Call we now the youthful god,
call him luther without delay,
Him who travels amongst his chorus,
dancing along on the Sacred Way.

(The processional hymn to Jacchus)
O, come with the joy of thy festival song,
O, come to the goddess, O, mix with our throng
Untired, though the journey be never so long a
O Lord of the field and dance,
Iacchus, beside me advance!

σὺ γὰρ κατεσχίσω μὲν ἐπὶ γέλωτι κἀπ' εὐτελεία τόν τε σανδαλίσκον καὶ τὸ ῥάκος,	408
κάξεῦρες ὤστ' άζημίους παίζειν τε καὶ χορεύειν "Ίακχε φιλοχορευτά, συμπρόπεμπέ με καὶ γὰρ παραβλέψας τι μειρακίσκης νῦν δὴ κατεΐδον, καὶ μάλ' εὐπροσώπου,	43.0
νυν οη κατειοον, και μαλ ευπροσωπου, συμπαιστρίας χιτωνίου παραρραγέν- τος τιτθίον προκύψαν "Ιακχε φιλοχορευτά, συμπρόπεμπέ με.	410
έγω δ' ἀεί πως φιλακόλουθός εἰμι καὶ μετ' αὐτῆς παίζων χορεύειν βούλομαι.	
κἄγωγε πρός	415
βούλεσθε δήτα κοινή σκώψωμεν Αρχέδημον, οs έπτέτης ῶν οὐκ ἔφυσε φράτορας, νυνί δὲ δημαγωγεί	
έν τοις ἄνω νεκροισι, κάστιν τὰ πρωτα τῆς ἐκει μοχθηρίας τὸν Κλεισθένη δ' ἀκούω ἐν ταις ταφαίσι πρωκτὸν	420
τίλλειν έαυτοῦ καὶ σπαράττειν τὰς γνάθους· κὰκόπτετ' ἐγκεκυφώς, κἄκλαε, κἀκεκράγει Σεβῖνον, ὄστις ἐστὶν ἁναφλύστιος	425

ΔΙ. έγω

EA.

xo.

^a Called "the blear-eyed," 588, and evidently of alien birth "But the present attack is really due to the fact that he was the first to commence hostilities against the victorious generals at 334

# THE FROGS, 404-427

For fun, and for cheapness, our dress thou hast rent, Through thee we may dance to the top of our bent, Reviling, and jeering, and none will resent.

O Lord of the fiolic and dance, Iacchus, beside me advance!

A sweet pretty gul I observed in the show, Her robe had been torn in the scuffle, and lo, There peeped through the tatters a bosom of snow.

O Lord of the frolic and dance, Iacchus, beside me advance!

DI Wouldn't I like to follow on, and try
A little sport and dancing?
Wouldn't I?

(The banter at the bridge of Cephibus)

CHOR Shall we all a merry joke At Archedemus a poke,

Who has not cut his guildsmen yet, though seven years old;

Yet up among the dead He is demagogue and head,

And contrives the topmost place of the rascaldom

And Cleisthenes, they say, Is among the tombs all day,

Bewailing for his lover with a lamentable whine.

Arginusae "R Cf Xen. Hell 1 7.2, where he is described as

τότε προεστηκώς έν 'Αθήναις

b our  $\epsilon$  pparopas, i.e had been unable to prove his right to Athenian citizenship and so become a member of a pparpla. But pparopas is a surprise for pparofipas "age-teeth," or the second set which a child should cut at the age of seven, of Pliny, NH. vii 15

	\ TZ \\\\ \ \	
	καὶ Καλλίαν γέ φασι	
	τοῦτον τὸν Ἱπποβίνου	
	κύσθου λεοντῆν ναυμαχεῖν ἐνημμένον	430
ΔΙ	έχοιτ' αν οθν φράσαι νῶν,	
	Πλούτων οπου νθάδ' οἰκεῖ,	
	ξένω γάρ ἐσμεν ἀρτίως ἀφιγμένω	
VO.	μηδέν μακράν ἀπέλθης,	
ХO		40-
	μηδ' αὖθις ἐπανέρη με,	435
	άλλ' ἴσθ' ἐπ' αὐτὴν τὴν θύραν ἀφιγμένος	
ΔΙ	αἴροι' ἃν αὖθις, ὧ παῖ	
ΞA	τουτί τί ήν τὸ πρᾶγμα	
	ἄλλ' ἢ Διὸς Κόρινθος ἐν τοῖς στρώμασιν,	
хо	χωρεῖτε	440
110		
	νῦν ἱερὸν ἀνὰ κύκλον θεᾶς, ἀνθοφόρον ἀν' ἄλσο	S
	παίζοντες οίς μετουσία θεοφιλοῦς έορτης	
	έγὼ δὲ σὺν ταῖσιν κόραις εἶμι καὶ γυναιξίν,	445
	οῦ παννυχίζουσιν θεᾶ, φέγγος ἱερὸν οἴσων	
	χωρῶμεν ες πολυρρόδους λειμῶνας ἀνθεμώδεις,	Γστο.
	τον ήμέτερον τρόπον,	450
	τον καλλιχορώτατον,	
	παίζοντες, ὂν ὄλβιαι	
	Μοιραι ξυνάγουσιν.	

^a A spendthrift and debauchee (of. B. 285), son of Hipponicus, for which, because of his character, A substitutes ' $1\pi\pi\delta\beta\nu\sigma s = 1\pi\pi\delta\rho\nu\sigma s$  (τδ δὲ ἐππος πολλαχοῦ επὶ τοῦ μεγάλου λαμβάνουσιν Schol)

^b A proverbial expression applied to tedious repetition, as here, or high-flown language Κόρινθος, son of Zeus, was the eponymous Founder of Corinth, and Διὸς Κόρινθος was a phrase 336

## THE FROGS, 428-454

And Callias,^a I'm told, Has become a sailor bold,

And casts a hon's hide o'er his members feminine

DI. Can any of you tell

Where Pluto here may dwell,

For we, sus, are two strangers who were never here before?

CHOR O, then no further stray,

Nor again inquire the way,

For know that ye have journeyed to his very entrancedoor

DI. Take up the wraps, my lad Now is not this too bad?

Like "Zeus's Corinth," b he "the wiaps" keeps saying o'ei and o'er

CHOR. Now wheel your sacred dances through the glade with flowers bedight,

All ye who are partakers of the holy festal rite;
And I will with the women and the holy maidens go
Where they keep the nightly vigil, an auspicious light
to show.

(The departure for the Thrussan Plain)
Now haste we to the roses,
And the meadows full of posses,
Now haste we to the meadows
In our own old way,
In choral dances blending,
In dances never ending,
Which only for the holy
The Destines array.

too much haiped on by Corinthian orators But in connexion with "the rugs" there is also a reference to ol κόρει as in C. 710.

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μόνοις γὰρ ἡμιν ἤλιος καὶ φέγγος ίλαρόν ἐστιν, [ἀντ

	σεβῆ τε διήγομεν τρόπον περὶ τοὺς ξένους καὶ τοὺς ἱδιώτας.	4.00
	άγε δη τίνα τρόπον την θύραν κόψω, τίνα, πως ενθάδ' άρα κόπτουσιν ουπιχώριοι,	460
	οὐ μὴ διατρίψεις, ἀλλὰ γεῦσαι τῆς θύρας, καθ 'Ήρακλέα τὸ σχῆμα καὶ τὸ λῆμ' ἔχων,	
ΔΙ	παῖ παῖ	
AIAK		
ΔΙ	Ήρακλης ὁ καρτερός	
AIA.	ῶ βδελυρὲ κάναίσχυντε καὶ τολμηρὲ σὺ	<b>4</b> 65
	καί μιαρέ και παμμίαρε και μιαρώτατε,	
	ος τον κύν' ήμων εξελάσας τον Κέρβερον	
	ἀπῆξας ἄγχων κἀποδρὰς ὤχου λαβών,	
	ον έγω φύλαπτον άλλα νθν έχει μέσος.	
	τοία Στυγός σε μελανοκάρδιος πέτρα	470
	'Αχερόντιός τε σκόπελος αίματοσταγής	
	φρουρούσι, Κωκυτού τε περίδρομοι κύνες,	
	Έχιδνά θ' έκατογκέφαλος, ή τὰ σπλάγχνα σου	
	διασπαράξει, πλευμόνων τ' ανθάψεται	
	Ταρτησία Μύραινα τω νεφρώ δέ σου	475
	αὐτοῖσιν ἐντέροισιν ἡματωμένω	
	διασπάσονται Γοργόνες Τιθράσιαι,	
	ểφ' ầs ἐγὼ δρομαῖον όρμήσω πόδα.	

Usually with Minos and Rhadamanthus one of the three judges of the dead, but here acting as door-keeper in the hall of Pluto.
 It is needless to inquire what "Styn's rock," or the "peak of A." exactly is; Aeacus merely wishes to frighten Dionysus. "the rocks of Styn and Acheron shall shut him in, whilst the \$38

# THE FROGS, 455-478

O, happy mystic choius, The blessed sunshine o'ci us On us alone is smiling.

In its soft sweet light.
On us who strove for ever
With holy, pure endeavour,
Ahke by friend and stranger
To guide our steps aright

DI What's the light way to knock? I wonder how The natives here are wont to knock at doors

xa No dawdling taste the door You've got, remember, The hon-hide and pride of Heiacles

DI. Boy boy

AEACUS 4 Who's there?

I, Heracles the strong '
O, you most shameless desperate juffian, you'
O, villain, villain, ariant vilest villain '

O, villain, villain, ariant vilest villain!
Who seized our Cerberus by the throat, and fled,
And ran, and lushed, and bolted, haling off
The dog, my charge! But now I've got thee fast
So close the Styx's inky-hearted lock,
The blood-bedabbled peak of Acheron
Shall hem thee in the hell-hounds of Cocytus
Plowl lound thee, whilst the hundled-headed Asp
Shall rive thy heart-strings the Tartesian Lamprey
Prey on thy lungs and those Tithrasian Gorgons
Mangle and tear thy kidneys, mauling them,
Entials and all, into one bloody mash
I'll speed a running foot to fetch them hither

Furies are ever running round, like hell-hounds, to make sure that he does not escape and the Asp, the Lamprey, and the Gorgons are savagely devouing his vitals." R

 The words have a terrible sound (cf Τάρταρος and "Εχιδτα), but in fact the "Tartesian Lamprey" was a noted delicacy

	2 / 2 / 2 2	
EA	ούτος, τί δέδρακας,	
ΔΙ	έγκέχοδα κάλει θεόν	
ΞA	ῶ καταγέλαστ', οὔκουν ἀναστήσει ταχὺ	480
	πρίν τινά σ' ιδείν άλλότριον,	
ΔΙ	άλλ' ώρακιῶ	
	άλλ' οἶσε πρὸς τὴν καρδίαν μου σπογγιάν	
EA	ίδου λαβέ πρόσθου	
ΔΙ	ποῦ ゚στιν,	
EA	ὧ χρυσοῖ θεοί,	
AA	ένταθθ' έχεις την καρδίαν,	
	δείσασα γάρ	
ΔΙ		
	είς την κάτω μου κοιλίαν καθείρπυσεν	485
ΈA	ῶ δειλότατε θεῶν σὺ κἀνθρώπων	
ΔΙ	έγώ,	
	πως δειλός, όστις σπογγιαν ήτησα σε,	
	ούκ ἂν ἔτερός γ' αΰτ' εἰργάσατ' ἀνήρ	
EA.	άλλὰ τί,	
ΔI	κατέκειτ' αν δσφραινόμενος, είπερ δειλός ήν	
	έγω δ' ἀνέστην καὶ προσέτ' ἀπεψησάμην	490
EA.	ἀνδρεῖά γ', ὧ Πόσειδον	
ΔΙ	οΐμαι νη Δία	
	σὺ δ' οὖκ ἔδεισας τὸν ψόφον τῶν ῥημάτων	
	καὶ τὰς ἀπειλάς	
ĦA	οὐ μὰ Δί', οὐδ' ἐφρόντισα	
ΔI.	ίθι νυν, ἐπειδη ληματιβς κάνδρεῖος εἶ,	
41.	συ μεν γενου γώ, το ρόπαλον τουτι λαβών	
		495
	καὶ τὴν λεοντῆν, εἴπερ ἀφοβόσπλαγχνος εἶ	
	έγω δ' ἔσομαί σοι σκευοφόρος ἐν τῷ μέρει	
EA	φέρε δη ταχέως αὖτ' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλὰ πειστέον	

α έκκέχυται κάλει θεόν was a religious formula used by the 340

# THE FROGS, 479-498

XA	Hallo! what now?
DI	I've done it call the god a
XA	Get up, you laughing-stock, get up directly, Before you're seen
DI	What, I get up? I'm fainting Please dab a sponge of water on my heart
ХA	Here! Dab it on
DI.	Where is it?
XA	Ye golden gods, ^b
	Lies your heart THERE?
DI	It got so terrified
	It fluttered down into my stomach's pit
XA	Cowardhest of gods and men
DI	The cowardhest? I?
	What I, who asked you for a sponge, a thing
	A coward never would have done
ΧA	What then?
DI	A coward would have lain there wallowing;
	But I stood up, and wiped myself withal
ΧA	Poseidon   quite heroic
DI	'Deed I think so
-	But weren't you frightened at those dreadful threats And shoutings?
<b>.</b>	Frightened? Not a bit I cared not.
XA	
DI	Come then, if you're so very brave a man, Will you be I, and take the hero's club
	And hon's skin, since you're so monstrous plucky?  And I'll be now the slave, and bear the luggage
XA	Hand them across I cannot choose but take them
My god	stic when the final libation had been "poured out" and the i was summoned to come forth, of 323 Here ἐγκέχοδα,

cacavi, is substituted for the first word

• Rogers here translates the old arrangement of the line
Ξ ίδου λαβέ Δ πρόσθου Ξ ποῦ' στιν ῶ At "There" D
takes the hand of Χ καὶ ἐντίθησιν εἰς τὸν πρωκτόν • Schol

	μὰ Δί' ἀλλ' ἀληθῶς ούκ Μελίτης μαστιγίας.	500
<b>ØEPA</b>	ΠΑΙΝΑ ω φίλταθ΄ ήκεις Πράκλεις, δεθρ΄ είσιθι.	
	παινα ὧ φίλταθ' ήκεις Ἡράκλεις, δεῦρ' εἴσιθι. ἡ γὰρ θεός σ' ὡς ἐπύθεθ' ἤκοντ', εὐθέως	
	έπεττεν άρτους, ήψε κατερικτών χύτρας	505
	ἔτνους δύ' ἢ τρεῖς, βοῦν ἀπηνθράκιζ' ὅλον,	
	πλακοῦντας ὤπτα, κολλάβους. ἀλλ' εἴσιθι.	
EA	κάλλιστ', ἐπαινῶ	
ØE	μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω οὐ μή σ᾽ ἐγὼ	
-	περιόψομαπελθόντ', έπεί τοι καὶ κρέα	
	ανέβραττεν όρνίθεια, καὶ τραγήματα	510
	έφρυγε, κώνον άνεκεράννυ γλυκύτατον.	010
	ἀλλ' εἴσιθ' ἄμ' ἐμοί	
EA.	πάνυ καλώς.	
ØE.	ληρεῖς ἔχων	
-	οὐ γάρ σ' ἀφήσω καὶ γὰρ αὐλητρίς γέ σοι	
	ήδη 'νδον ἔσθ' ώραιοτάτη κώρχηστρίδες	
	έτεραι δύ ἢ τρείς.	
-	2 1/ 1 /0	
EA.		515
0E	ήβυλλιώσαι κάρτι παρατετιλμέναι	
	άλλ' εἴσιθ', ὡς ὁ μάγειρος ήδη τὰ τεμάχη εμελλ' ἀφαιρεῖν χη τράπεζ' εἰσήρετο.	
	εμελλ αφαιρείν χη τραπεζ εισηρετο.	
BA.	ιθι νυν, φράσον πρώτιστα ταις δρχηστρίσιν	
		520
	ό παις, ἀκολούθει δευρο τὰ σκεύη φέρων.	
ΔI.	έπίσχες ούτος ου τί που σπουδην ποιεί,	
	ότιή σε παίζων 'Ηρακλέα γ' έσκεύασα;	
	ου μη φλυαρήσεις έχων, ὧ Ξανθία,	
	3//3 3 / # // / /	525
- a ]	Melite was a deme adjoining Collytus and the Cerameicus,	
040	, ,	

# THE FROGS, 499-525

And now observe the Xanthio-heracles If I'm a coward and a sneak like you.

DI. Nay, you're the rogue from Mehte's a own self.
And I'll pick up and carry on the traps.

MAID.^b O welcome, Heracles! come in, sweetheart.
My Lady, when they told her, set to work,
Baked mighty loaves, boiled two or three tureens
Of lentil soup, roasted a prime ox whole,
Made rolls and honey-cakes. So come along.

XA. (declining) You are too kind.

I will not let you go.

I will not LET you! Why, she's stewing slices
Of juicy bird's-flesh, and she's making comfits,
And tempering down her richest wine. Come, dear,
Come along in.

XA. (still declining) Pray thank her.

I shall not let you off: there's such a lovely Flute-girl all ready, and we've two or three Dancing-girls also.

XA. Eh! what! Dancing-girls?

MAID. Young budding virgins, freshly tired and trimmed.

Come, dear, come in. The cook was dishing up

The cutlets, and they are bringing in the tables.

xa. Then go you in, and tell those dancing-girls Of whom you spake, I'm coming in Myself. Pick up the traps, my lad, and follow me.

DI. Hi! stop! you're not in earnest, just because I dressed you up, in fun, as Heracles? Come, don't keep fooling, Xanthias, but lift And carry in the traps yourself.

containing, the Scholiast says, "the most notable temple of Heracles the Averter of Evil."

b Enter a maid-servant of Persephone.

ΞA.	τί δ' ἔστιν; οὐ δή πού μ' ἀφελέσθαι διανοεῖ ἄδωκας αὐτός;	
ΔΙ.	οὐ τάχ', ἀλλ' ἤδη ποιῶ. κατάθου τὸ δέρμα.	
EA.	ταῦτ' ἐγὼ μαρτύρομαι καὶ τοῖς θεοῖσιν ἐπιτρέπω.	
ΔΙ.	$\pi$ oίοις $\theta$ εοῖς;	
EA.	τὸ δὲ προσδοκήσαί σ' οὐκ ἀνόητον καὶ κενὸν ώς δοῦλος ὧν καὶ θνητὸς 'Αλκμήνης ἔσει; ἀμέλει, καλῶς· ἔχ' αὕτ'. ἴσως γάρ τοί ποτε ἐμοῦ δεηθείης ἄν, εἰ θεὸς θέλοι.	530
xo.	ταῦτα μὲν πρὸς ἀνδρός ἐστι [στρ. νοῦν ἔχοντος καὶ φρένας καὶ	
	πολλά περιπεπλευκότος, μετακυλίνδειν αύτον ἀεὶ πρός τον εὖ πράττοντα τοῖχον	535
	μαλλον ἢ γεγραμμένην εἰκόν' ἐστάναι, λαβόνθ' ἔν	
	σχήμα· τὸ δὲ μεταστρέφεσθαι πρὸς τὸ μαλθακώτερον	
,	δεξιοῦ πρὸς ἀνδρός ἐστι καὶ φύσει Θηραμένους,	<b>54</b> 0
ΔI.	ού γὰρ ἂν γέλοιον ἦν, εἰ Ξανθίας μὲν δοῦλος ὢν ἐν	
	στρώμασιν Μιλησίοις	
	άνατετραμμένος κυνῶν ὀρ- χηστρίδ', εἶτ' ἤτησεν ἀμίδ', ἐ-	
	γὼ δὲ πρὸς τοῦτον βλέπων τοὐρεβίνθου 'δραττόμην· οῦ-	e are
	Falsago obarropula ou-	545

^a The Greek has "who has sailed round many seas," and who 344

## THE FROGS, 526-545

You are never going to strip me of these togs You gave me!

DI. Going to? No, I'm doing it now.

Off with that lion-skin.

xa. Bear witness all, The gods shall judge between us.

Why, how could you (the vain and foolish thought!)

A slave, a mortal, act Alemena's son?

xa. All right then, take them; maybe, if God will, You'll soon require my services again.

CHOR. This is the part of a dexterous clever Man with his wits about him ever, One who has travelled the world to see; Always to shift, and to keep through all Close to the sunny side of the wall; a Not like a pictured block to be, Standing always in one position; Nay but to veer, with expedition, And ever to catch the favouring breeze, This is the part of a shrewd tactician, This is to be a—Theramenes !

DI. Truly an exquisite joke 'twould be,
Him with a dancing-girl to see,
Lolling at ease on Milesian rugs;
Me, like a slave, beside him standing,
Aught that he wants to his lordship handing;
Then as the damsel fair he hugs,
Seeing me all on fire to embrace her,

knows how in stormy weather to shift " to the good side (τοῖχον) of the boat."

The famous trimmer of Greek history, called ὁ κόθορνος, "the Slipper" because it could be worn on either foot; of. 967-970.

τος δ' ἄτ' ὢν αὐτὸς πανοῦργος εἶδε, κἆτ' ἐκ τῆς γνάθου πὺξ πατάξας μοὐξέκοψε τοὺς χοροὺς τοὺς προσθίους;

ΠΑΝΔΟΚΕΤΤΡΙΑ Α. Πλαθάνη, Πλαθάνη, δεῦρ' ἔλθ', ὁ πανοῦργος οὐτοσί,

ος είς το πανδοκείον είσελθών ποτε έκκαίδεκ' άρτους κατέφαγ' ήμων.

550

 $\pi$ A.B.  $\nu$ η  $\Delta$ ia.

έκεῖνος αὐτὸς δῆτα.

Α. ΄ κακὸν ἥκει τινί.

ΠΑ.Α. καὶ κρέα γε πρὸς τούτοισιν ἀνάβραστ' εἴκοσιν ἀν' ἡμιωβολιαῖα.

ΕΑ. δώσει τις δίκην.

ΠΑ.Α. καὶ τὰ σκόροδα τὰ πολλά.

ληρεῖς, ὧ γύναι,

555

κούκ οἶσθ' ὅ τι λέγεις.

ΠΑ.Α. οὐ μὲν οὖν με προσεδόκας, ότιὴ κοθόρνους εἶχες, ἂν γνῶναί σ' ἔτι; τί δαί; τὸ πολὺ τάριχος οὐκ εἴρηκά πω, μὰ Δί', οὐδὲ τὸν τυρόν γε τὸν χλωρόν, τάλαν, ὅν οὖτος αὐτοῖς τοῖς ταλάροις κατήσθιεν. κἄπειτ' ἐπειδὴ τἀργύριον ἐπραττόμην, ἔβλεψεν εἰς ἐμὲ δριμὺ κάμυκᾶτό γε.

,

ΕΑ. τούτου πάνυ τοὔργον, οὖτος ὁ τρόπος πανταχοῦ.

ΠΑ.Α. καὶ τὸ ξίφος γ' ἐσπᾶτο, μαίνεσθαι δοκῶν. ΠΑ.Β. νὴ Δία, τάλαινα.

ΠΑ.Α.

νω δε δεισάσα γε που επὶ τὴν κατήλιφ' εὐθὺς ἀνεπηδήσαμεν· δ δ' ἄχετ' εξάξας γε τὰς ψιάθους λαβών.

565

^a Enter the keeper of a cook-shop and her partner, Plathane.

# THE FROGS, 546-567

He would perchance (for there's no man baser). Turning him round like a lazy lout. Straight on my mouth deliver a facer. Knocking my ivory choirmen out.

HOSTESS. a O Plathane! Plathane! Here's that naughty man.

That's he who got into our tavern once, And ate up sixteen loaves.

PLATHANE.

O, so he is!

The very man.

Bad luck for somebody! XA.

Ho. O and, besides, those twenty bits of stew, Half-obol pieces.

Somebody's going to catch it! XA.

но. That garlic too.

Woman, you're talking nonsense. DI.

You don't know what you're saying.

O, you thought HO. I shouldn't know you with your buskins on! Ah, and I've not yet mentioned all that fish, No, nor the new-made cheese: he gulped it down, Baskets b and all, unlucky that we were. And when I just alluded to the price, He looked so fierce, and bellowed like a bull.

xa. Yes, that's his way: that's what he always does.

Ho. O, and he drew his sword, and seemed quite mad.

PLA. O. that he did.

HO.

And terrified us so

We sprang up to the cockloft, she and I. Then out he hurled, decamping with the rugs.

^b "The τάλαρος was a wicker-basket, in the shape of a cheese, into which the curd was introduced, and pressed until all the whey was strained out": R.

μα. και τουτο τουτου τουργον. αλλ εχρην τι ορα	ν.
ΠΑ.Α. ἴθι δὴ κάλεσον τὸν προστάτην Κλέωνά μοι. ΠΑ.Β. σὺ δ' ἔμοιγ', ἐάνπερ ἐπιτύχῃς, 'Υπέρβολον,	
ΠΑ.Β. σὺ δ' ἔμοιγ', ἐάνπερ ἐπιτύχης, Ὑπέρβολον,	570
ιν' αὐτὸν ἐπιτρίψωμεν.	
πΑ.Α. ὧ μιαρὰ φάρυγξ,	
ώς ήδέως ἄν σου λίθω τοὺς γομφίους	
κόπτοιμ' ἄν, οἷς μου κατέφαγες τὰ φορτία.	
ΠΑ.Β. εγώ δε γ' ες το βάραθρον εμβάλοιμί σε.	
ΠΑ.Α. έγω δε τον λάρυγγ' αν εκτέμοιμί σου,	575
δρέπανον λαβοῦσ', ῷ τὰς χόλικας κατέσπασας	
άλλ' εἷμ' ἐπὶ τὸν Κλέων', δς αὐτοῦ τήμερον	
έκπηνιείται ταθτα προσκαλούμενος.	
ΔΙ. κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, Ξανθίαν εἰ μὴ φιλῶ.	
ΕΑ. οίδ' οίδα τὸν νοῦν παῦε παῦε τοῦ λόγου.	580
οὐκ ἂν γενοίμην 'Ηρακλῆς ἄν.	
ΔΙ. μηδαμῶς,	
& Ξανθίδιον.	
ΕΑ. καὶ πῶς ἂν 'Αλκμήνης ἐγὼ	
υίὸς γενοίμην, δοῦλος ἄμα καὶ θνητὸς ὤν;	
ΔΙ. οίδ' οίδ' ότι θυμοί, καὶ δικαίως αὐτὸ δρậς.	
καν εί με τύπτοις, ούκ αν αντείποιμί σοι.	585
άλλ' ήν σε τοῦ λοιποῦ ποτ' ἀφέλωμαι χρόνου	) <u>.</u>
πρόρριζος αὐτός, ή γυνή, τὰ παιδία,	•
κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, κ'Αρχέδημος ὁ γλάμων.	
ΕΑ. δέχομαι τὸν ὅρκον, κἀπὶ τούτοις λαμβάνω.	
<ol> <li>νῦν σὸν ἔργον ἔστ', ἐπειδὴ [ἀ</li> </ol>	ντ. 590
την στολήν είληφας, ήνπερ	P1 - 090
είχες έξ άρχης, πάλιν	
άνανεάζειν [σαντόν ἀεί]	

 $^{^{}a}$  They threaten him with the dead demagogues.  $\pi \rho o \sigma \tau \acute{a} \tau \eta s$  348

# THE FROGS, 568-592

xa. That's his way too; but something must be done.

но. Quick, run and call my patron a Cleon here!

PLA. O, if you meet him, call Hyperbolus! We'll pay you out to-day.

O filthy throat, HO. O how I'd like to take a stone, and hack

Those grinders out with which you chawed my wares.

PLA. I'd like to pitch you in the deadman's pit.b

но. I'd like to get a reaping-hook and scoop That gullet out with which you gorged my tripe. But I'll to Cleon: he'll soon serve his writs; He'll twist it out of you to-day, he will.

Perdition seize me, if I don't love Xanthias.

xa. Aye, aye, I know your drift: stop, stop that talking. I won't be Heracles.

O, don't say so, DI. Dear, darling Xanthias.

Why, how can I, XA. A slave, a mortal, act Alemena's son!

DI. Aye, aye, I know you are vexed, and I deserve it, And if you pummel me, I won't complain. But if I strip you of these togs again, Perdition seize myself, my wife, my children, And, most of all, that blear-eved Archedemus.

xa. That oath contents me: on those terms I take them.

Now that at last you appear once more, CHOR. Wearing the garb that at first you wore, Wielding the club and the tawny skin, Now it is yours to be up and doing,

τοῦ δήμου is a regular phrase for the leading demagogue; cf. K. 1128, P. 684.

^b βάραθρον is the pit at Athens into which the bodies of malefactors were flung.

καὶ βλέπειν αὖθις τὸ δεινόν, τοῦ θεοῦ μεμνημένον ῶπερ εἰκάζεις σεαυτόν. εὶ δὲ παραληρῶν άλώσει κάκβαλεῖς τι μαλθακόν, 595 αδθίς αξρεσθαί σ' ανάγκη 'σται πάλιν τὰ στρώματα. ου κακώς, ώνδρες, παραινείτ', EA. άλλὰ καὐτὸς τυγχάνω ταῦτ' άρτι συννοούμ€νος. ότι μεν οθν, ην χρηστον ή τι, ταθτ' ἀφαιρεῖσθαι πάλιν πει-600 ράσεταί μ' εὖ οἶδ' ὅτι. άλλ' ὄμως ἐγὼ παρέξω 'μαυτὸν ἀνδρεῖον τὸ λημα καὶ βλέποντ' ὀρίγανον. δεῖν δ' ἔοικεν, ώς ἀκούω της θύρας καὶ δὴ ψόφον. ΑΙΑ. ξυνδεῖτε ταχέως τουτονὶ τὸν κυνοκλόπον, 605 ίνα δώ δίκην ανύετον. ήκει τω κακόν. ΔI. οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; οὐ μἡ πρόσιτον; ΞA. είεν, μάχει; AIA. ό Διτύλας χώ Σκεβλύας χώ Παρδόκας χωρείτε δευρί και μάχεσθε τουτωί. είτ' οὐχὶ δεινὰ ταῦτα, τύπτειν τουτονὶ 610 κλέπτοντα πρός τάλλότρια; μάλλ' ὑπερφυᾶ. AIA. σχέτλια μέν οὖν καὶ δεινά. ΔI. καὶ μὴν νὴ Δία, EA. εὶ πώποτ' ἦλθον δεῦρ', ἐθέλω τεθνηκέναι,

# THE FROGS, 593-613

Glaring like mad, and your youth renewing,

Mindful of him whose guise you are in.
If, when caught in a bit of a scrape, you
Suffer a word of alarm to escape you,
Showing yourself but a feckless knave,
Then will your master at once undrape you,
Then you'll again be the toiling slave.
There, I admit, you have given to me a
Capital hint, and the like idea,
Friends, had occurred to myself before.
Truly if anything good befell
He would be wanting, I know full well,
Wanting to take to the togs once more.
Nevertheless, while in these I'm vested,
Ne'er shall you find me craven-crested,
No, for a dittany a look I'll wear,

AE.^b Seize the dog-stealer, bind him, pinion him, Drag him to justice!

DI. Somebody's going to catch it.

Aye and methinks it will soon be tested, Hark! how the portals are rustling there.

XA. (striking out) Hands off! get away! stand back!

AE. Eh? You're for fighting.

Ho! Ditylas, Sceblyas, and Pardocas, Come hither, quick; fight me this sturdy knave.

DI. Now isn't it a shame the man should strike And he a thief besides?

AE. A monstrous shame!

DI. A regular burning shame!

XA.

By the Lord Zeus,
If ever I was here before, if ever

^a A plant with a piercing scent and biting taste.

^b Re-enter Aeacus with assistants.

	η 'κλεψα των σων ἄξιόν τι καὶ τριχός.	
	καί σοι ποιήσω πράγμα γενναΐον πάνυ	615
	βασάνιζε γὰρ τὸν παῖδα τουτονὶ λαβών,	0.0
	καν ποτέ μ' έλης άδικοῦντ', ἀπόκτεινόν μ' άγων.	
AIA.	καὶ πως βασανίσω;	
EA.	πάντα τρόπον, ἐν κλίμακι	
	δήσας, κρεμάσας, ύστριχίδι μαστιγών, δέρων,	
	στρεβλών, έτι δ' ές τὰς βίνας ὅξος ἐγχέων,	620
	πλίνθους ἐπιτιθείς, πάντα τἄλλα, πλὴν πράσφ	020
	un energe entroles, navia taraa, nanp npada	
ATA	μη τύπτε τοῦτον μηδε γητείω νέω. δίκαιος ο λόγος κάν τι πηρώσω γέ σοι	
AIA.	σίκαιος ο πογος καν τι πηρώσω γε σοι	
A	τὸν παίδα τύπτων, τἀργύριον σοι κείσεται.	005
EA.	μὴ δῆτ' ἔμοιγ'. οὕτω δὲ βασάνιζ' ἀπαγαγών.	625
AIA.	αὐτοῦ μὲν οὖν, ἴνα σοὶ κατ' ὀφθαλμοὺς λέγη.	
	κατάθου σὺ τὰ σκεύη ταχέως, χὤπως ἐρεῖς	
	ένταῦθα μηδέν ψεῦδος.	
ΔĪ.	άγορεύω τινὶ	
	έμε μὴ βασανίζειν ἀθάνατον ὄντ' εἰ δε μή, αὐτὸς σεαυτὸν αἰτιῶ.	
AIA.	λέγεις δὲ τί;	630
ΔI.	άθάνατος είναι φημι Διόνυσος Διός,	000
	τοῦτον δὲ δοῦλον.	
AIA.	ταῦτ' ἀκούεις;	
ΞA.	φήμ' ἐγώ.	
	καὶ πολύ γε μᾶλλόν ἐστι μαστιγωτέος:	
	είπερ θεὸς γάρ ἐστιν, οὐκ αἰσθήσεται.	
ΔI.	τί δητ', ἐπειδή καὶ σὺ φὴς είναι θεός,	635
	ού καὶ σὺ τύπτει τὰς ἴσας πληγὰς ἐμοί;	
EA.	δίκαιος ὁ λόγος χωπότερόν γ' αν νων ίδης	
	κλαύσαντα πρότερον ἢ προτιμήσαντά τι	
	τυπτόμενον, είναι τοῦτον ἡγοῦ μὴ θεόν.	

#### THE FROGS, 614-639

I stole one hair's-worth from you, let me die! And now I'll make you a right noble offer, Arrest my lad: torture him as you will,^a And if you find I'm guilty, take and kill me.

AE. Torture him, how?

In any mode you please.
Pile bricks upon him: stuff his nose with acid:
Flay, rack him, hoist him; flog him with a scourge
Of prickly bristles: only not with this,
A soft-leaved onion, or a tender leek.

AE. A fair proposal. If I strike too hard And maim the boy, I'll make you compensation.

XA. I shan't require it. Take him out and flog him.

AE. Nay, but I'll do it here before your eyes.

Now then, put down the traps, and mind you speak
The truth, young fellow.

DI. (in agony)

I am a god. You'll blame yourself hereafter
If you touch ME.

AE. Hillo! What's that you are saying?

DI. I say I'm Bacchus, son of Zeus, a god, And he's the slave.

AE. You hear him?

XA. Hear him? Yes. All the more reason you should flog him well.

For if he is a god, he won't perceive it.

DI. Well, but you say that you're a god yourself. So why not you be flogged as well as I?

xa. A fair proposal. And be this the test, Whichever of us two you first behold Flinching or crying out—he's not the god.

^a "Dionysus had forgotten the well-known custom whereby an accused person might prove his own innocence by tendering his slaves for torture": R.

νὰκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ εἶ σὰ γεννάδας ἀνήρ· χωρεῖς γὰρ εἰς τὸ δίκαιον. ἀποδύεσθε δή. τῶς οὖν βασανιεῖς νὼ δικαίως; τληγὴν παρὰ πληγὴν ἐκάτερον. καλῶς λέγεις. δού, σκόπει νυν ἤν μ' ὑποκινήσαντ' ἴδης. ὅδη ἀπάταξά σ'. οὐ μὰ Δί'. οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἀλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	640 645
τως οὖν βασανιεῖς νὼ δικαίως; ραδίως· πληγὴν παρὰ πληγὴν ἐκάτερον. καλως λέγεις. δού, σκόπει νυν ἤν μ' ὑποκινήσαντ' ἴδης. ὅδη 'πάταξά σ'. οὐ μὰ Δί'. οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἐλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
ραδίως ·  πληγην παρά πληγην έκάτερου.  καλως λέγεις. δού, σκόπει νυν ήν μ' ύποκινήσαντ' ίδης.  ζδη 'πάταξά σ'.  οὐ μὰ Δί'.  οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς.  ἐλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
καλῶς λέγεις. δού, σκόπει νυν ήν μ' ὑποκινήσαντ' ἴδης. ἥδη 'πάταξά σ'. οὐ μὰ Δί'. οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἀλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
καλῶς λέγεις. δού, σκόπει νυν ήν μ' ὑποκινήσαντ' ἴδης. ἥδη 'πάταξά σ'. οὐ μὰ Δί'. οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἀλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
ίδη 'πάταξά σ'. οὐ μὰ Δί'. οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἰλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
ίδη 'πάταξά σ'. οὐ μὰ Δί'. οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἰλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
οὐδ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ἀλλ' εἶμ' ἐπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
ιλλ' εξμ' έπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	645
ιλλ' εξμ' έπὶ τονδὶ καὶ πατάξω.	
πηνίκα:	
καὶ δὴ ἐπάταξα.	
κἆτα πως οὐκ ἔπταρον;	
ούκ οίδα· τουδὶ δ' αὖθις ἀποπειράσομαι.	
ούκουν ἀνύσεις; ἰατταταῖ.	
τί τάτταταῖ;	
ιῶν ὦδυνήθης;	
οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἐφρόντισα	650
πόθ' Ἡράκλεια τὰν Διομείοις γίγνεται.	•••
νθρωπος ίερός. δεῦρο πάλιν βαδιστέον.	
οὺ ἰού.	
τί ἔστιν;	
ίππέας δρῶ.	
ί δῆτα κλάεις;	
κρομμύων δαφραίνομαι.	
πεὶ προτιμᾶς γ' οὐδέν.	
οὐδέν μοι μέλει.	655
αδιστέον τάρ' έστιν έπι τονδί πάλιν.	
	κἆτα πως οὐκ ἔπταρον; ὖκ οἶδα· τουδὶ δ' αὖθις ἀποπειράσομαι. ὖκουν ἀνύσεις; ἰατταταῖ. τί τἀτταταῖ; κῶν ὦδυνήθης; οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἐφρόντισα πόθ' 'Ηράκλεια τἀν Διομείοις γίγνεται. ενθρωπος ἱερός. δεῦρο πάλιν βαδιστέον. οὐ ἰού. τί ἔστιν;

flinch? " harrara? may indicate almost any emotion. Xanthias first 354

## THE FROGS, 640-656

AE. Upon my word you're quite the gentleman, You're all for right and justice. Strip then, both.

xa. How can you test us fairly?

AE. Easily,

I'll give you blow for blow.

XA. A good idea.

We're ready! Now! (Aeacus strikes him) see if you catch me flinching.

AE. I struck you.

XA. (incredulously) No!

Well, it seems "no," indeed.

Now then I'll strike the other. (Strikes Di.)

DI. Tell me when?

AE. I struck you.

DI. Struck me? Then why didn't I sneeze a?

AE. Don't know, I'm sure. I'll try the other again.

xa. And quickly too. Good gracious!

AE. Why "good gracious"?

Not hurt you, did I?

No. I merely thought of The Diomeian feast of Heracles.

AE. A holy man! 'Tis now the other's turn.

DI. Hi! Hi!

DI.

AE. Hallo!

Look at those horsemen, look!

AE. But why these tears?

DI. There's such a smell of onions.

AE. Then you don't mind it?

DI. (cheerfully) Mind it? Not a bit.

AE. Well, I must go to the other one again.

cries out in pain and then explains that it was an ejaculation of

pleasure. So too in lov lov and what follows to 666.

^c A very popular festival of Heracles, held in τὸ Κινόσαργες, a gymnasium outside Athens, east of the city, and near the Διόμειας πύλαι.

ZA.	οἴμοι.	
AIA.	τί ἔστι;	
EA.	τὴν ἄκανθαν ἔξελε.	
AIA.	τί τὸ πρᾶγμα τουτί; δεῦρο πάλιν βαδιστέον.	
ΔΙ.	"Απολλον, ός που Δηλον η Πύθων' έχεις.	
ZA.	ηλγησεν· οὐκ ηκουσας;	
ΔΙ.		660
	ΐαμβον 'Ιππώνακτος ἀνεμιμνησκόμην.	
ΞA.		
AIA.	μὰ τὸν Δί', ἀλλ' ήδη πάρεχε τὴν γαστέρα.	
	Πόσειδον,	
ΞA.	ήλγησέν τις.	
	δς Αἰγαίου πρώνας [ἔχεις], ἢ γλαυκᾶς μέδεις	665
	άλὸς ἐν βένθεσιν.	
AIA.	οὔ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα δύναμαί πω μαθεῖν	
	δπότερος υμών έστι θεός. ἀλλ' εἴσιτον·	
		670
	χή Φερσέφατθ', ἄτ' ὄντε κἀκείνω θεώ.	
ΔI.	όρθως λέγεις έβουλόμην δ' αν τοῦτό σε	
	πρότερον ποιήσαι, πρὶν ἐμὲ τὰς πληγὰς λαβεῖν.	
xo.	Μοῦσα χορῶν ἱερῶν ἐπίβηθι καὶ ἔλθ' ἐπὶ τέρψιν	875
	ἀοιδᾶς ἐμᾶς, [στρ.	016
	τον πολύν οψομένη λαων όχλον, οδ σοφίαι	
	μυρίαι κάθηνται,	
	φιλοτιμότεραι Κλεοφωντος, έφ' οδ δή χείλεσιν	
	ἀμφιλάλοις	

^a A lyric poet.
^b The actors retire from the stage, and the Chorus, turning to the audience, commence the last Parabasis which has come down to our days. It consists of Strophe 674-685, Epirrhema 686-705, Antistrophe 706-717, and Antepirrhema 718-737. The opening 356

xa. 0!0!

Hallo! AE.

Do pray pull out this thorn. XA.

AE. What does it mean? Tis this one's turn again.

DI. (shrueking) Apollo! Lord! (calmly) of Delos and of Pytho. XA. He flinched! You heard him?

DI. Not at all; a jolly

Verse of Hipponax a flashed across my mind.

XA. You don't half do it: cut his flanks to pieces.

AE. By Zeus, well thought on. Turn your belly here.

DI. (screaming) Poseidon!

There! he's flinching. XA.

who dost reign DI. (singing)

Amongst the Aegean peaks and creeks And o'er the deep blue main.

AE. No, by Demeter, still I can't find out

Which is the god, but come ye both indoors;

My lord himself and Persephassa there,

Being gods themselves, will soon find out the truth. Right! right! I only wish you had thought of that

Before you gave me those tremendous whacks.

chor. b Come, Muse, to our Mystical Chorus,

O come to the joy of my song,

O see on the benches before us

that countless and wonderful throng,

Where wits by the thousand abide,

with more than a Cleophon's c pride-

On the lips of that foreigner base,

of Athens the bane and disgrace,

lines of the Strophe are clearly a quotation or a parody of some

tragic poet.

For this demagogue see 1532. He is here chiefly satirized on account of the strain of Thracian blood which he derived from his mother, and so is ἀμφίλαλος, "a chatterer in two dialects."

δεινον ἐπιβρέμεται Θρηκία χελιδών, ἐπὶ βάρβαρον ἑζομένη πέταλον· κελαδεῖ δ' ἐπίκλαυτον ἀηδόνιον νόμον, ὡς ἀπολεῖται, κἂν ἴσαι γένωνται.

685

680

τὸν ἱερὸν χορὸν δίκαιόν ἐστι χρηστὰ τῆ πόλει ξυμπαραινεῖν καὶ διδάσκειν. πρῶτον οὖν ἡμῖν δοκεῖ ἐξισῶσαι τοὺς πολίτας κἀφελεῖν τὰ δείματα. κεἴ τις ἡμαρτε σφαλείς τι Φρυνίχου παλαίσμασιν, ἐγγενέσθαι φημὶ χρῆναι τοῖς όλισθοῦσιν τότε 690 αἰτίαν ἐκθεῖσι λῦσαι τὰς πρότερον ἁμαρτίας. εἶτ' ἄτιμόν φημι χρῆναι μηδέν' εἶν' ἐν τῆ πόλει. καὶ γὰρ αἰσχρόν ἐστι τοὺς μὲν ναυμαχήσαντας μίαν καὶ Πλαταιᾶς εὐθὺς εἶναι κἀντὶ δούλων δεσπότας. κοὐδὲ ταῦτ' ἔγωγ' ἔχοιμ' ἄν μὴ οὐ καλῶς φάσκειν ἔχειν, 695 ἀλλ' ἐπαινῶ· μόνα γὰρ αὐτὰ νοῦν ἔχοντ' ἐδράσατε. πρὸς δὲ τούτοις εἰκὸς ὑμᾶς, οἷ μεθ' ὑμῶν πολλὰ δὴ γοὶ πατέρες ἐναυμάχησαν καὶ προσήκουσιν γένει.

^a The swallow's song was commonly spoken of by the Greeks as "barbarous" and "unintelligible" (cf. Aesch. Ag. 1013 χελιδόνος δίκην | ἀγνῶτα φωνὴν βάρβαρον κεκτημένη); and yet is often, as here, associated with the nightingale's (cf. the story of Procne and Philomela).

b In which case he would be entitled to an acquittal.

See Introduction.

⁴ A chief actor in the establishment of the Four Hundred: Thuc, viii. 68.

Admitted to Athenian citizenship after the destruction of Plataea 427 B.C.

#### THE FROGS, 680-698

There is shricking, his kinsman by race, The garrulous swallow a of Thrace; From that perch of exotic descent, Rejoicing her sorrow to vent,

She pours to her spirit's content,

a nightingale's woful lament,

That e'en though the voting be equal,

his ruin will soon be the sequel.

Well it suits the holy Chorus

evermore with counsel wise

To exhort and teach the city;

this we therefore now advise-

End the townsmen's apprehensions;

equalize the rights of all; 6

If by Phrynichus's d wrestlings

some perchance sustained a fall,

Yet to these 'tis surely open,

having put away their sin,

For their slips and vacillations

pardon at your hands to win.

Give your brethren back their franchise.

Sin and shame it were that slaves,

Who have once with stern devotion

fought your battle on the waves,

Should be straightway lords and masters,

yea Plataeans e fully blown-

Not that this deserves our censure;

there I praise you; there alone

Has the city, in her anguish,

policy and wisdom shown-

Nay but these, of old accustomed

on our ships to fight and win,

τὴν μίαν ταύτην παρεῖναι ξυμφορὰν αἰτουμένοις.
ἀλλὰ τῆς ὀργῆς ἀνέντες, ὧ σοφώτατοι φύσει, 700
πάντας ἀνθρώπους ἑκόντες συγγενεῖς κτησώμεθα
κἀπιτίμους καὶ πολίτας, ὅστις ἃν ξυνναυμαχῆ.
εἰ δὲ ταῦτ' ὀγκωσόμεσθα κἀποσεμνυνούμεθα
τὴν πόλιν, καὶ ταῦτ' ἔχοντες κυμάτων ἐν ἀγκάλαις,
ὑστέρῳ χρόνῳ ποτ' αὖθις εὖ φρονεῖν οὐ δόξομεν. 705
εἰ δ' ἐγὼ ὀρθὸς ἰδεῖν βίον ἀνέρος ἢ τρόπον ὅστις ἔτ'
οἰμώξεται, [ἀντ.
οὐ πολὺν οὐδ' ὁ πίθηκος οὖτος ὁ νῦν ἐνοχλῶν,
Κλειγένης ὁ μικρός,

δ πονηρότατος βαλανεύς δπόσοι κρατοῦσι κυκησιτέφρου 710

ψευδολίτρου κονίας

καὶ Κιμωλίας γῆς,

χρόνον ἐνδιατρίψει· ἰδὼν δὲ τάδ' οὐκ εἰρηνικός ἐσθ', ἵνα μή ποτε κἀποδυθῆ μεθύων ἄ- 715 νευ ξύλου βαδίζων.

a "As the πολλὰ ἐναυμάχησαν of 697, 698 is intended as a contrast to the ναυμαχήσαντας μίαν of 693, so here again μίαν ξυμφοράν is contrasted, though in a different way, with the μίαν [ναυμαχίαν] there. The enfranchized slaves had fought but one battle; the disfranchized Athenians had committed but one fault. ξυμφοράν is used delicately for ἀμαρτίαν" R.

The off as the lye of ashes,  $\tau \delta$  έκ  $\tau \delta \phi \rho as$  καθιστάμενον ὑγρόν.

The epithet κυκησιτέφρου seems to imply that the lye has still some solid ashes mixed with it.  $\lambda i \tau \rho o r$  (the Attic form of  $\nu i \tau \rho o r$ ) is a fixed lixivious alkali, similar to, though not identical with, the salt which we now call nitre. As the lye was not pure, so the very alkali was adulterated. For this charge of dishonest dealing on the part of the tradesmen I could not in my translation find 360

## THE FROGS, 699-717

(They, their fathers too before them),

these our very kith and kin,

You should likewise, when they ask you,

pardon for their single sin.a

O by nature best and wisest,

O relax your jealous ire,

Let us all the world as kinsfolk

and as citizens acquire,

All who on our ships will battle

well and bravely by our side.

If we cocker up our city,

narrowing her with senseless pride,

Now when she is rocked and reeling

in the cradles of the sea, Here again will after ages deem we acted brainlessly.

And O if I'm able to scan

the habits and life of a man

Who shall rue his iniquities soon!

not long shall that little baboon,

That Cleigenes b shifty and small,

the wickedest bathman of all

Who are lords of the earth—which is brought

from the isle of Cimolus, and wrought

With nitre and lye into soap—c

Not long shall he vex us, I hope.

And this the unlucky one knows,

Yet ventures a peace to oppose,

And being addicted to blows

he carries a stick as he goes,

Lest while he is tipsy and reeling,

some robber his cloak should be stealing.

room.  $K\iota\mu\omega\lambda ia\ \gamma\hat{\eta}$  was the white chalky soil of Cimolus, one of the smallest of the Cyclades, immediately to the north of Melos": R. 361

πολλάκις γ' ἡμιν ἔδοξεν ἡ πόλις πεπονθέναι ταυτόν ές τε των πολιτών τούς καλούς τε κάγαθούς, ές τε τάρχαῖον νόμισμα καὶ τὸ καινὸν χρυσίον. 720 ούτε γάρ τούτοισιν οὖσιν οὐ κεκιβδηλευμένοις, άλλα καλλίστοις απάντων, ώς δοκεί, νομισμάτων, καὶ μόνοις ὀρθώς κοπεῖσι καὶ κεκωδωνισμένοις εν τε τοις Έλλησι καὶ τοις βαρβάροισι πανταχου, χρώμεθ' οὐδέν, ἀλλὰ τούτοις τοῖς πονηροῖς χαλκίοις, 725 χθές τε καὶ πρώην κοπεῖσι τῷ κακίστῳ κόμματι. των πολιτων θ' οΰς μεν ἴσμεν εὐγενεῖς καὶ σώφρονας ανδρας όντας καὶ δικαίους καὶ καλούς τε κάναθούς. καὶ τραφέντας ἐν παλαίστραις καὶ χοροῖς καὶ μουσικῆ, προυσελοῦμεν, τοῖς δὲ χαλκοῖς καὶ ξένοις καὶ πυρρίαις καὶ πονηροῖς κάκ πονηρών εἰς ἄπαντα χρώμεθα ύστάτοις ἀφιγμένοισιν, οἶσιν ἡ πόλις πρὸ τοῦ οὐδὲ φαρμακοῖσιν εἰκῆ ραδίως ἐχρήσατ' ἄν. άλλὰ καὶ νῦν, ὧνόητοι, μεταβαλόντες τοὺς τρόπους,

a The occupation of Deceleia had suspended the working of the silver mines at Laureium, so that the old silver coinage  $(\tau d\rho \chi a \tilde{\iota} o \nu \nu \delta \mu a \mu a)$  had to be replaced, and in 407-6 B.c. certain gold statues of Victory were turned into coin  $(\tau \tilde{\iota} \delta \kappa a \nu \nu \tilde{\iota} \nu \chi \rho \nu \sigma l o \nu)$ . But in the archonship of Callias 406-5 B.c. copper (or to speak strictly, bronze) coins were, for the first time, issued from the Athenian mint.

### THE FROGS, 718-734

Often has it crossed my fancy,

that the city loves to deal

With the very best and noblest

members of her commonweal,

Just as with our ancient coinage,

and the newly-minted gold.a

Yea for these, our sterling pieces,

all of pure Athenian mould,

All of perfect die and metal,

all the fairest of the fair,

All of workmanship unequalled,

proved and valued everywhere

Both amongst our own Hellenes

and Barbarians far away,

These we use not: but the worthless

pinchbeck coins of yesterday,

Vilest die and basest metal,

now we always use instead.

Even so, our sterling townsmen,

nobly born and nobly bred.

Men of worth and rank and mettle,

men of honourable fame,

Trained in every liberal science,

choral dance and manly game,

These we treat with scorn and insult,

but the strangers newliest come,

Worthless sons of worthless fathers,

pinchbeck townsmen, yellowy scum,

Whom in earlier days the city

hardly would have stooped to use

Even for her scapegoat victims,

these for every task we choose.

O unwise and foolish people,

yet to mend your ways begin;

χρησθε τοις χρηστοισιν αθθις και κατορθώσασι γάρ 735 εὖλογον· κάν τι σφαλητ', ἐξ ἀξίου γοῦν τοῦ ξύλου, ήν τι καὶ πάσχητε, πάσχειν τοῖς σοφοῖς δοκήσετε.

νη τὸν Δία τὸν σωτηρα, γεννάδας ἀνηρ	
ό δεσπότης σου.	
πως γάρ οὐχὶ γεννάδας,	
	740
•••	
	745
	. 10
	75 ₀
	100
τί δὲ τοῖς θύραζε ταῦτα καταλαλῶν:	
	πῶς γὰρ οὐχὶ γεννάδας, ὅστις γε πίνειν οἶδε καὶ βινεῖν μόνον; τὸ δὲ μὴ πατάξαι σ' ἐξελεγχθέντ' ἄντικρυς, ὅτι δοῦλος ὢν ἔφασκες εἶναι δεσπότης. ὤμωξε μέντἄν. τοῦτο μέντοι δουλικὸν εὐθὺς πεποίηκας, ὅπερ ἐγὼ χαίρω ποιῶν. χαίρεις, ἱκετεύω; μάλλ' ἐποπτεύειν δοκῶ, ὅταν καταράσωμαι λάθρα τῷ δεσπότη. τί δὲ τονθορύζων, ἡνίκ' ἄν πληγὰς λαβὼν πολλὰς ἀπίης θύραζε; καὶ τοῦθ' ἤδομαι. τί δὲ πολλὰ πράττων; ὡς μὰ Δί' οὐδὲν οἶδ' ἐγώ. ὁμόγνιε Ζεῦ· καὶ παρακούων δεσποτῶν ἄττ' ἄν λαλῶσι; μάλλὰ πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι.

^a The Scholiast quotes a proverb ἀπὸ καλοῦ ξύλου κὰν ἀπάγξασθαι, "if you must hang yourself better pick a good tree"; so here the sense seems to be "if you must fail it is better to do so while employing your best citizens rather than your worst."
^b Here Aeacus, who was a door-keeper 464 and in 605 seq.

## THE FROGS, 735-752

Use again the good and useful:

so hereafter, if ye win

'Twill be due to this your wisdom:

if ye fall, at least 'twill be

Not a fall that brings dishonour,

falling from a worthy tree.a

AE. By Zeus the Saviour, quite the gentleman Your master is.

XA. Gentleman? I believe you. He's all for wine and women, is my master.

AE. But not to have flogged you, when the truth came out That you, the slave, were passing off as master!

xa. He'd get the worst of that.

AE. Bravo! that's spoken
Like a true slave: that's what I love myself.^b

XA. You love it, do you?

When I can curse my lord behind his back.

xa. How about grumbling, when you have felt the stick, And scurry out of doors?

AE. That's jolly too.

xa. How about prying?

AE. That beats everything!

xa. Great Kin-god Zeus e! And what of overhearing Your master's secrets?

AE. What? I'm mad with joy.

xa. And blabbing them abroad?

acts like a person in authority, now converses with Xanthias as if he were a fellow-slave.

⁶ Neis ὁμόγριος was invoked by members of the same family or kindred, and is therefore appealed to here by Xanthias who feels himself akin to Aeacus in rascality. In 756 he makes the title still more definite, for ὁμομαστιγίας " patron of the rogue's fraternity" not "fellow-knave" (as in L. & S.).

365

AIA.	<i>ἐγώ</i> ;	
	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὅταν δρῶ τοῦτο, κἀκμιαίνομαι.	
ΞA.	ῶ Φοῖβ' "Απολλον, ἔμβαλέ μοι τὴν δεξιάν,	
	καὶ δὸς κύσαι καὐτὸς κύσον, καί μοι φράσον	758
	πρός Διός, δς ήμιν έστιν δμομαστιγίας,	
	τίς οθτος οθνδον έστι θόρυβος και βοή	
	χω λοιδορησμός;	
AIA.	Αἰσχύλου κΕὐριπίδου.	
ΞA.	å.	
AIA.	πρâγμα πρâγμα μέγα κεκίνηται μέγα	
	έν τοῖς νεκροῖσι καὶ στάσις πολλή πάνυ.	760
ΞA.	έκ τοῦ;	
AIA.	νόμος τις ἐνθάδ' ἐστὶ κείμενος	
	ἀπὸ τῶν τεχνῶν, ὄσαι μεγάλαι καὶ δεξιαί,	
	τὸν ἄριστον ὄντα τῶν ξαυτοῦ συντέχνων	
	σίτησιν αὐτὸν ἐν Πρυτανείφ λαμβάνειν,	
	θρόνον τε τοῦ Πλούτωνος έξης,	
ZA.	μανθάνω.	768
AIA.	εως αφίκοιτο την τέχνην σοφώτερος	
	έτερός τις αὐτοῦ· τότε δὲ παραχωρεῖν έδει.	
ΞA.	τί δητα τουτὶ τεθορύβηκεν Αἰσχύλον;	
AIA.	έκεινος είχε τον τραγωδικόν θρόνον,	
	ώς ῶν κράτιστος τὴν τέχνην.	
EA.	νυνὶ δὲ τίς;	770
AIA.	ότε δή κατηλθ' Εὐριπίδης, ἐπεδείκνυτο	•••
	τοις λωποδύταις καὶ τοισι βαλλαντιοτόμοις	
	καὶ τοῖσι πατραλοίαισι καὶ τοιχωρύχοις,	
	οπερ έστ' εν "Αιδου πληθος, οί δ' ακροώμενοι	
	τῶν ἀντιλογιῶν καὶ λυγισμῶν καὶ στροφῶν	778
	ύπερεμάνησαν, κανόμισαν σοφώτατον	

#### THE FROGS, 752-776

AE. O heaven and earth!

When I do that, I can't contain myself.

xa. Phoebus Apollo! clap your hand in mine, Kiss and be kissed: and prithee tell me this, Tell me by Zeus, our rascaldom's own god, What's all that noise within? What means this hubbub And row?

AE. That's Acschylus and Euripides.

xa. Eh?

AE. Wonderful, wonderful things are going on. The dead are rioting, taking different sides.

XA. Why, what's the matter?

With all the crafts, the good and noble crafts,
That the chief master of his art in each
Shall have his dinner in the assembly hall,^a
And sit by Pluto's side.

xa. I understand.

AE. Until another comes, more wise than he
In the same art: then must the first give way.

xa. And how has this disturbed our Aeschylus?

AE. 'Twas he that occupied the tragic chair, As, in his craft, the noblest.

xa. Who does now?

AE. But when Euripides came down, he kept Flourishing off before the highwaymen, Thieves, burglars, parricides—these form our mob In Hades—till with listening to his twists And turns, and pleas and counterpleas, they went Mad on the man, and hailed him first and wisest:

^a Corresponding to the Public Hall in Athens where distinguished persons were entertained at the public expense; cf. K. 281, 1404.

	κάπειτ' ἐπαρθεὶς ἀντελάβετο τοῦ θρόνου,	
	ϊν' Αἰσχύλος καθήστο.	
ΞA.	κοὐκ ἐβάλλετο;	
AIA.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὁ δῆμος ἀνεβόα κρίσιν ποιεῖν	
	δπότερος είη την τέχνην σοφώτερος.	780
ΞA.	δ τῶν πανούργων;	
AIA.	νὴ $\Delta$ ί $^{\prime}$ , οὐρ $lpha$ νι $\acute$ ον $\gamma$ $^{\prime}$ $\emph{δ}$ $\sigma$ $\emph{ον}$ .	
ZA.		
AIA.	ολίνον το γρηστόν έστιν, ώσπερ ένθάδε.	
ΞA.		
AIA.	άγωνα ποιεῖν αὐτίκα μάλα καὶ κρίσιν	785
	κάλεγχον αὐτοῖν τῆς τέχνης.	
ΞA.	κἄπειτα πῶς	
	οὐ καὶ Σοφοκλέης ἀντελάβετο τοῦ θρόνου;	
AIA.	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἐκεῖνος, ἀλλ' ἔκυσε μὲν Αἰσχύλον,	
	ότε δή κατήλθε, κανέβαλε την δεξιάν,	
	κάκεινος ύπεχώρησεν αὐτῷ τοῦ θρόνου	790
	νυνὶ δ' ἔμελλεν, ώς ἔφη Κλειδημίδης,	
	έφεδρος καθεδείσθαι καν μεν Αισχύλος κρατή,	
	έξειν κατά χώραν εί δὲ μή, περί της τέχνης	
	διαγωνιεῖσθ' έφασκε πρός γ' Εὐριπίδην.	
EA.	τὸ χρημ' ἄρ' ἔσται;	
AIA.	νη Δί', δλίγον ὕστερον.	795
	κάνταῦθα δή τὰ δεινὰ κινηθήσεται.	
	καὶ γὰρ ταλάντω μουσική σταθμήσεται,	
ΞA.		
AIA.	καὶ κανόνας έξοισουσι καὶ πήχεις έπων,	
	καὶ πλαίσια ξύμπηκτα,	
ΞA.	πλινθεύσουσι γάρ;	800
AIA.		200
	the compact pool into opinos. O yap Hopontons	

a Possibly the chief actor in his plays, from whom the Athenians 368

## THE FROGS, 777-801

Elate with this, he claimed the tragic chair Where Aeschylus was seated.

xa. Wasn't he pelted?

AE. Not he: the populace clamoured out to try Which of the twain was wiser in his art.

xa. You mean the rascals?

AE. Aye, as high as heaven!

xa. But were there none to side with Aeschylus?

AE. Scanty and sparse the good, (regards the audience) the same as here

xa. And what does Pluto now propose to do?

AE. He means to hold a tournament, and bring Their tragedies to the proof.

But Sophocles,
How came not he to claim the tragic chair?

AE. Claim it? Not he! When he came down, he kissed With reverence Aeschylus, and clasped his hand, And yielded willingly the chair to him. But now he's going, says Cleidemides, a To sit third-man: and then if Aeschylus win, He'll stay content: if not, for his art's sake, He'll fight to the death against Euripides.

xa. Will it come off?

AE. O yes, by Zeus, directly.

And then, I hear, will wonderful things be done,
The art poetic will be weighed in scales.

xA. What! weigh out tragedy, like butcher's meat?

AE. Levels they'll bring, and measuring-tapes for words, And moulded oblongs,^b

XA. Is it bricks they are making?

AE. Wedges and compasses: for Euripides mostly heard about Sophocles when he withdrew into retirement in his old age.

"The oblong wooden frame into which clay is pressed to assume

the shape of bricks ": R.

	κατ' έπος βασανιείν φησι τὰς τραγωδίας.	
ΞA.	ή που βαρέως οίμαι τον Αισχύλον φέρειν.	
	έβλεψε γοῦν ταυρηδον έγκύψας κάτω.	
	κρινεί δε δή τίς ταῦτα;	
AIA.	τοῦτ' ἢν δύσκολον·	805
	σοφων γὰρ ἀνδρων ἀπορίαν εύρισκέτην.	
	ουτε γαρ 'Αθηναίοισι συνέβαιν' Αἰσχύλος,	
EA.		
	ληρόν τε τάλλ' ήγειτο του γνωναι περί	
	φύσεις ποιητών· είτα τῷ σῷ δεσπότη	810
	επέτρεψαν, ότιὴ τῆς τέχνης ἔμπειρος ἦν.	010
	άλλ' εἰσίωμεν· ώς ὅταν γ' οἱ δεσπόται	
	έσπουδάκωσι, κλαύμαθ' ήμιν γίγνεται.	
xo.	ή που δεινὸν ἐριβρεμέτας χόλον ἔνδοθεν ἔξει,	
	ήνίκ' αν όξύλαλον παρίδη θήγοντος όδόντα	815
	άντιτέχνου τότε δη μανίας ύπο δεινης	0.0
	ὄμματα στροβήσεται.	
	έσται δ' ύψιλόφων τε λόγων κορυθαίολα νείκη,	
	σκινδαλάμων τε παραξόνια, σμιλεύματά τ' ἔργων,	
	φωτός αμυνομένου φρενοτέκτονος ανδρός	820
	ρήμαθ' ἱπποβάμονα.	020
	φρίξας δ' αὐτοκόμου λοφιᾶς λασιαύχενα χαίταν,	
	δεινον ἐπισκύνιον ξυνάγων βρυχώμενος ήσει	

^a ταυρηδόν denotes "a glance shot upward from under bended brows"—the glance of a bull when about to charge with lowered head. It was a favourite look of Socrates; cf. Plato, Phaedo 117 Β ἄσπερ εἰώθει, ταυρηδόν ὑποβλέψας πρὸς τὸν ἄνθρωπον.

#### THE FROGS, 802-823

Vows that he'll test the dramas, word by word.

xa. Aeschylus chafes at this, I fancy.

AE. He lowered his brows, upglaring like a bull.a

And who's to be the judge?

There came the rub. AE. Skilled men were hard to find: for with the Athenians Aeschylus, somehow, did not hit it off,

XA. Too many burglars, I expect, he thought.

AE. And all the rest, he said, were trash and nonsense To judge poetic wits. So then at last They chose your lord, an expert in the art. But we go in : for when our lords are bent On urgent business, that means blows for us.

CHOR. O surely with terrible wrath

will the thunder-voiced monarch be filled.

When he sees his opponent beside him.

the tonguester, the artifice-skilled,

Stand, whetting his tusks for the fight!

O surely, his eyes rolling-fell

Will with terrible madness be fraught!

O then will be charging of plume-waving words with their wild-floating mane.

And then will be whirling of splinters,

and phrases smoothed down with the plane,

When the man would the grand-stepping maxims, the language gigantic, repel

Of the hero-creator of thought.

There will his shaggy-born crest

upbristle for anger and woe,

Horribly frowning and growling,

his fury will launch at the foe

	ρήματα γομφοπαγή, πινακηδόν ἀποσπών γηγενεῖ φυσήματι· ἔνθεν δ' ή στοματουργός ἐπών βασανίστρια λίσπη γλώσσ' ἀνελισσομένη, φθονερούς κινοῦσα χαλινούς, ρήματα δαιομένη καταλεπτολογήσει πλευμόνων πολύν πόνον.	82
EYPIT	πΔΗΣ. οὐκ ἂν μεθείμην τοῦ θρόνου, μὴ νουθέτει.	830
	κρείττων γάρ εἶναί φημι τούτου τὴν τέχνην.	
ΔI.	Αἰσχύλε, τί σιγậς; αἰσθάνει γὰρ τοῦ λόγου.	
	ἀποσεμνυνεῖται πρῶτον, ἄπερ ἐκάστοτε	
	έν ταις τραγωδίαισιν έτερατεύετο.	
ΔΙ.	ῶ δαιμόνι' ἀνδρῶν, μὴ μεγάλα λίαν λέγε.	834
	έγῷδα τοῦτον καὶ διέσκεμμαι πάλαι,	000
	ἄνθρωπον ἀγριοποιόν, αὐθαδόστομον,	
	έχοντ' ἀχάλινον ἀκρατès ἀπύλωτον στόμα,	
	ἀπεριλάλητον, κομποφακελορρήμονα.	
AIXX	1 - 1	840
	σὺ δὴ 'μὲ ταῦτ', ὧ στωμυλιοσυλλεκτάδη	
	καὶ πτωχοποιέ καὶ ρακιοσυρραπτάδη;	
	άλλ' οὔ τι χαίρων αὔτ' ἐρεῖς.	
ΔI.	$\pi a \hat{v}$ , $A l \sigma \chi \dot{v} \lambda \epsilon$ ,	
	καὶ μὴ πρὸς ὀργὴν σπλάγχνα θερμήνης κότω.	
AI≱.	3 90	845
	τον χωλοποιόν, οίος ων θρασύνεται.	

b Here apparently there is a complete change of scene, to the Hall

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a Probably, as the Scholiast notes, with reference to ρήμαθ'  $l\pi\pi o β d\mu o \nu a$  in 820 and line 821 : Euripides in his envy will put a curb on the pride of Aeschylus.

## THE FROGS, 824-846

Huge-clamped masses of words,

with exertion Titanic up-tearing

Great ship-timber planks for the fray.

But here will the tongue be at work,

uncoiling, word-testing, refining,

Sophist-creator of phrases,

dissecting, detracting, maligning,

Shaking the envious bits,a

and with subtle analysis paring

The lung's large labour away.

EURIPIDES. Don't talk to me; I won't give up the chair, I say I am better in the art than he.

DI. You hear him, Aeschylus: why don't you speak?

Eu. He'll do the grand at first, the juggling trick He used to play in all his tragedies.

Dr. Come, my fine fellow, pray don't talk too big.

EU. I know the man, I've scanned him through and through,
A savage-creating stubborn-pulling fellow,

Uncurbed, unfettered, uncontrolled of speech,

Unperiphrastic, bombastiloquent.

AESCHYLUS. Hah! sayest thou so, child of the garden quean!

And this to ME, thou chattery-babble-collector, Thou pauper-creating rags-and-patches-stitcher? Thou shalt abye it dearly!

DI. Pray, be still;

Nor heat thy soul to fury, Aeschylus.

AES. Not till I've made you see the sort of man This cripple-maker is who crows so loudly.

of Pluto, with Pluto himself sitting on his throne, and Dionysus,

Aeschylus, and Euripides in the foreground.

• Parodied from a line of Euripides,  $\mathring{a}ληθεs$ ,  $\mathring{a}$  πα $\mathring{i}$  τ $\mathring{\eta}s$  θαλασσίας θεο $\mathring{o}$ , which probably refers to Achilles the son of Thetis. Cleito the mother of Euripides had sold potherbs.

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ΔΙ.	ἄρν' ἄρνα μέλαιναν παῖδες ἐξενέγκατε·	
	τυφώς γὰρ ἐκβαίνειν παρασκευάζεται.	
AI∑.	ῶ Κρητικάς μὲν συλλέγων μονωδίας,	
	γάμους δ' άνοσίους εἰσφέρων είς την τέχνην,	85
ΔΙ.	ἐπίσχες οὖτος, ὧ πολυτίμητ' Αἰσχύλε.	
	ἀπὸ τῶν χαλαζῶν δ', ὧ πόνηρ' Εὐριπίδη,	
	άπαγε σεαυτον εκποδών, εί σωφρονεις,	
	ΐνα μὴ κεφαλαίω τὸν κρόταφόν σου ρήματι	
	θενων ύπ' ὀργης εκχέη τὸν Τήλεφον	85
	σύ δὲ μὴ πρὸς ὀργήν, Αἰσχύλ', ἀλλὰ πραόνως	
	έλεγχ', ελέγχου λοιδορεῖσθαι δ' οὐ πρέπει	
	ανδρας ποιητας ωσπερ αρτοπώλιδας.	
	σύ δ' εὐθύς ὤσπερ πρινος έμπρησθείς βοάς.	
ET.	ετοιμός εἰμ' εγωγε, κούκ ἀναδύομαι,	860
	δάκνειν, δάκνεσθαι πρότερος, εὶ τούτω δοκεῖ,	
	τάπη, τὰ μέλη, τὰ νεῦρα τῆς τραγωδίας,	
	καὶ νὴ Δία τὸν Πηλέα γε καὶ τὸν Αἴολον	
	καὶ τὸν Μελέαγρον, κἄτι μάλα τὸν Τήλεφον.	
ΔI.	συ δε δη τί βουλεύει ποιείν; λέγ', Αἰσχύλε.	868
	έβουλόμην μέν οὐκ ἐρίζειν ἐνθάδε·	
	οὐκ ἐξ ἴσου γάρ ἐστιν άγὼν νῷν.	
ΔI.	τί δαί;	
λIΣ.	ότι ή ποίησις οὐχὶ συντέθνηκέ μοι,	
	τούτω δε συντέθνηκεν, ωσθ' έξει λέγειν.	
	όμως δ' ἐπειδή σοι δοκεῖ, δρᾶν ταῦτα χρή.	870
ΔI.	ιθι νυν λιβανωτὸν δεῦρό τις καὶ πῦρ δότω,	
	οπως αν εύξωμαι πρό των σοφισμάτων,	
	o partition to proposition,	

374

For sacrifice to arrest the coming storm: cf. Virg. Aen. iii. 120
 nigram Hiemi pecudem, Zephyris felicibus albam.
 i.e. love-sick monologues, such as probably Euripides had

### THE FROGS, 847-872

DI. Bring out a ewe, a black-fleeced ewe, my boys: Here's a typhoon about to burst upon us.

AES. Thou picker-up of Cretan monodies,^b
Forsting thy tales of incest on the stage—

DI. Forbear, forbear, most honoured Aeschylus;
And you, my poor Euripides, begone
If you are wise, out of this pitiless hail,
Lest with some heady word he crack your scull
And batter out your brain—less Telephus.c
And not with passion, Aeschylus, but calmly
Test and be tested. "Tis not meet for poets
To scold each other, like two baking-girls.
But you go roaring like an oak on fire.

EU. I'm ready, I! I don't draw back one bit.
I'll lash or, if he will, let him lash first
The talk, the lays, the sinews of a play:
Aye and my Peleus, aye and Aeolus,

And Mcleager, aye and Telephus.

DI. And what do you propose? Speak, Aeschylus. AES. I could have wished to meet him otherwhere.

We fight not here on equal terms.

DI. Why not?

AES. My poetry survived me: d his died with him: He's got it here, all handy to recite. Howbeit, if so you wish it, so we'll have it.

DI. O bring me fire, and bring me frankincense.
I'll pray, or e'er the clash of wits begin,

introduced into his  $K_\rho \hat{\eta} \sigma \sigma a \iota$  and  $K_\rho \hat{\eta} \tau \epsilon \iota$  dealing with the misplaced passion of Aërope and Pasiphaë;  $\epsilon f \iota$  1356.

ο τον Τήλεφον is substituted for the expected τον έγκέφαλον.

Aristophanes is never tired of scoffing at this unhappy play.

"The Scholiast refers to the well-known fact that at the date of the Frogs, he was the only deceased author whose tragedies could be acted on the Athenian stage, a privilege awarded them by a special decree of the Athenian people": R.

άγῶνα κρῖναι τόνδε μουσικώτατα· ύμεῖς δὲ ταῖς Μούσαις τι μέλος ὑπάσατε.

ῶ Διὸς ἐννέα παρθένοι άγναὶ

875

Μοῦσαι, λεπτολόγους ξυνετάς φρένας αι καθορατε ανδρών γνωμοτύπων, όταν είς έριν όξυμερίμνοις έλθωσι στρεβλοίσι παλαίσμασιν άντιλογοῦντες, έλθετ' ἐποψόμεναι δύναμιν δεινοτάτοιν στομάτοιν πορίσασθαι 880 ρήματα καὶ παραπρίσματ' ἐπῶν. . νθν γὰρ ἀγὼν σοφίας ὁ μέγας χωρεί πρός έργον ήδη. ΔΙ. εὔχεσθε δή καὶ σφώ τι, πρὶν τἄπη λέγειν. 885 ΑΙΣ. Δήμητερ ή θρέψασα την έμην φρένα, είναι με των σων άξιον μυστηρίων. ΔΙ. ἐπίθες λαβών δή καὶ σὺ λιβανωτόν. καλώς. EY. έτεροι γάρ είσιν οίσιν εύχομαι θεοίς. ίδιοί τινές σου, κόμμα καινόν; EΥ. καὶ μάλα. 890 ΔΙ. ἴθι νυν προσεύχου τοῖσιν ἰδιώταις θεοῖς. ΕΥ. αἰθήρ, ἐμὸν βόσκημα, καὶ γλώττης στρόφιγξ,

καὶ μὴν ἡμεῖς ἐπιθυμοῦμεν [στρ. 895 παρὰ σοφοῖν ἀνδροῖν ἀκοῦσαί τινα λόγων ἐμμέλειαν δαΐαν.
 γλῶττα μὲν γὰρ ἠγρίωται,

καὶ ξύνεσι καὶ μυκτήρες ὀσφραντήριοι, ὀρθῶς μ' ἐλέγχειν ὧν ἄν ἄπτωμαι λόγων.

XO.

## THE FROGS, 873-897

To judge the strife with high poetic skill. Meanwhile (to the Chorus) invoke the Muses with a song.

CHOR. O Muses, the daughters divine

of Zeus, the immaculate Nine,

Who gaze from your mansions serene

on intellects subtle and keen,

When down to the tournament lists,

in bright-polished wit they descend,

With wrestling and turnings and twists

in the battle of words to contend,

O come and behold what the two antagonist poets can do,

Whose mouths are the swiftest to teach

grand language and filings of speech:

For now of their wits is the sternest

encounter commencing in earnest

DI. Ye two, put up your prayers before ye start.

AES. Demeter, mistress, nourisher of my soul,

O make me worthy of thy mystic rites!

DI. (to Eur.) Now put on incense, you.

Excuse me, no;
My vows are paid to other gods than these.

DI. What, a new coinage of your own?

EU. Precisely.

DI. Pray then to them, those private gods of yours.

Eu. Ether, my pasture, volubly-rolling tongue, Intelligent wit and critic nostrils keen, O well and neatly may I trounce his plays!

CHOR. We also are yearning from these to be learning Some stately measure, some majestic grand Movement telling of conflicts nigh.

Now for battle arrayed they stand,

λημα δ' οὐκ ἄτολμον ἀμφοῖν, οὐδ' ἀκίνητοι φρένες. προσδοκῶν οὖν εἰκός ἐστι τὸν μὲν ἀστεῖόν τι λέξειν καὶ κατερρινημένον, τὸν δ' ἀνασπῶντ' αὐτοπρέμνοις τοῖς λόγοισιν ἐμπεσόντα συσκεδῶν πολλὰς ἀλινδήθρας ἐπῶν.

900

ΔΙ. ἀλλ' ώς τάχιστα χρὴ λέγειν· οὕτω δ' ὅπως ἐρεῖτον 905 ἀστεῖα καὶ μήτ' εἰκόνας μήθ' οἷ' ἃν ἄλλος εἵποι.

ΕΥ. καὶ μὴν ἐμαυτὸν μέν γε τὴν ποίησιν οἷός εἰμι, ἐν τοῖσιν ὑστάτοις φράσω, τοῦτον δὲ πρῶτ' ἐλέγξω, ὡς ἢν ἀλαζὼν καὶ φέναξ, οἴοις τε τοὺς θεατὰς ἐξηπάτα, μώρους λαβὼν παρὰ Φρυνίχῳ τραφέντας. 910 πρώτιστα μὲν γὰρ ἔνα τιν' ἂν ἐκάθιζεν ἐγκαλύψας, 'Αχιλλέα τιν' ἢ Νιόβην, τὸ πρόσωπον οὐχὶ δεικνύς, πρόσχημα τῆς τραγῳδίας, γρύζοντας οὐδὲ τουτί·

ΔΙ.  $\mu$ à τὸν  $\Delta$ ί' οὐ  $\delta \hat{\eta} \theta$ '.

ΕΥ. ὁ δὲ χορός γ' ἤρειδεν ὁρμαθοὺς ἄν μελῶν ἐφεξῆς τέτταρας ξυνεχῶς ἄν οἱ δ' ἐσίγων. 915

a "He is referring to two lost tragedies of Aeschylus, the *Phrygians or the Ransom of Hector* and the *Niobe*. In the former, Achilles was introduced, wrapped in sullen gloom for the loss of Patroclus, and refusing all food and consolation. In the latter, Niobe was shown, dumb with sorrow for her six sons and six daughters, whom Apollo and Artemis had slain": R.

## THE FROGS, 898-915

Tongues embittered, and anger high. Each has got a venturesome will, Each an eager and nimble mind; One will wield, with artistic skill, Clearcut phrases, and wit refined; Then the other, with words defiant, Stern and strong, like an angry giant Laying on with uprooted trees, Soon will scatter a world of these Superscholastic subtleties.

DI. Now then, commence your arguments,

and mind you both display
True wit, not metaphors, nor things
which any fool could say.

Eu. As for myself, good people all,
I'll tell you by-and-by
My own poetic worth and claims;
but first of all I'll try
To show how this portentous quack
beguiled the silly fools
Whose tastes were nurtured, ere he came,
in Phrynichus's schools.
He'd bring some single mourner on,
seated and veiled, 'twould be

Achilles, say, or Niobe a—the face you could not see—

An empty show of tragic woe,
who uttered not one thing.

DI., 'Tis true.

EU. Then in the Chorus came,

and rattled off a string

Of four continuous lyric odes:
the mourner never stirred.

ΔΙ. έγω δ' έχαιρον τῆ σιωπῆ, καί με τοῦτ' ἔτερπεν οὐχ ἦττον ἢ νῦν οἱ λαλοῦντες.

ΕΤ. ἠλίθιος γὰρ ἦσθα, σάφ' ἴσθι.

ΔΙ. κάμαυτῷ δοκῶ. τί δὲ ταῦτ' ἔδρασ' ὁ δεῖνα;

Ετ. ὑπ' ἀλαζονείας, ἵν' ὁ θεατὴς προσδοκῶν καθοῖτο, ὁπόθ' ἡ Νιόβη τι φθέγξεται τὸ δρᾶμα δ' ἂν διήει. 920

ΔΙ. ἃ παμπόνηρος, οἶ' ἄρ' ἐφενακιζόμην ὑπ' αὐτοῦ. τί σκορδινᾳ καὶ δυσφορεῖς;

ΕΥ. ὅτι αὐτὸν ἐξελέγχω.
κἄπειτ' ἐπειδὴ ταῦτα ληρήσειε καὶ τὸ δρᾶμα
ἤδη μεσοίη, ρήματ' ἂν βόεια δώδεκ' εἶπεν,
ὀφρῦς ἔχοντα καὶ λόφους, δείν' ἄττα μορμορωπά, 925
ἄγνωτα τοῖς θεωμένοις.

ΑΙΣ. οἴμοι τάλας.

ΔΙ. σιώπα,

ΕΥ. σαφές δ' αν είπεν οὐδέ εν

ΔΙ. μὴ πρῖε τοὺς ὀδόντας.

ΕΤ. ἀλλ' ἢ Σκαμάνδρους, ἢ τάφρους, ἢ 'π' ἀσπίδων ἐπόντας

γρυπαέτους χαλκηλάτους, καὶ ρήμαθ' ἱππόκρημνα, ἃ ξυμβαλεῖν οὐ ράδι' ἦν.

ΔΙ. νη τους θεούς, έγω γουν 930 η η ποτ' έν μακρώ χρόνω νυκτός διηγρύπνησα

# THE FROGS, 916-931

DI.	I liked it too. I sometimes think
	that I those mutes preferred
	To all your chatterers now-a-days.
EU.	Because, if you must know,
20.	You were an ass.
mr	An ass, no doubt;
DI.	what made him do it though?
EU.	That was his quackery, don't you see,
	to set the audience guessing
	When Niobe would speak; meanwhile,
	the drama was progressing.
DI.	The rascal, how he took me in!
	'Twas shameful, was it not?
	(To Aesch.) What makes you stamp and fidget so?
EU.	He's catching it so hot.
	So when he had humbugged thus awhile,
	and now his wretched play
	Was halfway through, a dozen words,
	great wild-bull words, he'd say,
	Fierce Bugaboos, with bristling crests,
	and shaggy eyebrows too,
	Which not a ward could understand
	Which not a soul could understand.
AES	
DI.	Be quiet, do.
EU.	
DI.	St! don't your teeth be gnashing.
EU.	
	and griffin-eagles flashing
	In burnished copper on the shields,
	chivalric-precipice-high
	Expressions, hard to comprehend.
DI.	Aye, by the Powers, and I
	Full many a sleepless night have spent
	in anxious thought, because
	111 0111110 00 0110 000000

τον ξουθον ίππαλεκτρυόνα ζητών, τίς έστιν όρνις.

ΑΙΣ. σημείον ἐν ταῖς ναυσίν, ὧμαθέστατ', ἐνεγέγραπτο.

ΔΙ. ἐγὼ δὲ τὸν Φιλοξένου γ' ὤμην "Ερυξιν εἶναι.

ΕΥ. εἶτ' ἐν τραγωδίαις ἐχρῆν κἀλεκτρυόνα ποιῆσαι;

ΑΙΣ. σὺ δ', ὧ θεοῖσιν ἐχθρέ, ποῖά γ' ἐστὶν ἄττ' ἐποίεις;

ΕΥ. οὐχ ἱππαλεκτρυόνας μὰ Δί' οὐδὲ τραγελάφους, ἄπερ σύ,

άν τοῖσι παραπετάσμασιν τοῖς Μηδικοῖς γράφουσιν ἀλλ' ὡς παρέλαβον τὴν τέχνην παρὰ σοῦ τὸ πρῶτον εὐθὺς

οίδοῦσαν ὑπὸ κομπασμάτων καὶ ἡημάτων ἐπαχθῶν, 940 ἴσχνανα μὲν πρώτιστον αὐτὴν καὶ τὸ βάρος ἀφεῖλον ἐπυλλίοις καὶ περιπάτοις καὶ τευτλίοισι λευκοῖς, χυλὸν διδοὺς στωμυλμάτων, ἀπὸ βιβλίων ἀπηθῶν εἶτ' ἀνέτρεφον μονῳδίαις, Κηφισοφῶντα μιγνύς εἶτ' οὐκ ἐλήρουν ὅ τι τύχοιμ', οὐδ' ἐμπεσὼν ἔφυρον, 945 ἀλλ' ούξιὼν πρώτιστα μέν μοι τὸ γένος εἶπ' ἄν εὐθὺς τοῦ δράματος.

ΑΙΣ. κρεῖττον γὰρ ἦν σοι νὴ Δί' ἢ τὸ σαυτοῦ.

Unknown: ὡς ὅμορφος καὶ ἀηδης διαβάλλεται. Schol.
 "Euripides possessed one of the largest libraries in the"

ancient world (Athenaeus i. 4): "R.

A slave born in the house of Euripides who was popularly credited with helping the poet in his writings; cf. 1408, 1452.

^a A phrase used by Aeschylus in the *Myrmidons* to describe the figure-head of a ship; cf. P. 1177, B. 800.

## THE FROGS, 932-947

:	I'd find the tawny cock-horse a out,
	what sort of bird it was!
AES.	It was a sign, you stupid dolt,
	engraved the ships upon.
DI.	Eryxis I supposed it was, Philoxenus's son.
er i	Now really should a cock be brought
	into a tragic play?
AES.	You enemy of gods and men,
	what was <i>your</i> practice, pray?
EU.	No cock-horse in my plays, by Zeus,
	no goat-stag there you'll see,
	Such figures as are blazoned forth
	in Median tapestry.
	When first I took the art from you,
	bloated and swoln, poor thing,
	With turgid gasconading words
	and heavy dieting,
	First I reduced and toned her down,
	and made her slim and neat
	With wordlets and with exercise
	and poultices of beet,
	And next a dose of chatterjuice,
	distilled from books, I gave her,
	And monodies she took, with sharp Cephisophon ^d for flavour.
	I never used haphazard words,
	or plunged abruptly in;
	Who entered first explained at large
	the drama's origin
	And source.
AES.	
	was better than your own

ΕΥ. ἔπειτ' ἀπὸ τῶν πρώτων ἐπῶν οὐδὲν παρῆκ' ἂν άλλ' έλεγεν ή γυνή τέ μοι χώ δοῦλος οὐδὲν ἦττον, χώ δεσπότης χή παρθένος χή γραῦς ἄν.

AIZ. εἶτα δῆτα 950 οὖκ ἀποθανεῖν σε ταῦτ' ἐχρῆν τολμῶντα;

EΥ. μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω٠ δημοκρατικόν γάρ αὔτ' ἔδρων.

ΔI. τοῦτο μέν ἔασον, ὧ τᾶν. ού σοὶ γάρ ἐστι περιπατεῖν κάλλιστα περί γε τούτου.

ετ. ἔπειτα τουτουσὶ λαλεῖν ἐδίδαξα.

AΙΣ. φημὶ κάνώ. ώς πρίν διδάξαι γ' ὤφελες μέσος διαρραγηναι. 955 λεπτών τε κανόνων εἰσβολάς ἐπών τε γωνιασμούς,

νοείν, όραν, ξυνιέναι, στρέφειν, έραν, τεχνάζειν. κάχ' ύποτοπεῖσθαι, περινοεῖν ἄπαντα

AI≱. φημὶ κάνώ.

ET. οἰκεῖα πράγματ' εἰσάγων,οῖς χρώμεθ',οἶς ξύνεσμεν, έξ ων γ' αν έξηλεγχόμην ξυνειδότες γαρ οθτοι 960 ήλεγχον ἄν μου τὴν τέχνην· ἀλλ' οὐκ ἐκομπολάκουν ἀπὸ τοῦ φρονεῖν ἀποσπάσας, οὐδ' εξέπληττον αὐτούς. Κύκνους ποιῶν καὶ Μέμνονας κωδωνοφαλαροπώλους.

b "Cycnus the son of Poseidon, and Memnon the son of the Morning, were allies of Priam in the Trojan war, coming, like

Rhesus, in the splendour of barbaric trappings ": R.

α περιπατεῖν (="to expatiate upon") is R.'s conjecture for περίπατος of MSS. He adds: "Dionysus is referring generally to the antidemocratical tendencies of the school to which Euripides belonged. His pupils mentioned in 967, Theramenes and Cleitophon, were both active promoters of the establishment of the Four Hundred."

# THE FROGS, 948-963

EU.	Then from the very opening lines
	no idleness was shown;
	The mistress talked with all her might,
	the servant talked as much,
	The master talked, the maiden talked,
	the beldame talked.
	For such
AES.	
	An outrage was not death your due?
EU.	No, by Apollo, no:
	That was my democratic way.
Dī.	Ah, let that topic go.
	Your record a is not there, my friend,
	particularly good.
eri	Then next I taught all these to speak.
	You did so, and I would
AES.	•
	That ere such mischief you had wrought,
	your very lungs had split.
EU.	Canons of verse I introduced,
	and neatly chiselled wit;
	To look, to scan: to plot, to plan:
	to twist, to turn, to woo:
	On all to spy; in all to pry.
AES.	You did: I say so too.
	I showed them scenes of common life,
EU.	
	the things we know and see,
	Where any blunder would at once
	by all detected be.
	I never blustered on, or took
	their breath and wits away
	By Cycnuses or Memnons b clad
	in terrible array,
	With bells upon their horses' heads,
	the audience to dismay.
	the audience to dismay.

γνώσει δέ τούς τούτου τε κάμοῦ γ' έκατέρου μαθητάς. τουτουμενί Φορμίσιος Μεγαίνετός θ' δ Μανης. σαλπιγγολογχυπηνάδαι, σαρκασμοπιτυοκάμπται, ούμοι δε Κλειτοφών τε και Θηραμένης δ κομψός. Θηραμένης: σοφός γ' ἀνὴρ καὶ δεινὸς ἐς τὰ πάντα, ος ην κακοίς που περιπέση καὶ πλησίον παραστή, πέπτωκεν έξω των κακών, οὐ Χίος, άλλὰ Κείος. 970 τοιαθτα μέντοι 'γώ φρονείν EΥ. τούτοισιν είσηνησάμην, λογισμον ένθεις τη τέχνη καὶ σκέψιν, ώστ' ήδη νοεῖν απαντα καὶ διειδέναι 975 τά τ' ἄλλα καὶ τὰς οἰκίας οίκειν άμεινον η πρό του. κάνασκοπείν, πως τοῦτ' ἔχει; ποῦ μοι τοδί; τίς τοῦτ' ἔλαβε; νη τούς θεούς, νθν γοθν 'Αθη-ΔI.  $\Omega 80$ ναίων άπας τις είσιων κέκραγε πρός τούς οἰκέτας ζητεί τε, που 'στιν ή χύτρα; τίς την κεφαλην απεδήδοκεν της μαινίδος; το τρύβλιον 985 τὸ περυσινὸν τέθνηκέ μοι

^a An old-fashioned politician of some note at the time. Megaenetus is unknown. Manes is the name of the little statuette with which the game of  $\kappa \delta r \tau a \beta \sigma$  was played (cf. P. 1244), and possibly Megaenetus was fond of the game.

b The epithet refers to the legendary robber Sinis, who tied his victims to two pine-trees which he had bound together, and which, when let go, tore them limb from limb. Both epithets parody Aeschylean grandeur of description.

#### THE FROGS, 964-986

Look at his pupils, look at mine:

and there the contrast view.

Uncouth Megaenetus is his,

and rough Phormisius a too;

Great long-beard-lance-and-trumpet-men,

flesh-tearers with the pine b:

But natty smart Theramenes,

and Cleitophon are mine.

DI. Theramenes? a clever man

and wonderfully sly:

Immerse him in a flood of ills,

he'll soon be high and dry,

"A Kian with a kappa, sir,

not Chian with a chi." o

EU. I taught them all these knowing ways
By chopping logic in my plays,
And making all my speakers try
To reason out the How and Why.
So now the people trace the springs,
The sources and the roots of things,
And manage all their households too
Far better than they used to do,
Scanning and searching What's amiss?
And, Why was that? And, How is this?

DI. Ay, truly, never now a man
Comes home, but he begins to scan;
And to his household loudly cries,
Why, where's my pitcher? What's the matter?
'Tis dead and gone my last year's platter.
Who gnawed these olives? Bless the sprat,
Who nibbled off the head of that?

c i.e. if the party he belonged to came to grief he would at once, like an adroit politician, find a new label for himself, which looked like the old one but might mean anything else he chose.

ποῦ τὸ σκόροδον τὸ χθιζινόν; τίς της έλάας παρέτραγεν; τέως δ' άβελτερώτατοι, κεχηνότες Μαμμάκυθοι, 990 Μελιτίδαι καθήντο. τάδε μὲν λεύσσεις, φαίδιμ' 'Αχιλλεῦ· [ἀντ. XO. σὺ δὲ τί, φέρε, πρὸς ταῦτα λέξεις; μόνον ὅπως μή σ' δ θυμός άρπάσας έκτὸς οἴσει τῶν ἐλαῶν· 995 δεινά γάρ κατηγόρηκεν. άλλ' όπως, ώ γεννάδα, μή πρός όργην άντιλέξεις, άλλὰ συστείλας, ἄκροισι χρώμενος τοῖς ἱστίοις, 1000 είτα μαλλον μαλλον ἄξεις, καὶ φυλάξεις. ήνίκ' ἂν τὸ πνεῦμα λεῖον καὶ καθεστηκὸς λάβης. άλλ' ὧ πρῶτος τῶν Ελλήνων πυργώσας δήματα σεμνὰ καὶ κοσμήσας τραγικὸν λῆρον, θαρρῶν τὸν κρουνὸν ἀφίει. 1005 ΑΙΣ. θυμοῦμαι μὲν τῆ ξυντυχία, καί μου τὰ σπλάγχν³ ἀνανακτεῖ, εί πρός τοῦτον δεῖ μ' ἀντιλέγειν· ἵνα μὴ φάσκη δ' άπορεῖν με, ἀπόκριναί μοι, τίνος οὔνεκα χρη θαυμάζειν ἄνδρα ποιητήν;

b The first line of the Myrmidons of Aeschylus: Schol.

^a "Melitides was an Athenian of such remarkable stupidity, that his name in common speech was synonymous with a 'blockhead'": R.

# THE FROGS, 987-1008

And where's the garlic vanished, pray,

I purchased only yesterday? -Whereas, of old, our stupid youths Would sit, with open mouths and eyes, Like any dull-brained Mammacouths.a "All this thou beholdest, Achilles our boldest." b CHOR. And what wilt thou reply? Draw tight the rein Lest that fiery soul of thine Whirl thee out of the listed plain, Past the olives.c and o'er the line. Dire and grievous the charge he brings. See thou answer him, noble heart. Not with passionate bickerings. Shape thy course with a sailor's art, Reef the canvas, shorten the sails, Shift them edgewise to shun the gales. When the breezes are soft and low. Then, well under control, you'll go Quick and quicker to strike the foe.d O first of all the Hellenic bards

high loftily-towering verse to rear,
And tragic phrase from the dust to raise,
pour forth thy fountain with right good cheer.

AES. My wrath is hot at this vile mischance,
and my spirit revolts at the thought that I
Must bandy words with a fellow like him:
but lest he should vaunt that I can't reply—
Come, tell me what are the points for which
a noble poet our praise obtains.

^c Λ row of them planted across the end of the Hippodrome.
^d "'Do not act in a stormy, tempestuous manner,' the Chorus say to Aeschylus; 'wait till the breeze is calm and settled, and then more and more you can urge your ship against your opponent and be on your guard against his onset'"; R.

άλλὰ πνέοντας δόρυ καὶ λόγχας καὶ λευκολόφους τρυφαλείας καὶ πήληκας καὶ κνημίδας καὶ θυμοὺς έπταβοείους. ΔΙ. καὶ δὴ χωρεῖ τουτὶ τὸ κακόν· κρανοποιῶν αὖ μ' ἐπιτρίψει. ΕΥ. καὶ σὺ τί δράσας αὐτοὺς οὕτως γενναίους ἐξεεδίδαξας; ΔΙ. Αἰσχύλε, λέξον, μηδ' αὐθαδῶς σεμνυνόμενος χαλέπαινε. 1020 ΑΙΞ. δρᾶμα ποιήσας "Αρεως μεστόν. ΔΙ. ποῖον; ΑΙΞ. τοὺς ἔπτ' ἐπὶ Θήβας· ὁ θεασάμενος πᾶς ἄν τις ἀνὴρ ἠράσθη δάϊος εἶναι.		
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δ θεασάμενος πας άν τις άνηρ ηράσθη δάϊος είναι.	AΙΣ.	*
AT TOUTH HELD GOL KOKON STONAGERS! MINBERSON		
	ΔI.	τουτί μέν σοι κακόν είργασται. Θηβαίους γάρ
πεποίηκας		
ούνεκα πύστου		
ανδρειοτέρους είς τον πόλεμον· καὶ τούτου γ'		

### THE FROGS, 1009-1024

EU. For his ready wit, and his counsels sage, and because the citizen folk he trains To be better townsmen and worthier men.

AES. If then you have done the very reverse, Found noble-hearted and virtuous men,

and altered them, each and all, for the worse,

Pray what is the meed you deserve to get?

DI. Nay, ask not him. He deserves to die.

AES. For just consider what style of men

he received from me, great six-foot-high

Heroical souls, who never would blench

from a townsman's duties in peace or war;

Not idle loafers, or low buffoons,

or rascally scamps such as now they are. But men who were breathing spears and helms,

and the snow-white plume in its crested pride,

The greave, and the dart, and the warrior's heart in its sevenfold casing of tough bull-hide.

DI. He'll stun me, I know, with his armoury-work;
this business is going from bad to worse.

Eu. And how did you manage to make them so grand, exalted, and brave with your wonderful verse?

DI. Come, Aeschylus, answer, and don't stand mute in your self-willed pride and arrogant spleen.

AES. A drama I wrote with the War-god filled.

pr. Its name?

AES. 'Tis the Seven against Thebes that I mean.
Which whoso beheld, with eagerness swelled

to rush to the battlefield there and then.

DI. O that was a scandalous thing you did!

You have made the Thebans mightier men, More eager by far for the business of war.

Now, therefore, receive this punch on the head.

AIΣ. ἀλλ' ὑμῖν αὖτ' ἐξῆν ἀσκεῖν, ἀλλ' οὐκ ἐπὶ τοῦτ' *ἐτράπεσθε*. 1025 είτα διδάξας Πέρσας μετὰ τοῦτ' ἐπιθυμεῖν ἐξεδίδαξα νικᾶν ἀεὶ τοὺς ἀντιπάλους, κοσμήσας ἔργον ἄριστον. ΔΙ. έχάρην γοῦν, τὸν θρῆνον ἀκούσας περὶ Δαρείου τεθνεώτος.

ό χορὸς δ' εὐθὺς τὼ χεῖρ' ώδὶ συγκρούσας εἶπεν lavoî.

ΑΙΣ. ταῦτα γὰρ ἄνδρας χρὴ ποιητὰς ἀσκεῖν. σκέψαι γὰρ ἀπ' ἀρχῆς, 1030

ώς ωφέλιμοι των ποιητών οί γενναίοι γεγένηνται. 'Ορφεύς μεν γάρ τελετάς θ' ήμιν κατέδειξε φόνων τ' ἀπέχεσθαι,

Μουσαίος δ' έξακέσεις τε νόσων καὶ χρησμούς, Ήσίοδος δὲ

γης ἐργασίας, καρπῶν ὥρας, ἀρότους · ὁ δὲ θεῖος

ἀπὸ τοῦ τιμὴν καὶ κλέος ἔσχεν πλὴν τοῦδ' ὅτι χρήστ' έδίδαξε. 1035

τάξεις, ἀρετάς, ὁπλίσεις ἀνδρῶν;

ΔI. καὶ μὴν οὐ Παντακλέα γε ἐδίδαξεν ὄμως τὸν σκαιότατον· πρώην γοῦν, ἡνίκ³ ἔπεμπεν,

τὸ κράνος πρῶτον περιδησάμενος τὸν λόφον ἤμελλ'

έπιδήσειν.

ΑΙΣ. ἀλλ' ἄλλους τοι πολλούς ἀγαθούς, ὧν ἣν καὶ Λάμαχος ήρως.

^a The reference is to the invocation of the dead Darius, Persae 625-676. τον θρήνον ακούσας is R.'s conjecture for the unmetrical ηνίκ' ήκουσα of mss.; but ηνίκ' εκώκυσαν is perhaps better. 392

# THE FROGS, 1025-1039

As. Ah, ye might have practised the same yourselves, but ye turned to other pursuits instead. Then next the *Persians* I wrote, in praise of the noblest deed that the world can show, And each man longed for the victor's wreath, to fight and to vanquish his country's foe. I was pleased, I own, when I heard their moan a DI. for old Darius, their great king, dead; When they smote together their hands, like this, and Evir alake the Chorus said. AES. Aye, such are the poet's appropriate works: and just consider how all along From the very first they have wrought you good, the noble bards, the masters of song. First, Orpheus taught you religious rites, and from bloody murder to stay your hands: Musaeus healing and oracle lore; and Hesiod all the culture of lands, The time to gather, the time to plough. And gat not Homer his glory divine By singing of valour, and honour, and right, and the sheen of the battle-extended line, The ranging of troops and the arming of men? () ay, but he didn't teach that, I opine, DI. To Pantacles; when he was leading the show b I couldn't imagine what he was at, He had fastened his helm on the top of his head, he was trying to fasten his plume upon that. AES. But others, many and brave, he taught, of whom was Lamachus, hero true;

 One of the three generals in the Sicilian expedition; scoffed at in the Acharnians, but here referred to as a typical soldier.

b ἐπεμπεν=ἐπόμπενεν: Schol. Pantacles had forgotten to fasten the plume on his helmet before starting.

őθεν ήμὴ φρὴν ἀπομαξαμένη πολλὰς ἀρετὰς εποίησεν, Πατρόκλων, Τεύκρων θυμολεόντων, ΐν' ἐπαίροιμ', ¹⁰⁴⁰

ανδρα πολίτην

άντεκτείνειν αύτον τούτοις, οπόταν σάλπιγγος ακούση.

άλλ' οὐ μά Δί' οὐ Φαίδρας ἐποίουν πόρνας οὐδὲ Σθενεβοίας.

οὐδ' οἶδ' οὐδεὶς ἥντιν' ἐρῶσαν πώποτ' ἐποίησα γυναίκα.

ΕΥ. μὰ Δί', οὐ γὰρ ἐπῆν τῆς 'Αφροδίτης οὐδέν σοι.

μηδέ γ' ἐπείη. 1045 AΙΣ. άλλ' ἐπί τοι σοὶ καὶ τοῖς σοῖσιν πολλή πολλοῦ 'πικαθῆτο,

ώστε γε καὐτόν σε κατ' οὖν ἔβαλεν.

νη τον Δία τοῦτό γέ τοι δή. ΔI. ά γάρ ές τὰς ἀλλοτρίας ἐποίεις, αὐτὸς τούτοισιν ἐπλήγης. Ετ. καὶ τί βλάπτουσ', ὧ σχέτλι' ἀνδρῶν, τὴν πόλιν

άμαὶ Σθενέβοιαι;

ΑΙΣ. ὅτι γενναίας καὶ γενναίων ἀνδρῶν ἀλόχους ἀνέπεισας 1050 κώνεια πιείν, αίσχυνθείσας διά τούς σούς Βελλεροφόντας.

ΕΥ. πότερον δ' οὐκ ὄντα λόγον τοῦτον περὶ τῆς Φαίδρας

ξυνέθηκα:

ΑΙΣ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὄντ' · ἀλλ' ἀποκρύπτειν χρὴ τὸ πονηρὸν τόν γ∈ ποιητήν,

καὶ μὴ παράγειν μηδέ διδάσκειν. τοῖς μέν γὰρ παιδαρίοισιν

^a The love of Phaedra for her stepson Hippolytus is the subject of the play of that name; and the adulterous love of Stheneboea for Bellerophon was doubtless told in the lost Stheneboea.

# THE FROGS, 1040-1054

And thence my spirit the impress took,

and many a lion-heart chief I drew,

Patrocluses, Teucers, illustrious names;

for I fain the citizen-folk would spur

To stretch themselves to their measure and height, whenever the trumpet of war they hear.

But Phacdras and Sthenebocas a? No!

no harlotry business deformed my plays.

And none can say that ever I drew

a love-sick woman in all my days.

EU. For you no lot or portion had got in Queen Aphrodite.

AES. Thank Heaven for that.

But ever on you and yours, my friend,

the mighty goddess mightily sat;

Yourself she cast to the ground at last.

O ay, that came uncommonly pat. You showed how cuckolds are made, and lo,

you were struck yourself by the very same fate.b

RU. But say, you cross-grained censor of mine,

how my Stheneboeas could harm the state.

AES. Full many a noble dame, the wife

of a noble citizen, hemlock took,

And died, unable the shame and sin

of your Bellerophon-scenes to brook.

RU. Was then, I wonder, the tale I told

of Phaedra's passionate love untrue?

AES. Not so: but tales of incestuous vice

the sacred poet should hide from view,

Nor ever exhibit and blazon forth

on the public stage to the public ken.

b "It was common report that one of his wives misconducted herself with Cephisophon: and some say that both his wives played him false:" R.

πά EΥ.	τι διδάσκαλος ὅστις φράζει, τοῖσιν δ' ἡβῶσι ποιηταί. (νυ δὴ δεῖ χρηστὰ λέγειν ἡμᾶς. ἢν οὖν σὺ λέγης Λυκαβηττοὺς (ἐ Παρνασσῶν ἡμῖν μεγέθη, τοῦτ' ἐστὶ τὸ χρηστὰ διδάσκειν,	55
ὃν ΑΙΣ. με	χρὴ φράζειν ἀνθρωπείως; ἀλλ', ὧ κακόδαιμον, ἀνάγκη γάλων γνωμῶν καὶ διανοιῶν ἴσα καὶ τὰ ῥήματα τίκτειν.	
	ίλλως εἰκὸς τοὺς ἡμιθέους τοῖς ῥήμασι μείζοσι χρῆσθαι· 100	60
	ροισιν. ιοῦ χρηστῶς καταδείξαντος διελυμήνω σύ. τί δράσας; ρῶτον μὲν τοὺς βασιλεύοντας ῥάκι' ἀμπισχών,	
EΥ.	ἴν' ἐλεινοὶ ι̂s ἀνθρώποις φαίνοιντ' εἶναι. τοῦτ' οὖν ἔβλαψα τί δράσας; κουν ἐθέλει γε τριηραρχεῖν πλουτῶν οὐδεὶς διὰ	
	ταῦτα, ιλ' ἐν ρακίοις περιειλόμενος κλάει καὶ φησὶ πένεσθαι. ο τὴν Δήμητρα, χιτῶνά γ' ἔχων οὔλων ἐρίων	65
κå	ύπένερθε Ν ταῦτα λέγων ἐξαπατήσῃ, παρὰ τοὺς ἰχθῦς ἀνέκυψεν. r' αὖ λαλιὰν ἐπιτηδεῦσαι καὶ στωμυλίαν ἐδίδαξας,	

^a Lycabettus is an insulated rocky peak a little N.E. of Athens.

# THE FROGS, 1055-1069

For boys a teacher at school is found, but we, the poets, are teachers of men. We are BOUND things honest and pure to speak.

And to speak great Lycabettuses, pray,
And massive blocks of Parnassian rocks,

is that things honest and pure to say?

In human fashion we ought to speak.

Alas, poor withing, and can't you see That for mighty thoughts and heroic aims,

the words themselves must appropriate be?

And grander belike on the ear should strike

the speech of heroes and godlike powers,

Since even the robes that invest their limbs

are statelier, grander robes than ours.

Such was my plan: but when you began, you spoilt and degraded it all.

EU. How so?

AES. Your kings in tatters and rags you dressed, and brought them on, a beggarly show, To move, forsooth, our pity and ruth.

EU. And what was the harm, I should like to know.

AES. No more will a wealthy citizen now

equip for the state a galley of war b

He wraps his limbs in tatters and rags,

and whines he is poor, too poor by far.

DI. But under his rags he is wearing a vest,

as woolly and soft as a man could wish.

Let him gull the state, and he's off to the mart;

an eager, extravagant buyer of fish.

AES. Moreover to prate, to harangue, to debate,

is now the ambition of all in the state.

<sup>To fit out a trireme provided by the state was one of the "public services" (λειτουργίαι) required of wealthy citizens.
Lit. "he pops up in the fish-market"; cf. W. 789.</sup> 

	ή εκκένωσεν τάς τε παλαίστρας καὶ τὰς πυγὰς ἐνέτριψε	1070
	τῶν μειρακίων στωμυλλομένων, καὶ τοὺς παράλους	
	ἀνέπεισεν ἀνταγορεύειν τοῖς ἄρχουσιν. καίτοι τότε γ', ἡνίκ'	
	έγὼ ζων,	
	οὐκ ἠπίσταντ' ἀλλ' ἢ μᾶζαν καλέσαι καὶ ῥυππαπαῖ εἰπεῖν.	
Δ1.	νη τον 'Απόλλω, και προσπαρδείν γ' είς το στόμα	
	τῷ θαλάμακι,	
	καὶ μινθωσαι τὸν ξύσσιτον, κάκβὰς τινὰ λωποδυ-	
	τῆσαι:	1075
	νῦν δ' ἀντιλέγει κοὐκέτ' ἐλαύνει,	
	καὶ πλεῖ δευρὶ καὖθις ἐκεῖσε;	
AI∑.	ποίων δὲ κακῶν οὐκ αἴτιός ἐστ';	
	οὐ προαγωγοὺς κατέδειξ' οὖτος,	
	καὶ τικτούσας ἐν τοῖς ἱεροῖς,	1080
	καὶ μιγνυμένας τοῖσιν ἀδελφοῖς,	
	καὶ φασκούσας οὐ ζῆν τὸ ζῆν;	
	κἇτ' ἐκ τούτων ἡ πόλις ἡμῶν	
	ύπογραμματέων ἀνεμεστώθη	
	καὶ βωμολόχων δημοπιθήκων	1085
	έξαπατώντων τον δημον άεί	
	λαμπάδα δ' οὐδεὶς οἶός τε φέρειν	
	ύπ' ἀγυμνασίας ἔτι νυνί.	
ΔI.	μὰ Δί' οὐ δῆθ', ὤστ' ἐπαφαυάνθην	
	Παναθηναίοισι γελών, ὅτε δή	1090
	βραδύς ἄνθρωπός τις ἔθει κύψας	
	λευκός, πίων, υπολειπόμενος,	

^a The rhythmical cry to which the oars kept time; cf. W. 909.

Cf. 1477 n.
 i.s. the torch-race (λαμπαδηφορία) at the Panathenaea, which

### THE FROGS, 1070-1092

Each exercise-ground is in consequence found deserted and empty: to evil repute Your lessons have brought our youngsters, and taught our sailors to challenge, discuss, and refute The orders they get from their captains and yet, when I was alive, I protest that the knaves Knew nothing at all, save for rations to call. and to sing "Rhyppapae" as they pulled through the waves.

DI. And bedad to let fly from their sterns in the eye of the fellow who tugged at the undermost oar, And a jolly young messmate with filth to besmirch, and to land for a filching adventure ashore; But now they harangue, and dispute, and won't row And idly and aimlessly float to and fro.

AES. Of what ills is he NOT the creator and cause? Consider the scandalous scenes that he draws. His bawds, and his panders, his women who give Give birth in the sacredest shrine.

Whilst others with brothers are wedded and bedded, And others opine

That "not to be living" is truly "to live." b And therefore our city is swarming to-day With clerks and with demagogue-monkeys, who play Their jackanape tricks at all times, in all places, Deluding the people of Athens; but none Has training enough in athletics to run

With the torch in his hand at the races.c DI. By the Powers, you are right! At the Panathenaea I laughed till I felt like a potsherd to see a Pale, paunchy young gentleman pounding along, With his head butting forward, the last of the throng,

started from the outer Cerameicus, passed through the Thriasian gates and on to the Acropolis.

399

καὶ δεινὰ ποιῶν· κἆθ' οἱ Κεραμῆς ἐν ταῖσι πύλαις παίουσ' αὐτοῦ γαστέρα, πλευράς, λαγόνας, πυγήν· ὁ δὲ τυπτόμενος ταῖσι πλατείαις ὑποπερδόμενος φυσῶν τὴν λαμπάδ' ἔφευγε.

1095

 μέγα τὸ πρᾶγμα, πολὺ τὸ νεῖκος, άδρὸς ὁ πόλεμος στρ. χαλεπον οὖν ἔργον διαιρεῖν, 1100 όταν δ μέν τείνη βιαίως, δ δ' ἐπαναστρέφειν δύνηται κάπερείδεσθαι τορώς. άλλὰ μὴ 'ν ταὐτῶ καθῆσθον· είσβολαί γάρ είσι πολλαί χἄτεραι σοφισμάτων. ο τι περ οδυ έχετον ερίζειν, λένετον, ἔπιτον, ἀνά τε δέρετον, τά τε παλαιά καὶ τὰ καινά. κάποκινδυνεύετον λεπτόν τι καὶ σοφὸν λέγειν. εὶ δὲ τοῦτο καταφοβεῖσθον, μή τις ἀμαθία προσῆ τοις θεωμένοισιν, ώς τὰ λεπτά μή γνωναι λεγόντοιν, μηδεν δρρωδείτε τοῦθ' ώς οὖκ ἔθ' οὕτω ταῦτ' ἔχει. έστρατευμένοι γάρ είσι, βιβλίον τ' έχων έκαστος μανθάνει τὰ δεξιά. αἱ φύσεις τ' ἄλλως κράτισται, 1115

^a Dwellers in the Cerameicus.

νῦν δὲ καὶ παρηκόνηνται.

b Because this was the second representation of the play (see Introduction), and "each has now got a book of the words ( $\beta\iota\beta\lambda lov$ , 'libretto')." So R., but others explain more generally that all the audience are well-read.

# THE FROGS, 1093-1116

In the direct of straits; and behold at the gates, The Ceramites a flapped him, and smacked him, and slapped him,

In the ribs, and the loin, and the flank, and the groin, And still, as they spanked him, he puffed and he

panted,

Till at one mighty cuff, he discharged such a puff That he blew out his torch and levanted.

CHOR. Dread the battle, and stout the combat,

mighty and manifold looms the war. Hard to decide is the fight they're waging,

One like a stormy tempest raging,

One alert in the rally and skirmish,

clever to parry and foin and spar.

Nay but don't be content to sit

Always in one position only:

many the fields for your keen-edged wit.

On then, wrangle in every way, Argue, battle, be flayed and flay, Old and new from your stores display,

Yea, and strive with venturesome daring something subtle and neat to say.

Fear ye this, that to-day's spectators

lack the grace of artistic lore,

Lack the knowledge they need for taking All the points ye will soon be making?

Fear it not: the alarm is groundless:

that, be sure, is the case no more.

All have fought the campaign ere this:

Each a book of the words is holding;

never a single point they'll miss.b

Bright their natures, and now, I ween, Newly whetted, and sharp, and keen.

μηδέν οὖν δείσητον, ἀλλὰ πάντ' ἐπέξιτον, θεατῶν γ' οὕνεχ', ώς ὄντων σοφῶν.

ΕΤ. καὶ μὴν ἐπ' αὐτοὺς τοὺς προλόγους σου τρέψομαι, όπως τὸ πρώτον τῆς τραγωδίας μέρος 1120 πρώτιστον αὐτοῦ βασανιῶ τοῦ δεξιοῦ. ασαφής γαρ ήν εν τη φράσει των πραγμάτων.

καί ποιον αὐτοῦ βασανιείς;

πολλούς πάνυ. EΥ. πρῶτον δέ μοι τὸν ἐξ 'Ορεστείας λέγε.

ΔΙ. ἄγε δη σιώπα πᾶς ἀνήρ. λέγ', Αἰσχύλε. 1125

1135

ΑΙΣ. 'Ερμη χθόνιε, πατρῷ' ἐποπτεύων κράτη, σωτήρ γενοῦ μοι σύμμαχός τ' αἰτουμένω. ηκω γάρ ές γην τήνδε καὶ κατέρχομαι.

ΔΙ. τούτων έχεις ψέγειν τι;

πλεῖν ἢ δώδεκα. ET.

ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐδὲ πάντα ταῦτά γ' ἔστ' ἀλλ' ἢ τρία. ΕΥ. ἔχει δ' ἕκαστον εἴκοσίν γ' ἀμαρτίας. 1130

Αἰσχύλε, παραινώ σοι σιωπάν εί δὲ μή, πρός τρισίν ιαμβείοισι προσοφείλων φανεί.

ΑΙΣ. έγω σιωπω τωδ':

ΔΙ. ἐὰν πείθη γ' ἐμοί. ΕΤ. εὐθὺς γὰρ ἡμάρτηκεν οὐράνιον γ' ὅσον.

δρᾶς ὅτι ληρεῖς; άλλ' όλίγον γέ μοι μέλει. ΔI.

ΑΙΣ. πως φής μ' άμαρτεῖν;

ετ. αὖθις ἐξ ἀρχῆς λέγε. ΑΙΣ. 'Ερμῆ χθόνιε, πατρῷ' ἐποπτεύων κράτη.

a Usually explained of the "trilogy" formed by the -Agamemnon, Choephoroe and Eumenides, but R. would exclude the Agamemnon amd explain "the Orestes-group of plays." These opening lines of the Chosphoroe are not in the Medicean Ms. but have been restored to their place from this passage.

### THE FROGS, 1117-1138

Dread not any defect of wit,
Battle away without misgiving,
sure that the audience, at least, are fit.

Eu. Well then I'll turn me to your prologues now, Beginning first to test the first beginning Of this fine poet's plays. Why he's obscure Even in the enunciation of the facts.

DI. Which of them will you test?

Many: but first Give us that famous one from the Oresteia.

or. St! Silence all! Now, Aeschylus, begin.

AES. Grave Hermes, witnessing a father's power, Be thou my saviour b and mine aid to-day, For here I come and hither I return.

DI. Any fault there?

EU. A dozen faults and more.

DI. Eh! why the lines are only three in all.

RU. But every one contains a score of faults.

DI. Now Aeschylus, keep silent; if you don't You won't get off with three iambic lines.

AES. Silent for him!

DI. If my advice you'll take.

Eu. Why, at first starting here's a fault skyhigh.

AES. (to Dio.) You see your folly? o

DI. Have your way; I care not.

AES. (to Eur.) What is my fault?

EU. Begin the lines again.

AES. Grave Hermes, witnessing a father's power-

b Lit. "Hermes of the nether world (i.e. conductor of the shades to it) take to thyself thy father's power, and become my saviour," that is, as thy father is Zevs  $\sigma\omega\tau\eta\rho$ , so be thou to me Francis  $\sigma\omega\tau\eta\rho$ ; cf. the explanation given in 1146.  $\epsilon\pi\sigma\tau\tau\epsilon\omega\epsilon\nu$  from its use in the Eleusinian mysteries came to mean not only "gaze upon" but "participate in."

. i.e. in urging me to keep silent.

EΥ.	οὔκουν 'Ορέστης τοῦτ' ἐπὶ τῷ τύμβῳ λέγει	
	τῷ τοῦ πατρὸς τεθνεῶτος;	
AI≱.	οὐκ ἄλλως λέγω.	1140
EΥ.	πότερ' οὖν τὸν 'Ερμῆν, ώς ὁ πατὴρ ἀπώλετο	
	αὐτοῦ βιαίως ἐκ γυναικείας χερὸς	
	δόλοις λαθραίοις, ταῦτ' ἐποπτεύειν ἔφη;	
AΙΣ.	οὐ δῆτ' ἐκεῖνον, ἀλλὰ τὸν Ἐριούνιον	
	Έρμην χθόνιον προσείπε, κάδήλου λέγων	1148
	ότιὴ πατρῷον τοῦτο κέκτηται γέρας.	
EΥ.	έτι μείζον εξήμαρτες η γω βουλόμην	
	εί γὰρ πατρῷον τὸ χθόνιον ἔχει γέρας,	
ΔΙ.	ούτως ἃν εἴη πρὸς πατρὸς τυμβωρύχος.	
	Διόνυσε, πίνεις οίνον οὐκ ἀνθοσμίαν.	1150
	λέγ' ἔτερον αὐτῷ· σὸ δ' ἐπιτήρει τὸ βλάβος.	1100
	σωτήρ γενοῦ μοι σύμμαχός τ' αἰτουμένω.	
	ήκω γὰρ ἐς γῆν τήνδε καὶ κατέρχομαι.	
ET.	δὶς ταυτὸν ἡμιν εἶπεν ὁ σοφὸς Αἰσχύλος.	
	$\pi \omega s \delta i s$ ;	
ET.		1155
EI.	ήκω γὰρ ἐς γῆν, φησί, καὶ καπέρχομαι·	1100
	ήκω δὲ ταυτόν ἐστι τῷ κατέρχομαι.	
Δ1.	νη τον Δί', ωσπερ γ' εί τις είποι γείτονι,	
	χρήσον σὺ μάκτραν, εἰ δὲ βούλει, κάρδοπον.	1160
Alž.	οὐ δῆτα τοῦτό γ', ὧ κατεστωμυλμένε	1100
	ἄνθρωπε, ταὕτ' ἔστ', ἀλλ' ἄριστ' ἐπῶν ἔχον.	

^a E. gives the last three words of 1138 a meaning which they can bear, "that dost survey my father's realm." He then "asks why does Orestes at this solemn moment address Hernies as the surveyor of his father's realm. Does he mean that the god of craft was an onlooker, when Clytaemnestra by craft destroyed her husband?": R.

# THE FROGS, 1139-1161

Eu. And this beside his murdered father's grave Orestes speaks?

AES. 1 say not otherwise.

Eu. Then does he mean that when his father fell By craft and violence at a woman's hand, The god of craft was witnessing the deed? a

AES. It was not he b: it was the Helper Hermes
He called the grave: and this he showed by adding
It was his sire's prerogative he held.

EU. Why this is worse than all. If from his father He held this office grave, why then—°

DI. He was

A graveyard rifler on his father's side.

AES. Bacchus, the wine you drink is stale and fusty.d

DI. Give him another: (to Eur.) you, look out for faults.

AES. Be thou my saviour and mine aid to-day, For here I come, and hither I return.

EU. The same thing twice says clever Aeschylus.

DI. How twice?

Why, just consider: I'll explain.

"I come," says he; and "I return," says he:
It's the same thing, to "come" and to "return."

Dr. Aye, just as if you said, "Good fellow, lend me A kneading trough: likewise, a trough to knead in."

AES. It is not so, you everlasting talker,

They're not the same, the words are right enough.

b i.e. not 'Ερμης δύλιος, one of his many titles, for which cf.

Pl. 1153-70.

e "E. again misinterprets the words of Aeschylus, taking  $\pi a \tau \rho \hat{\varphi} o \tau \gamma \epsilon \rho a s$  to refer to  $\chi \theta \delta \nu \iota o \nu$ , whereas it refers to  $\epsilon \rho \iota o \delta \nu \iota o \nu$ . Dionysus then breaks in with an unseemly joke. If Hermes is invoked  $\epsilon \pi l \tau \hat{\varphi} \tau \delta \mu \beta \varphi$  as  $\chi \theta \delta \nu \iota o s$  he must be a  $\tau \nu \mu \beta \omega \rho \delta \chi \delta \sigma$ , and this unsavoury business therefore is what he derived from his father": R.

d i.e. as shown by the stupid joke it produces.

· Both μάκτρα and κάρδοπος describe the same thing.

ΔI.	πως δή; δίδαξον γάρ με καθ' ὅ τι δὴ λέγεις.	
AI∑.	έλθεῖν μὲν εἰς γῆν ἔσθ' ὅτῳ μετῆ πάτρας·	
	χωρίς γὰρ ἄλλης συμφορᾶς ἐλήλυθεν·	
	φεύγων δ' ἀνὴρ ἥκει τε καὶ κατέρχεται.	1160
	εδ νη τὸν 'Απόλλω. τί σὺ λέγεις, Εὐριπίδη;	
EΥ.	ου φημί τον 'Ορέστην κατελθείν οἴκαδε·	
	λάθρα γὰρ ἦλθεν, οὐ πιθών τοὺς κυρίους.	
	εὖ νή τὸν 'Ερμῆν· ὅ τι λέγεις δ' οὐ μανθάνω.	
EΥ.	πέραινε τοίνυν έτερον.	
ΔI.	ἴθι πέραινε σύ,	1170
	Αἰσχύλ', ἀνύσας του δ' είς το κακον ἀπόβλεπε.	
AI∑.	τύμβου δ' ἐπ' ὄχθω τῷδε κηρύσσω πατρί	
	κλύειν, ἀκοῦσαι.	
EΥ.	τοῦθ' ἔτερον αὖ δὶς λέγει,	
	κλύειν, ἀκοῦσαι, ταυτὸν ὂν σαφέστατα.	
ΔI.	τεθνηκόσιν γὰρ ἔλεγεν, ὧ μόχθηρε σύ,	1175
	οίς οὐδὲ τρὶς λέγοντες ἐξικνούμεθα.	
AI∑.	σύ δε πως εποίεις τούς προλόγους;	
ET.	εγώ φράσω.	
	καν που δὶς εἴπω ταυτόν, ἢ στοιβὴν ἴδης	
	ένοθσαν έξω τοθ λόγου, κατάπτυσον.	
ΔI.	ίθι δη λέγ' οὐ γάρ μοὐστὶν ἀλλ' ἀκουστέα	1180
	των σων προλόγων της δρθότητος των έπων.	
EY.	ήν Οιδίπους το πρώτον εὐδαίμων ἀνήρ,	
AIZ.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ δῆτ', ἀλλὰ κακοδαίμων φύσει,	
	ουτινά γε, πρίν φθναι μέν, Απόλλων έφη	
	αποκτενείν τον πατέρα, πρίν και γεγονέναι.	1185
	πως ούτος ήν το πρωτον εὐδαίμων ἀνήρ;	
ET.	εἶτ' ἐγένετ' αὖθις ἀθλιώτατος βροτῶν."	
	• •	

E. claims that κατελθεῦν can only be used properly of a person who is formally recalled from exile.
 Referring to the last farewell to the dead at a funeral; cf.

### THE FROGS, 1162-1187

DI. How so? inform me how you use the words.

AES. A man, not banished from his home, may "come"
To any land, with no especial chance.
A home-bound cycle both "returns" and "comes."

DI. O good, by Apollo!

What do you say, Euripides, to that?

Eu. I say Orestes never did "return." a
He came in secret: nobody recalled him.

DI. O good, by Hermes!
(Aside) I've not the least suspicion what he means.

EU. Repeat another line.

DI. Ay, Aeschylus,
Repeat one instantly: you, mark what's wrong.

AES. Now on this funeral mound I call my father To hear, to hearken.

EU. There he is again.

To "hear," to "hearken"; the same thing, exactly.

DI. Aye, but he's speaking to the dead, you knave, Who cannot hear us though we call them thrice.

AES. And how do you make your prologues?

You shall hear;
And if you find one single thing said twice,

Or any useless padding, spit upon me.

DI. Well, fire away: I'm all agog to hear Your very accurate and faultless prologues.

EU. A happy man was Oedipus at first-c

AES. Not so, by Zeus; a most unhappy man.

Who, not yet born nor yet conceived, Apollo
Foretold would be his father's murderer.

How could he be a happy man at first?

EU. Then he became the wretchedest of men.

Hom. Od. ix. 65 ἐτάρων τρὶς ἔκαστον ἀθσαι | οἱ θάνον, Virg. Aen. vi. 506 Manes ter voce vocavi.

o This and 1187 are the first two lines of the Antigone of

Euripides.

407

AI∑.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ δῆτ', οὐ μὲν οὖν ἐπαύσατο.	
	πως γάρ; ὅτε δὴ πρωτον μέν αὐτὸν γενόμενον	
	χειμώνος ὄντος εξέθεσαν εν όστράκω,	1190
	ΐνα μη 'κτραφείς γένοιτο τοῦ πατρός φονεύς	
	είθ' ώς Πόλυβον ήρρησεν οίδων τω πόδε	
	έπειτα γραθν έγημεν αὐτὸς ὢν νέος,	
	καὶ πρός γε τούτοις τὴν έαυτοῦ μητέρα.	
	εῖτ' έξετύφλωσεν αῦτόν.	
ΔI.	εὐδαίμων ἄρ' ήν,	1195
	εὶ κάστρατήγησέν γε μετ' Ἐρασινίδου.	1100
EY.	ληρεις: ενώ δε τους προλόγους καλώς ποιώ.	
	καὶ μὴν μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ κατ' ἔπος γέ σου κνίσω	
21124.	τὸ ἡῆμ' ἔκαστον, ἀλλὰ σὺν τοῖσιν θεοῖς	
	άπο ληκυθίου σου τους προλόγους διαφθερώ.	3.000
EW	ἀπὸ ληκυθίου σὺ τοὺς ἐμούς;	1200
AI∑.	ένὸς μόνου.	
	ποιεῖς γὰρ οὕτως ὤστ' ἐναρμόττειν ἄπαν,	
	καὶ κωδάριον καὶ ληκύθιον καὶ θυλάκιον,	
	έν τοῖς ἰαμβείοισι. δείξω δ' αὐτίκα.	
	ίδού, σὺ δείξεις;	
AIΣ.	$\phi\eta\mu i$ .	
ΔI.	καὶ δὴ χρὴ λέγειν.	1205
EY.		
	ξὺν παισὶ πεντήκοντα ναυτίλω πλάτη	
	"Αργος κατασχών	
AIZ.	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
EY.		
ΔI.		1210
ET.	Διόνυσος, δε θύρσοισι καὶ νεβρῶν δοραῖς	

a "Dionysus is alluding to the last words of Aeschylvs, ἐξετύ-φλωσεν αὐτόν. 'There indeed he was lucky,' interprets Dionysus, 'if at least he was one of the colleagues of Erasinides.' For had

# THE FROGS, 1188-1211

AES. Not so, by Zeus; he never ceased to be.

No sooner born, than they exposed the babe,
(And that in winter), in an earthen crock,
Lest he should grow a man, and slay his father.
Then with both ankles pierced and swoln, he limped
Away to Polybus: still young, he married
An ancient crone, and her his mother too.
Then scratched out both his eyes.

DI. Happy indeed Had he been Erasinides's colleague! a

EU. Nonsense; I say my prologues are firstrate.

AES. Nay then, by Zeus, no longer line by line
I'll maul your phrases: but with heaven to aid
I'll smash your prologues with a bottle of oil.

EU. You mine with a bottle of oil?

You frame your prologues so that each and all Fit in with a "bottle of oil," or "coverlet-skin," Or "reticule-bag." I'll prove it here, and now.

EU. You'll prove it? You?

AES. I will.

DI. Well then, begin.^b

EU. Aegyptus, sailing with his fifty sons,
As ancient legends mostly tell the tale,
Touching at Argos

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

EU. Hang it, what's that? Confound that bottle of oil!

DI. Give him another: let him try again.

EU. Bacchus, who, clad in fawnskins, leaps and bounds

he been blind, he would not have joined the fleet (cf. 192); would not have won the battle of Arginusae; would not have fallen a victim, as Erasinides did, to the madness of the Athenian people": R.

b Six prologues are brought to the test, and in each, before the third line is concluded, the fatal tag ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν completes

both the grammar and the metre.

καθαπτός εν πεύκαισι Παρνασσόν κάτα	
πηδά χορεύων,	
ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
άλλ' οὐδὲν ἔσται πρᾶγμα πρὸς γὰρ τουτονί	1215
τον πρόλογον ούχ έξει προσάψαι λήκυθον.	
ούκ ἔστιν ὄστις πάντ' ἀνὴρ εὐδαιμονεῖ·	
ἢ γὰρ πεφυκώς ἐσθλὸς οὐκ ἔχει βίον,	
η δυσγενής ὢν	
ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
Ε $d$ $ρ$ $ι$ $π$ $i$ $δ$ $η$ ,	
τί ἔστιν;	
ύφέσθαι μοι δοκεῖ·	1220
τὸ ληκύθιον γὰρ τοῦτο πνευσεῖται πολύ.	
οὐδ' ἀν μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα φροντίσαιμί γε·	
νυνὶ γὰρ αὐτοῦ τοῦτό γ' ἐκκεκόψεται.	
ἴθι δὴ λέγ' ἔτερον κἀπέχου τῆς ληκύθου.	
Σιδώνιόν ποτ' ἄστυ Κάδμος ἐκλιπὼν	1225
ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
ῶ δαιμόνι' ἀνδρών, ἀποπρίω τὴν λήκυθον,	
ίνα μη διακναίση τους προλόγους ήμων.	
τὸ τί;	
έγω πρίωμαι τωδ';	
έὰν πείθη γ' ἐμοί.	
οὐ δῆτ', ἐπεὶ πολλούς προλόγους ἔχω λέγειν	1230
όρᾶς, προσήψεν αδθις αδ την λήκυθον.	
άλλ, ὧνάθ, ἔτι καὶ νῦν ἀπόδος πάση τέγνη.	1235
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	πηδά χορεύων,

### THE FROGS, 1212-1235

With torch and thyrsus in the choral dance Along Parnassus

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

DI. Ah me, we are stricken a-with that bottle again!

EU. Pooh, pooh, that's nothing. I've a prologue here, He'll never tack his bottle of oil to this:

No man is blest in every single thing.

One is of noble birth, but lacking means.

Another, baseborn,

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

DI. Euripides!

EU. Well?

DI. Lower your sails, my boy;
This bottle of oil is going to blow a gale.

EU. O, by Demeter, I don't care one bit;

Now from his hands I'll strike that bottle of oil.

DI. Go on then, go: but ware the bottle of oil.

EU. Once Cadmus, quitting the Sidonian town, Agenor's offspring

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

DI. O pray, my man, buy off that bottle of oil, Or else he'll smash our prologues all to bits.

EU. I buy of him?

DI. If my advice you'll take.

Eu. No, no, I've many a prologue yet to say, To which he can't tack on his bottle of oil. Pelops, the son of Tantalus, while driving His mares to Pisa

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

DI. There! he tacked on the bottle of oil again.
O for heaven's sake, pay him its price, dear boy;

^a The tragic cry of Agamemnon (Aesch. Ag. 1343) and Clytaemnestra (Soph. El. 1415) when murdered.

	λήψει γὰρ ὀβολοῦ πάνυ καλήν τε κάγαθήν.	
EY.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὖπω γ' ἔτι γὰρ εἰσί μοι συχνοί.	
	Οἰνεύς ποτ' ἐκ γῆς	
AIZ.	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
EY.	ἔασον εἰπεῖν πρῶθ' ὅλον με τὸν στίχον.	
	Οίνεύς ποτ' έκ γης πολύμετρον λαβών στάχυν,	1240
	θύων ἀπαρχὰς	
AIZ.	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
ΔI.	μεταξύ θύων; καὶ τίς αὔθ' ὑφείλετο;	
ET.	ἔασον, ὧ τᾶν· πρὸς τοδὶ γὰρ εἰπάτω.	
	Ζεύς, ώς λέλεκται της άληθείας υπο,	
ΔI.	ἀπολεῖ σ' ἐρεῖ γάρ, ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	1248
	τὸ ληκύθιον γὰρ τοῦτ' ἐπὶ τοῖς προλόγοισί σου	
	ώσπερ τὰ σῦκ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ὀφθαλμοῖς ἔφυ.	
	άλλ' ές τὰ μέλη πρὸς τῶν θεῶν αὐτοῦ τραποῦ.	
EΥ.	καὶ μὴν ἔχω γ' ώς αὐτὸν ἀποδείξω κακὸν	
	μελοποιὸν ὄντα καὶ ποιοῦντα ταὔτ' ἀεί.	1250
xo.	τί ποτε πράγμα γενήσεται;	
	φροντίζειν γαρ έγωγ έχω,	
	τίν' ἄρα μέμψιν ἐποίσεί	
	ἀνδρὶ τῷ πολύ πλεῖστα δὴ	
	καὶ κάλλιστα μέλη ποιή-	1255
	σαντι τῶν ἔτι νυνί.	-200
	θαυμάζω γὰρ ἔγωγ' ὅπη	
	μέμψεταί ποτε τοῦτον	
	τὸν βακχεῖον ἄνακτα,	
	καὶ δέδοιχ' ὑπὲρ αὐτοῦ.	1260

ΕΥ. πάνυ γε μέλη θαυμαστά δείξει δη τάχα.
εἰς ἐν γὰρ αὐτοῦ πάντα τὰ μέλη ξυντεμῶ.

⁶ E. attacks the choral songs of Aeschylus as monotonous: commence how they may his lines are constantly gliding into the

#### THE FROGS, 1236-1262

You'll get it for an obol, spick and span.

EU. Not yet, by Zeus; I've plenty of prologues left.

Oeneus once reaping

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

EU. Pray let me finish one entire line first.

Oeneus once reaping an abundant harvest,

Offering the first fruits

AES. Lost his bottle of oil.

DI. What, in the act of offering? Fie! Who stole it?

Eu. O don't keep bothering! Let him try with this! Zeus, as by Truth's own voice the tale is told,

DI. No, he'll cut in with "Lost his bottle of oil!"
Those bottles of oil on all your prologues seem
To gather and grow, like styes upon the eye.
Turn to his melodies now for goodness' sake.

EU. O I can easily show that he's a poor Melody-maker; makes them all alike.

CHOR.

What, O what will be done! Strange to think that he dare Blame the bard who has won, More than all in our days, Fame and praise for his lays, Lays so many and fair. Much I marvel to hear What the charge he will bring 'Gainst our tragedy king; Yea for himself do I fear.

EU. Wonderful lays! O yes, you'll see directly.
I'll cut down all his metrical strains to one.^a

ΔΙ. καὶ μὴν λογιοῦμαι ταῦτα τῶν ψήφων λαβών.

(Διαύλιον. Προσαυλεί τις.)

ΕΥ. Φθιῶτ' 'Αχιλεῦ, τί ποτ' ἀνδροδάϊκτον ἀκούων, ιή, κόπον, οὐ πελάθεις ἐπ' ἀρωγάν; 1265 Ερμαν μέν πρόγονον τίομεν γένος οι περι λίμναν.

ιή, κόπον, ου πελάθεις ἐπ' ἀρωγάν. δύο σοὶ κόπω, Αἰσχύλε, τούτω.

ΔI. ετ. κύδιστ' 'Αχαιῶν 'Ατρέως πολυκοίρανε μάνθανέ μου παί. 1270

ίή, κόπον, οὐ πελάθεις ἐπ' ἀρωνάν. τρίτος, Αἰσχύλε, σοὶ κόπος οὖτος.

ΔI. Ετ. εὐφαμεῖτε· μελισσονόμοι δόμον 'Αρτέμιδος πέλας οἴνειν.

ἶή, κόπον, οὐ πελάθεις ἐπ' ἀρωγάν 1275 κύριός είμι θροείν όδιον κράτος αἴσιον ἀνδρῶν.

1280

ἰή, κόπον, οὐ πελάθεις ἐπ' ἀρωγάν. ΔΙ. ὧ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ, τὸ χρῆμα τῶν κόπων ὅσον. ἐγὰ μὲν οὖν εἰς τὸ βαλανεῖον βούλομαι

ύπὸ τῶν κόπων γὰρ τὼ νεφρὼ βουβωνιῶ. ετ. μή, πρίν γ' ἂν ἀκούσης χὰτέραν στάσιν μελῶν έκ τῶν κιθαρφδικῶν νόμων εἰργασμένην.

ΔΙ. ἴθι δὴ πέραινε, καὶ κόπον μὴ προστίθει. ΕΤ. ὅπως ᾿Αχαιῶν δίθρονον κράτος, Ἑλλάδος ἤβας. 1285 το φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ.

^δ "As each successive line is brought within the iη κύπον metre, Dionysus reckons it a κόπος or blow for Aeschylus ": R.

D. has got tired of the in κόπον accompaniment, so E. gives

This, says the Scholiast, is from the Myrmidons of Aeschylus and probably 1265 followed it there where it makes sense (avo. κόπον=" a man-splitting blow"), though afterwards E. repeats - he is criticizing.

# THE FROGS, 1263-1286

DI. And I, I'll take some pebbles, and keep count.

(A slight pause, during which the music of a flute is heard. music continues to the end of line 1277 as an accompaniment to the recitative.

EU. Lord of Phthia, Achilles, why hearing the voice of the hero-dividing a

IIah! smiting! approachest thou not to the rescue? We, by the lake who abide, are adoring our ancestor Hermes.

Hah! smiting! approachest thou not to the rescue? O Aeschylus, twice art thou smitten ! b

EU. Hearken to me, great king; yea, hearken Atreides, thou noblest of all the Achaeans.

> Hah! smiting! approachest thou not to the rescue? Thrice, Aeschylus, thrice art thou smitten!

EU. Hush! the bee-wardens are here: they will quickly the Temple of Artemis open.

Hah! smiting! approachest thou not to the rescue? I will expound (for I know it) the omen the chieftains encountered.

IIah! smiting! approachest thou not to the rescue?

DI. O Zeus and King, the terrible lot of smitings! I'll to the bath: I'm very sure my kidneys Are quite inflamed and swoln with all these smitings.

EU. Wait till you've heard another batch of lays Culled from his lyre-accompanied melodies.

DI. Go on then, go: but no more smitings, please.c

EU. How the twin-throned powers of Achaea, the lords of the mighty Hellenes.4

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

him one with the lyre (represented by φλαττόθρατ), and a slightly different variety of hexameter endings (see R.'s Introduction).

^d Line 1285 is made up from Aesch. Ag. 108, 109, and 1289

from Ag. 111, 112.

DI.

DI.

Σφίγγα δυσαμερίαν πρύτανιν κύνα πέμπει. τὸ φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ.

σύν δορί και χερί πράκτορι θούριος όρνις.

τὸ φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ.

1290

κυρείν παρασχών ίταμαίς κυσίν άεροφοίτοις.

τὸ φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ.

τὸ συγκλινές τ' ἐπ' Αἴαντι.

τὸ φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ.

1295

Δι. τί τὸ φλαττόθρατ τοῦτ' ἐστίν; ἐκ Μαραθῶνος, ἢ πόθεν συνέλεξας ἱμονιοστρόφου μέλη;

ποσεν συνελεξας ιμονιοστροφου μελη;

ΑΙΣ. ἀλλ' οὖν ἐγὼ μὲν ἐς τὸ καλὸν ἐκ τοῦ καλοῦ
ἤνεγκον αὔθ', ἵνα μὴ τὸν αὐτὸν Φρυνίχῳ

λειμῶνα Μουσῶν ἱερὸν ὀφθείην δρέπων· 1300

οὖτος δ' ἀπὸ πάντων μελοφορεῖ πορνῳδικῶν,

σκολίων Μελήτου, Καρικῶν αὐλημάτων,

θρήνων, χορειῶν. τάχα δὲ δηλωθήσεται.
ἐνεγκάτω τις τὸ λύριον. καίτοι τί δεῖ

λύρας ἐπὶ τοῦτον; ποῦ 'στιν ἡ τοῖς ὀστράκοις 1305

αὔτη κροτοῦσα; δεῦρο Μοῦσ' Εὐριπίδου,

πρὸς ἦνπερ ἐπιτήδεια τάδ' ἔστ' ἄδειν μέλη.

ΔΙ. αὐτή ποθ' ἡ Μοῦσ' οὐκ ἐλεσβίαζεν, οὔ.

a Clearly a compliment to the old Μαραθωνομάχης, whose "strains" might perhaps suggest the "cable-twister's" art, but were certainly heroic. The Scholiast curiously says that φλατ suggests φλϵωs a reed which grew in the marshes of Marathon, and, like hemp, may have been used to make cables.

### THE FROGS, 1287-1308

Sendeth the Sphinx, the unchancy, the chieftainness bloodhound.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

Launcheth fierce with brand and hand the avengers the terrible eagle.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

So for the swift-winged hounds of the air he provided a booty.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

The throng down-bearing on Aias.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

DI. Whence comes that phlattothrat? From Marathon, a or Where picked you up these cable-twister's strains?

AES. From noblest source for noblest ends b I brought them, Unwilling in the Muses' holy field

Unwilling in the Muses' holy field

The self-same flowers as Phrynichus to cull.

But he from all things rotten draws his lays,^c From Carian flutings, catches of Meletus,^d

Dance-music, dirges. You shall hear directly.

Bring me the lyre. Yet wherefore need a lyre

For songs like these? Where's she that bangs and jangles

Her castanets? Euripides's Muse,

Present yourself: fit goddess for fit verse.

DI. The Muse herself can't be a wanton? No!

b i.e. from the epic of Homer to the Athenian drama.

^c μελοφορεῖ πορυφδικῶν is R.'s suggestion for the impossible μέν φέρει πορυίδιων of Mss.

^a Λ tragic poet, afterwards one of the accusers of Socrates, but who also seems to have written erotic σκόλια. Τhe Καρίων αὐλήματα are probably of the same type.

"An actor enters, personating a flaunting harlot, and clashing oyster-shells together. Aeschylus hails him as the Muse of

Euripides ": R.

άλκυόνες, αι παρ' ἀενάοις θαλάσ-AIΣ. σης κύμασι στωμύλλετε, 1310 τέγγουσαι νοτίοις πτερών ρανίσι χρόα δροσιζόμεναι. αι θ' ύπωρόφιοι κατά γωνίας είειειειειειλίσσετε δακτύλοις φάλαγγες ίστότονα πηνίσματα. 1315 κερκίδος ἀοιδοῦ μελέτας. ίν' δ φίλαυλος ἔπαλλε δελφίς πρώραις κυανεμβόλοις. μαντεία καὶ σταδίους. οινάνθας γάνος άμπέλου, 1320 βότρυος έλικα παυσίπονον. περίβαλλ', ὧ τέκνον, ὧλένας. όρᾶς τὸν πόδα τόνδ'; ΔΙ. ΑΙΣ. τί δαί; τοῦτον ὁρῷς; ὁρῶ. ΔI. τοιαυτὶ μέντοι σὺ ποιῶν AIZ. 1325 τολμậς τάμὰ μέλη ψέγειν, ανά τὸ δωδεκαμήχανον Κυρήνης μελοποιών; τὰ μέν μέλη σου ταῦτα βούλομαι δ' ἔτι

a "The lyrics of Euripides are now criticized as corrupting the noble simplicity of the ancient metres, by the introduction of affected novelties and dainty little devices, like the tricks of a harlot, ἀνὰ τὸ δωδεκαμήχανον Κυρήνης, as Aeschylus says below": R. How the quotations which follow offend metrical or other laws is obscure, but is fully discussed by R. in his Introduction.

### THE FROGS, 1309-1329

Halcyons, who by the ever-rippling a AES. Waves of the sea are babbling, Dewing your plumes with the drops that fall From wings in the salt spray dabbling.

> Spiders, ever with twir-r-r-r-rling fingers Weaving the warp and the woof, Little, brittle, network, fretwork, Under the coigns of the roof.

The minstrel shuttle's care.

Where in the front of the dark-prowed ships Yarely the flute-loving dolphin skips.

Races here and oracles there.

And the joy of the young vines smiling, And the tendril of grapes, care-beguiling. O embrace me, my child, O embrace me.

I do.

(To Dio.) You see this foot? b

DI.

And this? AES.

And that one too. DI.

AES. (to Eur.) You, such stuff who compile,

Dare my songs to upbraid; You, whose songs in the style Of Cyrene's embraces are made.d

So much for them: but still I'd like to show

his other real foot.

i.e. περίβαλλ', an anapaestic foot, whereas "the base of a glyconic line should be a spondee, and, in his indignation, Aeschylus advances his own foot ": R. In this line Aeschylus plays up to D.'s joke, and points to

⁴ i.e. are full of as many tricks as the courtesan Cyrene practises.

τὸν τῶν μονωδιῶν διεξελθεῖν τρόπον. 1330 & Νυκτός κελαινοφαής **ὄρφνα, τίνα μοι** δύστανον ὄνειρον πέμπεις έξ άφανοῦς, 'Αΐδα πρόπολον, ψυχὰν ἄψυχον ἔχοντα, μελαίνας Νυκτός παίδα, 1335 φρικώδη δεινάν όψιν, μελανονεκυείμονα, φόνια φόνια δερκόμενον, μεγάλους όνυχας έχοντα. άλλά μοι, αμφίπολοι, λύχνον αψατε κάλπισί τ' έκ ποταμών δρόσον ἄρατε, θέρμετε δ' ὕδωρ, ώς αν θείον όνειρον αποκλύσω. 1340 ιω πόντιε δαιμον. τοῦτ' ἐκεῖν' ἰὼ ξύνοικοι, τάδε τέρατα θεάσασθε. τὸν ἀλεκτρυόνα μου συναρπάσασα φρούδη Γλύκη. Νύμφαι όρεσσίγονοι, ῶ Μανία, ξύλλαβε. 1345 έγω δ' ά τάλαινα προσέχουσ' ἔτυχον έμαυτης ἔργοισι, λίνου μεστόν ἄτρακτον είειειειειλίσσουσα χεροίν, κλωστήρα ποιοῦσ', ὅπως κνεφαίος είς άγοραν 1350

a "Aeschylus now improvises a lyrical monologue, in the style and to a great extent in the very words of Euripides. It is a satire on the trivial incidents around which Euripides was accustomed

# THE FROGS, 1330-1350

The way in which your monodies are framed.

"O darkly-light mysterious Night,a

What may this Vision mean,

Sent from the world unseen

With baleful omens rife;

A thing of lifeless life,

A child of sable night,

A ghastly curdling sight,

In black funereal veils,

With murder, murder in its eyes, And great enormous nails?

Light ye the lanterns, my maidens,

and dipping your jugs in the stream,

Draw me the dew of the water,

and heat it to boiling and steam; So will I wash me away the ill effects of my dream.

God of the sea!

My dream's come true.b

Ho, lodgers, ho,

This portent view.

Glyce has vanished, carrying off my cock,

My cock that crew!

O Mania, help! O Oreads of the rock

Pursue! pursue!

For I, poor girl, was working within,

Holding my distaff heavy and full,

Twir-r-r-r-rling my hand as the threads I spin,

Weaving an excellent bobbin of wool;

Thinking 'To-morrow I'll go to the fair,

to throw the grace and dignity of tragic diction. A poor spinning-girl has a bad dream, and when she wakes finds (1342) that Glyce has absconded with her cock ": R.

b τοῦτ' ἐκεῖνο=" this then is what that (the dream) meant."

^c Another spinning-girl, but associated with the mountainborn Nymphs in the spirit of caricature.

φέρουσ' ἀποδοίμαν: δ δ' ἀνέπτατ' ἀνέπτατ' ἐς αἰθέρα κουφοτάταις πτερύγων ἀκμαῖς. έμοι δ' ἄχε' ἄχεα κατέλιπε, δάκουα δάκουά τ' ἀπ' ὀμμάτων έβαλον έβαλον ά τλάμων. 1355 άλλ', & Κρητες, "Ιδας τέκνα. τὰ τόξα λαβόντες ἐπαμύνατε, τὰ κῶλά τ' ἀμπάλλετε, κυκλούμενοι την οἰκίαν. αμα δè Δίκτυννα παῖς "Αρτεμις καλά τας κυνίσκας έχουσ' ελθέτω 1360 διά δόμων πανταχή. σὺ δ', ὧ Διός, διπύρους ἀνέχουσα λαμπάδας ὀξυτάτας χειροΐν, Έκάτα, παράφηνον ές Γλύκης, ὅπως ἂν είσελθοῦσα φωράσω. ΔΙ. πάυσασθον ήδη τῶν μελῶν. κἄμοιν' ἄλις.

AIΣ. ἐπὶ τὸν σταθμὸν γὰρ αὐτὸν ἀγαγεῖν βούλομαι, 1365 ὅπερ ἐξελέγξει τὴν ποίησιν νῷν μόνον τὸ γὰρ βάρος νῶν βασανιεῖ τῶν ἡημάτων.

Δ1. ἴτε δεθρό νυν, εἴπερ γε δεῖ καὶ τοθτό με ανδρών ποιητών τυροπωλήσαι τέχνην.

ἐπίπονοί γ' οἱ δεξιοί. XO. τόδε γὰρ ἔτερον αὖ τέρας νεοχμόν, ἀτοπίας πλέων,

1370

a "Reduplications of this kind are everywhere found in Euripides : άτεκνον, άτεκνον, έλαβεν, έλαβεν, Ιοη 790 ": R. 422

### THE FROGS, 1351-1372

In the dusk of the morn, and be selling it there.' But he to the blue upflew, upflew, On the lightliest tips of his wings outspread; To me he bequeathed but woe, but woe,a And tears, sad tears, from my eyes o'erflow, Which I, the bereaved, must shed, must shed. O children of Ida, sons of Crete, Grasping your bows to the rescue come: Twinkle about on your restless feet, Stand in a circle around her home. O Artemis, thou maid divine. Dictynna, huntress, fair to see, O bring that keen-nosed pack of thine, And hunt through all the house with me. O Hecate, with flameful brands, b O Zeus's daughter, arm thine hands. Those swiftliest hands, both right and left; Thy rays on Glyce's cottage throw That I screncly there may go, And search by moonlight for the theft." DI. Enough of both your odes.

AES. Enough of both your odes. Enough for me.

Now would I bring the fellow to the scales. That, that alone, shall test our poetry now, And prove whose words are weightiest, his or mine.

DI. Then both come hither, since I needs must weigh The art poetic like a pound of cheese.

CHOR. O the labour these wits go through!
O the wild, extravagant, new,
Wonderful things they are going to do!

[&]quot;Hecate, as connected with the moon, is always described as carrying lights in her hands": R.
Here a large balance is brought out and placed upon the stage.

δ τίς ἂν ἐπενόησεν ἄλλος; μὰ τόν, ἐγὼ μὲν οὐδ' ἂν εἴ τις ἔλεγέ μοι τῶν ἐπιτυχόντων, ἐπιθόμην, ἀλλ' ὡόμην ἂν αὐτὸν αὐτὰ ληρεῖν.

1375

ΔΙ. ἴθι νυν παρίστασθον παρὰ τὼ πλάστιγγ³, ἰδού· AIE. καί EY. ΔΙ. καὶ λαβομένω τὸ ῥημ' ἐκάτερος εἴπατον, καὶ μὴ μεθησθον, πρὶν ἂν έγὼ σφῷν κοκκύσω. 1380 ΑΙΣ. καὶ ΕΥ. ἐχόμεθα. τούπος νῦν λέγετον εἰς τὸν σταθμόν. ΔI. ετ. εἴθ' ὤφελ' 'Αργοῦς μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος. ΑΙΣ. Σπερχειέ ποταμέ βουνόμοι τ' ἐπιστροφαί. ΔΙ. κόκκυ, μεθείτε και πολύ γε κατωτέρω χωρεί τὸ τοῦδε. καὶ τί ποτ' ἐστὶ ταἴτιον: EΥ. 1385 ΔΙ. ὅτι εἰσέθηκε ποταμόν, ἐριοπωλικῶς ύγρον ποιήσας τούπος ώσπερ τάρια, σὺ δ' εἰσέθηκας τούπος ἐπτερωμένον. ΕΥ. άλλ' ἔτερον εἰπάτω τι κάντιστησάτω. ΔΙ. λάβεσθε τοίνυν αὖθις. AIZ. καὶ ΕΥ. ην ίδού. ΔΙ. 1390 Ετ. οὐκ ἔστι Πειθοῦς ἱερὸν ἄλλο πλὴν λόγος. ΑΙΣ. μόνος θεών γὰρ θάνατος οὐ δώρων ἐρᾶ. ΔΙ. μεθείτε μεθείτε καὶ τὸ τοῦδέ γ' αὖ ρέπει θάνατον γὰρ εἰσέθηκε βαρύτατον κακών. Ετ. εγω δε πειθώ γ', έπος άριστ' εἰρημένον. 1395 πειθώ δε κοῦφόν εστι καὶ νοῦν οὐκ έχον. ΔI.

a Each holds his own scale steady while he speaks his line into it.

## THE FROGS, 1373-1396

Who but they would ever have thought of it? Why, if a man had happened to meet me Out in the street, and intelligence brought of it, I should have thought he was trying to cheat me; Thought that his story was false and deceiving. That were a tale I could never believe in.

DI. Each of you stand beside his scale.

AES. and EU. We're here.

DI. And grasp it firmly whilst ye speak your lines,^a And don't let go until I cry "Cuckoo."

AES. and EU. Ready!

DI. Now speak your lines into the scale.

EU. O that the Argo had not winged her way—b

AES. River Spercheius, cattle-grazing haunts-

DI. Cuckoo! let go. O look, by far the lowest His scale sinks down.

EU. Why, how came that about?

DI. He threw a river in, like some wool-seller Wetting his wool, to make it weigh the more. But you threw in a light and winged word.

EU. Come, let him match another verse with mine.

DI. Each to his scale.

AES. and EU. We're ready.

DI. Speak your lines.

EU. Persuasion's only shrine o is eloquent speech.

AES. Death loves not gifts, alone amongst the gods.

DI. Let go, let go. Down goes his scale again. He threw in Death, the heaviest ill of all.

EU. And I Persuasion, the most lovely word.

DI. A vain and empty sound, devoid of sense.

· Peitho had an actual shrine at Athens.

^b The first line of the *Medea*. None of the other lines quoted is from an extant play.

	άλλ' έτερον αὖ ζήτει τι τῶν βαρυστάθμων,	
	ο τι σοι καθέλξει, καρτερόν τε καὶ μέγα.	
EΥ.	φέρε ποῦ τοιοῦτο δῆτά μοὐστί; ποῦ;	
ΔI.	φράσω.	
	βέβληκ' 'Αχιλλεύς δύο κύβω καὶ τέτταρα.	1400
	λέγοιτ' ἄν, ως αυτη 'στι λοιπη σφών στάσις.	
ET.	σιδηροβριθές τ' έλαβε δεξιᾶ ξύλον.	
AΙΣ.	έφ' ἄρματος γὰρ ἄρμα καὶ νεκρῷ νεκρός.	
ΔI.	έξηπάτηκεν αὖ σὲ καὶ νῦν.	
ET.	τῷ τρόπῳ;	
ΔI.	δύ ἄρματ' εἰσήνεγκε καὶ νεκρώ δύο,	1405
	οθς οθκ αν αραιντ' οθδ' έκατον Αλγύπτιοι.	
AΙΣ.	καὶ μηκέτ' ἔμοιγε κατ' ἔπος, ἀλλ' ἐς τὸν σταθμὸν	
	αὐτός, τὰ παιδί', ή γυνή, Κηφισοφῶν,	
	ἐμβὰς καθήσθω συλλαβών τὰ βιβλία·	
	έγω δε δύ έπη των εμων ερώ μόνον.	1410
ΔI.	άνδρες φίλοι, κάγὼ μὲν αὐτοὺς οὐ κρινῶ.	
	οὐ γὰρ δι' ἔχθρας οὐδετέρῳ γενήσομαι.	
	τὸν μὲν γὰρ ἡγοῦμαι σοφόν, τῷ δ' ἥδομαι.	
πλογ	τοΝ. οὐδὲν ἄρα πράξεις ὧνπερ ἦλθες οὕνεκα;	
ΔI.	έὰν δὲ κρίνω;	
ПΛ.	τὸν ἔτερον λαβὼν ἄπει,	1415
	όπότερον ἂν κρίνης, ἵν' ἔλθης μὴ μάτην.	
ΔI.	εὐδαιμονοίης. φέρε, πύθεσθέ μου ταδί.	
	έγω κατηλθον έπι ποιητήν.	
EY.	τοῦ χάρω;	
ΔI.	ίν' ή πόλις σωθείσα τοὺς χοροὺς ἄγη.	
	όπότερος οὖν ἂν τῆ πόλει παραινέσειν	1420

^a In his *Telephus* Euripides had introduced the Achaean heroes playing at dice, and the scene had been so jeered at that he suppressed it in a revised edition. So D. maliciously offers him a line from it.

## THE FROGS, 1397-1420

Think of some heavier-weighted line of yours. To drag your scale down: something strong and big. EU. Where have I got one? Where? Let's see.

DT.

" Achilles threw two singles and a four." a

Come, speak your lines: this is your last set-to.

EU. In his right hand he grasped an iron-clamped mace.

AES. Chariot on chariot, corpse on corpse was hurled.

There now! again he has done you. DI.

EU. Done me? How?

He threw two chariots and two corpses in: DI. Five-score Egyptians b could not lift that weight.

AES. No more of "line for line"; let him-himself. His children, wife, Cephisophon-get in, With all his books collected in his arms.c Two lines of mine shall overweigh the lot.

DI. Both are my friends; I can't decide between them: I don't desire to be at odds with either: One is so clever, one delights me so.

PLUTO. Then you'll effect nothing for which you came?

And how, if I decide?

Then take the winner: PL.

So will your journey not be made in vain.

Heaven bless your Highness! Listen, I came down After a poet.

To what end? EU.

That so

The city, saved, may keep her choral games.d Now then, whichever of you two shall best

c Cf. 943-4.

DI.

^b Supposed to be good at carrying burdens; cf. Alγύπτιος πλινθοφόρος Β. 1133.

The city needs Aeschylus not merely as a poet but as a counsellor in her extreme need, when she fears that her choruses may be silenced for ever; cf. 1501, 1530, and see R.

	μέλλη τι χρηστόν, τοῦτον ἄξειν μοι δοκῶ. πρῶτον μὲν οὖν περὶ 'Αλκιβιάδου τίν' ἔχετον	
	γνώμην έκάτερος; ή πόλις γαρ δυστοκεί.	
EY.	έχει δὲ περὶ αὐτοῦ τίνα γνώμην;	
ΔI.	τίνα;	
	ποθεῖ μέν, ἐχθαίρει δέ, βούλεται δ' ἔχειν.	1425
	άλλ' ο τι νοειτον, είπατον τούτου πέρι.	ITAU
EΥ.	μισῶ πολίτην, ὄστις ώφελεῖν πάτραν	
	βραδύς πέφυκε, μεγάλα δὲ βλάπτειν ταχύς,	
	καὶ πόριμον αὐτῷ, τῆ πόλει δ' ἀμήχανον.	
ΔΙ.	εὖ γ', ὧ Πόσειδον· σὺ δὲ τίνα γνώμην ἔχεις;	1430
AIZ.	[οὐ χρη λέοντος σκύμνον ἐν πόλει τρέφειν.]	1 #30
	μάλιστα μεν λέοντα μὴ 'ν πόλει τρέφειν,	
	ην δ' έκτραφη τις, τοις τρόποις υπηρετείν.	
AT.	νη τον Δία τον σωτήρα, δυσκρίτως γ' έχω.	
41.	δ μέν σοφως γάρ είπεν, δ δ' έτερος σαφως.	
	άλλ' ἔτι μίαν γνώμην ἑκάτερος εἴπατον	
	περί της πόλεως ήντιν' έχετον σωτηρίαν.	1435
EW	Tell Tip Tokens There is exercit Continued.	
EI.	[εἴ τις πτερώσας Κλεόκριτον Κινησία,	
	αΐροιεν αθραι πελαγίαν θπερ πλάκα.	
	γέλοιον αν φαίνοιτο νοῦν δ' ἔχει τίνα;	
ET.	εί ναυμαχοίεν, κἆτ' έχοντες ὀξίδας	1440
	ραίνοιεν ές τὰ βλέφαρα τῶν ἐναντίων.]	
	έγω μέν οΐδα, καὶ θέλω φράζειν.	
ΔI.	$\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon$ .	
ET.	όταν τὰ νῦν ἄπιστα πίσθ' ἡγώμεθα,	
	τὰ δ' ὄντα πίστ' ἄπιστα.	
ΔI.	πῶς; οὐ μανθάνω.	
		•

^a Now for the second time in exile and residing on his estate

in the Chersonese.

b "Copied from the Φρουροί of Ion, where Helen says to Odysseus σιγ $\hat{q}$  μέν, έχθαίρει δέ, βούλεταί γε μήν": Schol.

## THE FROGS, 1421-1444

Advise the city, he shall come with me. And first of Alcibiades. a let each Say what he thinks; the city travails sore.

EU. What does she think herself about him?

What? DI. She loves, and hates, and longs to have him back.b But give me your advice about the man. EU. I loathe a townsman who is slow to aid.

And swift to hurt, his town: who ways and means Finds for himself, but finds not for the state.

DI. Poseidon, but that's smart! (To Aes.) And what say you?

AES. Twere best to rear no lion in the state: But having reared, 'tis best to humour him.º

By Zeus the Saviour, still I can't decide. One is so clever, and so clear the other. But once again. Let each in turn declare What plan of safety for the state ye've got.

EU. [First with Cinesias wing Cleocritus,d Then zephyrs waft them o'er the watery plain.

A funny sight, I own: but where's the sense?

If, when the fleets engage, they holding cruets Should rain down vinegar in the foemen's eyes,] I know, and I can tell you.

Tell away. DI.

EU. When things, mistrusted now, shall trusted be, And trusted things, mistrusted. How! I don't

These lines are probably suggested by the famous parable of the lion's whelp, Ag. 717-32. Line 1431 may have crept in from the earlier version of the play; so too with 1437-41, and 1452-3.

⁴ A gawky, misshapen Athenian who looked like an ostrich (B. 877). Here the light and airy Cinesias (B. 1372-8) is to furnish

him with wings.

DI.

	άμαθέστερόν πως είπε και σαφέστερον.	1445
EΥ.	εί των πολιτων οίσι νθν πιστεύομεν,	
	τούτοις ἀπιστήσαιμεν, οἶς δ' οὐ χρώμεθα,	
	τούτοισι χρησαίμεσθα, σωθείημεν αν.	
	εὶ νῦν γε δυστυχοῦμεν ἐν τούτοισι, πῶς	
	τάναντί αν πράττοντες ου σωζοίμεθ άν;	1450
ΔI.	εὖ γ', ὧ Παλάμηδες, ὧ σοφωτάτη φύσις.	
	[ταυτὶ πότερ' αὐτὸς εὖρες ἢ Κηφισοφῶν;	
ET.	έγω μόνος τας δ' οξίδας Κηφισοφών.]	
	τί δαί; σὺ τί λέγεις;	
AΙΣ.	τὴν πόλιν νῦν μοι φράσον	
	πρώτον, τίσι χρήται· πότερα τοῖς χρηστοῖς;	
ΔI.	$\pi \acute{o}  heta \epsilon v$	1455
	μισεῖ κάκιστα.	
AΙΣ.	τοῖς πονηροῖς δ' ἥδεται;	
ΔI.	οὐ δῆτ' ἐκείνη γ', ἀλλὰ χρῆται πρὸς βίαν.	
AI∑.	πως οὖν τις αν σώσειε τοιαύτην πόλιν,	
	η μήτε χλαινα μήτε σισύρα συμφέρει;	
ΔI.	ευρισκε νη Δί', είπερ ἀναδύσει πάλιν.	1460
AΙΣ.	έκει φράσαιμ' ἄν· ἐνθαδὶ δ' οὐ βούλομαι.	
ΔI.	μη δητα σύ γ', άλλ' ἐνθένδ' ἀνίει τάγαθά.	
	τήν γην όταν νομίσωσι τήν τῶν πολεμίων	
	είναι σφετέραν, την δε σφετέραν τῶν πολεμίων,	
	πόρον δὲ τὰς ναθς, ἀπορίαν δὲ τὸν πόρον.	1465
Δ1.	εδ, πλήν γ' δ δικαστής αὐτὰ καταπίνει μόνος.	
	κρίνοις ἄν.	
ΔI.	αὖτη σφῶν κρίσις γενήσεται*	
	αίρήσομαι γαρ όνπερ ή ψυχή θέλει.	
EY.	μεμνημένος νυν τῶν θεῶν, οθς ὤμοσας,	

^a A rival of Odysseus in craft; said to have invented dice and many other things. E. gave his name to one of his plays.

## THE FROGS, 1445-1469

Quite comprehend. Be clear, and not so clever.

EU. If we mistrust those citizens of ours

Whom now we trust, and those employ whom now
We don't employ, the city will be saved.

If on our present tack we fail, we surely
Shall find salvation in the opposite course.

DI. Good, O Palamedes a! Good, you genius you.
[Is this your cleverness or Cephisophon's?

EU. This is my own: the cruet-plan was his.]

DI. (to Aes.) Now, you.

But tell me whom the city uses.

The good and useful?

DI. What are you dreaming of?
She hates and loathes them.

AES. Does she love the bad?

DI. Not love them, no: she uses them perforce.

AES. How can one save a city such as this,

Whom neither frieze nor woollen tunic suits? b
DI. O, if to earth you rise, find out some way.

AES. There will I speak: I cannot answer here.

Dr. Nay, nay; send up your guerdon from below.

AES. When they shall count the enemy's soil their own, And theirs the enemy's: when they know that ships Are their true wealth, their so-called wealth delusion.

DI. Aye, but the justices suck that down, you know.d

PL. Now then, decide.

DI. I will; and thus I'll do it.
I'll choose the man in whom my soul delights.

EU. O, recollect the gods by whom you swore

b "A proverbial saying about people who are satisfied neither with one alternative nor yet with the other": R.

• The same counsel that Pericles gave at the commencement of the war; cf. Thuc. i. 140-4. Attica may be ravaged, but with her fleet mistress of the sea Athens possesses everything.

i.e. the dicasts consume all the revenue; but cf. W. 660-5.

ΔΙ. ΕΥ. ΔΙ.	η μην ἀπάξειν μ' οἴκαδ', αίροῦ τοὺς φίλους. η γλῶττ' ὀμώμοκ', Αἰσχύλον δ' αἰρήσομαι. τί δέδρακας, ὧ μιαρώτατ' ἀνθρώπων; ἐγώ;	1470
ΔI. ET. ΔI,	τὸ πνείν δὲ δειπνείν, τὸ δὲ καθεύδειν κώδιον;	1475
ΠΛ. ΔΙ.	χωρείτε τοίνυν, ὧ Διόνυσ', εἴσω. τί δαί:	
ПΛ.	ΐνα ξενίσωμεν σφώ πρὶν ἀποπλεῖν.	
ΔI.	εὖ λέγεις νὴ τὸν Δί' οὐ γὰρ ἄχθομαι τῷ πράγματι.	1480
xo.	μακάριός γ' ἀνὴρ ἔχων ξύνεσιν ἠκριβωμένην. πάρα δὲ πολλοῖσιν μαθεῖν.	
	όδε γὰρ εὖ φρονεῖν δοκήσας πάλιν ἄπεισιν οἴκαδ' αὖ, ἐπ' ἀγαθῷ μὲν τοῖς πολίταις, ἐπ' ἀγαθῷ δὲ τοῖς ἐαυτοῦ ξυγγενέσι τε καὶ φίλοισι,	1485
	διά τὸ συνετὸς εἶναι. χαρίεν οὖν μὴ Σωκράτει παρακαθήμενον λαλεῖν,	1490
a C	f. 101 n.	-

· Cf. two fragments of Ε., one from the Polyeidus: τίς αξδεν εἰ τὸ

Cf. 101 n.
 Another parody of Euripides. The line τί δ' αἰσχρόν, ἢν μὴ τοῦσι χρωμένοις δοκῆ; "what's wrong if they who do it think not so?" occurs in his Aeolus, which deals with the union of a brother and sister.

## THE FROGS, 1470-1492

You'd take me home again; and choose your friends.

Twas my tongue swore; my choice is—Aeschylus.^a

EU. Hah! what have you done?

Done? Given the victor's prize
To Aeschylus; why not?

EU. And do you dare Look in my face, after that shameful deed?

DI. What's shameful, if the audience think not so? b

EU. Have you no heart? Wretch, would you leave me dead?

DI. Who knows if death be life, and life be death,²
And breath be mutton broth, and sleep a sheepskin?

PL. Now, Dionysus, come ye in,

DI. What for?

PL. And sup before ye d go.

DI. A bright idea.
I'faith, I'm nowise indisposed for that.

CHOR.

Blest the man who possesses a Keen intelligent mind.

This full often we find.

He, the bard of renown,

Now to earth reascends,

Goes, a joy to his town,

Goes, a joy to his friends,

Just because he possesses a Keen intelligent mind.

RIGHT it is and befitting,

Not, by Socrates sitting,

Idle talk to pursue,

ζην μέν ἐστι κατθανεῖν, | τὸ κατθανεῖν δὲ ζην κάτω νομίζεται; the other from the Phriwus: τἰς δ' οἶδεν εἰ ζην τοῦθ' δ κέκληται θανεῖν, | τὸ ζην δὲ θνήσκειν ἐστί;

^d σφώ "you two." . . . D. and Aeschylus, who are to be

entertained before leaving for the upper world.

	ἀποβαλόντα μουσικήν, τά τε μέγιστα παραλιπόντα τῆς τραγφδικῆς τέχνης. τὸ δ' ἐπὶ σεμνοῖσιν λόγοισι καὶ σκαριφησμοῖσι λήρων διατριβὴν ἀργὸν ποιεῖσθαι, παραφρονοῦντος ἀνδρός.	1495
пл.	ἄγε δὴ χαίρων, Αἰσχύλε, χώρει, καὶ σῶζε πόλιν τὴν ἡμετέραν γνώμαις ἀγαθαῖς, καὶ παίδευσον τοὺς ἀνοήτους· πολλοὶ δ' εἰσίν· καὶ δὸς τουτὶ Κλεοφῶντι φέρων,	1500
	καὶ τουτὶ τοῖσι πορισταῖς Μύρμηκί θ' ὁμοῦ καὶ Νικομάχῳ· τόδε δ' ᾿Αρχενόμῳ· καὶ φράζ᾽ αὐτοῖς ταχέως ἥκειν ὡς ἐμὲ δευρὶ καὶ μὴ μέλλειν·	1505
	κᾶν μὴ ταχέως ἥκωσιν, ἐγὼ νὴ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω στίξας αὐτοὺς καὶ συμποδίσας μετ᾽ ᾿Αδειμάντου τοῦ Λευκολόφου κατὰ γῆς ταχέως ἀποπέμψω.	1510
AIΣ.	ταθτα ποιήσω· σὺ δὲ τὸν θᾶκον τὸν ἐμὸν παράδος Σοφοκλεῖ τηρεῖν, καὶ διασώζειν, ἢν ἄρ' ἐγώ ποτε δεῦρ' ἀφίκωμαι. τοθτον γὰρ ἐγὼ σοφία κρίνω δεύτερον εἶναι.	1515
	μέμνησο δ' όπως ό πανοῦργος ἀνὴρ καὶ ψευδολόγος καὶ βωμολόχος	1520

^a Re-enter Pluto and Aeschylus.
^b Handing him a rope.

# THE FROGS, 1493-1521

Stripping tragedy-art of All things noble and true. Surely the mind to school Fine-drawn quibbles to seek, Fine-set phrases to speak, Is but the part of a fool!

PL.a Farewell then, Aeschylus, great and wise, Go. save our state by the maxims rare Of thy noble thought; and the fools chastise, For many a fool dwells there. And this b to Cleophon give, my friend, And this to the revenue-raising crew. Nicomachus, Myrmex, next I send, And this to Archenomus too. And bid them all that without delay, To my realm of the dead they hasten away. For if they loiter above, I swear I'll come myself and arrest them there. And branded and fettered the slaves shall go With the vilest rascal in all the town, Adeimantus, son of Leucolophus, down, Down, down to the darkness below. I take the mission. This chair of mine Meanwhile to Sophocles here commit, (For I count him next in our craft divine.) Till I come once more by thy side to sit.

^o Evidently officials guilty of embezzlement in collecting the revenue.

But as for that rascally scoundrel there, That low buffoon, that worker of ill,

⁴ Why he is included here is not known, but he is "the Athenian commander who was credited with having, a few months later, on the fatal day of Aegospotami, betrayed to Lysander the entire Athenian fleet": R.

μηδέποτ' εἰς τὸν θᾶκον τὸν ἐμὸν μηδ' ἄκων ἐγκαθεδεῖται.

ΠΛ. φαίνετε τοίνυν ὑμεῖς τούτω λαμπάδας ἱεράς, χἄμα προπέμπετε τοῖσιν τούτου τοῦτον μέλεσιν καὶ μολπαῖσιν κελαδοῦντες.

1525

ΧΟ. πρώτα μὲν εὐοδίαν ἀγαθὴν ἀπιόντι ποιητῆ ἐς φάος ὀρνυμένῳ δότε, δαίμονες οἱ κατὰ γαίας, τῆ τε πόλει μεγάλων ἀγαθῶν ἀγαθὰς ἐπινοίας. 1530 πάγχυ γὰρ ἐκ μεγάλων ἀχέων παυσαίμεθ' ἂν οὕτως ἀργαλέων τ' ἐν ὅπλοις ξυνόδων. Κλεοφῶν δὲ μαχέσθω κἄλλος ὁ βουλόμενος τούτων πατρίοις ἐν ἀρούραις.

a "On two distinct occasions the evil genius of Athens, persuading her to reject a peace which was her only hope of salvation: first, after the brilliant success of Alcibiades at Cyzicus (Diod. Sic. xiii. 53), and again after the more important victory of Arginusae (Aristotle's Polity of Athens, chap. xxxiv.), when the Lacedaemonians made overtures to Athens for the conclusion of a general peace on the uti possidetis principle": R.

# THE FROGS, 1522-1533

O let him not sit in my vacant chair, Not even against his will.

PL. (to the Chor.) Escort him up with your mystic throngs,
While the holy torches quiver and blaze.
Escort him up with his own sweet songs,
And his noble festival lays.

CHOR. First, as the poet triumphant

is passing away to the light,

Grant him success on his journey,

ye powers that are ruling below.

Grant that he find for the city

good counsels to guide her aright;

So we at last shall be freed

from the anguish, the fear, and the woe, Freed from the onsets of war.

Let Cleophon a now and his band Battle, if battle they must,

far away in their own fatherland.

Archedemus, F. 417; the blear-ACHERON, the river of Sorrow, in the lower regions, F. 471 eyed, F. 588 Adeimantus, F 1513 Archelans of Europides quoted, Adonia, a yearly feast in honour of F 1206 Adonis, the beloved of Aphrodite, Archenomus, F. 1507 Arginusae, allusion to, F. 33, 191 Argives, P. 475 Aegina, an island opposite Athens, Artemis Colaenis, B. 872 F. 363 Athena Polias, B. 828 Aegyptus, F. 1206 Acolus, a play of Euripides. F. Athmone, a deme of Athens, P. 190 864 Aeschinades, P 1154 Aeschmes, a needy braggart, B. Babylon, B. 552 Bakis, an ancient Bosotian prophet, Assop's fables, P. 129, B. 471, 651 P. 1071 Bellerophon, F. 1051; represented Actna, a city, B. 926 as lame in the play of Euripides. Aetmaean beetle, P. 73 Agamemnon, B 500 J. 148 Agamemnon of Aeschylus quoted, Boeotians, P. 460 Brasidas, a great Spartan leader in F. 1285, 1289 the Peloponnesian War, killed at Agathon, a tragic poet, born about Amphipolis 422 B C , P. 640 447 B.C., F. 83 Alcibiades, F. 1423 Brauron, an Attic deme, scene of a Alemena, bore Heracles to Zeus, famous festival, P. 874 B. 558 Alexicacus, Averter of Ill. an epithet of Hermes (also of other CADMUS, F. 1225 Callias, L. 283 gods), P. 422 Alope, bore Hippothoon to Posei-Cantharus, a harbour of the Peiraeus, don. B. 559 P. 145 Ameipsias, a comic poet, rival of Carcinus, a comic poet, father of three dwarfish sons, P. 781, 866 Aristophanes, whom he twice defeated (when A. produced the Cebrione, a giant, B. 553 Cephale, an Attic deme. B. 476 Clouds and the Birds), F. 14 Cephisophon, a slave of Euripides, Ammon, Zeus, had an oracle in who was credited with helping Libya, B. 619, 716 him in his tragedies, F. 939 Andromeda, a play of Euripides, Cerameicus, a suburb of Athens, F. 58 Antigone of Euripides quoted, F. R. 805, F. 127, 1093 Cerberus, the dog of Hades, F. 111 1182, 1187, 1891 P. 313 Apollo, physician, B. 584

Chaerephon, aphilosophical student, pale and sickly, avoiding the light, B. 1296, 1564
Chaeris, a bad Theban flute-player, P. 950
Chaos, B 691
Charinades, P. 1154

Charinades, P. 1154 Charites, B. 781 Charon, F. 184

Chios, a proverb relating to, P. 171 Choephoros of Aeschylus quoted, F. 1138

Chytri, the Pitcher feast, F. 218 Cillicon, a traitor, P. 363

Cimolian earth, F. 712

Cinesias, a dithyrambic poet, constantly ridiculed for his thinness, musical perversities, and profane and dis-solute conduct, B. 1872, F 158, 364, 1487

Cleidemides, F. 791 Cleigenes, F. 709

Cleisthenes, an effeminate and degraded person, B. 831, F. 48, 423 Cleocritus, an ungainly man, B 878, F. 1487

Cleon, the notorious demagogue, P. 47, 648, F. 569

Cleonymus, the butt of Athens for his bulk and his appetite, who cast away his shield at Delium, B. 289, 1475, P. 446, 672, 1205

Cleophon, a demagogue, F. 677, 1582 Cocytus, the River of Wailing, in the lower regions, F. 471

Comage, F. 720

Colonus, an eminence in the Agora, B. 998 Considered from Lake Consis in

Copaic eels, from Lake Copais in Boeotia, P. 1005 Corinth, B. 968

Corinthus, son of Zeus (proverb), F. 439

Cranaae = Athens, B. 123 Cratinus, a come poet, F. 887, P. 700 Cretan monodies, F. 849 Crioa, a deme of Athens, B. 645 Cronos, B. 469, 586

Cybele = Rhea, mother of the gods, R 876

B. 876
Cycnus, F. 968
Cynna, a courtesan, P. 755
Cyrene, a courtesan, F. 1828
Cyzicene dye, P. 1176

DARIUS, B. 484

Datis, the Persian general deteated at Marathon, P 289

Delphi, seat of an oracle, B. 618,

Ditrophes, having made his fortune by the manufacture of wicker flasks, was elected Phylarchus, then Hipparchus, and seems to have perished at Mycalossus, B. 798, 1442.

Diomea, feast of Heracles, F. 651

Dionysia, a feast held every year in honour of Dionysus, god of wine. the Greater in the town, the Lesser in the country, P. 580 Diopethes, a soothsayer, B. 988

Dipolia, a feast held yearly at Athens in honour of Zeus Polieus, also called Buphonia, from the sacrifice of a bull, P. 420

Dodona, in Epirus, seat of oracle of Zeus, B. 716

EGYPT, P. 1253

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